SPRAWOZDANIE

Zajęcia: Grafika komputerowa Prowadzący: prof. dr hab. Vasyl Martsenyuk

> Laboratorium 8 26.05.2024 Temat: Three.js

> > Wariant 9

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1. Polecenie:

Celem jest konstruowanie złożonego modelu za pomocą three.js - animowanej karuzeli (podstawa karuzeli jest wielokątem odpowiednio z konfiguracją zadania) i co najmniej jednego innego wybranego modelu

2. Wprowadzane dane:

Trzynastokat

3. Wykorzystane komendy:

a) kod źródłowy

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<title>CS 424 Lab 9</title>
<script src="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/three@0.115/build/three.js"></script>
<script src="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/three@0.115/examples/js/controls/</pre>
OrbitControls.js"></script>
<script src="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/three@0.115/examples/js/loaders/GLTFLoader.js">
script>
<script>
"use strict";
var canvas, renderer, scene, camera; // Standard three.js requirements.
var controls; // An OrbitControls object that is used to implement
         // rotation of the scene using the mouse. (It actually rotates
         // the camera around the scene.)
var animating = false; // Set to true when an animation is in progress.
var frameNumber = 0; // Frame number is advanced by 1 for each frame while animating.
var floor:
var pole1,pole2,pole3,pole4,pole5;
var pivot1,pivot2,pivot3,pivot4,pivot5;
var roof:
var roof2;
var k1,k2,k3,k4,k5,k6;
* The render function draws the scene.
*/
```

```
function render() {
  renderer.render(scene, camera);
/**
* This function is called by the init() method to create the world.
function createWorld() {
  renderer.setClearColor("white"); // Background color for scene.
  scene = new THREE.Scene();
  // ----- Make a camera with viewpoint light -----
  camera = new THREE.PerspectiveCamera(30, canvas.width/canvas.height, 0.1, 100);
  camera.position.z = 40;
      camera.position.y = 20;
  var light; // A light shining from the direction of the camera; moves with the camera.
  light = new THREE.DirectionalLight();
  light.position.set(0,0,1);
  camera.add(light);
  scene.add(camera);
  //----- Create the scene's visible objects -----
      floor = new THREE.Mesh(
       new THREE.CylinderGeometry(13.5,13.5,0.6,13,1),
       new THREE.MeshPhongMaterial({
        color: 0x331c84,
        specular: 0x222222,
        shininess: 16,
        shading: THREE.FlatShading
       })
  );
  floor.rotation.y = Math.PI/12;
  scene.add(floor);
var geometry = new THREE.SphereGeometry(3.7, 32, 32);
var textureLoader = new THREE.TextureLoader();
textureLoader.load(
  'earth.jpg',
  function(texture) {
    console.log('Texture loaded successfully');
    var material = new THREE.MeshPhongMaterial({ map: texture });
    var sphere = new THREE.Mesh(geometry, material);
    sphere.position.y = 3.8;
    scene.add(sphere);
  },
```

```
undefined,
  function(error) {
    console.error('An error occurred while loading the texture:', error);
  }
);
var texture = textureLoader.load();
var material = new THREE.MeshPhongMaterial({ map: texture });
var sphere = new THREE.Mesh(geometry, material);
sphere.position.y = 3.8;
scene.add(sphere);
     pole1 = new THREE.Mesh(
       new THREE.CylinderGeometry(0.3,0.3,7.5,30,1),
       new THREE.MeshPhongMaterial({
        color: 0x7c5426,
        specular: 0x222222,
        shininess: 8,
        shading: THREE.FlatShading
       })
  );
  pole1.position.x=11.2;
  pole1.position.y=3.9;
  pole1.position.z=0.55;
  pole1.rotation.y = Math.PI/12;
  scene.add(pole1);
     pole2 = new THREE.Mesh(
       new THREE.CylinderGeometry(0.3,0.3,7.5,30,1),
       new THREE.MeshPhongMaterial({
        color: 0x7c5426,
        specular: 0x222222,
        shininess: 8,
        shading: THREE.FlatShading
       })
  );
  pole2.position.x=-9.5;
  pole2.position.y=3.9;
  pole2.position.z=6.2;
     pole2.rotation.y = Math.PI/12;
      scene.add(pole2);
     pole3 = new THREE.Mesh(
       new THREE.CylinderGeometry(0.3,0.3,7.5,30,1),
       new THREE.MeshPhongMaterial({
        color: 0x7c5426,
```

```
specular: 0x222222,
      shininess: 8,
      shading: THREE.FlatShading
    })
);
pole3.position.x=2.95;
pole3.position.y=3.9;
pole3.position.z=11;
   pole3.rotation.y = Math.PI/12;
   scene.add(pole3);
pole4 = new THREE.Mesh(
     new THREE.CylinderGeometry(0.3,0.3,7.5,30,1),
     new THREE.MeshPhongMaterial({
      color: 0x7c5426,
      specular: 0x222222,
      shininess: 8,
      shading: THREE.FlatShading
    })
);
pole4.position.x=4;
pole4.position.y=3.9;
pole4.position.z=-10.5;
   pole4.rotation.y = Math.PI/12;
   scene.add(pole4);
pole5 = new THREE.Mesh(
     new THREE.CylinderGeometry(0.3,0.3,7.5,30,1),
     new THREE.MeshPhongMaterial({
      color: 0x7c5426,
      specular: 0x222222,
      shininess: 8,
      shading: THREE.FlatShading
    })
);
pole5.position.x=-8.7;
pole5.position.y=3.9;
pole5.position.z=-7.1;
   pole5.rotation.y = Math.PI/12;
   scene.add(pole5);
   roof = new THREE.Mesh(
new THREE.CylinderGeometry(0, 13.4, 3, 13, 1, true),
new THREE.MeshPhongMaterial({
  color: 0x441c84,
  specular: 0x222222,
  shininess: 8,
```

```
shading: THREE.FlatShading
  })
);
roof.position.y = 9.1;
roof.rotation.y = (Math.PI / 180) * 15;
scene.add(roof);
      roof2 = new THREE.Mesh(
        new THREE.CylinderGeometry(13.1,13.1,0.3,13,1),
        new THREE.MeshPhongMaterial({
          color: 0x441c84,
          specular: 0x222222,
          shininess: 8,
          shading: THREE.FlatShading
        })
  );
  roof2.position.y=7.5;
  roof2.rotation.y =(Math.PI / 180) * 15;
       scene.add(roof2);
  var loader = new THREE.GLTFLoader();
  var horse1 = loader.load( 'https://threejs.org/examples/models/gltf/Horse.glb', function ( gltf )
  gltf.scene.scale.multiplyScalar(0.03);
  gltf.scene.position.x = 3;
  gltf.scene.position.x = 11;
          gltf.scene.position.z = 1;
          gltf.scene.position.y = 1;
          gltf.scene.rotation.y = Math.PI;
  pivot1.add(gltf.scene);
});
var horse2 = loader.load( 'https://threejs.org/examples/models/gltf/Horse.glb', function ( gltf ) {
  gltf.scene.scale.multiplyScalar(0.03);
  gltf.scene.position.x = 3;
          gltf.scene.position.z = 11;
          gltf.scene.position.y = 1;
          gltf.scene.rotation.y = -1.5+Math.PI;
  pivot2.add(gltf.scene);
});
var horse3 = loader.load( 'https://threejs.org/examples/models/gltf/Horse.glb', function ( gltf ) {
  gltf.scene.scale.multiplyScalar(0.03);
  gltf.scene.position.x =4;
```

```
gltf.scene.position.z = -10.5;
         gltf.scene.position.y = 1;
         gltf.scene.rotation.y = 1.2+Math.PI;
  pivot3.add(gltf.scene);
});
var horse4 = loader.load( 'https://threejs.org/examples/models/gltf/Horse.glb', function ( gltf ) {
  gltf.scene.scale.multiplyScalar(0.03);
  gltf.scene.position.x = -10;
          gltf.scene.position.z = 6;
          gltf.scene.position.y = 1;
          gltf.scene.rotation.y = -2.7+Math.PI;
  pivot4.add(gltf.scene);
                          // Add the horse to its pivot point
});
var horse5 = loader.load( 'https://threejs.org/examples/models/gltf/Horse.glb', function ( gltf ) {
  gltf.scene.scale.multiplyScalar(0.03);
  gltf.scene.position.x = -9;
          gltf.scene.position.z = -7;
          gltf.scene.position.y = 1;
         gltf.scene.rotation.y = -3.5+Math.PI;
  pivot5.add(gltf.scene); // Add the horse to its pivot point
});
      var box1 = new THREE.Box3().setFromObject(pole1,horse1);
  var box2 = new THREE.Box3().setFromObject(pole2);
  var box3 = new THREE.Box3().setFromObject(pole3);
  var box4 = new THREE.Box3().setFromObject(pole4);
  var box5 = new THREE.Box3().setFromObject(pole5);
  box1.center(pole1.position);
  box2.center(pole2.position);
  box3.center( pole3.position );
  box4.center( pole4.position );
  box5.center(pole5.position);
      pivot1 = new THREE.Group();
  pivot2 = new THREE.Group();
  pivot3 = new THREE.Group();
  pivot4 = new THREE.Group();
  pivot5 = new THREE.Group();
  scene.add(pivot1);
  scene.add(pivot2);
  scene.add(pivot3);
```

```
scene.add(pivot4);
  scene.add(pivot5);
  pivot1.add(pole1);
  pivot2.add(pole2);
  pivot3.add(pole3);
  pivot4.add(pole4);
  pivot5.add(pole5);
      pivot3.add(horse1);
} // end function createWorld()
/**
* This function is called once for each frame of the animation, before
* the render() function is called for that frame. It updates any
  animated properties. The value of the global variable frameNumber
  is incrementd 1 before this function is called.
function updateForFrame() {
  floor.rotation.y += 0.01;
      roof.rotation.y += 0.01;
      roof2.rotation.y += 0.01;
      pivot1.rotation.y += 0.01;
  pivot2.rotation.y += 0.01;
  pivot3.rotation.y += 0.01;
  pivot4.rotation.y += 0.01;
  pivot5.rotation.y += 0.01;
}
   ----- MOUSE AND ANIMATION SUPPORT -----
/**
* This page uses THREE.OrbitControls to let the user use the mouse to rotate
* the view. OrbitControls are designed to be used during an animation, where
* the rotation is updated as part of preparing for the next frame. The scene
* is not automatically updated just because the user drags the mouse. To get
* the rotation to work without animation, I add another mouse listener to the
* canvas, just to call the render() function when the user drags the mouse.
  The same thing holds for touch events -- I call render for any mouse move
  event with one touch.
```

```
*/
function installOrbitControls() {
  controls = new THREE.OrbitControls(camera,canvas);
  controls.noPan = true;
  controls.noZoom = true;
  controls.staticMoving = true;
  function move() {
    controls.update();
    if (! animating) {
       render();
    }
  function down() {
    document.addEventListener("mousemove", move, false);
  function up() {
    document.removeEventListener("mousemove", move, false);
  function touch(event) {
    if (event.touches.length == 1) {
       move();
  canvas.addEventListener("mousedown", down, false);
  canvas.addEventListener("touchmove", touch, false);
/* Called when user changes setting of the Animate checkbox. */
function doAnimateCheckbox() {
 var run = document.getElementById("animateCheckbox").checked;
 if (run != animating) {
    animating = run;
    if (animating) {
      requestAnimationFrame(doFrame);
 }
/* Drives the animation, called by system through requestAnimationFrame() */
function doFrame() {
  if (animating) {
    frameNumber++;
    updateForFrame();
    render();
    requestAnimationFrame(doFrame);
}
```

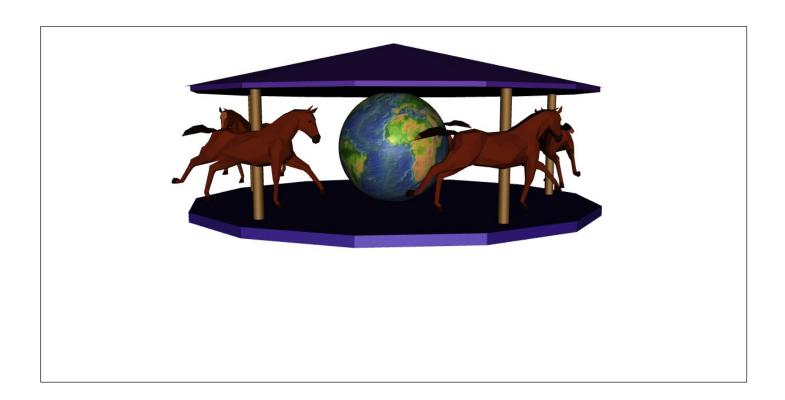
```
/**
* This function is called by the onload event so it will run after the
 page has loaded. It creates the renderer, canvas, and scene objects,
* calls createWorld() to add objects to the scene, and renders the
* initial view of the scene. If an error occurs, it is reported.
*/
function init() {
  try {
    canvas = document.getElementById("glcanvas");
    renderer = new THREE.WebGLRenderer({
      canvas: canvas,
      antialias: true,
      alpha: false
    });
  catch (e) {
    document.getElementById("message").innerHTML="<b>Sorry, an error occurred:<br/>
+ +
        e + "</b>";
    return:
  document.getElementById("animateCheckbox").checked = false;
  document.getElementById("animateCheckbox").onchange = doAnimateCheckbox;
  createWorld();
  installOrbitControls();
  render();
</script>
</head>
<body onload="init()">
<h2>Three.js Modeling Demo: Merry-Go-Round</h2>
<noscript>
 Sorry, but this page requires JavaScript!
</noscript>
>
 <label><input type="checkbox" id="animateCheckbox"><b>Animate</b></label>
 <b style="margin-left:50px">Use the mouse to rotate the model.</b>
<div id="canvas-holder" style="float:left; border: thin solid black; background-color: white">
```

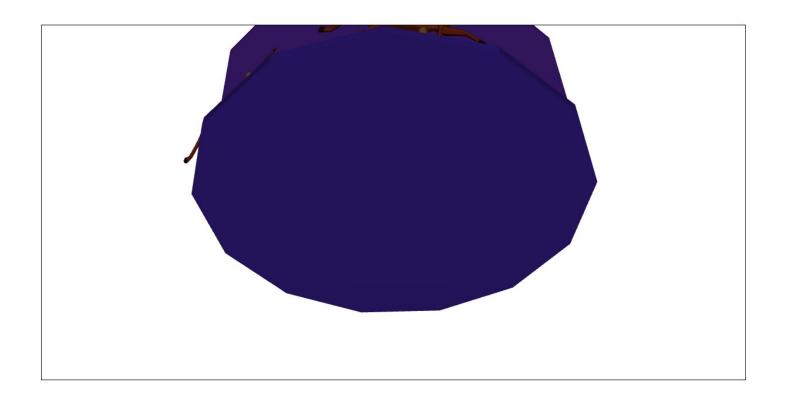
<canvas width=1200 height=600 id="glcanvas"></canvas>
</div>
</body>
</html>

GitHub: https://github.com/GabrielMrzyglod/Grafika_Lab8

4. Wynik działania:

Zadanie a





5. Wnioski:

Ćwiczenie to umożliwiło mi praktyczne zastosowanie zaawansowanych technik programowania graficznego, takich jak tworzenie niestandardowych geometrii, zarządzanie sceną i implementacja animacji. Wniosek z tego ćwiczenia podkreśla znaczenie praktycznego doświadczenia w rozwijaniu umiejętności rozwiązywania problemów i innowacyjnego myślenia w dziedzinie grafiki komputerowej oraz programowania. Dzięki temu doświadczeniu, zyskałem również lepsze zrozumienie, jak można wykorzystać Three.js w różnych kontekstach projektowych, co będzie cenne w mojej dalszej edukacji i potencjalnych projektach zawodowych.