# **Photosynthesis**

Input file: standard input
Output file: standard output

Time limit: 1 second Memory limit: 256 megabytes



Gabriel the Researcher is studying the occurrence of photosynthesis inside the chloroplasts of plants. Photosynthesis is a process used by all plants and some other organisms to convert light energy into chemical energy. Assuming there is unlimited light energy, for every 6 molecules of carbon dioxide ( $CO_2$ ) and 6 molecules of water ( $H_2O$ ), 1 molecule of glucose ( $C_6H_{12}O_6$ ) and 6 molecules of oxygen ( $O_2$ ) will be made. Given a molecules of carbon dioxide and b molecules of water, help Gabriel find the number of molecules of glucose and oxygen that will be produced.

#### Input

The input contains two space separated integers a and b ( $0 \le a, b \le 10^9$ ) — the number of molecules of CO<sub>2</sub> and molecules of H<sub>2</sub>O.

## Output

Output two space separated integers — the number of molecules of C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>6</sub> and O<sub>2</sub> produced.

### Examples

standard input	standard output
14 18	2 12
6 0	0 0

#### Note

In the first example, both 14 molecules of carbon dioxide and 18 molecules of water allow for 2 molecules of glucose and 12 molecules of oxygen. 2 molecules of carbon dioxide and 6 molecules of water are left over since they cannot be used in another reaction.

In the second example, since there are 0 molecules of water, photosynthesis does not take place and n glucose molecules or oxygen molecules are be produced.