# "Introduction to Programming" - Lab 5

# Exercise Sheet – Practice Session (our last practice session)

This exercise sheet examines the concepts covered in recent lectures (as well as content we may cover this week).

### Setup:

- Note: anywhere I write <text> (text enclosed in a pair of angle brackets), I want you
  to change this text to the text I'm looking for (making sure to remove the angle
  brackets), so for example when I say:
  - a. # <todays date>, you write:
  - b. # Tuesday 12-10-2021
- 2. Create a new Folder called "Programming\_Folder", if it does not exist. This will be your course Project folder.
- 3. Download from Canvas the zip file "Lab<number>.zip", unzip and place the contents in the "Programming Folder" folder.
- 4. Rename Lab<number> to the number of this Lab
- 5. The unzipped folder contains, two Python files:
  - a. my functions.py
    - i. my\_functions.py is where you will place all the functions created for this lab
  - b. main.py
    - i. main.py is the primary file you will call when testing your code
    - ii. all of the functions created in 'my\_functions.py', will be called/invoked from your 'main.py' file
  - c. In these files, I give one example where I create a function called 'print\_function()' in my\_functions.py and I call it from main.py
- 6. You should understand all of the code in these two files, if not ask me and I will explain
- 7. Make sure you add your name and student number to both 'main.py' and my functions.py'
- 8. Once complete, and prior to the submission deadline, please upload your updated version of 'functions.py' to Canvas. Do not upload your version of 'main.py', as I will test the code in your 'my functions.py' file, with my own code.

#### **Exercises:**

- 1. Pass a number, as parameter *num1*, to a function called *fizz\_buzz*() For multiples of 3, return "Fizz". For multiples of 5, return "Buzz". For numbers which are multiples of both 3 and 5, e.g., 15, 30, etc, return "FizzBuzz". If none of the conditions are true, simply return the number itself. Return the error statement 'Input value(s) must be a number' when the inputs are not integers. Examples of what is returned by the function call are shown:
  - a. fizz\_buzz(3) -> 'Fizz'
  - b. fizz buzz(5) -> 'Buzz'
  - c. fizz buzz(15) -> 'FizzBuzz'
  - d. fizz buzz(14) -> 14
  - e. fizz\_buzz('a') -> 'Input value(s) must be a number'
- I want you to rewrite the fizz\_buzz() function from item 1. In the original function, a number was passed to the function. For multiples of 3 the function returned "Fizz".
   For multiples of 5, returned "Buzz". For numbers which are multiples of both 3 and 5 returned "FizzBuzz". I want this functionality to remain in the new function (remember default values).

I now want you to add two additional parameters, namely <code>divisor\_1</code> (parameter 2) and <code>divisor\_2</code> (parameter 3). Now the function requirements are: For multiples of <code>divisor\_1</code> the function return "Fizz". For multiples of <code>divisor\_2</code>, return "Buzz". For numbers which are multiples of both <code>divisor\_1</code> and <code>divisor\_2</code> return "FizzBuzz". Examples of what is returned by the function call are shown:

- a. fizz buzz(3) -> 'Fizz'
- b. fizz\_buzz(5) -> 'Buzz'
- c. fizz buzz(15) -> 'FizzBuzz'
- d. fizz buzz(14) -> 14
- e. fizz buzz('a') -> 'Input value(s) must be a number'
- f. fizz buzz(4, 4, 6) -> 'Fizz'
- g. fizz buzz(6, 4, 6) -> 'Buzz'
- h. fizz buzz(15, 3, 5) -> 'FizzBuzz'
- 3. I want you to rewrite the *grades()* function from Lab 4, adding a parameter called *number*. In the original function, you passed a number to the function, which would return the corresponding *Letter Grade*. The function will now also take a *Letter Grade* and should return the *Numerical Grade* range. Examples of what is returned by the function call are shown:

```
grades(86) -> "A" (the string A is returned)
grades("A") -> "85-100" (the string 85-100 is returned)
grades(110) -> "The input numerical grade is outside the range supported"
```

grades("H") -> "The input letter grade is outside the range supported"

Update error message handling in the new function to handle the different inputs (if not str or int) – 'Input value must be a number or a letter'.

4. For fizz\_buzz(), I want you to add error handling (exception handling) to catch those casting issues, or non-type issue, and use this to return the error message, 'Input value(s) must be a number', for the function.

# **Error Checking:**

- 1. There is no error checking in this lab, but...
  - a. I want you to try and break your code :)
  - b. Change the inputs to the wrong type, the wrong value, and document what happens as a comment in your code.
  - c. Try the break challenge for each function you have created. For now you only need to try to break each function once, and then fix for this once.