











bq29200, bq29209

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# bq2920x Voltage Protection with Automatic Cell Balance for 2-Series Cell Li-Ion Batteries

#### **Features**

- 2-Series Cell Secondary Protection
- Automatic Cell Imbalance Correction with External **Enable Control** 
  - ±30-mV Enable, 0-mV Disable Thresholds
- External Capacitor-Controlled Delay Timer
- External Resistor-Controlled Cell Balance Current
- Low Power Consumption  $I_{CC}$  < 3  $\mu$ A Typical  $(V_{CELL}(ALL) < V_{PROTECT})$
- Internal Cell Balancing Handles Current up to 15 mA
- External Cell Balancing Mode Supported
- High-Accuracy Overvoltage Protection:
  - ±25 mV with  $T_A = 0$ °C to 60°C
- Fixed Overvoltage Protection Thresholds: 4.30 V, 4.35 V
- Small 8L DRB Package

## 2 Applications

- 2<sup>nd</sup> Level Protection in Li-Ion Battery Packs
  - Netbook Computers
  - Power Tools
  - Portable Equipment and Instrumentation
  - Battery Backup Systems

## 3 Description

The bg2920x device is a secondary overvoltage protection IC for 2-series cell lithium-ion battery packs high-accuracy incorporates a overvoltage detection circuit and automatic cell imbalance correction.

The voltage of each cell in a 2-series cell battery pack is compared to a factory programmed internal reference voltage. If either cell reaches an overvoltage condition, the OUT pin changes from low to high state.

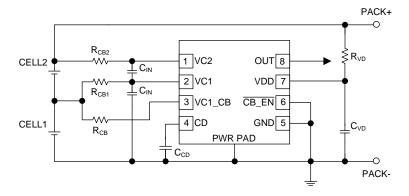
The bq2920x can perform automatic voltage-based cell imbalance correction. Balancing can start when the cell voltages are different by nominally 30 mV or more and stops when the difference is nominally 0 mV. Cell balancing is enabled and disabled by the CB EN pin.

#### Device Information<sup>(1)</sup>

| PART NUMBER | PACKAGE   | BODY SIZE (NOM)   |  |  |
|-------------|-----------|-------------------|--|--|
| bq29200     | \(CON (0) | 3.00 mm × 3.00 mm |  |  |
| bq29209     | VSON (8)  |                   |  |  |

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the datasheet.

## Simplified Schematic





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# 4 Revision History

| Change | s from Revision B (December 2014) to Revision C   | Page |
|--------|---|------|
| • Char | nged Typical Application title to Simplified Schematic  | 1    |
| • Char | nged resistor R <sub>VD</sub> location, added PACK+ and PACK- in the Simplified Schematic image | 1    |
| • Dele | ted the Lead Temperature (soldering) from the Absolute Maximum Ratings table                    | 4    |
| • Dele | ted table notes 2 through 7 from the Thermal Information  | 5    |
| • Char | nged resistor R <sub>VD</sub> location in Figure 9  | 13   |
| • Adde | ed title to Table 1   | 13   |
| • Char | nged resistor R <sub>VD</sub> location, added PACK+ and PACK- in Figure 11                      | 14   |
| Change | s from Revision A (September 2010) to Revision B  | Page |

Added ESD Ratings table, Feature Description section, Device Functional Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section

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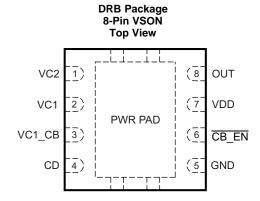
| Changes from Original (June 2010) to Revision A   | Page |
|---|------|
| Changed values in X <sub>DELAY</sub> and X <sub>DELAY_CTM</sub> electrical characteristics          | 5    |
| Changed specifications for V <sub>OUT</sub>   | 6    |
| <ul> <li>Changed test conditions for V<sub>OUT</sub>, I<sub>OH</sub>, and I<sub>OL</sub></li> </ul> | 6    |
| • Added V <sub>MM_DET_ON</sub> : VC2 = VDD = 7.6 V  |      |
| <ul> <li>Changed V<sub>MM_DET_OFF</sub>: From VDD – VC2 – 7.6 V to VC2 = VDD = 7.6 V</li> </ul>     | 6    |
| Changed content in Recommended Cell Balancing Configurations section                                | 7    |
| Added I <sub>CD</sub> Charge Current figure   | 7    |
| Added I <sub>CD</sub> Discharge Current figure  | 7    |
| <ul> <li>Changed X<sub>DELAY</sub> from nominally 8.0 s/μF to nominally 9.0 s/μF</li> </ul>         | 8    |
| Changed Timing for Overvoltage Sensing figure   |      |
| Added Cell Imbalance Auto-Detection (Via Cell Voltage) section                                      | 10   |
| Changed VDD value in Customer Test Mode from 8.5 V to 9.5 V   | 10   |
| Changed the Voltage Test Limits figure  | 11   |
| Added External Cell Balancing section   | 14   |



## 5 Device Options

| T <sub>A</sub>  | PART NUMBER | OVP    |
|-----------------|-------------|--------|
| -40°C to +110°C | BQ29200     | 4.35 V |
| -40°C to +110°C | BQ29209     | 4.30 V |

## 6 Pin Configuration and Functions



**Pin Functions** 

| PIN         |         | DESCRIPTION   |
|-------------|---------|---|
| NAME        | NO.     | DESCRIPTION   |
| CB_EN       | 6       | Cell balance enable   |
| CD          | 4       | Connection to external capacitor for programmable delay time                            |
| GND         | 5       | Ground pin  |
| OUT         | 8       | Output  |
| Thermal Pad | PWR PAD | GND pin to be connected to the PWRPAD on the printed circuit board for proper operation |
| VC1         | 2       | Sense voltage input for bottom cell   |
| VC1_CB      | 3       | Cell balance input for bottom cell  |
| VC2         | 1       | Sense voltage input for top cell  |
| VDD         | 7       | Power supply  |

## 7 Specifications

## 7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Over-operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (1)

|  |                  | MIN  | MAX                       | UNIT    |
|--|------------------|------|---------------------------|---------|
| Supply voltage range, V <sub>MAX</sub>               | VDD-GND          | -0.3 | 16                        | V       |
|  | VC2-GND, VC1-GND | -0.3 | 16                        | V       |
| Input voltage range, $V_{\text{IN}}$                 | VC2-VC1, CD-GND  | -0.3 | 8                         | V       |
|  | CB_EN-GND        | -0.3 | 16                        | V       |
| Output voltage range, V <sub>OUT</sub>               | OUT-GND          | -0.3 | 16                        | V       |
| Continuous total power dissipation, P <sub>TOT</sub> |                  |      | See <i>Thermal Inform</i> | nation. |
| Storage temperature range, T <sub>stg</sub>          |                  | -65  | 150                       | °C      |

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.



## 7.2 ESD Ratings

|                    |                         |   | VALUE | UNIT |  |
|--------------------|-------------------------|---|-------|------|--|
|                    |                         | Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 (1)              | ±2000 |      |  |
| V <sub>(ESD)</sub> | Electrostatic discharge | Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 (2) | ±500  | V    |  |

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process. Manufacturing with less than 500-V HBM is possible with the necessary precautions.
- JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process. Manufacturing with less than 250-V CDM is possible with the necessary precautions.

## 7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

Power supply comes from pack itself

| •  |   | MIN  | NOM | MAX  | UNIT |
|--|---|------|-----|------|------|
| Supply voltage, VDD                        |   | 4    |     | 10   | V    |
| Input voltage range                        | VC2-VC1, VC1-GND  | 0    |     | 5    | V    |
| Delay time capacitance, t <sub>d(CD)</sub> | C <sub>CD</sub> (See Figure 9.)                                     |      | 0.1 |      | μF   |
| Voltage monitor filter resistance          | R <sub>IN</sub> (See Figure 9.)                                     | 100  | 1K  |      | Ω    |
| Voltage monitor filter capacitance         | C <sub>IN</sub> (See Figure 9.)                                     | 0.01 | 0.1 |      | μF   |
| Supply voltage filter resistance           | R <sub>VD</sub> (See Figure 9.)                                     |      | 100 | 1K   | Ω    |
| Supply voltage filter capacitance          | C <sub>VD</sub> (See Figure 9.)                                     |      | 0.1 |      | μF   |
| Cell balance resistance                    | R <sub>CB</sub> (See Figure 9 and <i>Protection (OUT) Timing.</i> ) | 100  |     | 4.7K | Ω    |
| Operating ambient temperature ran          | nge, T <sub>A</sub>   | -40  |     | 110  | °C   |

## 7.4 Thermal Information

|                        |  | bq2920x |      |
|------------------------|--|---------|------|
|                        | THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>                | DRB     | UNIT |
|                        |  | 8 PINS  |      |
| $R_{\theta JA}$        | Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance       | 50.5    | °C/W |
| $R_{\theta JC(top)}$   | Junction-to-case(top) thermal resistance     | 25.1    | °C/W |
| $R_{\theta JB}$        | Junction-to-board thermal resistance         | 19.3    | °C/W |
| $\Psi_{JT}$            | Junction-to-top characterization parameter   | 0.7     | °C/W |
| ΨЈВ                    | Junction-to-board characterization parameter | 18.9    | °C/W |
| R <sub>0</sub> JC(bot) | Junction-to-case(bottom) thermal resistance  | 5.2     | °C/W |

<sup>(1)</sup> For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

#### 7.5 Electrical Characteristics

Typical values stated where  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$  and VDD = 7.2 V. Minimum and maximum values stated where  $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to 110°C and VDD = 4 V to 10 V (unless otherwise noted).

|                       | PARAMETER                 |  | TEST CONDITIONS   | MIN  | TYP  | MAX     | UNIT    |  |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|--|---|------|------|---------|---------|--|
|                       | Overvoltage               | bq29209  |   |      | 4.3  |         |         |  |
| V <sub>PROTECT</sub>  | detection<br>voltage      | bq29200  |   |      | 4.35 |         | V       |  |
| V <sub>HYS</sub>      | Overvoltage hysteresis    | detection  |   | 200  | 300  | 400     | mV      |  |
| V <sub>OA</sub>       | Overvoltage accuracy      | detection  | T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C   | -10  |      | 10      | mV      |  |
| V                     | Overvoltage threshold     | $T_A = 0$ °C to $60$ °C  | -0.4  |      | 0.4  | mV°/C   |         |  |
| V <sub>OA_DRIFT</sub> | A_DRIFT temperature drift |  | $T_A = -40$ °C to 110°C   | -0.6 |      | 0.6     | IIIV /C |  |
| <b>V</b>              | Overvoltage delay time    | $T_A = 0$ °C to 60°C<br>Note: Does not include external capacitor variation. | 6   | 9    | 12   | - / - 5 |         |  |
| X <sub>DELAY</sub>    | scale factor              |  | $T_A = -40$ °C to 110°C<br>Note: Does not include external capacitor variation. | 5.5  | 9    | 13.5    | s/µF    |  |

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## **Electrical Characteristics (continued)**

Typical values stated where  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$  and VDD = 7.2 V. Minimum and maximum values stated where  $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to 110°C and VDD = 4 V to 10 V (unless otherwise noted).

| PARAMETER   | TEST CONDITIONS  | MIN   | TYP   | MAX  | UNIT   |
|---|--|---|---|--|--|
| Overvoltage delay time scale factor in Customer Test Mode     |  |   | 0.08  |  | s/μF   |
| Overvoltage detection charging current                        |  |   | 150   |  | nA   |
| Overvoltage detection discharging current                     |  |   | 60  |  | μΑ   |
| Overvoltage detection external capacitor comparator threshold |  |   | 1.2   |  | V  |
| Supply current  | (VC2-VC1) = (VC1-GND) = 3.5 V (See Figure 7.)  |   | 3   | 6  | μA   |
|   | (VC2–VC1) or (VC1–GND) > V <sub>PROTECT</sub> ,<br>VDD = 10 V, I <sub>OH</sub> = 0   | 6   | 8.25  | 9.5  | V  |
|   | (VC2–VC1) or (VC1–GND) = $V_{PROTECT}$ , VDD = $V_{PROTECT}$ , $I_{OH}$ = -100 $\mu$ A, $T_{A}$ = 0°C to 60°C  | 1.75  | 2.5   |  | V  |
| OUT pin drive voltage   | (VC2–VC1) and (VC1–GND) < $V_{PROTECT}$ , $I_{OL}$ = 100 $\mu A,~T_A$ = 25°C   |   |   | 200  | mV   |
|   | (VC2–VC1) and (VC1–GND) < $V_{PROTECT}$ , $I_{OL}=0~\mu A,~T_{A}=25^{\circ} C$   |   | 0   | 10   | mV   |
|   | $VC2 = VC1 = VDD = 4 \text{ V}, I_{OL} = 100 \mu\text{A}$  |   |   | 200  | mV   |
| High-level output current                                     | OUT = 1.75 V, (VC2–VC1) or (VC1–GND) = V <sub>PROTECT</sub> , VDD = V <sub>PROTECT</sub> to 10 V, T <sub>A</sub> = 0°C to 60°C   | -100  |   |  | μΑ   |
| Low-level output current                                      | OUT = 0.05 V, (VC2–VC1) or (VC1–GND) < V <sub>PROTECT</sub> , VDD = V <sub>PROTECT</sub> to 10 V, T <sub>A</sub> = 0°C to 60°C   | 30  |   | 85   | μΑ   |
| High-level short-circuit output current                       | OUT = 0 V, (VC2-VC1) = (VC1-GND) = V <sub>PROTECT</sub><br>VDD = 4 to 10 V   |   |   | -8   | mA   |
| lanut sumant at VOu nine                                      | Measured at VC1, (VC2–VC1) = (VC1–GND) = 3.5 V,<br>$T_A = 0$ °C to 60°C (See Figure 7.)  | -0.2  |   | 0.2  | μΑ   |
| input current at VCx pins                                     | Measured at VC2, (VC2–VC1) = (VC1–GND) = 3.5 V,<br>$T_A = 0^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $60^{\circ}\text{C}$ (See Figure 7.)   |   |   | 2.5  | μA   |
| Cell mismatch detection threshold for turning ON              | (VC2–VC1) versus (VC1–GND) and vice-versa when cell balancing is enabled. VC2 = VDD = 7.6 V  | 17  | 30  | 45   | mV   |
| Cell mismatch detection threshold for turning OFF             | Delta between (VC2–VC1) and (VC1–GND) when cell balancing is disabled. VC2 = VDD = 7.6 V   | -9  | 0   | 9  | mV   |
| Cell balance enable ON threshold                              | Active LOW pin at CB_EN  |   |   | 1  | V  |
| Cell balance enable OFF threshold                             | Active HIGH at CB_EN   | 2.2   |   |  | V  |
| Cell balance enable ON input current                          | CB_EN = GND (See Figure 8.)  |   |   | 0.2  | μA   |
| Internal cell balance switch resistance                       | <del>CB_EN</del> = GND   |   |   |  | Ω  |
| Internal cell balance switch resistance                       | CB_EN = GND  |   |   |  | Ω  |
|   | Overvoltage delay time scale factor in Customer Test Mode Overvoltage detection charging current Overvoltage detection discharging current Overvoltage detection external capacitor comparator threshold Supply current  OUT pin drive voltage  High-level output current Low-level output current High-level short-circuit output current Input current at VCx pins  Cell mismatch detection threshold for turning ON Cell mismatch detection threshold for turning OFF Cell balance enable ON threshold Cell balance enable OFF threshold Cell balance enable ON input current Internal cell balance switch resistance Internal cell balance | Overvoltage delay time scale factor in Customer Test Mode  Overvoltage detection charging current  Overvoltage detection discharging current  Overvoltage detection external capacitor comparator threshold  Supply current  (VC2-VC1) = (VC1-GND) = 3.5 V (See Figure 7.)  (VC2-VC1) or (VC1-GND) > V <sub>PROTECT</sub> , VDD = 10 V, I <sub>OH</sub> = 0  (VC2-VC1) or (VC1-GND) > V <sub>PROTECT</sub> , VDD = V <sub>PROTECT</sub> , VDD = 10 V, I <sub>OH</sub> = 0  (VC2-VC1) and (VC1-GND) < V <sub>PROTECT</sub> , VDD = V <sub>PROTECT</sub> , I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 µA, T <sub>A</sub> = 0°C to 60°C  (VC2-VC1) and (VC1-GND) < V <sub>PROTECT</sub> , VDD = V <sub>PROTECT</sub> , I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 µA, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C  (VC2-VC1) and (VC1-GND) < V <sub>PROTECT</sub> , I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 µA  High-level output current  Low-level output current  Low-level output current  High-level short-circuit output current  Input current at VCx pins  Input current at VCx pins  Measured at VC1, (VC2-VC1) = (VC1-GND) = V <sub>PROTECT</sub> , VDD = V <sub>PROTECT</sub> to 10 V, T <sub>A</sub> = 0°C to 60°C  OUT = 0.05 V, (VC2-VC1) = (VC1-GND) = 3.5 V, T <sub>A</sub> = 0°C to 60°C (See Figure 7.)  Measured at VC2, (VC2-VC1) = (VC1-GND) = 3.5 V, T <sub>A</sub> = 0°C to 60°C (See Figure 7.)  Measured at VC2, (VC2-VC1) and (VC1-GND) when cell balance enable ON threshold  Cell balance enable ON threshold  Cell balance enable ON input current  Internal cell balance  Internal cell balance | Overvoltage delay time scale factor in Customer Test Mode | Overvoltage delay time scale factor in Customer Test Mode Test Mode Overvoltage detection charging current         150           Overvoltage detection charging current         60           Overvoltage detection discharging current         60           Overvoltage detection external capacitor comparator threshold         (VC2-VC1) = (VC1-GND) = 3.5 V (See Figure 7.)         3           Supply current         (VC2-VC1) or (VC1-GND) > VPROTECT. VDD = VPROTECT. VDD = 10 V. Ion = 0         6 8.25           OUT pin drive voltage         (VC2-VC1) and (VC1-GND) < VPROTECT. Ion = -100 µA, Ta = 0°C to 60°C | Overvoltage delay time scale factor in Customer Test Mode   150   15 |

<sup>(1)</sup> Specified by design. Not 100% tested in production.

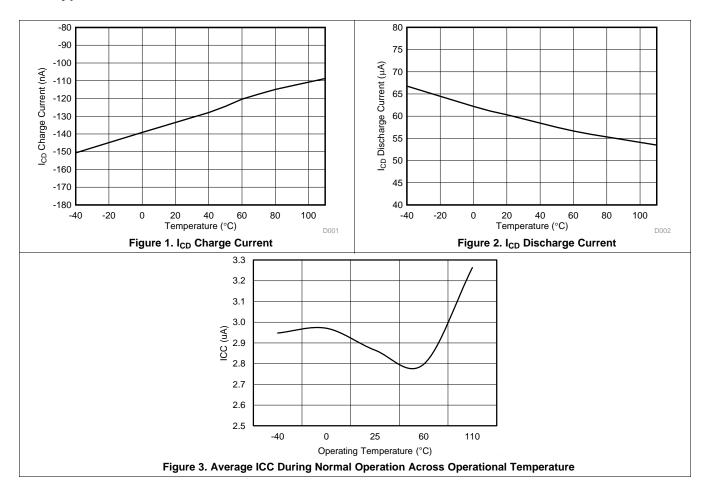


## 7.6 Recommended Cell Balancing Configurations

Typical values stated where  $T_A$  = 25°C and (VC2–VC1), (VC1–GND) = 3.8 V. Minimum and maximum values stated where  $T_A$  = -40°C to 110°C, VDD = 4 V to 10 V, and (VC2–VC1), (VC1–GND) = 3 V to 4.2 V. All values assume recommended supply voltage filter resistance  $R_{VD}$  of 100  $\Omega$  and 5% accurate or better cell balance resistor  $R_{CB}$ .

|                 |                              |  | MI | NOM    | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------------|------------------------------|--|----|--------|-----|------|
|                 |                              | $R_{CB} = 4700 \Omega$                       | 0. | 5 0.75 | 1   |      |
|                 |                              | $R_{CB} = 2200 \Omega$ $R_{CB} = 910 \Omega$ |    | 1 1.5  | 2   |      |
|                 | B Cell balance input current |  |    | 2 3    | 4   |      |
| I <sub>CB</sub> |                              | $R_{CB} = 560 \Omega$                        |    | 3 4.5  | 6   | mA   |
|                 |                              | $R_{CB} = 360 \Omega$                        | 3. | 5 6    | 8.5 |      |
|                 |                              | $R_{CB} = 240 \Omega$                        |    | 4 7.5  | 11  |      |
|                 |                              | $R_{CB} = 120 \Omega$                        |    | 5 10   | 15  |      |

## Typical Characteristics





## 8 Detailed Description

#### 8.1 Overview

The bg2920x provides overvoltage protection and cell balancing for 2-series cell lithium-ion battery packs.

#### 8.1.1 Voltage Protection

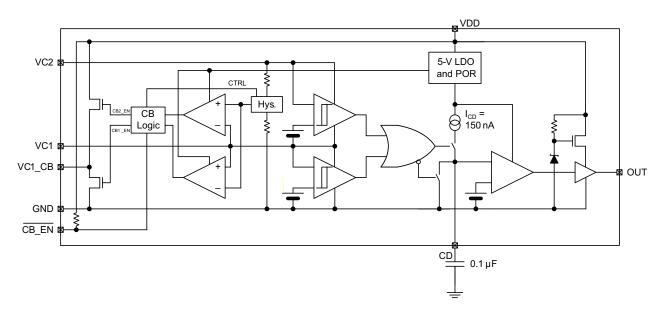
Each cell voltage is continuously compared to a factory configured internal reference threshold. If either cell reaches an overvoltage condition, the bq2920x device starts a timer that provides a delay proportional to the capacitance on the CD pin. Upon expiration of the internal timer, the OUT pin changes from a low to high state.

#### 8.1.2 Cell Balancing

If enabled, the bq2920x performs automatic cell-balance correction where the two cells are automatically corrected for voltage imbalance by loading the cell with the higher voltage with a small balancing current. When the cells are measured to be equal within nominally 0 mV, the load current is removed. It will be re-applied if the imbalance exceeds nominally 30 mV. The cell mismatch correction circuitry is enabled by pulling the CB\_EN pin low, and disabled when  $\overline{CB}$ \_EN is pulled to greater than 2.2 V, for example, VDD.

If the internal cell balancing current of up to 15 mA is insufficient, the bq2920x may be configured via external circuitry to support much higher external cell balancing current.

#### 8.2 Functional Block Diagram



#### 8.3 Feature Description

## 8.3.1 Protection (OUT) Timing

Sizing the external capacitor is based on the desired delay time as follows:

$$C_{CD} = \frac{t_d}{X_{DELAY}}$$

Where  $t_d$  is the desired delay time and  $X_{DELAY}$  is the overvoltage delay time scale factor, expressed in seconds per microFarad.  $X_{DELAY}$  is nominally 9 s/ $\mu$ F. For example, if a nominal delay of 3 seconds is desired, use a  $C_{CD}$  capacitor that is 3 s / 9 s/ $\mu$ F = 0.33  $\mu$ F.

The delay time is calculated as follows:

$$t_d = C_{CD} \times X_{DELAY}$$



If the cell overvoltage condition is removed before the external capacitor reaches the reference voltage, the internal current source is disabled and an internal discharge block is employed to discharge the external capacitor down to 0 V. In this instance, the OUT pin remains in a low state.

## 8.3.2 Cell Voltage > V<sub>PROTECT</sub>

When one or both of the cell voltages rises above  $V_{PROTECT}$ , the internal comparator is tripped, and the delay begins to count to  $t_d$ . If the input remains above  $V_{PROTECT}$  for the duration of  $t_d$ , the bq2920x output changes from a low to a high state, by means of an internal pull-up network, to a regulated voltage of no more than 9.5 V when  $I_{OH} = 0$  mA.

The external delay capacitor should charge up to no more than the internal LDO voltage (approximately 5 V typically), and will fully discharge in approximately under 100 ms when the overvoltage condition is removed.

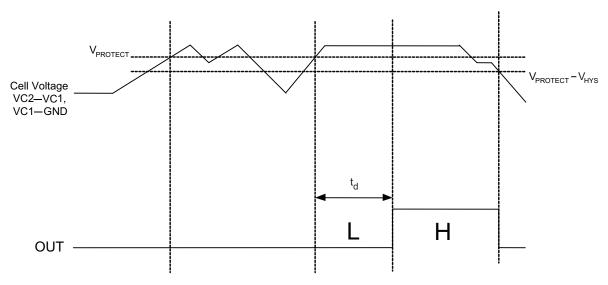


Figure 4. Timing for Overvoltage Sensing

## 8.3.3 Cell Connection Sequence

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{NOTE}\\ \textbf{Before connecting the cells, populate the overvoltage delay timing capacitor, $C_{CD}$.} \end{tabular}$ 

The recommended cell connection sequence begins from the bottom of the stack, as follows:

- 1. GND
- 2. VC1
- 3. VC2

While not advised, connecting the cells in a sequence other than that described above does not result in errant activity on the OUT pin. For example:

- 1. GND
- 2. VC2 or VC1
- 3. Remaining VCx pin

#### 8.3.4 Cell Balance Enable Control

To avoid prematurely discharging the cells, it is recommended to turn off (pull high) the active-low Cell Balance Enable Control pin at lower State of Charge (SOC) levels.

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#### 8.3.5 Cell Balance Configuration

The cell balancing current may be calculated as follows:

For Cell 1 (VC1-GND) balancing current, I<sub>CB1</sub>:

$$I_{CB1} = \frac{VC1}{R_{CB} + R_{CB1}}$$
 (1)

For Cell 2 (VC2-VC1) balancing current, I<sub>CB2</sub>:

$$I_{CB2} = \frac{(VC2 - VC1)}{(R_{CB} + R_{VD}) + R_{CB2}}$$
(2)

Where:

RCB = resistor connected between the top of Cell 1 and the VC1 CB

RCB1 = resistor connected between the top of Cell 1 and the VC1

RCB2 = resistor connected between the top of Cell 2 and the VC2

RVD = resistor connected between the top of Cell 2 and the VDD

## 8.3.6 Cell Imbalance Auto-Detection (Via Cell Voltage)

The  $V_{MM\_DET\_ON}$  and  $V_{MM\_DET\_OFF}$  specifications are calibrated where VDD = VC2 = 7.6 V and VC1 = 3.8 V. The recommended range of cell balancing is VC2 and VDD between 6.0 V and 8.4 V, and VC1 between 3 V and 4.2 V. Below VDD = 6 V, it is recommended to pull  $\overline{CB\_EN}$  high to disable the cell balancing function.

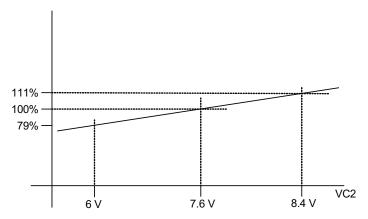


Figure 5.  $V_{MM\ DET\ ON}$  and  $V_{MM\ DET\ OFF}$  Threshold

#### 8.3.7 Customer Test Mode

Customer Test Mode (CTM) helps to greatly reduce the overvoltage detection delay time and enable quicker customer production testing. This mode is intended for quick-pass board-level verification tests, and, as such, individual cell overvoltage levels may deviate slightly from the specifications ( $V_{PROTECT}$ ,  $V_{OA}$ ). If accurate overvoltage thresholds are to be tested, use the standard delay settings that are intended for normal use.

To enter CTM, VDD should be set to approximately 9.5 V higher than VC2. When CTM is entered, the device switches from the normal overvoltage delay time scale factor,  $X_{DELAY}$ , to a significantly reduced factor of approximately 0.08, thereby reducing the delay time during an overvoltage condition.



#### **CAUTION**

Avoid exceeding any Absolute Maximum Voltages on any pins when placing the part into CTM. Also, avoid exceeding absolute maximum voltages for the individual cell voltages (VC1–GND) and (VC2–VC1). Stressing the pins beyond the rated limits may cause permanent damage to the device.

To exit CTM, power off the device and then power it back on.

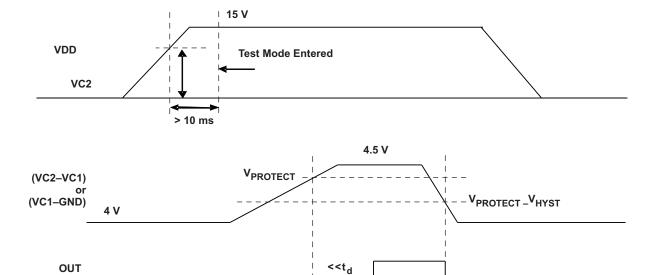


Figure 6. Voltage Test Limits

## 8.3.8 Test Conditions

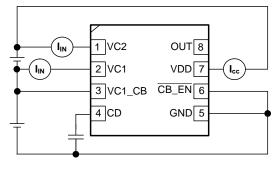


Figure 7. I<sub>CC</sub>, I<sub>IN</sub> Measurement



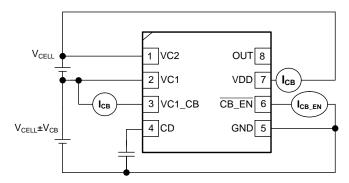


Figure 8. I<sub>CB</sub> Measurement

#### 8.4 Device Functional Modes

This device monitors the voltage of the cells connected to the VCx pins and depending on these voltages and the overall battery voltage at VDD the device enters different operating modes.

#### 8.4.1 NORMAL Mode

The device is operating in NORMAL mode when the cell voltage range is between the over-charge detection threshold (V<sub>PROTECT</sub>) and the minimum supply voltage.

If this condition is satisfied, the device turns OFF the OUT pin.

#### 8.4.2 PROTECTION Mode

The device is operating in PROTECTION mode when the cell over voltage protection feature has been triggered. See  $Cell\ Voltage > V_{PROTECT}$  for more details on this feature.

If this condition is satisfied, the device turns ON the OUT pin.



## 9 Application and Implementation

#### NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

## 9.1 Application Information

The bq2920x is designed to be used in 2-series Li-lon battery packs and with the option to include voltage-based cell balancing. The number of parallel cells or the overall capacity of the battery only affects the cell balancing circuit due to the level of potential imbalance that needs to be corrected.

## 9.2 Typical Applications

#### 9.2.1 Battery Connection

Figure 9 shows the configuration for the 2-series cell battery connection with cell balancing enabled.

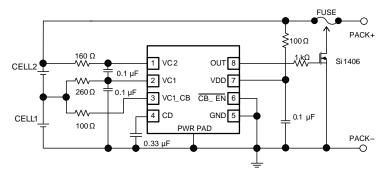


Figure 9. 2-Series Cell Configuration

#### 9.2.1.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters listed in Table 1.

**Table 1. Design Parameters** 

| DESIGN PARAMETER                                  | EXAMPLE VALUE at T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Input voltage range                               | 4 V to 10 V   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Overvoltage Protection (OVT)                      | 4.35 V  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Overvoltage detection delay time                  | 3 s   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Overvoltage detection delay timer capacitor       | 0.33 μF   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cell Balancing Enabled                            | Yes   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cell Balancing Current, ICB1 and ICB2             | 10 mA   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cell Balancing Resistors, RCB, RCB1, RCB2 and RVD | RCB = 100 $\Omega$ , RCB1 = 260 $\Omega$ , RCB2 = 160 $\Omega$ , RVD = 100 $\Omega$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

#### 9.2.1.2 Detailed Design Procedure

The bq2920x has limited features but there are some key calculations to be made when selecting external component values.

- Calculate the required CCD capacitor value for the voltage protection delay time. Care should be taken to evaluate the tolerances of the capacitor and the bq2920x to ensure system specifications are met.
- Calculate the cell balancing resistor values to provide a suitable level of balancing current that will, at a minimum, counter act an increase in imbalance during normal operation of the battery. Care should be taken to ensure any connectivity resistance is also considered as this will also reduce the balancing current level.

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#### 9.2.1.3 Application Curve

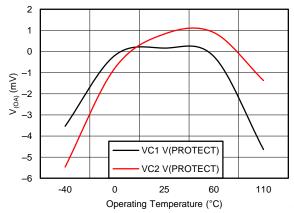


Figure 10. Average V<sub>PROTECT</sub> Accuracy (V<sub>OA</sub>) Across Operation Temperature

## 9.3 System Example

## 9.3.1 External Cell Balancing

Higher cell balancing currents can be supported by means of a simple external network, as shown in Figure 11.

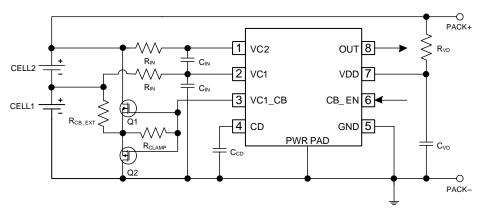


Figure 11. External Cell Balancing Configuration

 $R_{CLAMP}$  ensures that both Q1 and Q2 remain off when balancing is disabled, and should be sized above 2 k $\Omega$  to prevent excessive internal device current when the balancing network is activated.  $R_{CB\_EXT}$  determines the value of the balancing current, and is dependent on the voltage of the balanced cell, as follows:

$$I_{bal} = \frac{V_{CELL}}{R_{CB\_EXT}}$$

# 10 Power Supply Recommendations

The recommended power supply for this device is a maximum 10-V operation on the VDD input pin.



## 11 Layout

## 11.1 Layout Guidelines

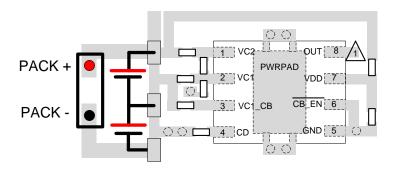
The following are the recommended layout guidelines:

- 1. Ensure the input filters to the VC1 and VC2 pins are as close to the IC as possible to improve noise immunity.
- 2. If the OUT pin is used to control a high current path, for example: to blow a chemical fuse, then care should be taken to ensure the high current path creates minimal interference of the bq2920x voltage sense inputs.
- 3. The input RC filter on the VDD pin should be close to the terminal of the IC.

## 11.2 Layout Example

Additional circuitry required based on usage of the OUT pin

Via connects between two layers





## 12 Device and Documentation Support

#### 12.1 Related Links

The table below lists quick access links. Categories include technical documents, support and community resources, tools and software, and quick access to sample or buy.

Table 2. Related Links

| PARTS   | PRODUCT FOLDER | SAMPLE & BUY | TECHNICAL DOCUMENTS | TOOLS & SOFTWARE | SUPPORT & COMMUNITY |
|---------|----------------|--------------|---------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| bq29200 | Click here     | Click here   | Click here          | Click here       | Click here          |
| bq29209 | Click here     | Click here   | Click here          | Click here       | Click here          |

#### 12.2 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

TI E2E™ Online Community TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

**Design Support** *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

#### 12.3 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

#### 12.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

## 12.5 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

## 13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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#### PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status (1) | Package Type | Package<br>Drawing | Pins | Package<br>Qty | Eco Plan     | Lead finish/<br>Ball material | MSL Peak Temp       | Op Temp (°C) | Device Marking (4/5) | Samples |
|------------------|------------|--------------|--------------------|------|----------------|--------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|--------------|----------------------|---------|
| BQ29200DRBR      | ACTIVE     | SON          | DRB                | 8    | 3000           | RoHS & Green | NIPDAU                        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 85    | 200                  | Samples |
| BQ29200DRBT      | ACTIVE     | SON          | DRB                | 8    | 250            | RoHS & Green | Call TI   NIPDAU              | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 85    | 200                  | Samples |
| BQ29209DRBR      | ACTIVE     | SON          | DRB                | 8    | 3000           | RoHS & Green | NIPDAU                        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 85    | 209                  | Samples |
| BQ29209DRBT      | ACTIVE     | SON          | DRB                | 8    | 250            | RoHS & Green | NIPDAU                        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 85    | 209                  | Samples |

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead finish/Ball material Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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## **PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM**

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continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

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#### OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF BQ29209:

Automotive: BQ29209-Q1

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

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## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



# TAPE DIMENSIONS WHO SHOPE THE STATE OF THE

| A0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component width     |
|----|---|
| В0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component length    |
| K0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness |
| W  | Overall width of the carrier tape                         |
| P1 | Pitch between successive cavity centers                   |

#### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

| Device      | Package<br>Type | Package<br>Drawing |   | SPQ  | Reel<br>Diameter<br>(mm) | Reel<br>Width<br>W1 (mm) | A0<br>(mm) | B0<br>(mm) | K0<br>(mm) | P1<br>(mm) | W<br>(mm) | Pin1<br>Quadrant |
|-------------|-----------------|--------------------|---|------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------------|
| BQ29200DRBR | SON             | DRB                | 8 | 3000 | 330.0                    | 12.4                     | 3.3        | 3.3        | 1.1        | 8.0        | 12.0      | Q2               |
| BQ29200DRBT | SON             | DRB                | 8 | 250  | 180.0                    | 12.4                     | 3.3        | 3.3        | 1.1        | 8.0        | 12.0      | Q2               |
| BQ29209DRBR | SON             | DRB                | 8 | 3000 | 330.0                    | 12.4                     | 3.3        | 3.3        | 1.1        | 8.0        | 12.0      | Q2               |
| BQ29209DRBT | SON             | DRB                | 8 | 250  | 180.0                    | 12.4                     | 3.3        | 3.3        | 1.1        | 8.0        | 12.0      | Q2               |



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#### \*All dimensions are nominal

| 7 till dillitoriolorio di o riorriiridi |                             |     |      |      |             |            |             |
|---|-----------------------------|-----|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| Device                                  | Package Type Package Drawin |     | Pins | SPQ  | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
| BQ29200DRBR                             | SON                         | DRB | 8    | 3000 | 346.0       | 346.0      | 33.0        |
| BQ29200DRBT                             | SON                         | DRB | 8    | 250  | 210.0       | 185.0      | 35.0        |
| BQ29209DRBR                             | SON                         | DRB | 8    | 3000 | 346.0       | 346.0      | 33.0        |
| BQ29209DRBT                             | SON                         | DRB | 8    | 250  | 210.0       | 185.0      | 35.0        |



Images above are just a representation of the package family, actual package may vary. Refer to the product data sheet for package details.

4203482/L





PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



#### NOTES:

- All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.



PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

- 4. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).
- Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.



PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.



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