## FYS-STK4155 Project 1

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#### Abstract

### 1 Introduction

Things we need to write about:

Background on regression analysis and resampling methods. Mention: OLS Ridge Lasso k-fold cross-validation Bias-Variance trade of?

We will first study how they preform for the two dimensional Franke-function. (A bit about the Franke-function, maybe a tldr for the method).

We will then implement them for some real terrain data for Møsvatn Austfjell in Norway. mm. (biggest lake in Norway)

#### 2 Data

We will use real terrain data for Møsvatn Austfjell in Telemark, Norway, collected from https://earthexplorer.usgs.gov.

### 3 Method

### 4 Results

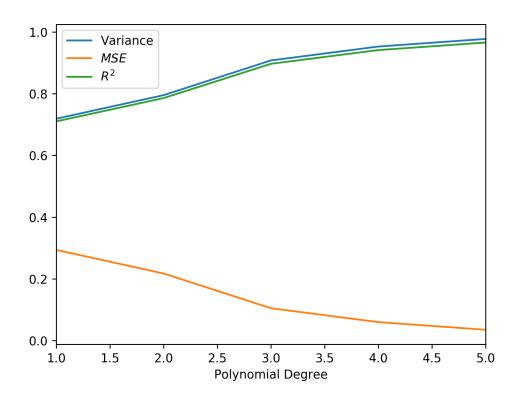


Figure 1: A plot of the mean square error, the  $R^2$ -score and the  $\sigma$  variance of the  $\beta$ -values against the polynomial degree after performing a standard least square regression analysis on the Franke-function

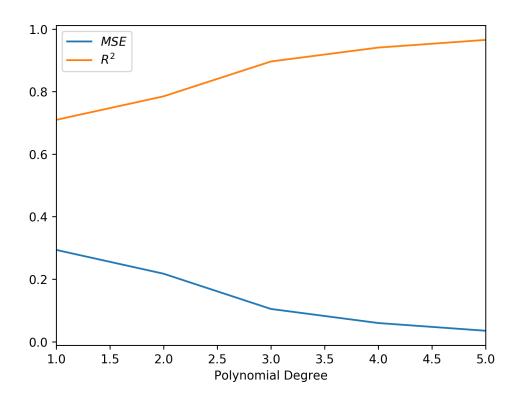


Figure 2: A plot of the mean square error and the  $R^2$ -score against the polynomial degree after performing a standard least square regression analysis on the Franke-function and and performing a k-fold cross-validation

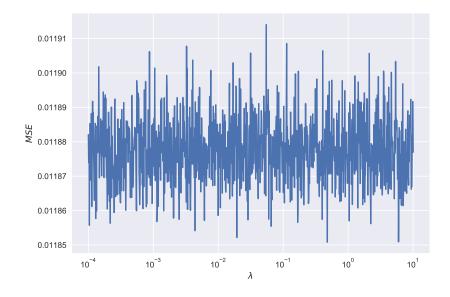


Figure 3: The Mean Squared Error for the Ridge method for different values of  $\lambda$ 

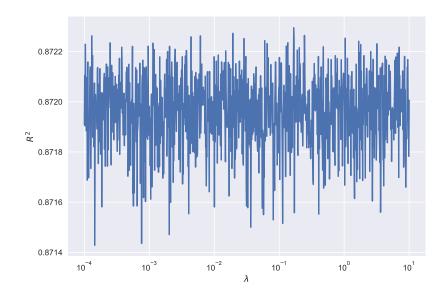


Figure 4:  $R^2\text{-score}$  for the Ridge method for different values of  $\lambda$ 

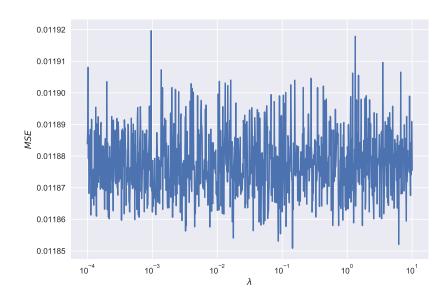


Figure 5: The Mean Squared Error for the Lasso method for different values of  $\lambda$ 

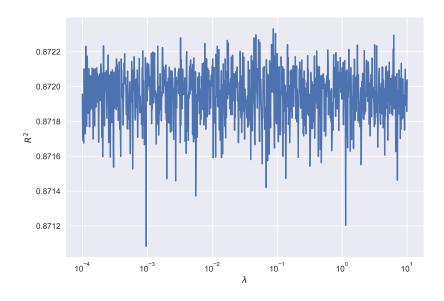


Figure 6:  $R^2$ -score for the Lasso method for different values of  $\lambda$ 

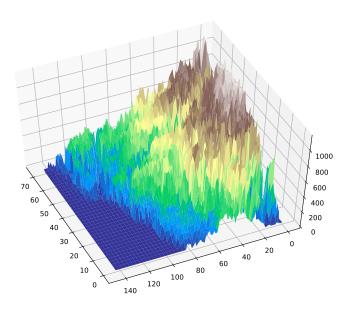


Figure 7: The terrain-data we are studying, from Møsvatn Austfjell in Norway

# 5 Discussion

## 6 Appendix

#### 6.1 Part c math

We are too show that

$$C(\boldsymbol{X},\boldsymbol{\beta}) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} (y_i - \tilde{y}_i)^2 = \mathbf{E} \left[ (\boldsymbol{y} - \tilde{\boldsymbol{y}})^2 \right] = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i} (f_i - \mathbf{E}[\tilde{\boldsymbol{y}}])^2 + \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i} (\tilde{y}_i - \mathbf{E}[\tilde{\boldsymbol{y}}])^2 + \sigma^2$$
(1)

$$\mathbf{E}\left[(\boldsymbol{y}-\tilde{\boldsymbol{y}})^{2}\right] = \frac{1}{n}\sum_{i}\left(y_{i}-\tilde{y}_{i}\right)^{2} = \frac{1}{n}\sum_{i}\left(f_{i}+\varepsilon-\tilde{y}_{i}\right)^{2} \tag{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i} (f_i + \varepsilon - \tilde{y}_i + \mathbf{E}[\tilde{\boldsymbol{y}}] - \mathbf{E}[\tilde{\boldsymbol{y}}])^2 \qquad | \text{ introduce } a = f_i - \mathbf{E}[\tilde{\boldsymbol{y}}] \text{ and } b = \tilde{y}_i - \mathbf{E}[\tilde{\boldsymbol{y}}]$$
(3)

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{\epsilon} (a - b + \varepsilon)^2 = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{\epsilon} (a^2 - 2ab + b^2 - 2b\varepsilon + \varepsilon^2 + 2a\varepsilon)$$
(4)

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i} (f_i - \mathbf{E}[\tilde{\boldsymbol{y}}])^2 + \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i} (\varepsilon^2) + \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i} (\tilde{y}_i - \mathbf{E}[\tilde{\boldsymbol{y}}])^2 - 2 \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i} \varepsilon (\tilde{y}_i - \mathbf{E}[\tilde{\boldsymbol{y}}]) + 2 \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i} \varepsilon (f_i - \mathbf{E}[\tilde{\boldsymbol{y}}])$$
(5)

$$-2\frac{1}{n}\sum_{i}\left(f_{i}-\mathbf{E}[\tilde{\boldsymbol{y}}]\right)\left(\tilde{y}_{i}-\mathbf{E}[\tilde{\boldsymbol{y}}]\right)$$
(6)

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i} (f_i - \mathbf{E}[\tilde{\boldsymbol{y}}])^2 + \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i} (\tilde{y}_i - \mathbf{E}[\tilde{\boldsymbol{y}}])^2 + \sigma^2 - 2\mathbf{E}[\varepsilon] \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i} (\tilde{y}_i - \mathbf{E}[\tilde{\boldsymbol{y}}]) + 2\mathbf{E}[\varepsilon] \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i} (f_i - \mathbf{E}[\tilde{\boldsymbol{y}}])$$
(7)

$$-2\frac{1}{n}\sum_{i}\left(f_{i}-\mathbf{E}[\tilde{\boldsymbol{y}}]\right)\left(\tilde{y}_{i}-\mathbf{E}[\tilde{\boldsymbol{y}}]\right)$$
(8)

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i} (f_i - \mathbf{E}[\tilde{\boldsymbol{y}}])^2 + \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i} (\tilde{y}_i - \mathbf{E}[\tilde{\boldsymbol{y}}])^2 + \sigma^2 \quad \blacksquare$$

$$(9)$$

Where  $\frac{1}{n}\sum_{i}(f_{i}-\mathbf{E}[\tilde{\boldsymbol{y}}])$  is the bias and  $\frac{1}{n}\sum_{i}(\tilde{y}_{i}-\mathbf{E}[\tilde{\boldsymbol{y}}])^{2}$  is the variance. (skal vi gjøre noe annet og?)