How to Use Gestures or Create Your Own Gestures

There are two ways to add gesture detection to your Unity-project. The first one is easier and utilizes the KinectManager – a component of the MainCamera in the example scenes. There is a list-setting called "Player Common Gestures". Here you can put the gestures that will be detected for each user during the entire game or the gestures that you need to test quickly.

The second way is to specify user or scene-specific gestures programmatically. You need to create a script that implements KinectGestures.GestureListenerInterface and use its methods for gesture initialization and gesture detection processing. As an example, look at the KinectScripts/Extras/SimpleGestureListener.cs-script. Here is a short description of the GestureListenerInterface's methods:

- UserDetected() invoked when a new user is detected. It can be used to start the gesture detection.
- UserLost() invoked when a user is lost. It can be used to clean up or free the allocated resources. You don't need to stop explicitly the detection of the gestures added in UserDetected().
- GestureInProgress() invoked when a gesture start is detected, but the gesture is not yet completed
 or cancelled. Can be used to report the gesture progress or to process gestures that are not designed
 to be explicitly completed, like for instance walking or running.
- GestureCompleted() invoked when the gesture is completed. You can process the gesture detection here, and decide whether to reset the gesture (i.e. restart its detection) or not.
- GestureCancelled() invoked, if the gesture is cancelled. The gesture is considered cancelled by the gesture detection routine, when it is not completed within the allowed time frame. You can decide here, whether to reset the gesture (i.e. restart its detection) or not.

Currently Recognized Gestures

The following gestures are currently recognized:

- RaiseRightHand / RaiseLeftHand left or right hand is raised above the shoulder and the user stays in this pose for 1.0 seconds.
- Psi both hands are raised above the shoulder and the user stays in this pose for 1.0 seconds.
- *Tpose* the hands are to the sides, perpendicular to the body (T-pose), for 1.0 seconds.
- Stop right hand is down and left hand is slightly to the side, but below the waist, or left hand is down and right hand is slightly to the side, but below the waist.
- Wave right hand is waved left and then back right, or left hand is waved right and then back left.
- SwipeLeft right hand swipes left.
- SwipeRight left hand swipes right.
- SwipeUp / SwipeDown swipe up or down with the left or right hand
- ZoomOut left and right hands are to the front and put together at the beginning, then the hands move in different directions.
- ZoomIn left and right hands are at least 0.7 meter apart and to the front at the beginning, then the hands get closer to each other.

- Wheel left and right hands are shoulder size apart and to the front at the beginning, then the hands start to turn an imaginary wheel counter clockwise (positive angle) or clockwise (negative angle).
- Jump the hip center gets at least 10cm above its last position within 1.5 seconds.
- Squat the hip center gets at least 10cm below its last position within 1.5 seconds
- *Push* push forward with the left or right hand within 1.5 seconds.
- Pull pull backward with the left or right hand within 1.5 seconds.
- LeanLeft move the right shoulder to the front, leaning left.
- LeanRight move the left shoulder to the front, leaning right.
- KickLeft move the left foot to the front.
- *KickRight* move the right foot to the front.

How to Add Your Own Gestures

Here are some hints on how to add your own gestures to the Kinect gesture-detection procedure. You need some C# coding skills and a bit of basic understanding on how the sensor works. It reports the 3d-coordnates of the tracked body parts in the Kinect coordinate system, in meters.

To add detection of custom gesture, open Assets/KinectScripts/KinectGestures.cs. Then:

- 1. Find the Gestures-enum. First you need to add the name of your gesture at the end of this enum.
- 2. Find the CheckForGesture()-function. There is a long switch() there, and its cases process the detection of each gesture, defined in the Gestures-enum. You need to add a case for your gesture at the end of this switch(), near the end of the script. There you will implement the gesture detection.
- 3. For an example on how to do that, look at the processing of some simple gestures, like RaiseLeftHand, RaiseRightHand, SwipeLeft or SwipeRight.
- 4. As you see, each gesture has its own internal switch() to check and change the gesture's current state. Each gesture is like a state machine with numerical states (0, 1, 2, 3...). Its current state along with other data, is stored in an internal structure of type GestureData. This data-structure is created for each gesture that needs to be detected in the scene.
- 5. The initial state of each gesture is 0. At this state, the code needs to detect if the gesture is starting or not. To do this, it checks and stores the position of a joint, usually the left or right hand. If the joint position is suitable for a gesture start, it increments the state. At the next state, it checks if the joint has reached the needed position (or distance from the previous position), usually within a time interval, let's say within 1.0 1.5 seconds.
- 6. If the joint has reached its target position (or distance) within the time interval, the gesture is considered completed. Otherwise it is considered cancelled. Then, the gesture state may be reset back to 0 and the gesture-detection procedure will start again.

To add detection of your own gestures, first try to understand how relatively simple gestures, like RaiseHand or Swipes, work. Then find a gesture similar to the one you need. Copy and modify its code, as to your needs.

Support, Examples and Feedback

E-mail: rumen.filkov@gmail.com

Web: http://rfilkov.com

Skype: roumenf Twitter: roumenf