

Programming Languages (Project 1)

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Abstract

The goal of this project is simulate the game of kalaha using haskell.

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1 The Kalaha game with parameters (n, m)

```
1 module Kalaha where
2
3 type PitCount    = Int
4 type StoneCount  = Int
5 data Kalaha      = Kalaha PitCount StoneCount deriving (Show, Read, Eq)
6
7 type KPos        = Int
8 type KState      = [Int]
9 type Player      = Bool
```

1.1 The function `startStateImpl`

Very straightforward using replicate and concatenation

```
1 startStateImpl :: Kalaha -> KState
2
3 startStateImpl (Kalaha n m) = (replicate n m)++[0]++(replicate n m)++[0]
```

1.2 The function `movesImpl`

This function first calculates the lists of both players and depends on p calls positions who filters the elements that are equals to zero

```
1 movesImpl :: Kalaha -> Player -> KState -> [KPos]
2 movesImpl g p s = let n = extract g
3                   l1 = take n s
4                   l2 = init $ drop (n+1) s
5                   in case p of True -> positions l2 (n+1)
6                               False -> positions l1 0
7                   where extract (Kalaha n _) = n
8                         positions [] _ = []
9                         positions (s:ss) pos = if(s>0) then pos:(positions ss (pos+1))
1                  else (positions ss (pos+1))
```

1.3 The function `valueImpl`

This function first calculates the difference between two pits

```
1 valueImpl :: Kalaha -> KState -> Double
2 valueImpl g s = fromIntegral $ (s !! (extract g)) - (s !! ((*2) (extract g) + 1))
3               where extract (Kalaha n _) = n
```

1.4 The function `moveImpl`

Instead of iterating over the list as we would naively do we can compute how many times we would iterate over the entire list. Easy to note that this is equal to the number of stones divided by $2n + 1$. The remainder of this division would be the number of stones left after all the “entire” rounds. Now this is easily done in $O(n)$ by adding the number of entire rounds to all the elements (except the other’s player kahala) and then iterating only once to add the last stones.

Instead of having two cases, one for each player, we used the fact that the board is kind of symmetric. We only implemented the function for player False and then reduced the case of player True to player False.

```

1 moveImpl :: Kalaha -> Player -> KState -> KPos -> (Player,KState)
2
3 moveImpl g True s pos =
4   let (npos, nst) = moveImpl g False (change_player s) (pos-(extract g+1))
5   in (not npos, change_player nst)
6   where change_player s = drop (extract g +1) s ++ take (extract g+1) s
7         extract (Kalaha n _) = n
8
9
10
11 moveImpl g False s pos =
12   let
13     var = s!!pos
14     divi = div var (2*n+1)
15     modi = mod var (2*n+1)
16     s1 = change pos 0 s
17     s2 = map (+divi) (init s1) ++ [last s1]
18
19     final = (pos+1) `mod` (2*n+1)
20     initial = (pos+modi) `mod` (2*n+1)
21
22     nKstate = if modi == 0 then s2
23               else map (func final initial) (zip s2 [0..])
24     nKstate' = if nKstate!!initial == 1 && initial<n then takeInicial initial nKstate
25               else nKstate
26   in (initial /= n, checkfinal nKstate')
27   where
28     n = extract g
29     extract (Kalaha n _) = n
30     change _ _ [] = []
31     change pos val (a:as) = let na = if (pos == 0) then val
32                               else a
33                               in na:(change (pos-1) val as)
34     func final initial (x, pos) = let r = final>initial
35                                   in if (not r && final <= pos && pos <= initial)
36                                       || (r && pos /= (2*n+1)
37                                           && (pos <= initial || final <= pos)) then x+1
38                                   else x
39     takeInicial pos s = let var2 = s!!(2*n-pos) + s!!(n) + 1
40                         in change n (var2) . change pos 0
41                           . change (2*n-pos) 0 $ s
42     checkfinal s = if movesImpl g True s == [] || movesImpl g False s == [] then
43                     let p1 = s!!n + (sum $ take n s)
44                         p2 = s!!(2*n+1) + (sum $ (take n . drop (n+1)) s)
45                     in replicate n 0 ++ [p1] ++ replicate n 0 ++ [p2]
46                     else s

```

1.5 The function showGameImpl

As stated, we compute $maxLen = length(show(n * m * 2))$, then for a number x we know we have to put $maxLen - length(show x)$ spaces when printing. This can be done using replicate.

```

1 showGameImpl :: Kalaha -> KState -> String
2 showGameImpl g s =
3   prints ++ concatMap putsp b
4   ++ "\n" ++ (putsp (s!!(2*n+1)) ++ concatMap (replicate n) prints ++ putsp (s!!n))
5   ++ "\n" ++ prints ++ concatMap putsp a
6   where maxLen = length (show (n*m*2))
7         putsp x = replicate (maxLen - length (show x)) ' ' ++ show x
8         prints = replicate maxLen ' '
9         a = take n $ s
10        b = reverse . take n . drop (n+1) $ s
11        n = extractN g
12        extractN (Kalaha n _) = n
13        m = extractM g
14        extractM (Kalaha _ m) = m

```

2 Trees

```

1 data Tree m v = Node v [(m, Tree m v)] deriving (Eq, Show)

```

2.1 The function takeTree

We recursevily go down the tree and when we get to the height we want we cut all the children.

```

1 takeTree :: Int -> Tree m v -> Tree m v
2 takeTree 0 (Node v ls) = Node v []
3 takeTree h (Node v ls) = Node v (map (\(x,y) -> (x, takeTree (h-1) y)) ls)

```

3 The Minimax algorithm

```

1 data Game s m = Game {
2   startState    :: s,
3   showGame      :: s -> String,
4   move          :: Player -> s -> m -> (Player,s),
5   moves         :: Player -> s -> [m],
6   value         :: Player -> s -> Double}
7
8 kalahaGame :: Kalaha -> Game KState KPos
9 kalahaGame k = Game {
10   startState = startStateImpl k,
11   showGame   = showGameImpl k,
12   move       = moveImpl k,
13   moves      = movesImpl k,
14   value      = const (valueImpl k)}
15
16 startTree :: Game s m -> Player -> Tree m (Player,Double)
17 startTree g p = tree g (p, startState g)

```

3.1 The function tree

Implemented as said on the statement. We create a node with the given player and the value of the state. And then recursevily called the tree constructor function on its children.

```

1 tree      :: Game s m -> (Player, s) -> Tree m (Player, Double)
2 tree g (p,s) = Node (p, (value g) p s)
3              (zip (moves g p s) (map (tree g . move g p s) (moves g p s)))

```

3.2 The function minimax

We note that when the statement means the value it refers to the minimax value, not to the value function on the game data.

```

1 minimax    :: (Ord m) => Tree m (Player, Double) -> (Maybe m, Double)
2 minimax (Node (p, val) []) = (Nothing, val)
3 minimax (Node (True, val) ls) = swap'.maximum $ zip (map (snd.minimax.snd) ls) (map (
4     Just . fst) ls)
5     where swap' (a,b) = (b,a)
6 minimax (Node (False, val) ls) = swap'.minimum $ zip (map (snd.minimax.snd) ls) (map (
7     Just . fst) ls)
8     where swap' (a,b) = (b,a)

```

3.3 The function minimaxAlphaBeta

We simulate a for loop by using a foldl function. Everything else is just a translation of the provided code (and wikipedia's article code).

```

1 inf = 1000000000000.0
2 type AlphaBeta = (Double,Double)
3
4 minimaxAlphaBeta :: (Ord m) => AlphaBeta -> Tree m (Player, Double) -> (Maybe m, Double)
5
6 minimaxAlphaBeta ab (Node (b, val) []) = (Nothing, val)
7 minimaxAlphaBeta (al, be) (Node (True, val) ls) =
8     let (v, mov, al', be') = foldl fmax (-inf, fst.head $ ls, al, be) $ (map swap' ls)
9     in (Just mov, v)
10    where fmax (v, mov, al', be') (t, m2) =
11        if be' <= al' then (v, mov, al', be')
12        else let nv = v `max` (snd $ minimaxAlphaBeta (al', be') t)
13              nmov = if nv > v then m2
14                    else mov
15              nal' = al' `max` nv
16              in (nv, nmov, nal', be')
17    swap' (a,b) = (b,a)
18
19 minimaxAlphaBeta (al, be) (Node (False, val) ls) =
20     let (v, mov, al', be') = foldl fmin (inf, fst.head $ ls, al, be) $ (map swap' ls)
21     in (Just mov, v)
22    where fmin (v, mov, al', be') (t, m2) =
23        if be' <= al' then (v, mov, al', be')
24        else let nv = v `min` (snd $ minimaxAlphaBeta (al', be') t)
25              nmov = if nv < v then m2
26                    else mov
27              nbe' = be' `min` nv
28              in (nv, nmov, al', nbe')
29    swap' (a,b) = (b,a)

```

4 Testing and sample executions

runhaskell MainTestRun.hs “Kalah 6 6” “(Minimax, 5)” “(AlphaBeta, 4)”

```
moveImpl g False [6,6,6,6,6,0,6,6,6,6,6,0] 0 == (False,[0,7,7,7,7,1,6,6,6,6,6,0])
moveImpl g False [0,7,7,7,7,1,6,6,6,6,6,0] 2 == (True,[0,7,0,8,8,8,2,7,7,6,6,0])
moveImpl g True [0,7,0,8,8,8,2,7,7,6,6,0] 7 == (False,[1,7,0,8,8,8,2,0,8,8,7,7,1])
moveImpl g False [1,7,0,8,8,8,2,0,8,8,7,7,1] 0 == (True,[0,8,0,8,8,8,2,0,8,8,7,7,1])
moveImpl g True [0,8,0,8,8,8,2,0,8,8,7,7,1] 8 == (False,[1,9,1,8,8,8,2,0,0,9,8,8,2])
moveImpl g False [1,9,1,8,8,8,2,0,0,9,8,8,2] 0 == (True,[0,10,1,8,8,8,2,0,0,9,8,8,2])
moveImpl g True [0,10,1,8,8,8,2,0,0,9,8,8,2] 9 == (False,[1,11,2,9,9,8,2,0,0,0,9,9,3])
moveImpl g False [1,11,2,9,9,8,2,0,0,0,9,9,3] 0 == (True,[0,12,2,9,9,8,2,0,0,0,9,9,3])
moveImpl g True [0,12,2,9,9,8,2,0,0,0,9,9,3] 11 == (False,[1,13,3,10,10,0,2,0,0,0,9,0,10,14])
moveImpl g False [1,13,3,10,10,0,2,0,0,0,9,0,10,14] 0 == (True,[0,14,3,10,10,0,2,0,0,0,9,0,10,14])
moveImpl g True [0,14,3,10,10,0,2,0,0,0,9,0,10,14] 10 == (False,[1,15,4,11,11,1,2,0,0,0,0,1,11,15])
moveImpl g False [1,15,4,11,11,1,2,0,0,0,0,1,11,15] 0 == (True,[0,16,4,11,11,1,2,0,0,0,0,1,11,15])
moveImpl g True [0,16,4,11,11,1,2,0,0,0,0,1,11,15] 12 == (False,[1,17,0,12,12,2,2,1,1,0,1,0,22])
moveImpl g False [1,17,0,12,12,2,2,1,1,0,1,0,22] 0 == (True,[0,18,0,12,12,2,2,1,1,0,1,0,22])
moveImpl g True [0,18,0,12,12,2,2,1,1,0,1,0,22] 7 == (False,[0,18,0,12,12,2,2,0,2,1,0,1,0,22])
moveImpl g False [0,18,0,12,12,2,2,0,2,1,0,1,0,22] 4 == (True,[1,19,1,13,0,3,3,1,3,2,1,2,1,22])
moveImpl g True [1,19,1,13,0,3,3,1,3,2,1,2,1,22] 7 == (False,[1,19,1,13,0,3,3,0,4,2,1,2,1,22])
moveImpl g False [1,19,1,13,0,3,3,0,4,2,1,2,1,22] 0 == (True,[0,20,1,13,0,3,3,0,4,2,1,2,1,22])
moveImpl g True [0,20,1,13,0,3,3,0,4,2,1,2,1,22] 8 == (False,[0,20,1,13,0,3,3,0,0,3,2,3,2,22])
moveImpl g False [0,20,1,13,0,3,3,0,0,3,2,3,2,22] 2 == (True,[0,20,0,14,0,3,3,0,0,3,2,3,2,22])
moveImpl g True [0,20,0,14,0,3,3,0,0,3,2,3,2,22] 9 == (False,[0,20,0,14,0,3,3,0,0,0,3,4,3,22])
moveImpl g False [0,20,0,14,0,3,3,0,0,0,3,4,3,22] 3 == (True,[1,21,1,1,2,4,4,1,1,1,4,5,4,22])
moveImpl g True [1,21,1,1,2,4,4,1,1,1,4,5,4,22] 7 == (False,[1,21,1,1,2,4,4,0,2,1,4,5,4,22])
moveImpl g False [1,21,1,1,2,4,4,0,2,1,4,5,4,22] 0 == (True,[0,22,1,1,2,4,4,0,2,1,4,5,4,22])
moveImpl g True [0,22,1,1,2,4,4,0,2,1,4,5,4,22] 8 == (False,[0,22,1,1,2,4,4,0,0,2,5,5,4,22])
moveImpl g False [0,22,1,1,2,4,4,0,0,2,5,5,4,22] 2 == (True,[0,22,0,2,2,4,4,0,0,2,5,5,4,22])
moveImpl g True [0,22,0,2,2,4,4,0,0,2,5,5,4,22] 9 == (False,[0,22,0,2,2,4,4,0,0,0,6,6,4,22])
moveImpl g False [0,22,0,2,2,4,4,0,0,0,6,6,4,22] 3 == (True,[0,22,0,0,3,5,4,0,0,0,6,6,4,22])
moveImpl g True [0,22,0,0,3,5,4,0,0,0,6,6,4,22] 10 == (False,[1,23,1,0,3,5,4,0,0,0,0,7,5,23])
moveImpl g False [1,23,1,0,3,5,4,0,0,0,0,7,5,23] 4 == (True,[1,23,1,0,0,6,5,1,0,0,0,7,5,23])
moveImpl g True [1,23,1,0,0,6,5,1,0,0,0,7,5,23] 7 == (False,[1,23,1,0,0,6,5,0,0,0,0,7,5,24])
moveImpl g False [1,23,1,0,0,6,5,0,0,0,0,7,5,24] 0 == (True,[0,24,1,0,0,6,5,0,0,0,0,7,5,24])
moveImpl g True [0,24,1,0,0,6,5,0,0,0,0,7,5,24] 11 == (False,[1,25,2,1,1,6,5,0,0,0,0,6,25])
moveImpl g False [1,25,2,1,1,6,5,0,0,0,0,6,25] 5 == (True,[1,25,2,1,1,0,6,1,1,1,1,6,25])
```

moveImpl g True [1,25,2,1,1,0,6,1,1,1,1,1,6,25] 7 == (False,[1,25,2,1,1,0,6,0,2,1,1,1,6,25])
 moveImpl g False [1,25,2,1,1,0,6,0,2,1,1,1,6,25] 0 == (True,[0,26,2,1,1,0,6,0,2,1,1,1,6,25])
 moveImpl g True [0,26,2,1,1,0,6,0,2,1,1,1,6,25] 8 == (False,[0,26,2,1,1,0,6,0,0,2,2,1,6,25])
 moveImpl g False [0,26,2,1,1,0,6,0,0,2,2,1,6,25] 3 == (True,[0,26,2,0,2,0,6,0,0,2,2,1,6,25])
 moveImpl g True [0,26,2,0,2,0,6,0,0,2,2,1,6,25] 10 == (False,[0,26,2,0,2,0,6,0,0,2,0,2,7,25])
 moveImpl g False [0,26,2,0,2,0,6,0,0,2,0,2,7,25] 2 == (True,[0,26,0,1,3,0,6,0,0,2,0,2,7,25])
 moveImpl g True [0,26,0,1,3,0,6,0,0,2,0,2,7,25] 9 == (False,[0,26,0,1,3,0,6,0,0,0,1,3,7,25])
 moveImpl g False [0,26,0,1,3,0,6,0,0,0,1,3,7,25] 1 == (True,[2,2,2,3,5,2,8,2,2,2,3,5,9,25])
 moveImpl g True [2,2,2,3,5,2,8,2,2,2,3,5,9,25] 7 == (False,[2,2,2,3,5,2,8,0,3,3,3,5,9,25])
 moveImpl g False [2,2,2,3,5,2,8,0,3,3,3,5,9,25] 0 == (True,[0,3,3,3,5,2,8,0,3,3,3,5,9,25])
 moveImpl g True [0,3,3,3,5,2,8,0,3,3,3,5,9,25] 9 == (False,[0,3,3,3,5,2,8,0,3,0,4,6,10,25])
 moveImpl g False [0,3,3,3,5,2,8,0,3,0,4,6,10,25] 2 == (True,[0,3,0,4,6,3,8,0,3,0,4,6,10,25])
 moveImpl g True [0,3,0,4,6,3,8,0,3,0,4,6,10,25] 8 == (False,[0,3,0,4,6,3,8,0,0,1,5,7,10,25])
 moveImpl g False [0,3,0,4,6,3,8,0,0,1,5,7,10,25] 1 == (True,[0,0,1,5,7,3,8,0,0,1,5,7,10,25])
 moveImpl g True [0,0,1,5,7,3,8,0,0,1,5,7,10,25] 9 == (False,[0,0,1,5,7,3,8,0,0,0,6,7,10,25])
 moveImpl g False [0,0,1,5,7,3,8,0,0,0,6,7,10,25] 2 == (True,[0,0,0,6,7,3,8,0,0,0,6,7,10,25])
 moveImpl g True [0,0,0,6,7,3,8,0,0,0,6,7,10,25] 10 == (False,[1,1,1,6,7,3,8,0,0,0,0,8,11,26])
 moveImpl g False [1,1,1,6,7,3,8,0,0,0,0,8,11,26] 0 == (True,[0,2,1,6,7,3,8,0,0,0,0,8,11,26])
 moveImpl g True [0,2,1,6,7,3,8,0,0,0,0,8,11,26] 12 == (False,[1,3,0,7,8,4,8,1,1,1,0,8,0,30])
 moveImpl g False [1,3,0,7,8,4,8,1,1,1,0,8,0,30] 0 == (True,[0,4,0,7,8,4,8,1,1,1,0,8,0,30])
 moveImpl g True [0,4,0,7,8,4,8,1,1,1,0,8,0,30] 8 == (False,[0,4,0,7,8,4,8,1,0,2,0,8,0,30])
 moveImpl g False [0,4,0,7,8,4,8,1,0,2,0,8,0,30] 1 == (True,[0,0,1,8,9,5,8,1,0,2,0,8,0,30])
 moveImpl g True [0,0,1,8,9,5,8,1,0,2,0,8,0,30] 9 == (False,[0,0,1,8,9,5,8,1,0,0,1,9,0,30])
 moveImpl g False [0,0,1,8,9,5,8,1,0,0,1,9,0,30] 2 == (True,[0,0,0,9,9,5,8,1,0,0,1,9,0,30])
 moveImpl g True [0,0,0,9,9,5,8,1,0,0,1,9,0,30] 10 == (False,[0,0,0,9,9,5,8,1,0,0,0,10,0,30])
 moveImpl g False [0,0,0,9,9,5,8,1,0,0,0,10,0,30] 5 == (True,[0,0,0,9,9,0,9,2,1,1,1,10,0,30])
 moveImpl g True [0,0,0,9,9,0,9,2,1,1,1,10,0,30] 7 == (False,[0,0,0,9,9,0,9,0,2,2,1,10,0,30])
 moveImpl g False [0,0,0,9,9,0,9,0,2,2,1,10,0,30] 4 == (True,[0,0,0,9,0,1,12,1,3,3,2,11,0,30])
 moveImpl g True [0,0,0,9,0,1,12,1,3,3,2,11,0,30] 7 == (False,[0,0,0,9,0,1,12,0,4,3,2,11,0,30])
 moveImpl g False [0,0,0,9,0,1,12,0,4,3,2,11,0,30] 3 == (True,[0,0,0,0,1,2,13,1,5,4,3,12,1,30])
 moveImpl g True [0,0,0,0,1,2,13,1,5,4,3,12,1,30] 7 == (False,[0,0,0,0,1,2,13,0,6,4,3,12,1,30])
 moveImpl g False [0,0,0,0,1,2,13,0,6,4,3,12,1,30] 4 == (True,[0,0,0,0,0,3,13,0,6,4,3,12,1,30])
 moveImpl g True [0,0,0,0,0,3,13,0,6,4,3,12,1,30] 8 == (False,[1,0,0,0,0,3,13,0,0,5,4,13,2,31])
 moveImpl g False [1,0,0,0,0,3,13,0,0,5,4,13,2,31] 5 == (True,[1,0,0,0,0,0,14,1,1,5,4,13,2,31])
 moveImpl g True [1,0,0,0,0,0,14,1,1,5,4,13,2,31] 9 == (False,[2,0,0,0,0,0,14,1,1,0,5,14,3,32])
 moveImpl g False [2,0,0,0,0,0,14,1,1,0,5,14,3,32] 0 == (True,[0,1,0,0,0,0,20,1,1,0,0,14,3,32])

```

moveImpl g True [0,1,0,0,0,20,1,1,0,0,14,3,32] 12 == (False,[1,2,0,0,0,20,1,1,0,0,14,0,33])
moveImpl g False [1,2,0,0,0,20,1,1,0,0,14,0,33] 0 == (True,[0,3,0,0,0,20,1,1,0,0,14,0,33])
moveImpl g True [0,3,0,0,0,20,1,1,0,0,14,0,33] 7 == (False,[0,3,0,0,0,20,0,2,0,0,14,0,33])
moveImpl g False [0,3,0,0,0,20,0,2,0,0,14,0,33] 1 == (True,[0,0,1,1,0,23,0,0,0,0,14,0,33])
moveImpl g True [0,0,1,1,0,23,0,0,0,0,14,0,33] 11 == (False,[1,1,2,2,1,1,23,1,1,1,1,2,34])
moveImpl g False [1,1,2,2,1,1,23,1,1,1,1,2,34] 0 == (True,[0,2,2,2,1,1,23,1,1,1,1,2,34])
moveImpl g True [0,2,2,2,1,1,23,1,1,1,1,2,34] 7 == (False,[0,2,2,2,1,1,23,0,2,1,1,1,2,34])
moveImpl g False [0,2,2,2,1,1,23,0,2,1,1,1,2,34] 1 == (True,[0,0,3,3,1,1,23,0,2,1,1,1,2,34])
moveImpl g True [0,0,3,3,1,1,23,0,2,1,1,1,2,34] 8 == (False,[0,0,3,3,1,1,23,0,0,2,2,1,2,34])
moveImpl g False [0,0,3,3,1,1,23,0,0,2,2,1,2,34] 4 == (True,[0,0,3,3,0,2,23,0,0,2,2,1,2,34])
moveImpl g True [0,0,3,3,0,2,23,0,0,2,2,1,2,34] 10 == (False,[0,0,3,3,0,2,23,0,0,2,0,2,3,34])
moveImpl g False [0,0,3,3,0,2,23,0,0,2,0,2,3,34] 2 == (True,[0,0,0,4,1,3,23,0,0,2,0,2,3,34])
moveImpl g True [0,0,0,4,1,3,23,0,0,2,0,2,3,34] 9 == (False,[0,0,0,4,1,3,23,0,0,0,1,3,3,34])
moveImpl g False [0,0,0,4,1,3,23,0,0,0,1,3,3,34] 4 == (True,[0,0,0,4,0,4,23,0,0,0,1,3,3,34])
moveImpl g True [0,0,0,4,0,4,23,0,0,0,1,3,3,34] 10 == (False,[0,0,0,4,0,4,23,0,0,0,0,4,3,34])
moveImpl g False [0,0,0,4,0,4,23,0,0,0,0,4,3,34] 3 == (True,[0,0,0,0,1,5,24,1,0,0,0,4,3,34])
moveImpl g True [0,0,0,0,1,5,24,1,0,0,0,4,3,34] 11 == (False,[1,1,0,0,1,5,24,1,0,0,0,0,4,35])
moveImpl g False [1,1,0,0,1,5,24,1,0,0,0,0,4,35] 4 == (True,[1,1,0,0,0,6,24,1,0,0,0,0,4,35])
moveImpl g True [1,1,0,0,0,6,24,1,0,0,0,0,4,35] 7 == (False,[1,1,0,0,0,6,24,0,0,0,0,0,4,36])
moveImpl g False [1,1,0,0,0,6,24,0,0,0,0,0,4,36] 5 == (True,[1,1,0,0,0,0,25,1,1,1,1,1,4,36])
moveImpl g True [1,1,0,0,0,0,25,1,1,1,1,1,4,36] 7 == (False,[1,1,0,0,0,0,25,0,2,1,1,1,4,36])
moveImpl g False [1,1,0,0,0,0,25,0,2,1,1,1,4,36] 1 == (True,[1,0,0,0,0,0,27,0,2,1,0,1,4,36])
moveImpl g True [1,0,0,0,0,0,27,0,2,1,0,1,4,36] 12 == (False,[2,1,1,0,0,0,27,0,2,1,0,1,0,37])
moveImpl g False [2,1,1,0,0,0,27,0,2,1,0,1,0,37] 0 == (True,[0,2,2,0,0,0,27,0,2,1,0,1,0,37])
moveImpl g True [0,2,2,0,0,0,27,0,2,1,0,1,0,37] 8 == (False,[0,2,0,0,0,0,27,0,0,2,0,1,0,40])
moveImpl g False [0,2,0,0,0,0,27,0,0,2,0,1,0,40] 1 == (True,[0,0,1,0,0,0,30,0,0,0,0,1,0,40])
moveImpl g True [0,0,1,0,0,0,30,0,0,0,0,1,0,40] 11 == (False,[0,0,0,0,0,0,31,0,0,0,0,0,0,41])

```

No available moves!