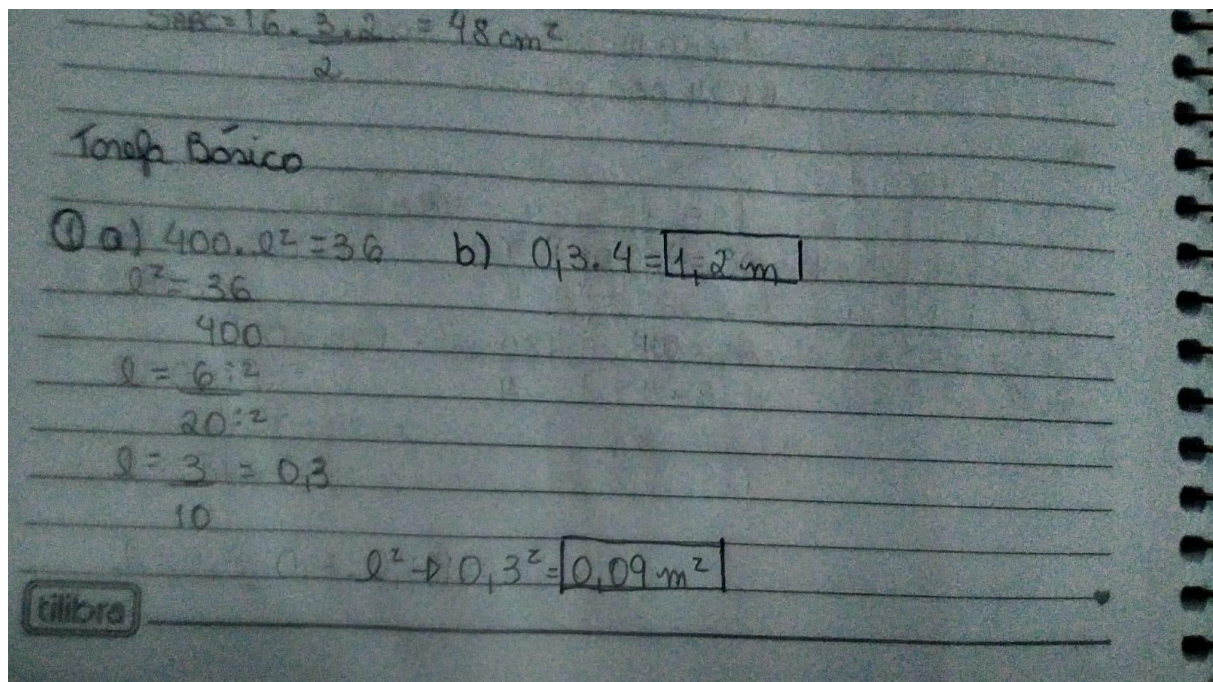


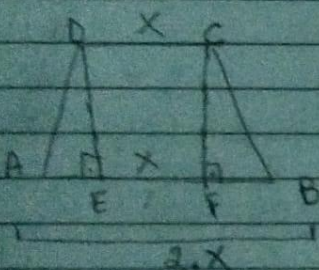
LISTA MATEMÁTICA



3)
 $4,8 + 0,8 = 5,6$ $Q = 4 \rightarrow A = 5,6 \cdot 4$
 $A = 22,4 \text{ m}^2$


Somando:
 $15 + 4,8 + 22,4 =$
 $\boxed{44,2 \text{ m}^2} \text{ (E)}$

7)




$(DCFE) = b \cdot h = x \cdot h$
 $(ABCD) = 36 \text{ m}^2 = \frac{(B+b) \cdot h}{2}$
 $\frac{(x+2x) \cdot h}{2} = 36$ $x \cdot h = 72$
 $(x+2x) \cdot h = 72$ $= 124 \text{ m}^2$
 $3x \cdot h = 72$

8)




$(x+2x) \cdot h = 72$ $= 124 \text{ m}^2$
 $3x \cdot h = 72$

9)



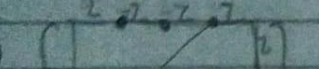
Área do $\triangle EFGH$ é $\frac{1}{4}$ da área do $\triangle ABC$
 altura $\triangle EFGH = 1$ e $\triangle ABC = 4$

10)



Área:
 2. Área do $\triangle EFGH$
 Área do losango $\rightarrow 2$ da área do $\triangle ABC$
 simplificando 2 $\rightarrow \frac{1}{2}$ (D)

11)



$48 - (6 \cdot 6 + 8 \cdot 2)$
 $48 - (18 + 8)$
 $48 - 26$
 $\boxed{22} \text{ (E)}$

10

$\triangle ADE \sim \triangle ABC$
 $\left(\frac{AD}{AB}\right)^2 = \frac{AF}{AG}$
 $\left(\frac{1}{8}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{AG}$
 $AG = 64$
 $2AD^2 = 64$
 $AD^2 = 32$
 $AD = \sqrt{32} = \sqrt{16 \cdot 2} = 4\sqrt{2}$ (A)

11

$S_{ABC} = 96 \text{ m}^2$
 $MN \rightarrow$ base média de $\triangle ABC$
 $\frac{S_{AMN}}{S_{ABC}} = k^2 \rightarrow \frac{S_{AMN}}{96} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2$
 $S_{AMN} = \frac{96}{4} = 24 \text{ m}^2$
 $S_{MBCN} = S_{ABC} - S_{AMN} \rightarrow S_{MBCN} = 96 - 24$
 $S_{MBCN} = 72 \text{ m}^2$