Full Stack .Net Web Developer

Project: Bookify Hotel Reservation System with ASP.NET Core

Objective: To build a robust and scalable hotel reservation web application, leveraging design patterns like **N-Tier Architecture**, the **Repository Pattern**, and **Unit of Work** for a clean, maintainable, and professional codebase.

Description: Bookify is a comprehensive hotel booking platform that allows customers to search for available rooms, view room details, and make reservations using an integrated payment system. The application will also feature a powerful admin panel for hotel staff to manage room types, individual rooms, and all customer bookings. The entire system will be built following the **N-Tier architecture** to ensure a clear separation between the UI, business logic, and data access layers.

Design Patterns to Use:

- N-Tier Architecture: Structuring the application into a Presentation Layer (UI), a Business Logic Layer (Services), and a Data Access Layer.
- **Repository Pattern**: Abstracting all database operations to provide a clean and consistent API for data access.
- Unit of Work Pattern: Ensuring that complex operations, like creating a booking and updating room availability, are completed in a single, atomic transaction to maintain data integrity.
- **Dependency Injection**: Loosely coupling the application's components by injecting services (like repositories) into controllers.

Technologies to Use: ASP.NET Core MVC, Entity Framework Core, ASP.NET Identity, Stripe, JQuery, DataTables, Toaster JS.

Week 1: Architecture Setup and Room Listings

- N-Tier Architecture Setup:
 - o **Presentation Layer (Bookify.Web)**: The main ASP.NET Core MVC project containing controllers, views, and client-side assets (**JQuery**, etc.).
 - o **Business Logic Layer (Bookify.Services)**: A class library to handle business rules, such as checking room availability and calculating reservation costs.
 - Data Access Layer (Bookify.Data): A class library for implementing the Repository and Unit of Work patterns to communicate with the database.
- Database Design:

o Use **Entity Framework Core** to define the database schema for tables like Rooms, RoomTypes, Bookings, and Users.

• Repository and Unit of Work Implementation:

O Create generic and specific repositories (e.g., RoomRepository, BookingRepository) to abstract CRUD operations. The DbContext will function as the Unit of Work.

• User Authentication Setup:

o Configure **ASP.NET Identity** to manage user registration, login, and roles (e.g., Customer, Admin).

Deliverables:

- A solution with the complete **N-Tier Architecture** set up.
- A public-facing page that lists available rooms, fetching data through the repository pattern.
- Database schema created with Entity Framework Core Migrations.
- A working user registration and login system.

Week 2: Reservation Flow, Roles, and Admin Panel

• Reservation Cart Functionality:

o Implement a "reservation cart" using Session State where users can temporarily hold a room selection before confirming their booking.

Role-Based Access Control (RBAC):

 Use ASP.NET Identity roles to secure the admin panel, ensuring only users with the "Admin" role can access it.

Admin Dashboard:

 Create an admin interface for managing rooms, room types, and viewing all bookings. Utilize **DataTables** to display the information in a user-friendly way.
All data operations must go through the **Repository Pattern**.

Deliverables:

- A fully functional reservation flow where users can select a room and dates.
- Secure role-based permissions for admin and customer users.
- An admin dashboard for managing the hotel's rooms and bookings.

Week 3: Booking Confirmation and Stripe Integration

• Booking Confirmation:

o Implement the final checkout and booking confirmation logic. The process of creating a Booking record and updating the room's availability must be wrapped in a single transaction using the **Unit of Work** pattern.

• Stripe Payment Integration:

o Integrate the **Stripe** payment gateway to handle payments during the booking confirmation step. Securely process payments and store transaction references.

• User Profiles and Booking History:

o Create a profile page where authenticated users can view their personal details and see a history of their past and upcoming bookings.

Deliverables:

- A complete booking confirmation process with integrated **Stripe** payments.
- A customer profile page with a viewable booking history.
- Thoroughly tested booking and payment functionality.

Week 4: Health Checks, Logging, and Final Polish

• Implement Health Checks & Logging:

- o Add **ASP.NET Core Health Checks** to create a health endpoint (e.g., /health) that verifies the application's ability to connect to the database.
- o Integrate a structured logging framework (like Serilog) to write detailed, structured logs for requests, errors, and other important application events.

• UI Enhancements:

 Use JQuery and Toaster JS for a more dynamic and interactive user experience (e.g., pop-up notifications). Refine the site's look and feel with Bootstrap and custom CSS.

• Final Testing:

 Conduct comprehensive end-to-end testing of the entire application to ensure all features are working as expected.

Deliverables:

- A polished and responsive UI for both the customer-facing site and the admin panel.
- A functional /health endpoint for monitoring the application's status.
- Structured logging implemented throughout the application for easier debugging.
- A complete, well-tested, and fully documented application.