GenericCryptanalyzer

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Chapter 1

Hierarchical Index

1.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

AbstractBox				 												 								10
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EBox											 									 				15
PBox																				 				19
IdentityBox .																								
SBox																								
XorBox											 										 			25
BitsRange																								
CipherAnalyzer																								
RoundFunction				 												 								22

2 Hierarchical Index

Chapter 2

Class Index

2.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

AbstractBitShiftBox	
An AbstractBitShiftBox represents a generic box that transforms input in output by shifting bits around	7
AbstractBox	,
An AbstractBox represents an abstract idea of a block cipher component such as a Pbox, Sbox, Xor, Addition, etc. A cipher is composed of multiple such boxes that communicate with each other through connections	10
BitsRange	
BitsRange represents a way to represent a subrange of bits of a box	14
CipherAnalyzer	15
EBox	
An EBox is a box that takes the input bits and expands them to the output by using some of multiple times	15
IdentityBox	
An IdentityBox is a box that represents the identity function out_bits[i] = in_bits[i]. An IdentityBox is useful as an accumulator for bits from multiple previous boxes which will then be sent to multiple following boxes	17
PBox	
A PBox is a box that takes the input bits and permutes them to get the output	19
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An SBox is a box that applies an arbitrary substitution on the input based on a substitution table. Since the actual value of the difference between pairs of inputs will change depending on the key bytes, this is a non-deterministic element in the cipher	23
XorBox	
A XorBox is a box that computes the bitwise xor of two inputs. In order to simplify the implementation the the XorBox takes only one input in_bits but of size double of that of out_bits. the first half of in_bits represents the first of the two inputs, and the second half represents the last of the two inputs.	0.5
the last of the two inputs	25

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Chapter 3

File Index

3.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

src/cipheranalyzer.h	
Implementation of the CipherAnalyzer class	39
src/roundfunction.h	
Implementation of the RoundFunction class	ŀ6
src/box/abstractbitshiftbox.h	
Implementation of the AbstractBitShiftBox class	29
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src/box/ebox.h	
Implementation of the EBox class	32
src/box/identitybox.h	
Implementation of the IdentityBox class	3
src/box/pbox.h	
Implementation of the PBox class	35
src/box/sbox.h	
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Implementation of the XorBox class	38
src/helpers/helpers.h	
A collection of helper functions and structs	ŀO

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Chapter 4

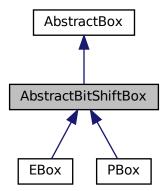
Class Documentation

4.1 AbstractBitShiftBox Class Reference

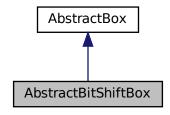
An AbstractBitShiftBox represents a generic box that transforms input in output by shifting bits around.

#include <abstractbitshiftbox.h>

Inheritance diagram for AbstractBitShiftBox:



Collaboration diagram for AbstractBitShiftBox:



Public Member Functions

- AbstractBitShiftBox (size_t in_size, size_t out_size, const vector< pair< AbstractBoxPtr, Connection >> &dst_boxes, const vector< size_t > &bit_src)
- AbstractBitShiftBox (size_t in_size, size_t out_size, const vector < size_t > &bit_src)
 similar to the previous constructor, but leaves dst_boxes empty
- void determine_next () override
 since apply_transformation is a linear deterministic transformations, this will set is_det to true and prob to 1

Protected Member Functions

void apply_transformation ()
 computes value of out_bits from in_bits and bit_src

Protected Attributes

vector < size_t > bit_src
 an array which describes what bit from the input corresponds to each bit from the output

4.1.1 Detailed Description

An AbstractBitShiftBox represents a generic box that transforms input in output by shifting bits around.

More precisely, it takes a $vector < size_t > bit_src$ as input and computes $out_bits[i] = in_{\leftarrow} bits[bit_src[i]]$

This class is an abstraction that encapsulates the functionality of both PBox and EBox.

See also

PBox

EBox

@inherits AbstractBox

4.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.1.2.1 AbstractBitShiftBox() [1/2]

Parameters

in_size	size of the input bits of this box
out_size	size of the output bits of this box
dst_boxes	output flow connections to following boxes
bit_src	an array used to compute out_bits from in_bits

Precondition

```
bit_source.size() == output_size
```

4.1.2.2 AbstractBitShiftBox() [2/2]

similar to the previous constructor, but leaves dst_boxes empty

Parameters

in_size	size of the input bits of this box
out_size	size of the output bits of this box
bit_src	an array used to compute out_bits from in_bits

Precondition

```
bit_source.size() == output_size
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

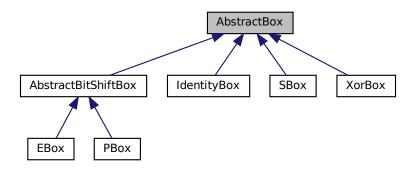
- src/box/abstractbitshiftbox.h
- src/box/abstractbitshiftbox.cpp

4.2 AbstractBox Class Reference

An AbstractBox represents an abstract idea of a block cipher component such as a Pbox, Sbox, Xor, Addition, etc. A cipher is composed of multiple such boxes that communicate with each other through connections.

```
#include <abstractbox.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for AbstractBox:



Public Member Functions

- AbstractBox (size_t in_size, size_t out_size, const vector< pair< AbstractBoxPtr, Connection >> &dst boxes)
- AbstractBox (size_t in_size, size_t out_size)

similar to the previous constructor, but leaves ${\tt dst_boxes}$ empty

void add_dest (AbstractBoxPtr dst_box, BitsRange out_range, BitsRange in_range)

add_dest adds a new destination box for the output of the box to flow to

const dynamic_bitset & get_input ()

getter for in_bits

• const dynamic_bitset & get_output ()

getter for out_bits

size_t input_size ()

getter for the size of in_bits

size_t output_size ()

getter for the size of out_bits

bool is_determined ()

getter for is_det

virtual void set_input (dynamic_bitset<> bits, const BitsRange &rng)

sets a subrange rng of the input to the value of bits

· void notify_all ()

notifies all the destination boxes after the output of the box is determined

• virtual void determine_next ()=0

method to determine the next best output sorted by probabilities, if all possible outputs have been determined, $is \leftarrow det$ will be set to true

• virtual void reset determination ()

set the process to be undetermined by setting is_det to false

double get_probability ()

get the probability of the current characteristic

Protected Attributes

· dynamic_bitset in_bits

the bits that flow into the box

· dynamic_bitset out_bits

the bits that flow out of the box

vector< pair< AbstractBoxPtr, Connection > > dst_boxes

describes how the out_bits flow from this box to other following boxes

bool is_det

a boolean value that should be true if and only if at least one out of all possible outputs has been determined and returned

· double prob

the probability of the box to output the currently determined state

Friends

· class RoundFunction

4.2.1 Detailed Description

An AbstractBox represents an abstract idea of a block cipher component such as a Pbox, Sbox, Xor, Addition, etc. A cipher is composed of multiple such boxes that communicate with each other through connections.

4.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.2.2.1 AbstractBox() [1/2]

Parameters

in_size	size of the input bits of this box
out_size	size of the output bits of this box
dst_boxes	output flow connections to following boxes

Precondition

for (auto &dst_box : dst_boxes) { dst_box.first != nullptr && dst_box.second.first.start + dst_box.second. \leftarrow first.len <= out_bits.size() && dst_box.second.first.len == dst_box.second.second.len && dst_box.second. \leftarrow second.start + dst_box.second.second.len <= dst_box.first->input_size(); }

4.2.2.2 AbstractBox() [2/2]

similar to the previous constructor, but leaves dst_boxes empty

Parameters

in_size	size of the input bits of this box
out_size	size of the output bits of this box

Precondition

dst_box != nullptr && out_rng.start + out_rng.len <= out_bits.size() && in_rng.start + in_rng.len <= dst_box->in_bits.size();

4.2.3 Member Function Documentation

4.2.3.1 add_dest()

add_dest adds a new destination box for the output of the box to flow to

Parameters

dst_box	a pointer to the destination box	
out_range	a subrange of out_bits from this box that will flow to dst_box	
in_range	a subrange of in_bit from dst_box into which the bits will flow	

4.2.3.2 get_input()

```
const dynamic_bitset & AbstractBox::get_input ( )
getter for in_bits
Returns
```

in bits

4.2.3.3 get_output()

```
const dynamic_bitset & AbstractBox::get_output ( )
getter for out_bits

Returns
    out_bits
```

4.2.3.4 get_probability()

```
double AbstractBox::get_probability ( )
```

get the probability of the current characteristic

Returns

prob

4.2.3.5 input_size()

```
size_t AbstractBox::input_size ( )
getter for the size of in_bits
Returns
```

in_bits.size()

4.2.3.6 is_determined()

```
bool AbstractBox::is_determined ( )
getter for is_det
Returns
```

is_det

4.2.3.7 output_size()

```
size_t AbstractBox::output_size ( )
getter for the size of out_bits

Returns
    out_bits.size()
```

4.2.3.8 set_input()

sets a subrange rng of the input to the value of bits

Parameters

bits	the bits that will be put in in_bits
rng	the subrange in which bits will be put in in_bits

Reimplemented in SBox.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/box/abstractbox.h
- src/box/abstractbox.cpp

4.3 BitsRange Struct Reference

BitsRange represents a way to represent a subrange of bits of a box.

```
#include <helpers.h>
```

Public Attributes

- · size_t start
- size_t len

4.3.1 Detailed Description

BitsRange represents a way to represent a subrange of bits of a box.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• src/helpers/helpers.h

4.4 CipherAnalyzer Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- CipherAnalyzer (vector < RoundFunctionPtr > rounds, size_t input_max_hamming_weight, double global ←
 _thresh, vector < double > opt_probs)
- CipherAnalyzer (vector< RoundFunctionPtr > rounds, size_t input_max_hamming_weight, double global ← _thresh)
- ProbEntry get next entry ()
- void set_input (const dynamic_bitset<> &bits, BitsRange rng)

Protected Member Functions

bool advance_state ()

Protected Attributes

- · double global_thresh
- vector< double > opt_probs
- vector< double > round_probs
- vector< RoundFunctionPtr > rounds
- size_t curr_idx

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

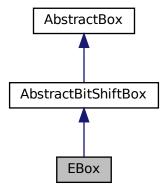
- src/cipheranalyzer.h
- src/cipheranalyzer.cpp

4.5 EBox Class Reference

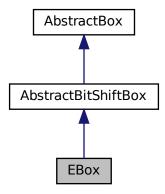
An EBox is a box that takes the input bits and expands them to the output by using some of multiple times.

#include <ebox.h>

Inheritance diagram for EBox:



Collaboration diagram for EBox:



Public Member Functions

- EBox (size_t in_size, size_t out_size, const vector< pair< AbstractBoxPtr, Connection >> &dst_boxes, const vector< size_t > &bit_expansion)
- EBox (size_t in_size, size_t out_size, const vector< size_t > &bit_expansion) similar to the previous constructor, but leaves dst_boxes empty

Additional Inherited Members

4.5.1 Detailed Description

An EBox is a box that takes the input bits and expands them to the output by using some of multiple times.

@inherits AbstractBitShiftBox

4.5.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.5.2.1 EBox() [1/2]

Parameters

in_size	size of the input bits of this box
out_size	size of the output bits of this box
dst_boxes	output flow connections to following boxes
bit_expansion	an array used to compute to describe the expansion process of the input bits

See also

AbstractShiftBox constructor

Precondition

```
in size <= out size
```

4.5.2.2 EBox() [2/2]

similar to the previous constructor, but leaves dst_boxes empty

Parameters

in_size	size of the input bits of this box
out_size	size of the output bits of this box
bit_expansion	an array used to compute to describe the expansion process of the input bits

Precondition

```
in_size <= out_size
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

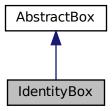
- src/box/ebox.h
- · src/box/ebox.cpp

4.6 IdentityBox Class Reference

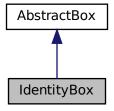
An IdentityBox is a box that represents the identity function $out_bits[i] = in_bits[i]$. An IdentityBox is useful as an accumulator for bits from multiple previous boxes which will then be sent to multiple following boxes.

```
#include <identitybox.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for IdentityBox:



Collaboration diagram for IdentityBox:



Public Member Functions

- IdentityBox (size_t data_size, const vector< pair< AbstractBoxPtr, Connection >> &dst_boxes)
- IdentityBox (size_t data_size)

similar to the previous constructor, but leaves dst_boxes empty

· void determine_next () override

since the identity function is a linear deterministic transformations, this will set is_det to true and prob to 1

Additional Inherited Members

4.6.1 Detailed Description

An IdentityBox is a box that represents the identity function $out_bits[i] = in_bits[i]$. An IdentityBox is useful as an accumulator for bits from multiple previous boxes which will then be sent to multiple following boxes.

@inherits AbstractBox

4.7 PBox Class Reference 19

4.6.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.6.2.1 | IdentityBox() [1/2]

Parameters

data_size	the size in bits of the input and the output
dst_boxes	output flow connections to following boxes

4.6.2.2 IdentityBox() [2/2]

similar to the previous constructor, but leaves dst_boxes empty

Parameters

data size	the size in bits of the input and the output
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The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

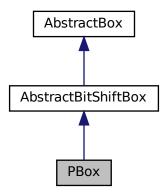
- src/box/identitybox.h
- src/box/identitybox.cpp

4.7 PBox Class Reference

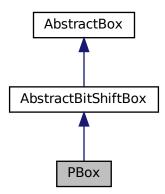
A PBox is a box that takes the input bits and permutes them to get the output.

```
#include <pbox.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for PBox:



Collaboration diagram for PBox:



Public Member Functions

- PBox (size_t data_size, const vector< pair< AbstractBoxPtr, Connection >> &dst_boxes, const vector< size_t > &bit_perm)
- PBox (size_t data_size, const vector< size_t > &bit_perm)
 PBox similar to the previous constructor, but leaves dst_boxes empty.

Additional Inherited Members

4.7.1 Detailed Description

A PBox is a box that takes the input bits and permutes them to get the output.

@inherits AbstractBitShiftBox

4.7 PBox Class Reference 21

4.7.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.7.2.1 PBox() [1/2]

Parameters

data_size	the size in bits of the input and the output
dst_boxes	output flow connections to following boxes
bit_perm	a permutation used to shuffle the bits of the input to get the output

Precondition

bit_perm must be a permutation of [0, ..., bits_size - 1]

4.7.2.2 PBox() [2/2]

PBox similar to the previous constructor, but leaves dst_boxes empty.

Parameters

data_size	the size in bits of the input and the output
bit_perm	a permutation used to shuffle the bits of the input to get the output

Precondition

bit_perm must be a permutation of [0, ..., bits_size - 1]

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/box/pbox.h
- src/box/pbox.cpp

4.8 RoundFunction Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- RoundFunction (string src_id, string dst_id, map< string, AbstractBoxConstructor > constrs, map< string, vector< NamedConnection >> conns)
- bool is_determined ()
- ProbEntry get_next_entry ()
- void set_input (const dynamic_bitset<> bits, BitsRange rng)
- void set_threshold (double beta)

Protected Member Functions

- bool advance_state ()
- void top_sort_boxes (AbstractBoxPtr src, vector< AbstractBoxPtr > &top_sort, map< AbstractBoxPtr, bool > &is_visited)
- vector< AbstractBoxPtr > sort_boxes (AbstractBoxPtr src)

Protected Attributes

- AbstractBoxPtr src
- AbstractBoxPtr dst
- · size t curr box idx
- vector < AbstractBoxPtr > boxes
- vector< double > partial_prob
- · double beta_thresh
- bool is_det

Friends

· class CipherAnalyzer

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/roundfunction.h
- src/roundfunction.cpp

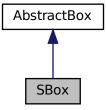
4.9 SBox Class Reference 23

4.9 SBox Class Reference

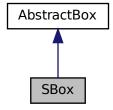
An SBox is a box that applies an arbitrary substitution on the input based on a substitution table. Since the actual value of the difference between pairs of inputs will change depending on the key bytes, this is a non-deterministic element in the cipher.

#include <sbox.h>

Inheritance diagram for SBox:



Collaboration diagram for SBox:



Public Member Functions

- SBox (size_t in_size, size_t out_size, const vector< pair< AbstractBoxPtr, Connection >> &dst_boxes, const ProbTable &prob_table)
- SBox (size_t in_size, size_t out_size, const ProbTable &prob_table)

similar to the previous constructor, but leaves dst_boxes empty

· void determine_next () override

determines the next best possible output for the given input, if all possible outputs have been determined, is_det is set to true

• void reset_determination () override

sets prob to 0, is_det to false and table_idx to 0

void set_input (dynamic_bitset<> bits, const BitsRange &rng) override

sets a subrange rng of the input to the value of bits. Additionally, table_idx to 0 and computes table_entry from in_bits

Protected Attributes

ProbTable prob_table

prob_table the probability table of the sbox

size_t table_idx

table_idx the current column in the row of the probability table. This is incremented each time determine_next () is called.

size_t table_entry

table_entry the row in the probability table corresponding to the value of in_bits

4.9.1 Detailed Description

An SBox is a box that applies an arbitrary substitution on the input based on a substitution table. Since the actual value of the difference between pairs of inputs will change depending on the key bytes, this is a non-deterministic element in the cipher.

@inherits AbstractBox

4.9.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.9.2.1 SBox() [1/2]

Parameters

in_size	size of the input bits of this box
out_size	size of the output bits of this box
dst_boxes	output flow connections to following boxes
prob_table	the probability table of the sbox

4.9.2.2 SBox() [2/2]

similar to the previous constructor, but leaves dst_boxes empty

Parameters

in_size	size of the input bits of this box
out_size	size of the output bits of this box
prob_table	the probability table of the sbox

4.9.3 Member Function Documentation

4.9.3.1 set_input()

sets a subrange rng of the input to the value of bits. Additionally, table_idx to 0 and computes table_ \leftarrow entry from in_bits

Parameters

bits	the bits that will be put in in_bits
rng	the subrange in which bits will be put in in_bits

Reimplemented from AbstractBox.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

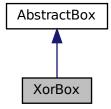
- src/box/sbox.h
- src/box/sbox.cpp

4.10 XorBox Class Reference

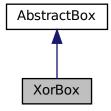
A XorBox is a box that computes the bitwise xor of two inputs. In order to simplify the implementation the the XorBox takes only one input in_bits but of size double of that of out_bits . the first half of in_bits represents the first of the two inputs, and the second half represents the last of the two inputs.

```
#include <xorbox.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for XorBox:



Collaboration diagram for XorBox:



Public Member Functions

- XorBox (size_t data_size, const vector< pair< AbstractBoxPtr, Connection >> &dst_boxes)
- XorBox (size_t data_size)

similar to the previous constructor, but leaves <code>dst_boxes</code> empty

· void determine_next () override

computes the xor between the first half and the second half of the in_bits and stores it in out_bits. This is a linear and deterministic operation sois_det will be set to true and prob to 1

Additional Inherited Members

4.10.1 Detailed Description

A XorBox is a box that computes the bitwise xor of two inputs. In order to simplify the implementation the the XorBox takes only one input in_bits but of size double of that of out_bits . the first half of in_bits represents the first of the two inputs, and the second half represents the last of the two inputs.

@inherits AbstractBox

4.10.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.10.2.1 XorBox() [1/2]

Parameters

data_size	the size in bits of the input and the output
dst_boxes	output flow connections to following boxes

4.10.2.2 XorBox() [2/2]

similar to the previous constructor, but leaves dst_boxes empty

Parameters

data size	the size in bits of the input and the output
data_0/20	the size in bite of the input and the output

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/box/xorbox.h
- src/box/xorbox.cpp

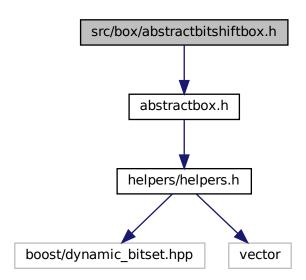
Chapter 5

File Documentation

5.1 src/box/abstractbitshiftbox.h File Reference

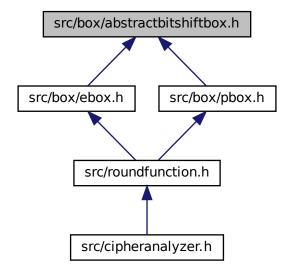
implementation of the AbstractBitShiftBox class

#include "abstractbox.h"
Include dependency graph for abstractbitshiftbox.h:



30 File Documentation

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

class AbstractBitShiftBox

An AbstractBitShiftBox represents a generic box that transforms input in output by shifting bits around.

Typedefs

typedef std::shared_ptr< AbstractBitShiftBox > AbstractBitShiftBoxPtr
 shorthand for std::shared_ptr<AbstractBitShiftBox>

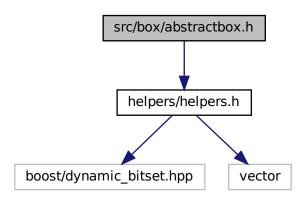
5.1.1 Detailed Description

implementation of the AbstractBitShiftBox class

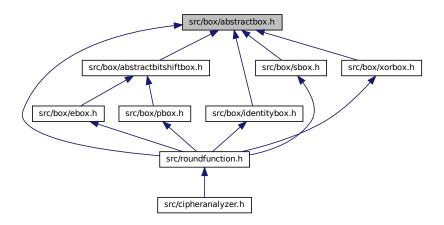
5.2 src/box/abstractbox.h File Reference

implementation of the AbstractBox class

#include "helpers/helpers.h"
Include dependency graph for abstractbox.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

class AbstractBox

An AbstractBox represents an abstract idea of a block cipher component such as a Pbox, Sbox, Xor, Addition, etc. A cipher is composed of multiple such boxes that communicate with each other through connections.

Typedefs

- typedef std::shared_ptr< AbstractBox > AbstractBoxPtr
 shorthand for std::shared_ptr<AbstractBox>
- typedef function < AbstractBoxPtr() > AbstractBoxConstructor
 shorthand for function < AbstractBoxPtr() > . Represents a way to create an AbstractBoxPtr

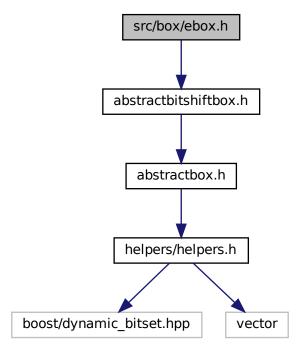
5.2.1 Detailed Description

implementation of the AbstractBox class

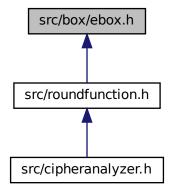
5.3 src/box/ebox.h File Reference

implementation of the EBox class

#include "abstractbitshiftbox.h"
Include dependency graph for ebox.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

• class EBox

An EBox is a box that takes the input bits and expands them to the output by using some of multiple times.

Typedefs

 typedef std::shared_ptr< EBox > EBoxPtr shorthand for std::shared_ptr< Ebox>

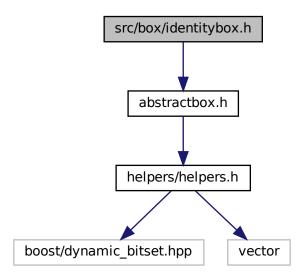
5.3.1 Detailed Description

implementation of the EBox class

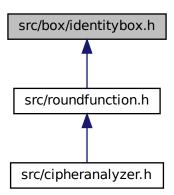
5.4 src/box/identitybox.h File Reference

implementation of the IdentityBox class

#include "abstractbox.h"
Include dependency graph for identitybox.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

· class IdentityBox

An IdentityBox is a box that represents the identity function $out_bits[i] = in_bits[i]$. An IdentityBox is useful as an accumulator for bits from multiple previous boxes which will then be sent to multiple following boxes.

Typedefs

typedef std::shared_ptr< IdentityBox > IdentityBoxPtr
 shorthand for std::shared_ptr< IdentityBox>

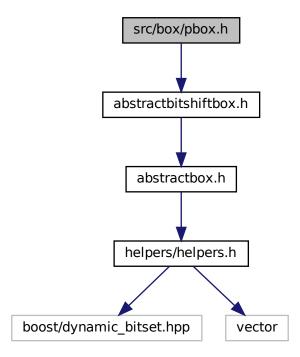
5.4.1 Detailed Description

implementation of the IdentityBox class

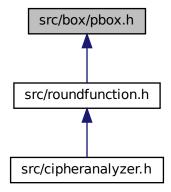
5.5 src/box/pbox.h File Reference

implementation of the PBox class

#include "abstractbitshiftbox.h"
Include dependency graph for pbox.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

• class PBox

A PBox is a box that takes the input bits and permutes them to get the output.

Typedefs

 typedef std::shared_ptr< PBox > PBoxPtr shorthand for std::shared_ptr<PBox>

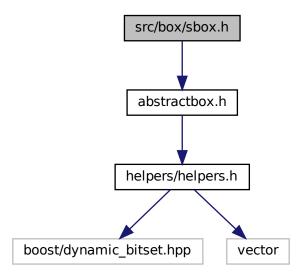
5.5.1 Detailed Description

implementation of the PBox class

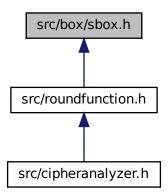
5.6 src/box/sbox.h File Reference

implementation of the SBox class

#include "abstractbox.h"
Include dependency graph for sbox.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

• class SBox

An SBox is a box that applies an arbitrary substitution on the input based on a substitution table. Since the actual value of the difference between pairs of inputs will change depending on the key bytes, this is a non-deterministic element in the cipher.

Typedefs

 typedef std::shared_ptr< SBox > SBoxPtr shorthand for std::shared_ptr<SBox>

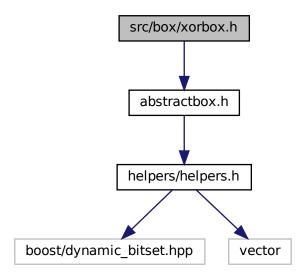
5.6.1 Detailed Description

implementation of the SBox class

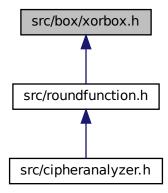
5.7 src/box/xorbox.h File Reference

implementation of the XorBox class

#include "abstractbox.h"
Include dependency graph for xorbox.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

class XorBox

A XorBox is a box that computes the bitwise xor of two inputs. In order to simplify the implementation the the XorBox takes only one input in_bits but of size double of that of out_bits. the first half of in_bits represents the first of the two inputs, and the second half represents the last of the two inputs.

Typedefs

 typedef std::shared_ptr< XorBox > XorBoxPtr shorthand for std::shared_ptr<XorBox>

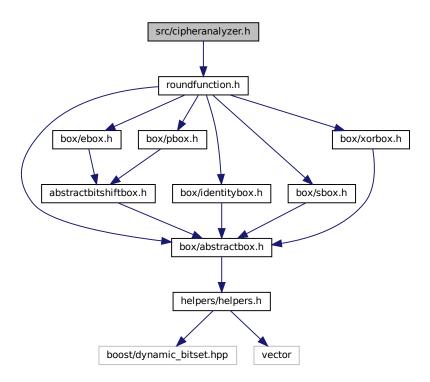
5.7.1 Detailed Description

implementation of the XorBox class

5.8 src/cipheranalyzer.h File Reference

implementation of the CipherAnalyzer class

#include "roundfunction.h"
Include dependency graph for cipheranalyzer.h:



Classes

· class CipherAnalyzer

Typedefs

typedef std::shared_ptr< CipherAnalyzer > CipherAnalyzerPtr

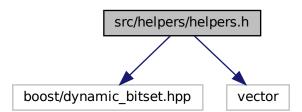
5.8.1 Detailed Description

implementation of the CipherAnalyzer class

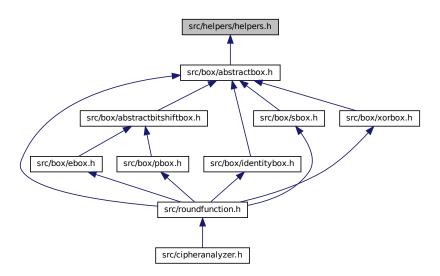
5.9 src/helpers/helpers.h File Reference

A collection of helper functions and structs.

```
#include <boost/dynamic_bitset.hpp>
#include <vector>
Include dependency graph for helpers.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

struct BitsRange

BitsRange represents a way to represent a subrange of bits of a box.

Typedefs

- typedef pair < BitsRange, BitsRange > Connection
 shorthand for pair < BitsRange, BitsRange >. Represents a connection between two boxes, the first BitsRange is the
 subrange of the first box, while the second BitsRange is the subrange of the second box
- typedef pair< string, Connection > NamedConnection

shorthand for pair<string, Connection>

typedef pair< dynamic_bitset<>, double > ProbEntry

shorthand for pair<dynamic_bitset<>, double>. Represents a pair between an output and it's probability of an sbox given it's input

typedef vector < ProbEntry > ProbTableLine

shorthand for vector<ProbEntry>. Represents a whole line of a probability table

typedef vector < ProbTableLine > ProbTable

shorthand for vector<ProbTableLine>. A probability table is a compact way to describe the behaviour of an sbox when analyzing the difference of two inputs.

Functions

- ProbTable compute_diff_dist_table (const vector < size_t > &sbox)
 - computes the difference distribution table of an sbox. Used for differential cryptanalysis
- bool increment_bits (dynamic_bitset<> &input)

given some input, calculates the next lexicografically smallest binary array with the same number of bits. It sorts all entries for an input by their probability

dynamic_bitset to_dynamic_bitset (size_t input, size_t bit_size)

```
converts a size_t to a dynamic_bitset of size bit_size
```

dynamic_bitset to_dynamic_bitset (unsigned int input, size_t bit_size)

```
converts an unsigned int to a dynamic_bitset of size bit_size
```

size t convert to index (const dynamic bitset<> &bits)

```
converts a dynamic_bitset to a size_t
```

unsigned int convert to uint (const dynamic bitset<> &bits)

converts a dynamic_bitset to an unsigned int

5.9.1 Detailed Description

A collection of helper functions and structs.

5.9.2 Function Documentation

5.9.2.1 compute_diff_dist_table()

computes the difference distribution table of an sbox. Used for differential cryptanalysis

Parameters

sbox a substitution function

Returns

the difference distribution table (DDT) of the sbox

Precondition

input_size (i.e. sbox.size()) and output_size (i.e. max(sbox) + 1) should be powers of two

5.9.2.2 convert to index()

converts a dynamic_bitset to a size_t

Parameters

bits a dynamic_bitset representing a binary array

Returns

a size_t representing the number formed from the binray array given as input

5.9.2.3 convert_to_uint()

converts a dynamic_bitset to an unsigned int

Parameters

```
bits a dynamic_bitset representing a binary array
```

Returns

an unsigned int representing the number formed from the binray array given as input

5.9.2.4 increment_bits()

given some input, calculates the next lexicografically smallest binary array with the same number of bits. It sorts all entries for an input by their probability

Parameters

input	a binary array
-------	----------------

Returns

true if there was at least one next

5.9.2.5 to_dynamic_bitset() [1/2]

converts a size_t to a dynamic_bitset of size bit_size

Parameters

input	a size_t
bit_size	the size in bits

Returns

a ${\tt dynamic_bitset}<>{\tt representing}$ the binary array computed from input

5.9.2.6 to_dynamic_bitset() [2/2]

```
dynamic_bitset to_dynamic_bitset (
          unsigned int input,
          size_t bit_size )
```

converts an unsigned int to a $dynamic_bitset$ of size bit_size

Parameters

input	a size_t
bit_size	the size in bits

Returns

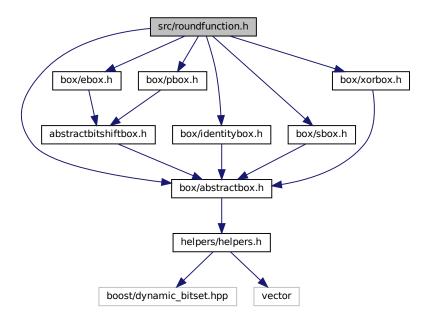
a ${\tt dynamic_bitset} <> {\tt representing}$ the binary array computed from input

5.10 src/roundfunction.h File Reference

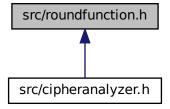
implementation of the RoundFunction class

```
#include "box/abstractbox.h"
#include "box/ebox.h"
#include "box/identitybox.h"
#include "box/pbox.h"
#include "box/sbox.h"
#include "box/xorbox.h"
```

Include dependency graph for roundfunction.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

• class RoundFunction

Typedefs

5.10.1 Detailed Description

implementation of the RoundFunction class

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