

# Laboratorio #4

#### Jeremy Cáceres y Gabriel Lemus

### 1. Ejercicio #1

- $\bullet \ (a \equiv d) :\Leftrightarrow a := \{1,2,4,8,16,32,64\} \equiv d := \{n \in \mathbb{N} \mid \exists i \in \mathbb{N} \ . \ n = 2^i \land n < 100\}$
- $(b \equiv f) :\Leftrightarrow b := \{n \in \mathbb{N} \mid \exists x \in \mathbb{N} : x = n/5\} \equiv f := \{n \in \mathbb{N} \mid \exists x \in \mathbb{N} : n = x + x + x + x + x + x\}$
- $(c \equiv e) :\Leftrightarrow c := \{n \in \mathbb{N} \mid \exists x \in \mathbb{N} : n = x * x\} \equiv e := \{n \in \mathbb{N} \mid \exists x \in \mathbb{N} : x = \sqrt{n}\}$

#### 2. Ejercicio #2

- 1.  $A := \{ n \in \mathbb{N} \mid \exists x \in \mathbb{N} : n = x/5 \}$
- 2. Partiendo de:
  - $A := \{ n \in \mathbb{N} \mid \exists x \in \mathbb{N} : n = x/5 \}$
  - $B := \{ n \in \mathbb{N} \mid \exists x \in \mathbb{N} : n = x/4 \}$
  - $C := (A \cap B)$
- 3.  $D := \{ n \in \mathbb{N} \mid \exists x \in \mathbb{N} : 1 < x < n \land n/x \}$
- 4.  $E := \{ e \subset P(\mathbb{N}) \mid \exists x \in \mathbb{N} \land \exists n \subset e : n = x/15 \}$
- 5.  $F := \{ f \subset P(\mathbb{N}) \mid \exists x \subset f \land \exists n \subset f . x + n = 42 \}$

#### 3. Ejercicio #3

 $P := \{ < a,b,c> \ . \ a \in \mathbb{N} \ . \ b \in \mathbb{N} \ . \ c \in \mathbb{N} \ | \ \exists x \in \mathbb{N} \ . \ x > 1 \ . \ x < a \ \land \ x < b \ . \ a/x \ \land \ b/x \ . \ c = a * b \ \land \ c < 30 \}$ 

### 4. Ejercicio #4

1. 
$$\lambda x \in \mathbb{N} : x + x = \{ \langle x, x + x \rangle \mid x \in \mathbb{N} \}$$

2. Partiendo de:

- $A := \lambda x \in \mathbb{N}$  .  $true = \{ \langle x, true \rangle \mid x \in \mathbb{N} \land x/5 \}$
- $\bullet \ B := \lambda x \in \mathbb{N} \ . \ false = \{ < x, \ false > \ | \ x \in \mathbb{N} \ \land \ \lnot(x/5) \}$
- $C := (A \cap B)$
- 3.  $f \circ g \in P(\mathbb{N})$
- 4.  $\lambda x \in \mathbb{N}$  .  $f(g(x)) = \{ \langle x, f(g(x)) \rangle \mid x \in \mathbb{N} \land f(x) \in \mathbb{N} \land g(x) \subset f(x) \}$

## 5. Ejercicio #5

- 1.  $f(x) = x^2 \rightarrow \text{Surjectiva}$
- 2.  $g(x) = \frac{1}{\cos(x-1)} \rightarrow \text{Injectiva}$
- 3.  $h(x) = 2x \rightarrow \text{Bijectiva}$
- 4.  $w(x) = x + 1 \rightarrow \text{Bijectiva}$

#### 6. Ejercicio #6

- 1.  $B_1 := \{ \langle a, b \rangle \mid a \in \mathbb{N} : b \in \mathbb{N} : \forall x \in \mathbb{N} : a = 2x \land a > 0 \land b > 0 \}$
- 2.  $B_{2a} := \{ \langle a, b \rangle \mid a \in \mathbb{N} : b \in \mathbb{N} : \forall x \in \mathbb{N} : a = (2x+1) \land b > 0 \}$
- 3.  $B_2:=\{< a,\ b>\ |\ a\in\mathbb{N}\ .\ b\in\mathbb{Z}\ .\ \forall x\in\mathbb{N}\ .\ a=(2x+1)\ \wedge\ b<0\}$
- 4.  $B := \{ \langle a, b \rangle \mid a \in \mathbb{N} : b \in \mathbb{Z} \}$