

Site: http://172.16.2.84

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ZAP Version: 2.14.0

Summary of Alerts

Risk Level	Number of Alerts
High	0
Medium	3
Low	2
Informational	2

Alerts

Name	Risk Level	Number of Instances
Content Security Policy (CSP) Header Not Set	Medium	5
Directory Browsing	Medium	1
Missing Anti-clickjacking Header	Medium	2
Server Leaks Version Information via "Server" HTTP Response Header Field	Low	8
X-Content-Type-Options Header Missing	Low	5
Modern Web Application	Informational	2
User Agent Fuzzer	Informational	12

Alert Detail

Medium	Content Security Policy (CSP) Header Not Set
Description	Content Security Policy (CSP) is an added layer of security that helps to detect and mitigate certain types of attacks, including Cross Site Scripting (XSS) and data injection attacks. These attacks are used for everything from data theft to site defacement or distribution of malware. CSP provides a set of standard HTTP headers that allow website owners to declare approved sources of content that browsers should be allowed to load on that page — covered types are JavaScript, CSS, HTML frames, fonts, images and embeddable objects such as Java applets, ActiveX, audio and video files.
URL	http://172.16.2.84
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://172.16.2.84/
Method	GET

Attack	
Evidence	
Other	
Info	
URL	http://172.16.2.84/robots.txt
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://172.16.2.84/scripts.js
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://172.16.2.84/sitemap.xml
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	
Instances	5
Solution	Ensure that your web server, application server, load balancer, etc. is configured to set the Content-Security-Policy header.
Reference	https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/Security/CSP /Introducing Content Security Policy https://cheatsheetseries.owasp.org/cheatsheets/Content Security Policy Cheat Sheet.html http://www.w3.org/TR/CSP/ http://w3c.github.io/webappsec/specs/content-security-policy/csp-specification.dev.html http://www.html5rocks.com/en/tutorials/security/content-security-policy/ http://caniuse.com/#feat=contentsecuritypolicy http://content-security-policy.com/
CWE Id	<u>693</u>
WASC Id	15
Plugin Id	10038
Medium	Directory Browsing
Description	It is possible to view the directory listing. Directory listing may reveal hidden scripts, include files, backup source files, etc. which can be accessed to read sensitive information.
URL	http://172.16.2.84/img/
N A - 411	OFT
Method	GET
Attack	http://172.16.2.84/img/
Attack	http://172.16.2.84/img/
Attack Evidence Other	http://172.16.2.84/img/

Solution	Disable directory browsing. If this is required, make sure the listed files does not induce risks.
Reference	http://httpd.apache.org/docs/mod/core.html#options http://alamo.satlug.org/pipermail/satlug/2002-February/000053.html
CWE Id	<u>548</u>
WASC Id	48
Plugin Id	0
Medium	Missing Anti-clickjacking Header
Description	The response does not include either Content-Security-Policy with 'frame-ancestors' directive or X-Frame-Options to protect against 'ClickJacking' attacks.
URL	http://172.16.2.84
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://172.16.2.84/
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	
Instances	2
Solution	Modern Web browsers support the Content-Security-Policy and X-Frame-Options HTTP headers. Ensure one of them is set on all web pages returned by your site/app. If you expect the page to be framed only by pages on your server (e.g. it's part of a
	FRAMESET) then you'll want to use SAMEORIGIN, otherwise if you never expect the page to be framed, you should use DENY. Alternatively consider implementing Content Security Policy's "frame-ancestors" directive.
Reference	https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTTP/Headers/X-Frame-Options
CWE Id	1021
WASC Id	15
Plugin Id	10020
Low	Server Leaks Version Information via "Server" HTTP Response Header Field
Description	The web/application server is leaking version information via the "Server" HTTP response header. Access to such information may facilitate attackers identifying other vulnerabilities your web/application server is subject to.
URL	http://172.16.2.84
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	Apache/2.4.41 (Ubuntu)
Other Info	
URL	http://172.16.2.84/
Method	GET

Attack	
Evidence	Apache/2.4.41 (Ubuntu)
Other Info	
URL	http://172.16.2.84/img/img1.jpg
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	Apache/2.4.41 (Ubuntu)
Other	Apacitic/2.4.41 (Obdited)
Info	
URL	http://172.16.2.84/img/img2.jpg
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	Apache/2.4.41 (Ubuntu)
Other Info	
URL	http://172.16.2.84/robots.txt
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	Apache/2.4.41 (Ubuntu)
Other Info	
URL	http://172.16.2.84/scripts.js
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	Apache/2.4.41 (Ubuntu)
Other Info	
URL	http://172.16.2.84/sitemap.xml
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	Apache/2.4.41 (Ubuntu)
Other Info	
URL	http://172.16.2.84/styles.css
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	Apache/2.4.41 (Ubuntu)
Other Info	
Instances	8
Solution	Ensure that your web server, application server, load balancer, etc. is configured to suppress the "Server" header or provide generic details.
	http://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/core.html#servertokens http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff648552.aspx#ht_urlscan_007

Reference	http://blogs.msdn.com/b/varunm/archive/2013/04/23/remove-unwanted-http-response-headers.aspx http://www.troyhunt.com/2012/02/shhh-dont-let-your-response-headers.html
CWE Id	200
WASC Id	13
Plugin Id	10036
Low	X-Content-Type-Options Header Missing
Description	The Anti-MIME-Sniffing header X-Content-Type-Options was not set to 'nosniff'. This allows older versions of Internet Explorer and Chrome to perform MIME-sniffing on the response body, potentially causing the response body to be interpreted and displayed as a content type other than the declared content type. Current (early 2014) and legacy versions of Firefox will use the declared content type (if one is set), rather than performing MIME-sniffing.
URL	http://172.16.2.84
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.
URL	http://172.16.2.84/
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.
URL	http://172.16.2.84/img/img1.jpg
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.
URL	http://172.16.2.84/img/img2.jpg
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.
URL	http://172.16.2.84/styles.css
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	

Other Info	This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.
Instances	5
Solution	Ensure that the application/web server sets the Content-Type header appropriately, and that it sets the X-Content-Type-Options header to 'nosniff' for all web pages. If possible, ensure that the end user uses a standards-compliant and modern web browser that does not perform MIME-sniffing at all, or that can be directed by the web application /web server to not perform MIME-sniffing.
Reference	http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ie/gg622941%28v=vs.85%29.aspx https://owasp.org/www-community/Security_Headers
CWE Id	<u>693</u>
WASC Id	15
Plugin Id	10021

Informational	Modern Web Application
Description	The application appears to be a modern web application. If you need to explore it automatically then the Ajax Spider may well be more effective than the standard one.
URL	http://172.16.2.84
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	Learn More
Other Info	Links have been found that do not have traditional href attributes, which is an indication that this is a modern web application.
URL	http://172.16.2.84/
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	Learn More
Other Info	Links have been found that do not have traditional href attributes, which is an indication that this is a modern web application.
Instances	2
Solution	This is an informational alert and so no changes are required.
Reference	
CWE Id	
WASC Id	
Plugin Id	10109

Informational	User Agent Fuzzer
Description	Check for differences in response based on fuzzed User Agent (eg. mobile sites, access as a Search Engine Crawler). Compares the response statuscode and the hashcode of the response body with the original response.
URL	http://172.16.2.84/img
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 6.0; Windows NT 5.1)
Evidence	

Other Info	
URL	http://172.16.2.84/img
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 7.0; Windows NT 6.0)
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://172.16.2.84/img
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 6.1)
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://172.16.2.84/img
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Trident/7.0; rv:11.0) like Gecko
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://172.16.2.84/img
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/75.0.3739.0 Safari/537.36 Edg/75.0.109.0
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://172.16.2.84/img
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/91.0.4472.124 Safari/537.36
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://172.16.2.84/img
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:93.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/91.0
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://172.16.2.84/img
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Googlebot/2.1; +http://www.google.com/bot.html)
Evidence	
Other	

Info	
URL	http://172.16.2.84/img
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp; http://help.yahoo.com/help/us/ysearch/slurp)
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://172.16.2.84/img
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (iPhone; CPU iPhone OS 8_0_2 like Mac OS X) AppleWebKit/600.1.4 (KHTML, like Gecko) Version/8.0 Mobile/12A366 Safari/600.1.4
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://172.16.2.84/img
Method	GET
Attack	Mozilla/5.0 (iPhone; U; CPU iPhone OS 3_0 like Mac OS X; en-us) AppleWebKit/528.18 (KHTML, like Gecko) Version/4.0 Mobile/7A341 Safari/528.16
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://172.16.2.84/img
Method	GET
Attack	msnbot/1.1 (+http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)
Evidence	
Other Info	
Instances	12
Solution	
Reference	https://owasp.org/wstg
CWE Id	
WASC Id	
Plugin Id	10104