Arrays, strings and parameter-less functions in Assembly

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Notes:

- Each exercise should be solved in a modular fashion. It should be organised in two or more modules and compiled using the rules described in a Makefile.
- Unless clearly stated otherwise, the needed data structures for each exercise **must** be declared as global variables in the main C module
- The code should be commented and indented
- Implement the following functions in Assembly and test them using a program in *C*
- 1. Implement a function int seven_count(void) that returns the number of seven chars ('7') in a string pointed by ptr1.
- 2. Implement a function void str_copy_porto(void) that copies the string pointed by ptr1 to the string pointed by ptr2, exchanging each occurrence of the character 'o' by 'u', considering lower case characters only.
- 3. Implement a function void str_copy_porto2(void) that copies the string pointed by ptr1 to the string pointed by ptr2, exchanging each occurrence of the character 'o' by the character 'u', considering lower and upper case characters.
- 4. Implement a function void vec_add_two(void) that adds two (2) to all the elements of an array of type int, with int num elements and pointed by ptrvec.

- 5. Implement a function long vec_sum(void) that returns the sum of all the elements of an array of type long, pointed by ptrvec, with short num elements.
 - Then, implement another function long vec_avg(void) in Assembly that uses the value returned by long vec_sum(void) to compute the average.
- 6. Implement a function int encrypt(void) that adds three (3) to all the characters, that are not 'a' or space, of the string pointed by ptr1. The function should return the number of changed characters.
- 7. Implement a function int decrypt(void) that decrypts the string pointed by ptr1 and encrypted by int encrypt(void). The function should return the number of changed characters.
- 8. Implement the function long test_even(void) that tests if the number in the variable long even is even. The function should return one (1) if it is even or zero (0) if it is odd.
 - Use the previous function to implement another function long vec_sum_even(void) in Assembly that returns the sum of all the even elements of an array of type long pointed by ptrvec, with int num elements.
- 9. Implement a function short* vec_search(void) that searches short x in an array of type short, pointed by ptrvec, with int num elements, and returns the memory address of it's first occurrence or zero if not found.
- 10. Implement a function void str_cat(void) that concatenates, in a string pointed by ptr3, the strings pointed by ptr1 and ptr2, which have a maximum length of 40 bytes each.
- 11. Implement a function int vec_greater10(void) that returns the number of elements of an array of type int, pointed by ptrvec, with int num elements, that are greater than 10.
- 12. Implement a function unsigned char vec_zero(void) that zeroes the elements of an array of type int, pointed by ptrvec, with int num elements, that are greater or equal to 100. The function should return the number of changed elements.
- 13. Implement a function void keep_positives(void) that changes an array of type short, with unsigned short num elements and pointed by ptrvec, by replacing all the negative numbers by their respective indexes on the array, keeping the positive elements unchanged.

- 14. Implement the function int exists(void), that tests if int x exists more than once in the array of type int pointed by ptrvec with int num elements. The function should return 1 if int x has duplicates or 0 if not.
 - Use the previous function to implement a function int vec_diff(void) that computes the number of elements in the array of type int pointed by ptrvec that do not have duplicates.
- 15. Implement a function int sum_first_byte() that returns the sum of the first byte of all the elements of the array of type long pointed by ptrvec, with int num elements.
- 16. Implement a function void swap() that swaps the content of the arrays of type char pointed by ptr1 and ptr2, both with int num elements (i.e contents of the first array will be copied to second array and vice versa). The new content of each array must be printed in the main function.
- 17. Implement a function void array_sort(void) that, given the address of an array of type short pointed by ptrvec, with int num elements, sorts the array in descending order.
- 18. Implement a function int sort_without_reps(void) that, given the address of an array of type short pointed by ptrsrc, with int num elements, and the address of an empty array of the same size pointed by ptrdest, fills the ptrdest array with the elements of the ptrsrc array in ascending order, eliminating all repeated values. The function must return the number of items placed in the second array.
- 19. Implement a function void frequencies (void) that, given the address of an array of type char pointed by ptrgrades with the students' exam grades at ARQCP (a value between 0 and 20), with int num elements, and the address of a second array pointed by ptrfreq, it should fill ptrfreq with the absolute frequency of the grades stored in ptrgrades.
- 20. Implement a function int count_max(void) that, given the address of an array of type int pointed by ptrvec, with int num elements, counts how many elements in ptrvec satisfy the condition $v_i < v_{i+1} > v_{i+2}$.