

# Arquitetura e Gestão de Redes

# Access and Distribution Networks

# **Objectives**

- VLAN definition
- Inter-VLAN routing
- Usage of L2 and L3 Switches
- Access and distribution network design and interconnection
- Trunk links

## Access Network (VLAN) Deployment

- 1. Using GNS3, assemble the depicted network. Configure 3 VLAN at the switches:
- Ports 1-2: VLAN1 (sub-network 10.1.1.0/24)
- Ports 3-4: VLAN2 (sub-network 10.2.2.0/24)
- Ports 5-6: VLAN3 (sub-network 10.3.3.0/24)
- Ports 7-8: Inter-switch/Tagged/802.1Q (native VLAN 1)



To implement a Layer2 switch you can use a GNS3 basic "Ethernet Switch" or a switching module (NM-16SW) on a Router (GNS3 EtherSwitch router) with IP routing disabled (ports f1/0 to f1/15).

## Note: GNS3 basic "Ethernet Switch" do not support Spanning Tree Protocols.

To configure an "Ethernet Switch" use the GUI.

To configure an "EtherSwitch router" as a L2 Switch:

```
EtherSwitch# vlan database
                                                            !VLANs must be created on the
EtherSwitch(vlan) # vlan 1
                                                            ! equipment database
EtherSwitch(vlan) # vlan 2
                                                            !To remove a VLAN use:
EtherSwitch(vlan) # vlan 3
                                                            ! "no vlan x"
EtherSwitch(vlan) # exit
EtherSwitch# configure terminal
EtherSwitch(config)# no ip routing
                                                            !Disables IPv4 routing
EtherSwitch(config)# interface f1/1
EtherSwitch(config-if)# switchport mode access
                                                            !Defines as an access port
EtherSwitch(config-if) # switchport access vlan 1
                                                            !Specifies the port VLAN
EtherSwitch(config-if) # interface f1/2
EtherSwitch(config-if) # switchport mode access
EtherSwitch(config-if) # switchport access vlan 1
EtherSwitch(config-if) # interface range fastEthernet 1/3 - 4
                                                                 !To configure multiple ports
EtherSwitch(config-if-range)# switchport mode access
EtherSwitch(config-if-range) # switchport access vlan 2
EtherSwitch(config-if-range)# interface range fastEthernet 1/5 - 6
EtherSwitch(config-if-range)# switchport mode access
EtherSwitch(config-if-range) # switchport access vlan 3
EtherSwitch(config-if-range)# interface range fastEthernet 1/7 - 8
                                                                  !Defines as Trunk port
EtherSwitch(config-if-range)# switchport mode trunk
EtherSwitch(config-if-range) # switchport trunk encapsulation dot1g
                                                                       !By default all
                                                                        ! VLAN are transported
```

Note: To show the existing VLAN use the command: show vlan-switch

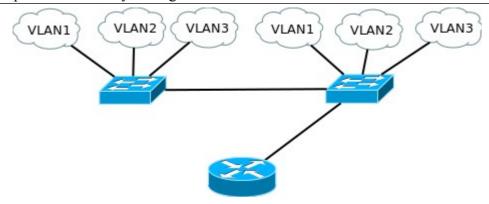
Place terminals at the different VLAN and test connectivity.

Verify the status of the Spanning-Tree Protocol with the commands:

show spanning-tree and show spanning-tree brief .

## **Inter-VLAN Routing with Router**

## 2. Assemble the depicted network by adding a router.

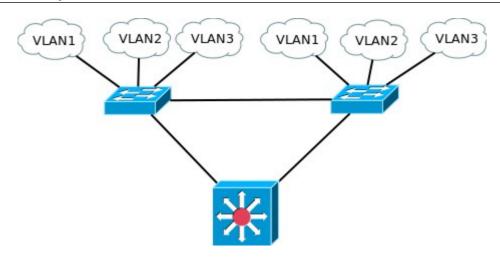


# Configure the router to support sub-interfaces and Inter-VLAN (802.1Q) routing: Router(config) # interface FastEthernet0/0 Router(config-if) # no shutdown Router(config-if) # interface FastEthernet0/0.1 Router(config-if) # encapsulation dot1Q 1 native !VLAN1 Router(config-if) # ip address 10.1.1.1 255.255.255.0 ! Router(config-if) # interface FastEthernet0/0.2 Router(config-if) # encapsulation dot1Q 2 !VLAN2 Router(config-if) # ip address 10.2.2.1 255.255.255.0 ! Router(config-if) # interface FastEthernet0/0.3 Router(config-if) # encapsulation dot1Q 3 !VLAN3 Router(config-if) # ip address 10.3.3.1 255.255.255.0

Verify the routing table. Place terminals at the different VLAN, configure the respective gateways (router sub-interfaces) and test connectivity. Capture the packets being exchanged between the Router and (right) Switch.

## **Inter-VLAN Routing with a L3 Switch (and redundant links)**

## 3. Replace the Router by a L3 Switch.



```
Configure 3 VLAN at the L3 Switch (VLAN1, 2 and 3):
RouterSW# vlan database
```

RouterSW(vlan) # vlan 1 RouterSW(vlan) # vlan 2 RouterSW(vlan) # vlan 3 RouterSW(vlan) # exit

Guarantee that the L3 switch has IPv4 routing capabilities enabled: ip routing.

Configure the L3 Switch's L2 ports (fastEthernet slot 1), port 0: VLAN1, ports 1-8: VLAN2, ports 9-12: VLAN3 and ports 13-15: Inter-switch/Tagged/802.10:

```
RouterSW(config) # interface f1/0
RouterSW(config-if)# switchport mode access
RouterSW(config-if)# switchport access vlan 1
RouterSW(config-if)# interface range fastEthernet 1/1 - 8
RouterSW(config-if-range) # switchport mode access
RouterSW(config-if-range) # switchport access vlan 2
RouterSW(config-if-range) # interface range fastEthernet 1/9 - 12
RouterSW(config-if-range) # switchport mode access
RouterSW(config-if-range) # switchport access vlan 3
RouterSW(config-if-range) # interface range fastEthernet 1/13 - 15
RouterSW(config-if-range)# switchport mode trunk
RouterSW(config-if-range)# switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q
```

```
Configure the Switch L3 virtual (Vlan) interfaces:
RouterSW(config) # interface Vlan 1
RouterSW(config-if) # ip address 10.1.1.1 255.255.255.0
RouterSW(config-if) # no autostate
                                                              !forces the port to be always up
RouterSW(config) # interface Vlan 2
RouterSW(config-if) # ip address 10.2.2.1 255.255.255.0
RouterSW(config-if) # no autostate
                                                              !forces the port to be always up
RouterSW(config) # interface Vlan 3
RouterSW(config-if) # ip address 10.3.3.1 255.255.255.0
RouterSW(config-if) # no autostate
                                                              !forces the port to be always up
```

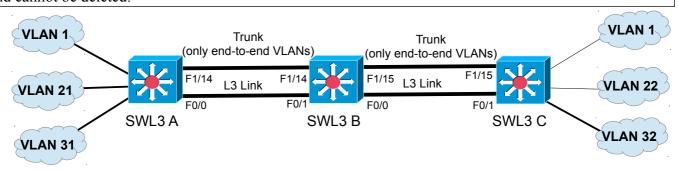
Verify the routing table. Place terminals at the different VLAN, configure the respective gateways (Vlan virtual interfaces) and test connectivity. Capture the packets being exchanged between the Router and L3 Switch.

## Restricted trunk links

4. Assemble the following network with L3 Switches. VLAN 1 is end-to-end and all other VLAN are local. Use as L3 interfaces standard Ethernet interfaces or L2 interfaces (switching module) converted to L3 interfaces with the command no switchport.

Configure VLAN on the three Layer 3 switches: SWL3 A should have VLAN 1, 21, and 31; SWL3 B should have VLAN 1 only; and SWL3 C should have VLAN 1, 22, and 32.

Note: By default Cisco equipments have default VLANs that must be considered end-to-end (1002-1005) and cannot be deleted.



## Configure VLANs

Assuming that trunk ports are f1/14 and f1/15 in all three Layer 3 switches:

```
SWL3*(config-if-range)# interface range fastEthernet 1/14 - 15 SWL3*(config-if-range)# switchport mode trunk SWL3*(config-if-range)# switchport trunk allowed vlan 1,1002-1005
```

Guarantee that all L3 switches have IPv4 routing capabilities enabled: ip routing.

Configure interfaces IP addresses assuming that VLANs have the network 10.0.<#vlan>.0/24, the IP network between SWL3A and SWL3B is 10.1.0.0/24 and the network between SWL3B and SWL3C is 10.2.0.0/24. Configure a routing protocol.

```
SWL3*(config) # router rip

SWL3*(config-router) # version 2 !Required because of subnets

SWL3*(config-router) # network 10.0.0.0

SWL3*(config-router) # passive-interface vlan 1 !Does not use VLAN1 to route L3 traffic
```

Analyze the routing tables, test connectivity and capture/analyze the captures on the trunk and L3 links.

## Remember this:

To perform a ping from VLAN1 interface on SWL3A (e.g., 10.0.1.1) to VLAN22 interface on SWL3C (e.g., 10.0.22.3), use the ping command defining its source:

```
SWL3A# ping 10.0.22.3 source 10.0.1.1
```

Without source the ping source IP address is the output interface address defined by the routing table.

5. Remove the L3 link, create an interconnection VLAN (e.g., VLAN 101) and reconfigure the network to have full connectivity between the VLAN. Start by changing the trunks restrictions:

```
{\tt SWL3*(config-if-range)\# switchport\ trunk\ allowed\ vlan\ 1,} \underline{101}, 1002-1005
```

Analyze the routing tables, test connectivity and capture/analyze the captures on the trunk links.

