12-1 加餐 - poll 代码改写

附录:

- 结合 select 代码,将 select server 更改成为 pollserver,不是一件困难的事情
- 测试代码链接: https://gitee.com/whb-helloworld/linux-plus-meal/tree/master/select-demo

```
C++
#pragma once
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include <poll.h>
#include <memory>
#include "Log.hpp"
#include "Socket.hpp"
using namespace Net_Work;
const static int gdefaultport = 8888;
const static int gbacklog = 8;
const int gnum = 1024;
class PollServer
private:
   void HandlerEvent()
       for (int i = 0; i < _num; i++)
       {
           if (_rfds[i].fd == -1)
               continue;
           // 合法的 sockfd
           // 读事件分两类,一类是新连接到来。 一类是新数据到来
           int fd = _rfds[i].fd;
            short revents = _rfds[i].revents;
           if (revents & POLLIN)
            {
```

```
// 新连接到来了
              if (fd == _listensock->GetSockFd())
                  lg.LogMessage(Info, "get a new link\n");
                  // 获取连接
                  std::string clientip;
                  uint16_t clientport;
                  // 不会阻塞!!,因为 select 已经检测到了
listensock 已经就绪了
                  int sock = listensock-
>AcceptConnection(&clientip, &clientport);
                  if (sock == -1)
                      lg.LogMessage(Error, "accept error\n");
                      continue;
                  }
                  lg.LogMessage(Info, "get a client, client info
is# %s:%d, fd: %d\n", clientip.c_str(), clientport, sock);
                  // 这里已经获取连接成功了,接下来怎么办???
                  // read? write? 绝对不能!!! read 底层数据是否就
绪时不确定的! 谁清楚 fd 上面是否有读事件呢? poll!
                  // 新链接 fd 到来的时候,要把新的 fd,想办法交给
poll 托管 -- 只需要添加到数组_rfds 中即可
                  int pos = 0;
                  for (; pos < _num; pos++)
                      if (\_rfds[pos].fd == -1)
                         _rfds[pos].fd = sock;
                         _rfds[pos].events = POLLIN;
                         lg.LogMessage(Info, "get a new link,
fd is : %d\n", sock);
                         break;
                  }
                  if (pos == _num)
                  {
                      // 1. 扩容
                      // 2. 关闭
                      close(sock);
                      lg.LogMessage(Warning, "server is
full...!\n");
```

```
}
               }
               else
                   // 普通的读事件就绪
                   // 读数据是有问题的
                   // 这一次读取不会被卡住吗?
                   char buffer[1024];
                   ssize_t n = recv(fd, buffer, sizeof(buffer-1),
0); // 这里读取会阻塞吗? 不会!
                   if (n > 0)
                   {
                       buffer[n] = 0;
                       lg.LogMessage(Info, "client say# %s\n",
buffer);
                       std::string message = "你好呀,少年,";
                       message += buffer;
                       send(fd, message.c_str(), message.size(),
0);
                   }
                   else
                   {
                       lg.LogMessage(Warning, "client quit, maybe
close or error, close fd : %d\n", fd);
                       close(fd);
                       // 取消 poll 的关心
                       _rfds[i].fd = -1;
                       _rfds[i].events = 0;
                       _rfds[i].revents = 0;
       }
   }
public:
   PollServer(int port = gdefaultport) : _port(port),
_listensock(new TcpSocket()), _isrunning(false), _num(gnum)
   {
    }
   void InitServer()
   {
       _listensock->BuildListenSocketMethod(_port, gbacklog);
       _rfds = new struct pollfd[_num];
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < _num; i++)
       {
           _{rfds[i].fd = -1;}
           _rfds[i].events = 0;
           _rfds[i].revents = 0;
       }
       // 最开始的时候,只有一个文件描述符, Listensock
       rfds[0].fd = listensock->GetSockFd();
       _rfds[0].events |= POLLIN;
   }
   void Loop()
   {
       isrunning = true;
       while (_isrunning)
       {
           // 定义时间
           int timeout = -1;
           // rfds 本质是一个输入输出型参数, rfds 是在 select 调用返回
的时候,不断被修改,所以,每次都要重置
           PrintDebug();
           int n = poll(_rfds, _num, timeout);
           switch (n)
           {
           case 0:
               lg.LogMessage(Info, "poll timeout...\n");
               break;
           case -1:
               lg.LogMessage(Error, "poll error!!!\n");
               break;
           default:
               // 正常的就绪的 fd
               lg.LogMessage(Info, "select success, begin event
handler\n");
               HandlerEvent(); // _rfds_array: 3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10 -
> rfds: 4,5,6
               break;
           }
       _isrunning = false;
   }
   void Stop()
   {
       _isrunning = false;
   }
```

```
void PrintDebug()
    {
        std::cout << "current poll fd list is : ";</pre>
        for (int i = 0; i < _num; i++)</pre>
        {
             if (_rfds[i].fd == -1)
                 continue;
             else
                 std::cout << _rfds[i].fd << " ";
        std::cout << std::endl;</pre>
    }
    ~PollServer()
    {
        delete[] _rfds;
    }
private:
    std::unique_ptr<Socket> _listensock;
    int _port;
    int _isrunning;
    struct pollfd *_rfds;
    int _num;
};
```