

A Database Design Proposal for Marist College ResNet

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The Goal of this database proposal is to support Marist College Residential Networking computer services operations. Currently ResNet is supporting 6,000 combined students and faculty through various technological services; this database documents the employee's actions and customer's devices that have had technical difficulties as well as the status of a device. The database will contain information about employees and customers. It will also store records of customer's devices as well as the types in order to generate statistics about problems with specific devices. This will allow other departments to analyze the issue and provide specific solutions to deal with large scale problems.

The first section of this proposal displays the layout of the database design and the relationships between each of the tables within the database.

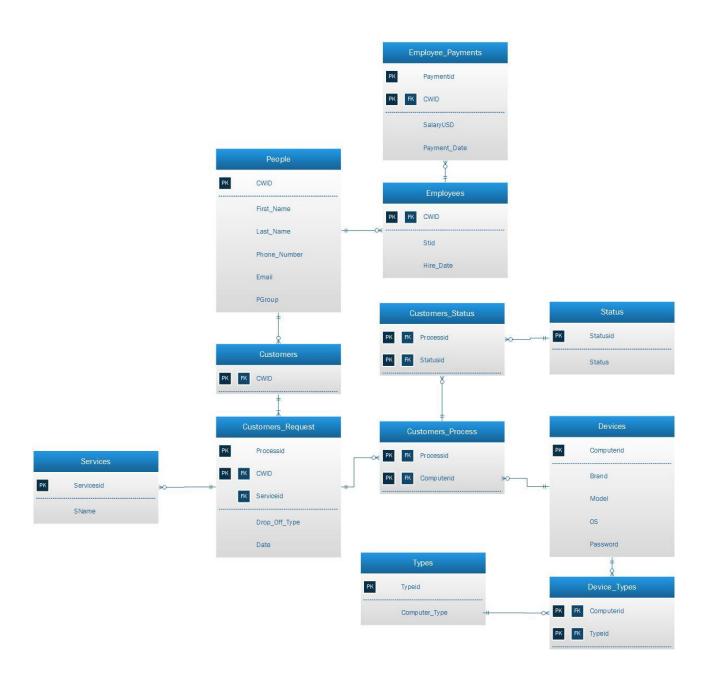
The following section of the proposal displays and describes an in-depth description of each table within the layout of the database. This includes a description of each table, its functional dependencies, create statements and sample data.

The third section of this proposal shows examples of views and reports that would be useful in the implementation of this database.

The fourth section documents simple possible triggers and stored procedures that can be implemented within the database.

The Last segment will provide a few final notes surrounding the project as well as some ideas to consider as we look towards the future.





People table:

Employees and Customers can be people and will inherit a person's traits from the People table. CWID (Campus Wide ID) is a unique number distributed to each student and faculty on campus.

Functional Dependencies:

CWID → First_Name, Last_Name, Phone_Number, Email, PGroup

Create Statement:

CREATE TABLE People (

CWID INT NOT NULL UNIQUE PRIMARY KEY,

First_Name VARCHAR(25) NOT NULL,

Last_Name VARCHAR (25) NOT NULL,

Phone_Number INT NOT NULL,

Email VARCHAR (50),

PGroup VARCHAR (50)

);

CWID	First_Name	Last_Name	Phone_Number	Email	PGroup
20084734	Gabrielle	Romano	845-747-9874	Gabrielle.Romano@marist.edu	Student
20034852	Travis	Beatty	845-834-1273	Travis.Beatty@marist.edu	Student
20074623	Christopher	Phrisce	845-832-9264	Christopher.Phrisce@marist.edu	Student
10198273	Jimmy	Chan	845-982-7463	Jimmy.Chan@marist.edu	Student
20093847	TK	Black	845-726-9182	TK.Black@marist.edu	Student
10192836	Ricky	Adams	845-736-9283	Ricky.Adams@marist.edu	Faculty
20043192	John	Smith	845-234-5433	John.Smith@marist.edu	Student
10124234	Amy	Baker	845-856-9483	Amy.Baker@marist.edu	Student
10194739	James	Jordan	201-453-8754	James.Jordan@marist.edu	Faculty
10192837	Jack	Grand	845-847-7362	Jack.Grand@marist.edu	Student
10198726	Jessica	Taylor	201-532-6251	Jessica.Taylor@marist.edu	Faculty
20098726	Tylor	Laoufter	201-918-8373	Tylor.Laoufter@marist.edu	Student

Employees table:

The Employees table is a sub-type of the People table in order to keep track of all basic employee information. The added information within the Employees table is exclusive to each individual Employee.

Functional Dependencies:

```
CWID → Stid, Hire_Date
```

Create Statement:

```
CREATE TABLE Employees (
```

```
CWID INT NOT NULL UNIQUE REFERENCES People(CWID),
Stid VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
Hire_Date DATE,
PRIMARY KEY ( CWID )
```

Sample Data:

);

CWID	Stid	Hire_Date
20084734	strg1	2012-05-10
20034852	stbe1	2011-05-20
20074623	stpp3	2011-11-18
10198273	stjc1	2010-08-10
20093847	sttk2	2013-09-19
10192836	stra2	2011-12-15

Employee_Payments table:

The Employee_Payments table displays employees' salaries and the days in which they are paid based off of the CWID and Paymentid.

Functional Dependencies:

Paymentid, CWID → SalaryUSD, Payment_Date

Create Statement:

CREATE TABLE Employee_Payments (

Paymentid	INT	NOT NULL,	
CWID	INT	NOT NULL	REFERENCES People(CWID),
SalaryUSD	INT	NOT NULL,	
Payment_Date	DATE	NOT NULL,	
PRIMARY KEY (Paymer	ntid, CW	ID)	
):			

Paymentid	CWID	SalaryUSD	Payment_Date
1	20084734	8.00	2013-11-30
2	20034852	9.00	2013-10-30
3	20074623	8.00	2013-11-15
4	10198273	10.00	2013-10-15
5	20093847	9.00	2013-08-15
6	10192836	40.00	2013-11-30
7	20084734	8.00	2013-12-15
8	20034852	9.00	2013-11-15
9	20074623	8.00	2013-11-30
10	10198273	9.00	2013-10-30
11	20093847	10.00	2013-09-15
12	10192836	40.00	2013-12-15

Customers table:

This table records the CWID of Customers who have dropped of their device at ResNet to be serviced.

Functional Dependencies:

cwid →

Create Statement:

```
CREATE TABLE Customers (

CWID INT NOT NULL UNIQUE REFERENCES People(CWID),

PRIMARY KEY ( CWID )

);
```

CWID	
20043192	
10124234	
10194739	
10192837	
10198726	
20098726	

Customers_Request table:

The Customers_Request table displays a list of all the CWID's (people) who have had their computer serviced at ResNet by relating it to a unique Processid. This table also shows what services a person requested to be applied on their device.

Functional Dependencies:

Processid, CWID→ Servicesid, Date

Create Statement:

```
CREATE TABLE Customers_Request (
Processid INT NOT NULL,

CWID INT NOT NULL REFERENCES People(CWID),

Servicesid INT NOT NULL REFERENCES Services(Servicesid),

CDate DATE NOT NULL,

PRIMARY KEY ( Processid, CWID )

);
```

Processid	CWID	Servicesid	CDate
1	20043192	1	2013-10-12
2	20043192	2	2013-10-30
3	20043192	6	2013-11-27
4	20043192	2	2013-12-03
5	10124234	9	2012-08-12
6	10124234	8	2013-10-30
7	10194739	10	2011-11-27
8	10194739	6	2013-12-03
9	10194739	3	2011-11-27
10	10194739	1	2013-12-03
11	10192837	1	2010-04-02
12	10198726	2	2011-11-27
13	10198726	4	2013-12-03
14	10198726	1	2010-04-02
15	20098726	8	2010-06-02

Services table:

The Services table illustrates a list of the possible services employees can perform on the various devices that customers brings in to ResNet.

Functional Dependencies:

Servicesid → SName

Create Statement:

```
CREATE TABLE Services (
```

Servicesid INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY,

SName VARCHAR(25) NOT NULL

);

Servicesid	SName
1	Virus Scan
2	Network Setup
3	Hardware Repair
4	OS Updates
5	Mail Setup
6	Network Exception
7	Reimage
8	Secure Data
9	Port Activation
10	Reinstall OS

Customer_Process table:

The Customer_Process table shows what process corresponds with a device. The composite primary key of the processeid and computerid allows for consistency.

Functional Dependencies:

Processid, Computerid →

Create Statement:

CREATE TABLE Customers_Process (

Processid INT NOT NULL REFERENCES Customers_Requests(Processid),

Computerid VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL REFERENCES Devices (Computerid),

PRIMARY KEY (Processid, Computerid)

);

Processid	ComputerID
1	00:13:00:E1:11:11
2	00:13:00:E1:11:11
3	00:12:11:E2:12:12
4	00:13:33:E3:33:44
5	00:0C:29:4D:71:EB
6	00:0B:30:5D:72:EA
7	00:00:5A:99:62:50
8	00:00:5A:99:62:50
9	00:00:5B:77:63:40
10	00:99:5C:44:62:41
11	00:99:12:A2:22:3F
12	00:87:F3:A2:98:BA
13	00:87:F3:A2:98:BA
14	00:89:F4:A3:99:AB
15	00:34:A5:7D:F3:60

Customers_Status table:

The Customers_Status table illustrates a list of processes and corresponding Statusid's to determine what status a customer's device is in.

Functional Dependencies:

Processid, Statusid →

Create Statement:

CREATE TABLE Customers_Status (

Processid INT NOT NULL REFERENCES Customers_Process(Processid),

Statusid INT NOT NULL REFERENCES Status(Statusid),

PRIMARY KEY (Processid, Statusid)

);

Processid	Statusid
1	1
2	2
3	1
4	4
5	1
6	3
7	3
8	1
9	1
10	1
11	1
12	1
13	3
14	1
15	4

Status table:

The Status table illustrates a list of the possible status conditions of a computer or other device that was or is in the process of being repaired.

Functional Dependencies:

```
Statusid → Status
```

Create Statement:

```
CREATE TABLE Status (

Statusid INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY,

Status VARCHAR(50)
);
```

Statusid	Status
1	Fixed
2	Hardware Repair
3	Not Fixed
4	In Progress
5	Picked Up

Devices table:

The Devices table illustrates a list of computers and mobile devices that were brought into ResNet for repair as well as their corresponding information.

Functional Dependencies:

Computerid → Brand, Model, OS, Password

Create Statement:

CREATE TABLE Devices (

Computerid VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY,

Brand VARCHAR(50),

Model VARCHAR(50),

OS VARCHAR(50),

Password VARCHAR(50)

);

Computerid	Brand	Model	OS	Password
00:13:00:E1:11:11	Apple	MacBookPro	10.9	Baseball1
00:12:11:E2:12:12	Apple	IPhone	6.8	9483
00:13:33:E3:33:44	Microsoft	Null	Null	Null
00:0C:29:4D:71:EB	Lenovo	T510	Windows 7	Iluvmykitty
00:0B:30:5D:72:EA	Andriod	Galexy SIII	Null	Null
00:00:5A:99:62:50	Apple	IMac	8.3	Snapcracklepop
00:00:5B:77:63:40	Sony	Null	Null	Null
00:99:5C:44:62:41	Apple	IPad 2	7.9	9876
00:99:12:A2:22:3F	Lenovo	T530	Windows 8	Grass22
00:87:F3:A2:98:BA	Toshiba	Null	Windows 8	BlackFriday
00:89:F4:A3:99:AB	Nintendo	Null	Null	Null
00:34:A5:7D:F3:60	Microsoft	Surface	Windows 8	847394Gs

Device_Types table:

The Device_Types table illustrates the correlation of a list of devices to its corresponding device type.

Functional Dependencies:

Computerid, Typid →

Create Statement:

```
CREATE TABLE Device_Types (
```

Computerid VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL REFERENCES Devices(Computerid),

Typeid INT NOT NULL REFERENCES Types(Typeid),

PRIMARY KEY (Computerid, Typeid)

);

Computerid	Typeid
00:13:00:E1:11:11	1
00:12:11:E2:12:12	3
00:13:33:E3:33:44	8
00:0C:29:4D:71:EB	1
00:0B:30:5D:72:EA	3
00:00:5A:99:62:50	2
00:00:5B:77:63:40	9
00:99:5C:44:62:41	4
00:99:12:A2:22:3F	1
00:87:F3:A2:98:BA	1
00:89:F4:A3:99:AB	10
00:34:A5:7D:F3:60	4

Types table:

The Types table illustrates a list of the possible types a device can be considered. Views on this table could be useful for determining statistics about how many of a certain type of device is being serviced

Functional Dependencies:

```
Typeid → Computer_Type
```

Create Statements:

```
CREATE TABLE Types (

Typeid INT NOT NULL UNIQUE REFERENCES Types(Typeid),

Computer_Type VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,

PRIMARY KEY ( Typeid )

);
```

Typeid	Computer_Type
1	Laptop
2	Desktop
3	Phone
4	Tablet
5	Server
6	Printer
7	Switch
8	Xbox
9	PlayStation
10	Wii

Views

Views: Device_Numbers

This view is used to calculate how many times a particular brand of device was serviced at ResNet This could be useful for gathering statistics on devices that come in multiple times with the same problems. This example shows how many Laptops come in and what service they have been provided with. Similar views can be created by altering the sub query where clause with a different type of device.

Create View Query:

ORDER BY d.brand

```
SELECT count(d.computerid), d.brand, s.sname

FROM devices d

INNER JOIN Device_Types dt ON d.Computerid = dt.Computerid

INNER JOIN Customers_Process cp ON d.Computerid = cp.Computerid

INNER JOIN Customers_Requests cr ON cp.Processid = cr.Processid

INNER JOIN Services s ON cr.Servicesid = s.Servicesid

WHERE typeid in (

SELECT t.Typeid

FROM Types t

WHERE Computer_Type = 'Laptop'

)

GROUP BY d.brand, s.SName group by d.brand
```

Views

Views: Customers_Services

This view is used to calculate what services have been done on a device. This could be useful for figuring out what Services have been done on a device in the past in order to prepare solutions for future problems.

Create View Query:

CREATE VIEW Customers_Services AS

SELECT count(s.servicesid), s.Sname, cr.CWID, p.First_Name, p.Last_Name

FROM Customers_Requests cr

INNER JOIN People p ON cr.cwid = p.cwid

INNER JOIN services s ON cr. servicesid = s. servicesid

GROUP BY cr.cwid, p.first_name, p.last_name,s.sname

ORDER BY p.First_Name DESC

Count	SName	CWID	First_Name
1	Port Activation	10124234	Amy
1	Secure Data	10124234	Amy
1	Virus Scan	10192837	Jack
1	Hardware Repair	10194739	James
1	Network	10194739	James
	Exception		
1	Reinstall OS	10194739	James
1	Virus Scan	10194739	James
1	Network Setup	10198726	Jessica
1	OS Updates	10198726	Jessica
1	Virus Scan	10198726	Jessica
1	Network	20043192	John
	Exception		
2	Network Setup	20043192	John
1	Virus Scan	20043192	John
1	Secure Data	20098726	Tylor

Reports

Reports:

This report shows the students or faculty who have had Virus Scans on their devices. This could also be used on all of the other services if specified in the last sub-query.

Report Query:

```
SELECT First_Name, Last_Name, CWID

FROM People

WHERE CWID IN (

SELECT CWID

FROM Customers

WHERE CWID IN (

SELECT CWID

FROM Customers_Requests

WHERE Servicesid IN (

SELECT Servicesid

FROM services

WHERE Sname = 'Virus Scan'

)

ORDER BY Last_Name ASC

);
```

First_Name	Last_Name	CWID
John	Smith	20043192
James	Jordan	10194739
Jack	Grand	10192837
Jessica	Taylor	10198726

Reports

Reports:

This report shows how many times a customer has brought in a device to be serviced.

Report Query:

```
SELECT count(c.CWID),

c.CWID,

p.First_Name as "First Name",

p.Last_Name as "Last Name"

FROM Customers_Requests c

INNER JOIN People p

ON c.CWID = p.CWID

GROUP BY c.CWID, p.First_Name, p.Last_Name

ORDER BY count(c.CWID) DESC
```

Count	CWID	First Name	Last Name
4	20043192	John	Smith
4	10194739	James	Jordan
3	10198726	Jessica	Taylor
2	10124234	Amy	Baker
1	10192837	Jack	Grand
1	20098726	Taylor	Laoufter

Stored Procedures

Stored Procedures:

This stored procedure is used to find out how many devices are in the office are currently in the process of being repaired.

Function devices_in_progress:

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION devices_in_progress(Int)
```

RETURNS integer AS \$\$

DECLARE

runs integer;

BEGIN

SELECT cr.CWID

FROM customers_requests cr

INNER JOIN Customers_Status cs

ON cr.Processid = cs.Processid

INNER JOIN Status s

ON cs.statusid = s.statusid

WHERE s.Statusid = 4;

END \$\$

LANGUAGE plpgsql VOLITILE

Stored Procedures

Stored Procedures:

This stored procedure is used when a Person is inserted into the database with all of their corresponding information.

Function Insert_People:

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION Insert_People("CWID" integer, "First_Name" varchar, "Last_Name" varchar, "Phone_Number" varchar, "Email" varchar, "PGroup" varchar)
```

RETURNS integer AS

\$\$BEGIN

```
INSERT INTO People(CWID, First_Name, Last_Name, Phone_Number, Email, PGroup)
```

RETURNING CWID;

VALUES (\$1, \$2, \$3, \$4, \$5, \$6)

END \$\$

LANGUAGE plpgsql VOLATILE

Triggers

Triggers:

This trigger will execute when the devices_in_progress function is called to update a possible view of the current devices that are being repaired in the office.

Trigger Statement:

CREATE TRIGGER Processes

AFTER INSERT OR UPDATE

ON Device_Status

FOR EACH ROW

EXECUTE PROCEDURE devices_in_progress(Int);

Security

Employees Role:

An Employee at ResNet can insert data into the database; update the data for example, the status of a device in the device_status tables or lookup statistics of a person who has brought their device to be serviced. An Employee privilege to delete tables in the database has been revoked.

REVOKE ALL PRIVILEGES ON People FROM Employee_Privileges;

REVOKE ALL PRIVILEGES ON Employees FROM Employee Privileges;

REVOKE ALL PRIVILEGES ON Employee Payments FROM Employee Privileges;

REVOKE ALL PRIVILEGES ON Customers FROM Employee Privileges;

REVOKE ALL PRIVILEGES ON Customers Request FROM Employee Privileges;

REVOKE ALL PRIVILEGES ON Services FROM Employee Privileges;

REVOKE ALL PRIVILEGES ON Customers_Process FROM Employee_Privileges;

REVOKE ALL PRIVILEGES ON Customers_Status FROM Employee_Privileges;

REVOKE ALL PRIVILEGES ON Status FROM Employee_Privileges;

REVOKE ALL PRIVILEGES ON Devices FROM Employee_Privileges;

REVOKE ALL PRIVILEGES ON Device_Types FROM Employee_Privileges;

REVOKE ALL PRIVILEGES ON Types FROM Employee_Privileges;

GRANT INSERT, UPDATE, SELECT ON People TO Employee Privileges;

GRANT INSERT, UPDATE, SELECT ON Employees TO Employee Privileges;

GRANT INSERT, UPDATE, SELECT ON Customers TO Employee_Privileges;

GRANT INSERT, UPDATE, SELECT ON Customers_Request TO Employee_Privileges;

GRANT INSERT, UPDATE, SELECT ON Services TO Employee_Privileges;

GRANT INSERT, UPDATE, SELECT ON Customers Process TO Employee Privileges;

GRANT INSERT, UPDATE, SELECT ON Customers_Status TO Employee_Privileges;

GRANT INSERT, UPDATE, SELECT ON Status TO Employee_Privileges;

GRANT INSERT, UPDATE, SELECT ON Devices TO Employee Privileges;

GRANT INSERT, UPDATE, SELECT ON Device Types TO Employee Privileges;

GRANT INSERT, UPDATE, SELECT ON Types TO Employee_Privileges;

Known Problems/Future Enhancements

Final Notes:

Known Problems:

- More security enhancements should be implemented on the database to protect customer's information.
- Triggers and stored procedures are minimal in this database and require more research to be effective.
- Since Marist College has different roles in regards to employees, branch tables off of the Employees table should be created to greater specify the difference between full time and part time employees.
 - A security revoke feature should also be implemented onto a possible part-time employees table to greater secure customer's information instead of the current process where all employees (part-time and full) have access to most functionalities of the database.

Future Enhancements:

- Add support for customers who want to mail in their computer over the summer. This will require implementing more attributes about the user.
- Add a Solutions table section which would connect to the devices and services tables to provide the user with a list of possible solutions when reoccurring problems happen.
- Add more views to calculate statistics for a particular year or month.
- Add more security enhancements to determine who has access to certain tables within the database.
- Add more stored procedures and triggers to the database to increase data integrity and consistency, currently there are only simple functions in place, and it would be optimal to enhance the quality and quantity of these procedures.