

= SUBIECTUL II =

Grupa
Cobor

1) $d_4 = [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5]$

S1:				3					
S2:						V			
S3:	10	6	7					12	
S4:					V				
S5:	12		8						
S6:			V						
S7:	13								
S8:				V					
S9:			16	16					
S10:		V							X

$\Rightarrow d_{4,0} = 10$

4) $gr 0 = 3$ ~~$\times 1$ edge~~ adăugăm 2 muchii:
 $gr 1 = 3$
 $gr 2 = 3$ ~~$\times 1$ edge~~
 $gr 3 = 5$
 $gr 4 = 1$
 $gr 5 = 1$

$\rightarrow 4 - 1$ $\Rightarrow gr 4 = 2$
 $\rightarrow 5 - 0$ $\Rightarrow gr 5 = 2$

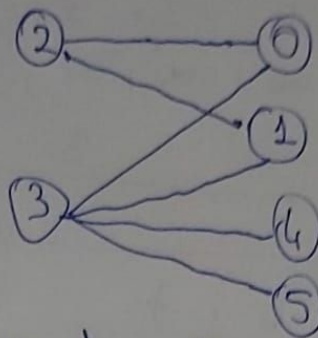
\Rightarrow $\left. \begin{array}{l} gr 4 = 2 \\ gr 5 = 2 \\ gr 0 = 4 \end{array} \right\}$

\Rightarrow grafurile admită lant eulerian (are 2 noduri cu grad impar)
 (am adăugat muchii 4-1, 5-0 de la nodurile cu grad mic impar la nodurile cu următorul cel mai mic grad impar, ai. din 2 n cu $gr \% 2 = 1$ am adăugat $gr \% 2 = 0$)

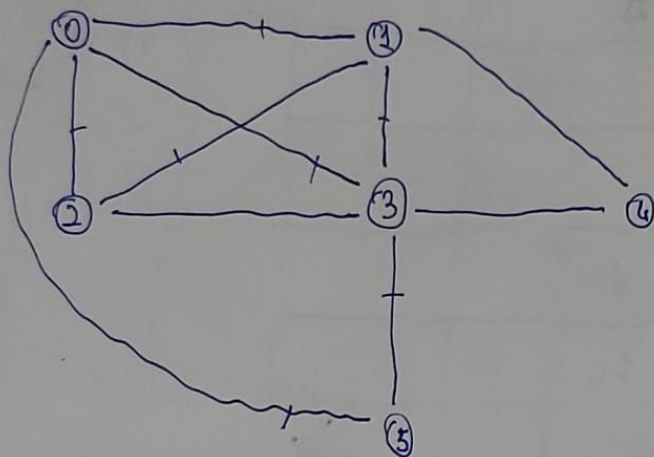
3) graficul nu este bipartit

eliminăm 2 muchii : 0-1, 2-3 \Rightarrow

\Rightarrow graf bipartit:



4*) Un graf admite lant eulerian \Rightarrow are 0 sau 2 noduri de grad impar (necesar si suficient)

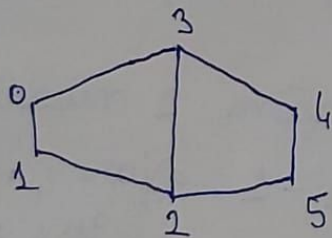


lant eulerian :

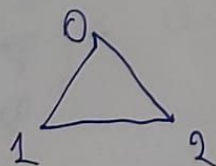
3-5-0-1-3-0-2-1-4-3-2

5)

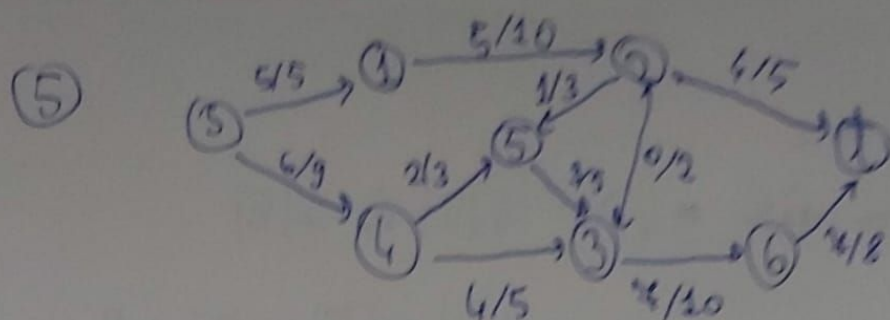
a)



\leftarrow cel puțin 2 fete de gr 4



\leftarrow nicio fată de gr. 4



taietura minimă: $\begin{cases} 1-1 \\ 1-3 \\ 1-5 \end{cases}$

$P_1: 1-5: 0/3$
 $2-t: 5/5$ (1-1-2-t cont. saturat)

$P_2: 1-5: 3/3$
 $1-3: 5/5$
 $1-4: 8/9$
 $3-6: 8/10$
 $6-t: 8/8$ (1-1-3-6-t cont.)

⇒ flux maxim = $f(1-1) + f(1-3) + f(1-5) = 13$

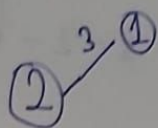
$$6) \quad b) \quad |V| - |E| + |F| = 2$$

$$\text{pe minim } \text{val} = 4 \Rightarrow 4|V| \leq 2|E|$$

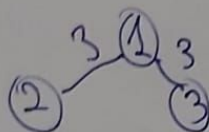
$$4|V| - 4|E| + 4|F| = 8$$

$$3) \quad 4|F| \leq 8 + 2|E|$$

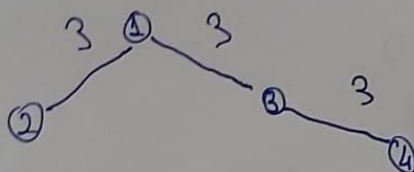
2) P₁:



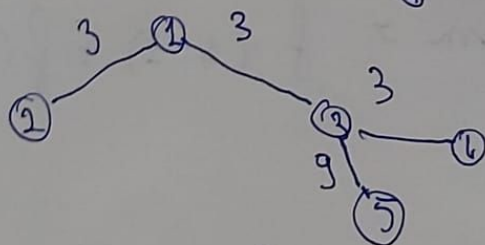
P₂:



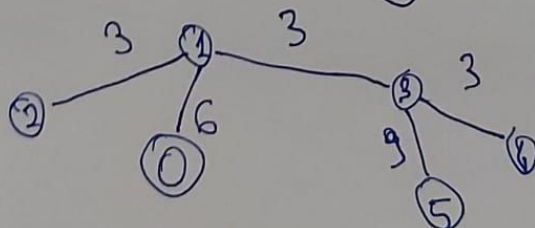
P₃:



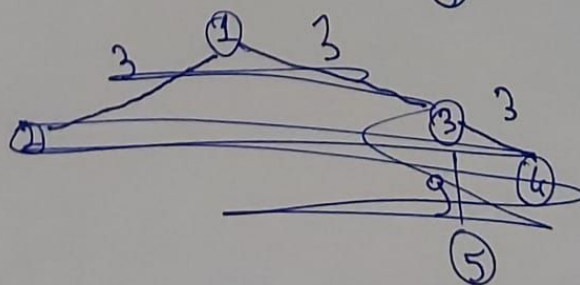
P₄:



P₅:



P₆:



exp: la fiecare pas
se alege muchia
cea mai scurta
de la nodul curent
fara sa se creeze
ciclu