Table 5.41C Received Medication-Assisted Treatment for Alcohol, Opioids, and Alcohol or Opioids in Past Year: Among People Aged 12 or Older; by Demographic, Geographic, and Socioeconomic Characteristics, Standard Errors of Numbers in Thousands, 2019 and 2020

Demographic/Geographic/ Socioeconomic Characteristic	Received Medication-Assisted Treatment (MAT) for Alcohol (2019)	Received Medication-Assisted Treatment (MAT) for Alcohol (2020)	Received MAT for Opioids (2019)	Received MAT for Opioids (2020)	Received MAT for Alcohol or Opioids (2019)	Received MAT for Alcohol or Opioids (2020)
TOTAL	52	105	67	130	87	167
AGE GROUP						
12-17	1	*	*	3	1	3
18 or Older	52	105	67	130	87	167
18-25	14	4	14	14	19	15
26 or Older	50	105	65	129	83	166
GENDER						
Male	47	57	49	91	70	107
Female	22	88	44	91	49	126
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE						
Not Hispanic or Latino	48	105	66	127	83	165
White	47	75	61	115	79	137
Black or African American	9	4	16	31	18	32
AIAN	3	*	*	*	3	*
NHOPI	3	*	3	*	3	*
Asian	*	3	*	*	*	3
Two or More Races	2	*	16	5	16	*
Hispanic or Latino	19	3	14	21	23	21
GEOGRAPHIC REGION						
Northeast	14	19	33	69	35	72
Midwest	13	46	40	72	42	85
South	42	45	31	75	57	87
West	23	81	32	36	39	88
COUNTY TYPE						
Large Metro	39	93	55	87	67	128
Small Metro	23	49	33	92	42	105
Nonmetro	25	3	20	28	36	28
Urbanized	24	*	12	21	32	21
Less Urbanized	3	3	16	19	17	19
Completely Rural	1	*	1	3	1	3
HEALTH INSURANCE[1]						
Private	33	87	37	33	49	93
Medicaid/CHIP	24	38	54	85	59	93
Other[2]	33	89	17	69	37	112
No Coverage	12	32	16	53	19	62

* = low precision; -- = not available; da = does not apply; nc = not comparable due to methodological changes; nr = not reported due to measurement issues.

NOTE: Estimates in the 2020 column are italicized to indicate caution should be used when comparing estimates between 2020 and prior years because of methodological changes for 2020. Due to these changes, significance testing between 2020 and prior years was not performed. See the *2020 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: Methodological Summary and Definitions* for details.

NOTE: Estimates in this table for 2020 exclude a subset of respondents who did not complete the questionnaire. The analysis weights and estimates were adjusted for the reduced sample size. See the *2020 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: Methodological Summary and Definitions* for details.

NOTE: Medication-assisted treatment for alcohol or for opioids refers to medication prescribed by a doctor or other health professional to help reduce or stop the use of alcohol or opioids, respectively.

[1] Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.
[2] Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, military-related health care, or any other type of health insurance.

Definitions: Measures and terms are defined in Appendix A.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2019 and Quarters 1 and 4, 2020.

Table 5.41D Received Medication-Assisted Treatment for Alcohol, Opioids, and Alcohol or Opioids in Past Year: Among People Aged 12 or Older; by Demographic, Geographic, and Socioeconomic Characteristics, Standard Errors of Percentages, 2019 and 2020

Demographic/Geographic/ Socioeconomic Characteristic	Received Medication-Assisted Treatment (MAT) for Alcohol (2019)	Received Medication-Assisted Treatment (MAT) for Alcohol (2020)	Received MAT for Opioids (2019)	Received MAT for Opioids (2020)	Received MAT for Alcohol or Opioids (2019)	Received MAT for Alcohol or Opioids (2020)
TOTAL	0.02	*0.04*	0.02	*0.05*	0.03	*0.06*
AGE GROUP						
12-17	0.00	*	*	*0.01*	0.00	*0.01*
18 or Older	0.02	*0.04*	0.03	*0.05*	0.03	*0.07*
18-25	0.04	*0.01*	0.04	*0.04*	0.06	*0.04*
26 or Older	0.02	*0.05*	0.03	*0.06*	0.04	*0.08*
GENDER						
Male	0.04	*0.04*	0.04	*0.07*	0.05	*0.08*
Female	0.02	*0.06*	0.03	*0.06*	0.03	*0.09*
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE						
Not Hispanic or Latino	0.02	*0.05*	0.03	*0.06*	0.04	*0.07*
White	0.03	*0.04*	0.04	*0.07*	0.05	*0.08*
Black or African American	0.03	*0.01*	0.05	*0.09*	0.05	*0.09*
AIAN	0.17	*	*	*	0.17	*
NHOPI	0.23	*	0.29	*	0.29	*
Asian	*	*0.02*	*	*	*	*0.02*
Two or More Races	0.04	*	0.30	*0.09*	0.30	*
Hispanic or Latino	0.04	*0.01*	0.03	*0.04*	0.05	*0.04*
GEOGRAPHIC REGION						
Northeast	0.03	*0.04*	0.07	*0.14*	0.07	*0.15*
Midwest	0.02	*0.08*	0.07	*0.13*	0.07	*0.15*
South	0.04	*0.04*	0.03	*0.07*	0.05	*0.08*
West	0.03	*0.12*	0.05	*0.05*	0.06	*0.13*
COUNTY TYPE						
Large Metro	0.03	*0.06*	0.04	*0.06*	0.04	*0.08*
Small Metro	0.03	*0.06*	0.04	*0.11*	0.05	*0.12*
Nonmetro	0.06	*0.01*	0.05	*0.07*	0.10	*0.07*
Urbanized	0.15	*	0.08	*0.13*	0.20	*0.13*
Less Urbanized	0.02	*0.01*	0.09	*0.10*	0.09	*0.10*
Completely Rural	0.02	*	0.02	*0.05*	0.02	*0.05*
HEALTH INSURANCE[1]						
Private	0.02	*0.05*	0.02	*0.02*	0.03	*0.05*
Medicaid/CHIP	0.05	*0.08*	0.12	*0.18*	0.13	*0.19*
Other[2]	0.05	*0.12*	0.02	*0.09*	0.05	*0.15*
No Coverage	0.04	*0.11*	0.06	*0.19*	0.07	*0.22*

* = low precision; -- = not available; da = does not apply; nc = not comparable due to methodological changes; nr = not reported due to measurement issues.

NOTE: Estimates in the 2020 column are italicized to indicate caution should be used when comparing estimates between 2020 and prior years because of methodological changes for 2020. Due to these changes, significance testing between 2020 and prior years was not performed. See the *2020 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: Methodological Summary and Definitions* for details.

NOTE: Estimates in this table for 2020 exclude a subset of respondents who did not complete the questionnaire. The analysis weights and estimates were adjusted for the reduced sample size. See the *2020 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: Methodological Summary and Definitions* for details.

NOTE: Medication-assisted treatment for alcohol or for opioids refers to medication prescribed by a doctor or other health professional to help reduce or stop the use of alcohol or opioids, respectively.

[1] Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.
[2] Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, military-related health care, or any other type of health insurance.

Definitions: Measures and terms are defined in Appendix A.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2019 and Quarters 1 and 4, 2020.

Table 5.42C Received Medication-Assisted Treatment (MAT) for Alcohol in Past Year: Among People Aged 12 or Older with Past Year Alcohol Use Disorder; Received MAT for Opioids in Past Year: Among People Aged 12 or Older with Past Year Opioid Use Disorder; by Demographic, Geographic, and Socioeconomic Characteristics, Standard Errors of Numbers in Thousands, 2019 and 2020

Demographic/Geographic/ Socioeconomic Characteristic	Received MAT for Alcohol among People with an Alcohol Use Disorder (2019)	Received MAT for Alcohol among People with an Alcohol Use Disorder (2020)	Received MAT for Opioids among People with an Opioid Use Disorder (2019)	Received MAT for Opioids among People with an Opioid Use Disorder (2020)
TOTAL	nc	98	nc	54
AGE GROUP				
12-17	nc	*	nc	*
18 or Older	nc	98	nc	54
18-25	nc	4	nc	*
26 or Older	nc	98	nc	53
GENDER				
Male	nc	56	nc	25
Female	nc	80	nc	48
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE				
Not Hispanic or Latino	nc	98	nc	54
White	nc	65	nc	47
Black or African American	nc	4	nc	*
AIAN	nc	*	nc	*
NHOPI	nc	*	nc	*
Asian	nc	*	nc	*
Two or More Races	nc	*	nc	*
Hispanic or Latino	nc	3	nc	*
GEOGRAPHIC REGION				
Northeast	nc	13	nc	*
Midwest	nc	46	nc	*
South	nc	28	nc	33
West	nc	81	nc	*
COUNTY TYPE				
Large Metro	nc	85	nc	46
Small Metro	nc	49	nc	20
Nonmetro	nc	*	nc	*
Urbanized	nc	*	nc	*
Less Urbanized	nc	*	nc	*
Completely Rural	nc	*	nc	*
HEALTH INSURANCE[1]				
Private	nc	79	nc	20
Medicaid/CHIP	nc	35	nc	38
Other[2]	nc	89	nc	*
No Coverage	nc	*	nc	*

* = low precision; -- = not available; da = does not apply; nc = not comparable due to methodological changes; nr = not reported due to measurement issues.

NOTE: Medication-assisted treatment for alcohol or for opioids refers to medication prescribed by a doctor or other health professional to help reduce or stop the use of alcohol or opioids, respectively.

NOTE: Alcohol use disorder (AUD) and opioid use disorder (OUD) estimates in 2020 are based on criteria from the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, 5th edition (DSM-5). AUD, OUD, and related estimates are not comparable between 2020 and prior years of NSDUH, because prior years' estimates were based on DSM-IV criteria. The 2020 estimates reflect additional methodological changes for the 2020 NSDUH. Due to these changes, significance testing between 2020 and prior years was not performed. See the *2020 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: Methodological Summary and Definitions* for details on these changes.

NOTE: Estimates in this table for 2020 exclude a subset of respondents who did not complete the questionnaire. The analysis weights and estimates were adjusted for the reduced sample size. See the *2020 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: Methodological Summary and Definitions* for details.

[1] Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.

[2] Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, military-related health care, or any other type of health insurance.

Definitions: Measures and terms are defined in Appendix A.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2019 and Quarters 1 and 4, 2020.

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Table 5.42D   Received Medication-Assisted Treatment (MAT) for Alcohol in Past Year: Among People Aged 12 or Older with Past Year Alcohol Use Disorder; Received MAT for Opioids in Past Year: Among People Aged 12 or Older with Past Year Opioid Use Disorder; by Demographic, Geographic, and Socioeconomic Characteristics, Standard Errors of Percentages, 2019 and 2020

Demographic/Geographic/ Socioeconomic Characteristic	Received MAT for Alcohol among People with an Alcohol Use Disorder (2019)	Received MAT for Alcohol among People with an Alcohol Use Disorder (2020)	Received MAT for Opioids among People with an Opioid Use Disorder (2019)	Received MAT for Opioids among People with an Opioid Use Disorder (2020)
TOTAL	nc	0.35	nc	2.14
AGE GROUP				
12-17	nc	*	nc	*
18 or Older	nc	0.35	nc	2.21
18-25	nc	0.08	nc	*
26 or Older	nc	0.43	nc	2.55
GENDER				
Male	nc	0.35	nc	2.21
Female	nc	0.64	nc	3.78
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE				
Not Hispanic or Latino	nc	0.41	nc	2.46
White	nc	0.35	nc	2.87
Black or African American	nc	0.13	nc	*
AIAN	nc	*	nc	*
NHOPI	nc	*	nc	*
Asian	nc	*	nc	*
Two or More Races	nc	*	nc	*
Hispanic or Latino	nc	0.08	nc	*
GEOGRAPHIC REGION				
Northeast	nc	0.26	nc	*
Midwest	nc	0.69	nc	*
South	nc	0.32	nc	3.32
West	nc	1.03	nc	*
COUNTY TYPE				
Large Metro	nc	0.52	nc	4.11
Small Metro	nc	0.55	nc	1.81
Nonmetro	nc	*	nc	*
Urbanized	nc	*	nc	*
Less Urbanized	nc	*	nc	*
Completely Rural	nc	*	nc	*
HEALTH INSURANCE[1]				
Private	nc	0.43	nc	2.01
Medicaid/CHIP	nc	0.74	nc	3.36
Other[2]	nc	1.63	nc	*
No Coverage	nc	*	nc	*

* = low precision; -- = not available; da = does not apply; nc = not comparable due to methodological changes; nr = not reported due to measurement issues.

NOTE: Medication-assisted treatment for alcohol or for opioids refers to medication prescribed by a doctor or other health professional to help reduce or stop the use of alcohol or opioids, respectively.

NOTE: Alcohol use disorder (AUD) and opioid use disorder (OUD) estimates in 2020 are based on criteria from the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, 5th edition (DSM-5). AUD, OUD, and related estimates are not comparable between 2020 and prior years of NSDUH, because prior years' estimates were based on DSM-IV criteria. The 2020 estimates reflect additional methodological changes for the 2020 NSDUH. Due to these changes, significance testing between 2020 and prior years was not performed. See the *2020 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: Methodological Summary and Definitions* for details on these changes.

NOTE: Estimates in this table for 2020 exclude a subset of respondents who did not complete the questionnaire. The analysis weights and estimates were adjusted for the reduced sample size. See the *2020 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: Methodological Summary and Definitions* for details.

[1] Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.
[2] Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, military-related health care, or any other type of health insurance.

Definitions: Measures and terms are defined in Appendix A.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2019 and Quarters 1 and 4, 2020.