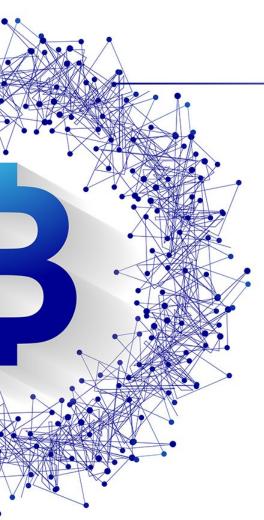


What is Cryptowatch?

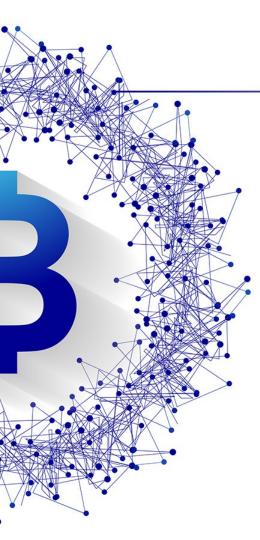
Cryptowatch is a service that provides realtime cryptocurrency market data, charting and trading services. The real-time data on Cryptowatch is provided directly from cryptocurrency exchanges via their APIs and covers over 700 markets available on 25+ exchanges. The term market refers to a pair listed on an exchange. For example, the trading pair BTC/USD on exchange Kraken is a market.



Market Data Rest API

Cryptowatch offers a general use public market REST API, providing basic information about all markets on our platform.

https://cryptowat.ch/docs/api



Rate limit

The API is rate limited by a CPU allowance, rather than a fixed number of calls per time window. Some API requests take longer to fetch than others, so these cost more allowance.

Each client has an allowance of 800000000 nanoseconds (8 seconds) of CPU time per hour. The allowance is reset every hour on the hour.

```
"result": {
"allowance": [
 "cost": 16767,
```

"remaining": 1999983233

The cost is how many nanoseconds that request took in nanoseconds, and remaining is how many nanoseconds remain in your allowance. You can use this information, along with the current time, to have your application self-regulate its request rate.



API Tour - Asset

An asset can be a crypto or fiat (currency established as money by government regulation) currency.

Asset Index:

https://api.cryptowat.ch/assets

Returns all assets (in no particular order)

Asset Details:

https://api.cryptowat.ch/assets/btc

Returns a single asset. Lists all markets which have this asset as a base or quote.



API Tour - Pairs

A pair of assets. Each pair has a base and a quote. For example, btceur has base btc and quote eur.

Pairs Index:

https://api.cryptowat.ch/pairs

Returns all pairs (in no particular order).

Pairs Details:

https://api.cryptowat.ch/pairs/ethbtc

Returns a single pair. Lists all markets for this pair.



API Tour - Exchanges

Exchanges allow customers to trade cryptocurrencies for other assets (such as fiat money or other cryptocurrencies).

Exchange Index:

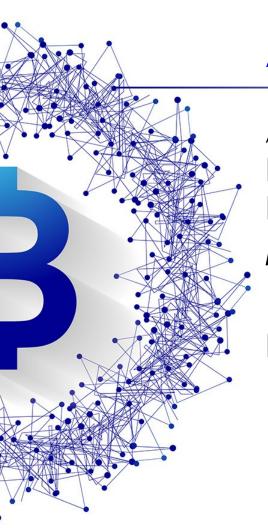
https://api.cryptowat.ch/exchanges

Returns a list of all supported exchanges.

Exchange Details:

https://api.cryptowat.ch/exchanges/kraken

Returns a single exchange, with associated routes.



API Tour - Markets

A market is a pair listed on an exchange. For example, pair btceur on exchange kraken is a market.

Market Index:

https://api.cryptowat.ch/markets

Returns a list of all supported markets.



Market Details:

https://api.cryptowat.ch/markets/coinbase-pro/btcusd Returns a single market, with associated routes.

Market Price:

https://api.cryptowat.ch/markets/coinbase-pro/btcusd/price

Returns a market's last price.



Market Summary:

https://api.cryptowat.ch/markets/coinbase-pro/btcusd/summary

Returns a market's last price as well as other stats based on a 24-hour sliding window:

- High price
- Low price
- % change
- Absolute change
- Volume



Market Trades:

https://
api.cryptowat.ch/
markets/coinbase-pro/
btcusd/trades

Returns a market's most recent trades, incrementing chronologically.

Parameters supported:

Param	Description	Format	Example
limit	Limit amount of trades returned. Defaults to 50.	Integer	100
since	Only return trades at or after this time.	UNIX timestamp	14816632 44

Trades are lists of numbers in this order:

[ID, Timestamp, Price, Amount] Note some exchanges don't provide IDs for public trades.



Market Order Book:

https://
api.cryptowat.ch/
markets/coinbase-pro/
btcusd/orderbook

Returns a market's order book (list of open trades).

Parameters supported:

Param	Description	Format	Example
limit	Only return n orders on each side	Integer	10
depth	Only return orders cumulating up to n size	float	20,4
span	Only return orders within n% of the midpoint	float	0,5 (meaning 0.5%, not 50%)

Orders are lists of numbers in this order: [Price, Amount]

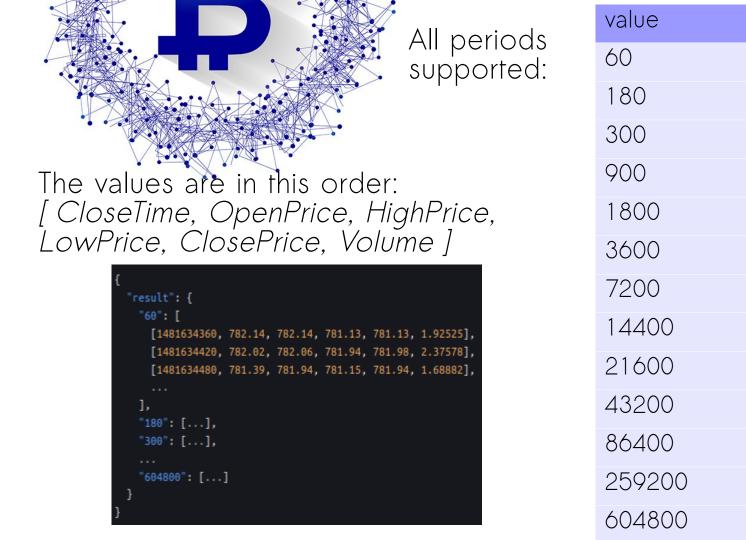


https://api.cryptowat.ch/ markets/coinbase-pro/btcusd/ ohlc

Returns a market's OHLC candlestick data (OHLC charts are a type of bar chart that shows open, high, low and closing prices). Returns data as lists of lists of numbers for each time period integer.

Parameters supported:

Param	Description	Format	Example
before	Only return candles opening before this time	UNIX timestamp	1481663 244
after	Only return candles opening after this time	UNIX timestamp	1481663 244
periods	Only return these time periods	Comma- separated integers	60,180,1 08000



5m 15m 30m 1h 2h 4h

label

1 m

3m

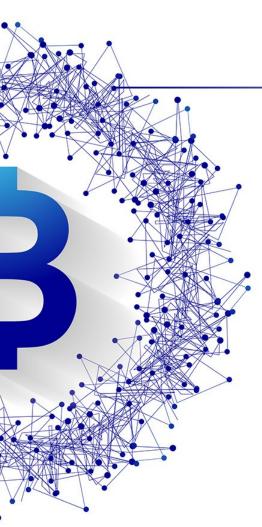
6h

12h

1 d

3d

1 w



API Tour - Aggregate Endpoints

You can also retrieve the prices and summaries of all markets on the site in a single request. These responses are cached and may be out of date by a few seconds.

Markets are identified by a slug, which is the exchange name and currency pair concatenated with a colon, like so:

coinbase-pro:btcusd



Prices:

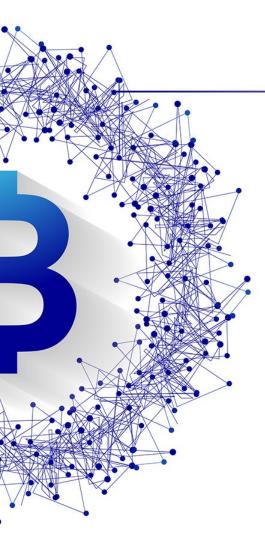
https://api.cryptowat.ch/markets/prices

Returns the current price for all supported markets. Some values may be out of date by a few seconds.

Summaries:

https://api.cryptowat.ch/markets/summaries

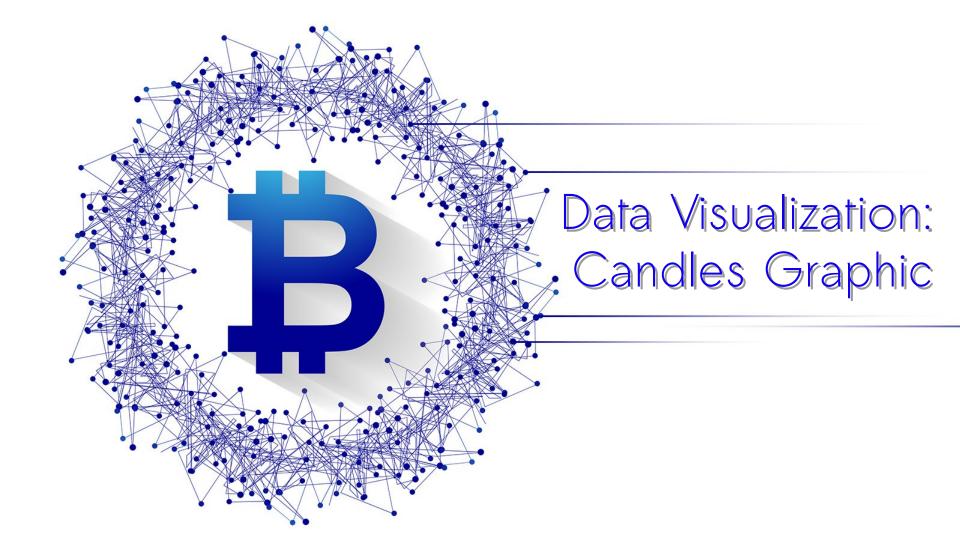
Returns the market summary for all supported markets. Some values may be out of date by a few seconds.



Why Cryptowatch?

We have chosen Cryptowatch because of its free API. Actually, we tried other socials failing:

- Booking: it requires site with 500 order/ month
- Google News: it gives only 30 words with free subscription (premium subscription costs \$\$\$)
- Reddit: it never answer our request.



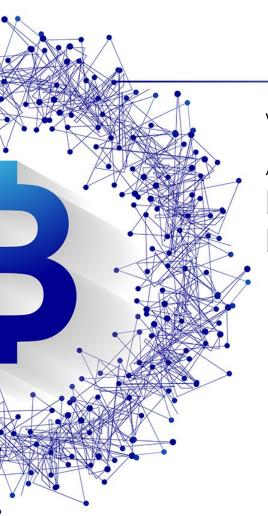


Candles Graphic

This graphic visualizes all the variations (candles) of a determined crypto coin along time, in a real time way.

For this task, we started using Google Chart Library.

Unfortunately, we met several incompatibly problems between our data and the Gchart library, in the following slides we'll tell you our attempts and the solution that we experimented for these problems.



Google Chart - First Step

We have tried to download data through AJAX technique, but our request has been blocked by CORS and CORB problem (i.e. browser security sistem).

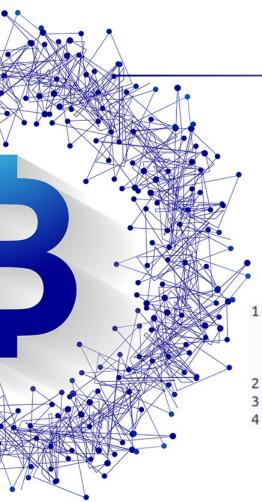
```
1 var jsonData = getJSON("https://api.cryptowat.ch/markets/coinbase-
pro/btcusd/ohlc?before=1546297140&after=1543618800&periods=86400")
2 function getJSON(url){
3    var xml = new XMLHttpRequest();
4    var json ="{}"
5    xml.onreadystatechange = function(){
6    xml.open("GET", url, true);
7    xml.send();
8    return JSON.parse(json);
9 }
```



Google Chart - Second Step

Then, we have used JSONP type for AJAX request, but failing in data visualization (and usage).

```
1 var jsonData;
2 function logResults(json){
3    console.log(json);
4    jsonData = json;
5 }
6 $.ajax({
7    url: "https://api.cryptowat.ch/markets/coinbase-pro/btcusd/ohlc?before=1546297140&after=1543618800&periods=86400",
8    dataType: "jsonp",
9    jsonpCallback: "logResults"
10 });
```



Google Chart - Third Step

http://allorigins.ml/ is the solution to all bad guys!! Infact, this service circumvents the CORS security problems, and return us the data which we would like to extract

```
1 obj = $.getJSON('http://api.allorigins.ml/get?url=https%3A//api.cryptowat.ch/
markets/coinbase-pro/btcusd/
ohlc%3Fbefore%3D1546297140%26after%3D1543618800%26periods%3D86400&callback=?',
function(data){
    txt = JSON.parse(data.contents)
    console.log(txt)
4 }
```



Google Chart - Fourth Step

Problems are infinity...

GChart methods accepts only twodimensional array and it's OK after several test...

```
1 var data = google.visualization.arrayToDataTable(jsonData.result[period],true);
```

But

Last domain does not have enough data columns (missing 2)

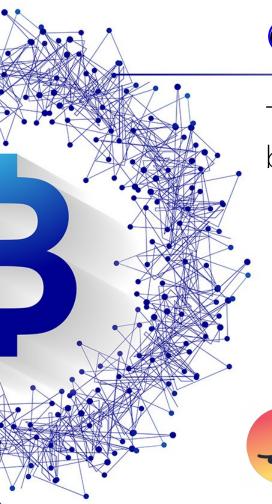
Now, we have a format data problem :(



Google Chart - Fifth Step

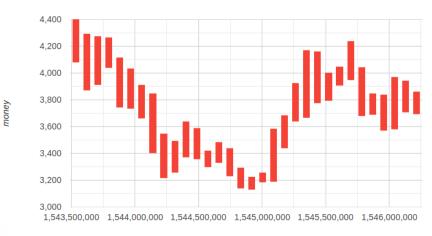
We have bypassed the problem creating empty DataTable, populating it and removing the two excess columns

```
1 var data = new google.visualization.DataTable();
2 data.addColumn({type:'number', label:'time'});
3 data.addColumn({type:'number', label:'open price'});
4 data.addColumn({type:'number', label:'high price'});
5 data.addColumn({type:'number', label:'low price'});
6 data.addColumn({type:'number', label:'close price'});
7 data.addColumn({type:'number', label:'volume'});
8 data.addColumn({type:'number', label:'market cap'});
9 data.addRows(jsonData.result[period]);
10 data.removeColumn(6);
11 data.removeColumn(5);
```



Google Chart - Sixth Step

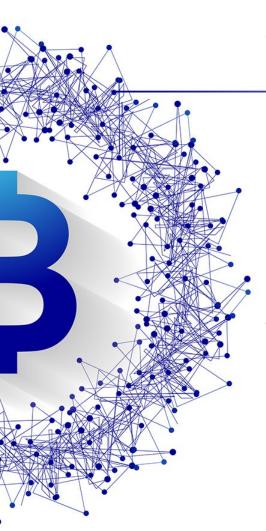
The visualization problem seemed resolved, but... NO!











Why?

Google Chart accepts array format as [time, low price, open price, close price, high price, [tooltip]]. Our JSON's format is [time, open price, high price, low price, close price, [volume, market cap]].

We have tried to exchange the columns properties in different ways, but we have failed...



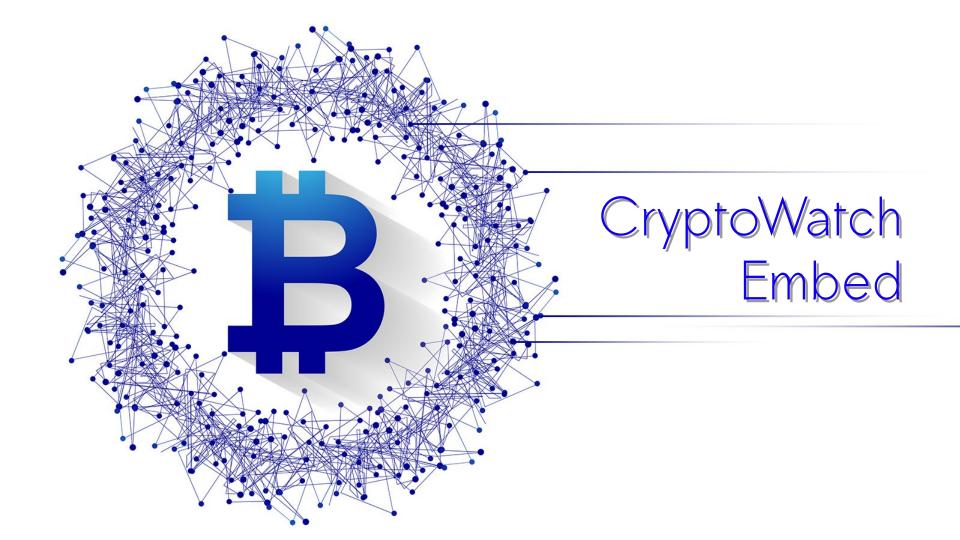
1° attempt

```
1 /* openprice <-> lowprice*/
2 data.setColumnProperties(5, data.getColumnProperties(1)); //save LowPrice in tmpColumn
3 data.setColumnProperties(1, data.getColumnProperties(2)); //switch OpenPrice with LowPrice
4 /*lowprice <-> closeprice*/
5 data.setColumnProperties(5, data.getColumnProperties(3)); //save ClosePrice in tmpColumn
6 data.setColumnProperties(3, data.getColumnProperties(5)); //switch ClosePrice with LowPrice
7 /*closeprice <-> highprice*/
8 data.setColumnProperties(5, data.getColumnProperties(4)); //save HighPrice in tmpColumn
9 data.setColumnProperties(4, data.getColumnProperties(5)); //switch ClosePrice with HighPrice
10 /*highprice <-> openprice*/
11 data.setColumnProperties(5, data.getColumnProperties(2)); //save OpenPrice in tmpColumn
12 data.setColumnProperties(2, data.getColumnProperties(5)); //switch OpenPrice with HighPrice
```



2° attempt

```
1 var dataTmp = new google.visualization.arrayToDataTable([['Mon', 20, 28, 38, 45]], true);
2 //tmp dataTable to do change column properties
3 data.setColumnProperties(1, dataTmp.getColumnProperties(2)); //set openprice
4 data.setColumnProperties(2, dataTmp.getColumnProperties(4)); //set highprice
5 data.setColumnProperties(3, dataTmp.getColumnProperties(1)); //set lowprice
6 data.setColumnProperties(4, dataTmp.getColumnProperties(3)); //set closeprice
```





What is?

CryptoWatch Embed is small library for embedding Cryptowatch charts on a website in real time:

https://github.com/cryptowatch/embed

This library was the solution for all our problems

Few options can be provided to configure the chart:

- → Exchange and currency pair;
- → Width and height;



Example of Candles Graphic Code

```
1 <! DOCTYPE html>
2 <html lang="en UK">
    <head>
      <meta charset="utf-8">
      <div id="chart-container" style="width: 900px; height: 500px;"></div>
      <script type="text/javascript" src="https://static.cryptowat.ch/assets/scripts/embed.bundle.js"></script>
      <script>
8
        var chart = new cryptowatch.Embed('kraken', 'btcusd', {
          timePeriod: '1d',
10
          width: 650,
11
          presetColorScheme: 'ballmer'
12
        });
      chart.mount('#chart-container');
13
14
      </script>
15
16
    </head>
    <body>
17
    </body>
19 </html>
```



Example of Candles Chart



The libraries renders the candlestick chart with volume underneath.

The renderized candles are the bitcusd 1-day candles from the kraken exchange.

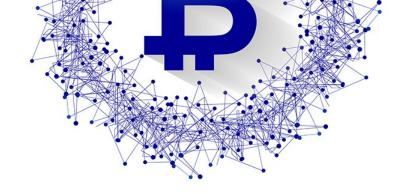
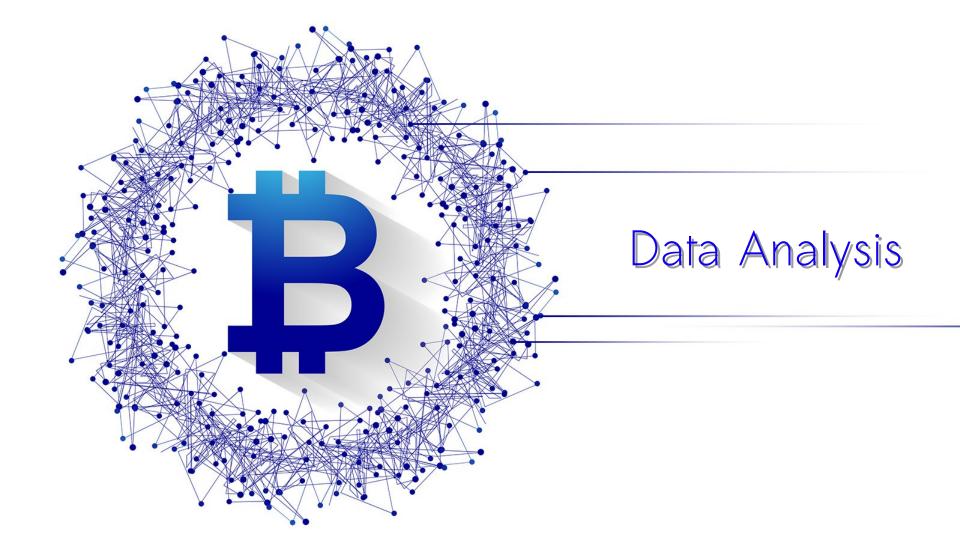
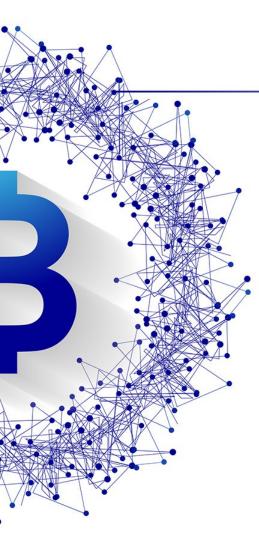


Chart Graphics Link

We created a small Web Site which shows 3 Candles Graphic, in a real time way, from three of the best Exchanges. The site is at the following link:

http://cryptowolf.altervista.org/cryptowatch_chart.html





Data Analysis

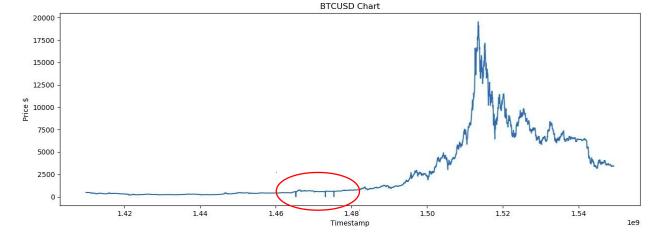
We have used several instruments to describe data like distribution shape, central tendencies and dispersion indices. For this task, we wrote a Python class (i.e. Index Class)

Data object of the analysis were 12-hour candle from 01-01-2011, 00:00 to 04-02-2019, 01:00. In particular, we analyzed the Open Price's feature and Close Price's feature of data.

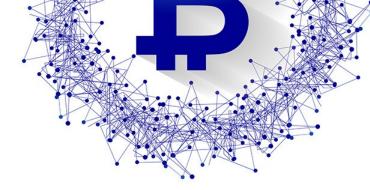


Data Analysis - 2

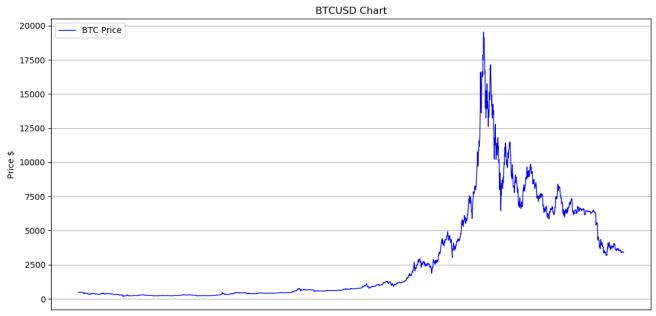
Firstly, we have plotted close time VS close price to check if our data are correct:



But we have realized that some candles are dirty because of API Cryptowatch: they have close price setted to 0.0.



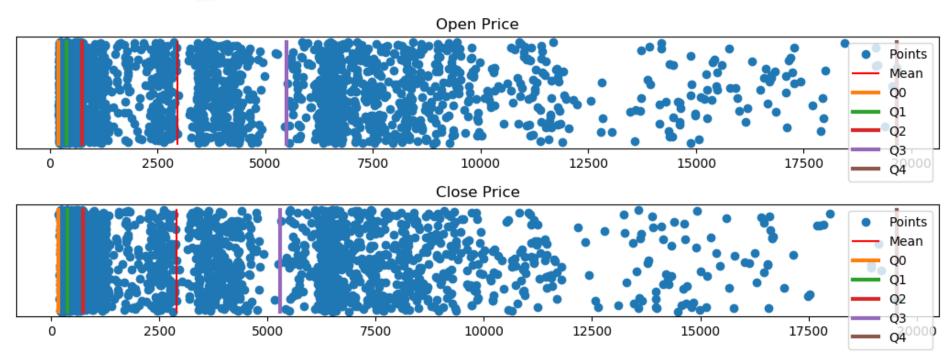
So, we have created the new dataset removing this dirty candles and we have plotted again:





It is used dotplot to show data marked mean and quartiles (0%, 25%, 50%, 75%, 100%).

Mean and median are in according to dotplot's density.

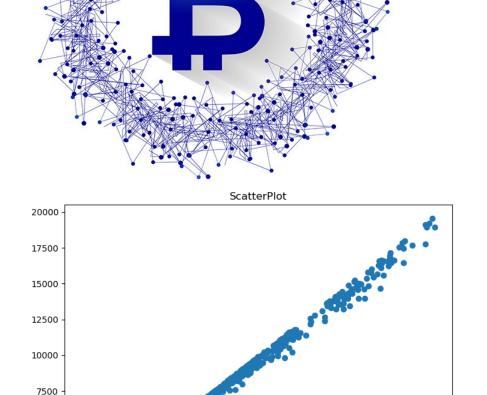




The figure shows all descriptive indices calculated:

- Minimum, maximum and range
- Mean and Median
- Quartiles (0%, 25%, 50%, 75%, 100%)
- → Variance
- Standard Deviation

```
Open Price Minimum: 201.96
Close Price Minimum: 172.0
Open Price Maximum: 19666.0
Close Price Maximum: 19546.88
Open Price Range: 19464.04
Close Price Range: 19374.88
Open Price Mean: 2967.0544313238042
Close Price Mean: 2901.2639745183346
Open Price Median: 749.98
Close Price Median: 742.0
00: 0% of Open Price: 201.96
Q1: 25% of Open Price: 381.4475
Q2: 50% of Open Price: 749.98
Q3: 75% of Open Price: 5499.4349999999995
Q4: 100% of Open Price: 19666.0
00: 0% of Close Price: 172.0
O1: 25% of Close Price: 375.65500000000003
O2: 50% of Close Price: 742.0
O3: 75% of Close Price: 5290.8099999999995
O4: 100% of Close Price: 19546.88
Open Price Variance: 14007498.044542884
Close Price Variance: 13240491.67805863
Open Price STD: 3742.659221000876
Close Price STD: 3638.74864178039
```



5000

2500

2500

5000

7500

To measure correllation between data series is done the Scatter plot: data are aligned along a straight line.

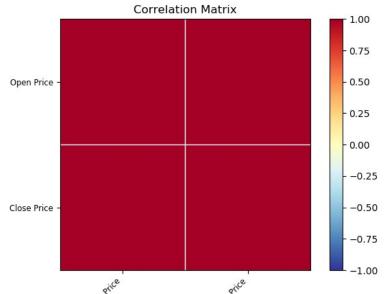
The covariance is computed through the covariance matrix which reports:

- → Cov(X,X) and Cov(X,Y) on first row;
- Cov(Y,X) and Cov(YY) on second row.

The main diagonal contains the variance of two data series; the other diagonal contains the covariance: this value is positive and so the characters grow each other.

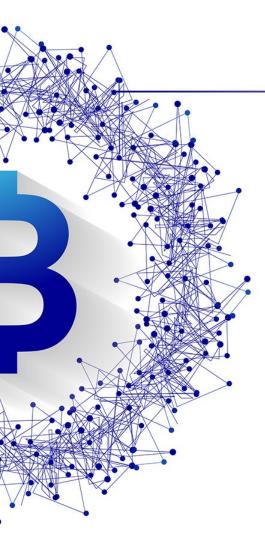
Covariance: [[14011851.47646659 13615441.7292866] [13615441.7292866 13244606.88651654]]





Other correlation coefficients are:

- Pearson: its values is almost 1 and so implies an exact linear relationship (0.9994577431432222);
- Spearman rank-order: its values is almost 1 and so implies an exact monotonic relationship (0.9996041721721992);
- Kendall: its values is almost 1 and so implies strong agreement (0.9874331459000218);
- Matrix correlation: it can be observed strong correlation between data series, again.



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