

Práctica 4 - Ejercicios con MPI

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3CV9 - Analysis and Design of Parallel Algorithms.

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Ejercicios con MPI

Integral

El código para calcular una integral en MPI es el siguiente:

```
1  #include <stdio.h>
2  #include <math.h>
3  #include <mpi.h>
4
5  double t0, t1;
6
7  double f(double x)
8  {
9      double y;
10
11     y = 1.0 / (sin(x) + 2.0) + 1.0 / (sin(x) * cos(x) + 2.0);
12
13     return y;
14 }
15
16 void leerDatos(double* a_ptr, double* b_ptr, long long* n_ptr, int pid)
17 {
18     float aux_a, aux_b, aux_n;
19     int root;
20
21     if(pid == 0)
22     {
23         printf("Introduce a, b (limites), y n (numero de trapecios):\n");
24         scanf("%f %f %f", &aux_a, &aux_b, &aux_n);
25         t0 = MPI_Wtime();
26     }
27
28     (*a_ptr) = (double)aux_a;
29     (*b_ptr) = (double)aux_b;
30     (*n_ptr) = (long long)aux_n;
31
32     root = 0;
33
34     MPI_Bcast(a_ptr, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, root, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
```

Así, ejecutando el programa de la integral nos arroja lo siguiente:

```

35     MPI_Bcast(b_ptr,1,MPI_DOUBLE,root,MPI_COMM_WORLD);
36     MPI_Bcast(n_ptr,1,MPI_LONG_LONG,root,MPI_COMM_WORLD);
37 }
38
39 double Integrar(double a_loc, double b_loc, long long n_loc, double w)
40 {
41     double resul_loc,x;
42     long long i;
43
44     resul_loc = (f(a_loc) + f(b_loc))/2.0;
45     x = a_loc;
46
47     for(i = 1; i<n_loc;i++)
48     {
49         x = x+ w;
50         resul_loc = resul_loc + f(x);
51     }
52     resul_loc = resul_loc * w;
53
54     return (resul_loc);
55 }
56
57 int main(int argc, char **argv)
58 {
59     int pid,npr,root;
60     double a,b,w,a_loc,b_loc;
61     long long n,n_loc;
62     double resul_loc, resul;
63
64     MPI_Init(&argc,&argv);
65     MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD,&pid);
66     MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD,&npr);
67
68     leerDatos(&a,&b,&n,pid);

```

```

69
70     w = (b-a)/n;
71
72     n_loc = (pid+1)*n/npr - pid*n/npr;
73     a_loc = a + (pid)*n/npr * w;
74     b_loc = a + (pid+1)*n/npr * w;
75
76     resul_loc = Integrar(a_loc,b_loc,n_loc,w);
77     resul = 0.0;
78     root = 0;
79
80     MPI_Reduce(&resul_loc,&resul,1,MPI_DOUBLE,MPI_SUM,root,MPI_COMM_WORLD);
81
82     if(pid == 0)
83     {
84         t1 = MPI_Wtime();
85         printf("Integral de f(a = %1.2f, b = %1.2f, n = %f) = %1.12f\n",a,b,(double)n,resul);
86         printf("Tiempo de ejecucion (%d proc) = %1.3f ms\n",npr,(t1-t0)*1000);
87     }
88
89     MPI_Finalize();
90     return 0;
91 }
92
93
94

```

Line 64, Column 13

```
Desktop — -bash — 80x24
[MacBook-Pro-de-Gabriela:Desktop gabriela] wpirun -np 10 integral_p
Introduce a, b (limites), y n (numero de trapecios):
100
2000
500
Integral de f(a = 100.00, b = 2000.00, n = 500.000000) = 2077.987292904057
Tiempo de ejecucion (10 proc) = 0.687 ms

MacBook-Pro-de-Gabriela:Desktop gabriela]
```

```
Desktop — -bash — 80x24
[MacBook-Pro-de-Gabriela:Desktop gabriela] wpirun -np 10 integral_p
Introduce a, b (limites), y n (numero de trapecios):
13289
156483
10000
Integral de f(a = 13289.00, b = 156483.00, n = 10000.000000) = 156617.7658244585
33
Tiempo de ejecucion (10 proc) = 1.023 ms

MacBook-Pro-de-Gabriela:Desktop gabriela]
```