Basics of video game programming



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What are we talking about?





Script / Code

Not so much differences. When you are visual scripting, you are coding :

- · In a less efficient way (-)
- · Without learning a programming language (+)

Why coding?

 You make video game. The matter you use, the feeling of your games, is computer code.

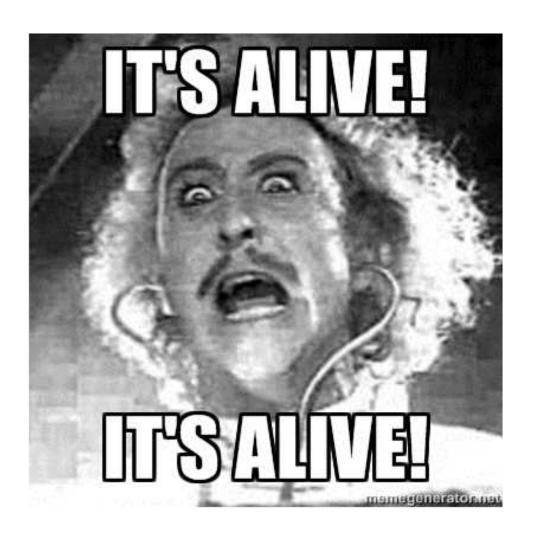


· To prototype your gameplays without depending of anyone



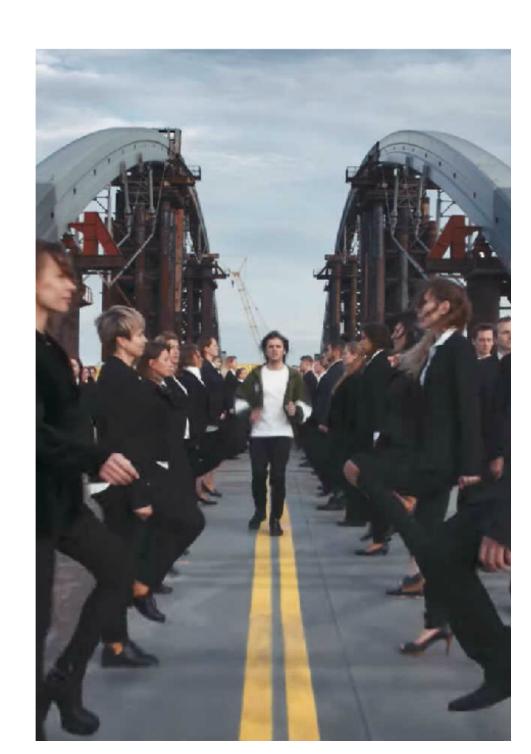


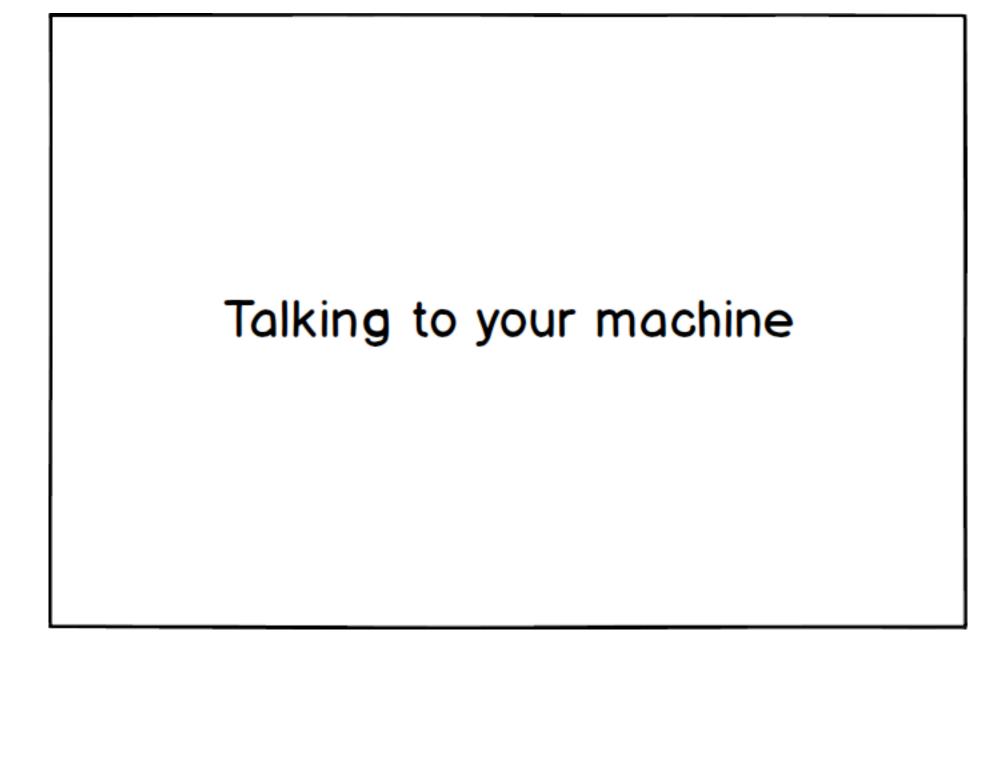
Genesis 1-1: a basic interaction



Basics of a video game

```
window {
   load();
   loop {
      inputs();
      update();
      draw();
   };
```





We will use pygame and the python language

· Install python and pygame: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=50FwfVjuOjs

· Hit F5. Click on the cog to add a launch configuration.

· Your program will launch in the terminal.

•	Cred	te a Basics folder
	Ope	n Visual Studio Code (install it before)
	Open your folder with visual studio code	
Create a main.py file		
		print("hello world")

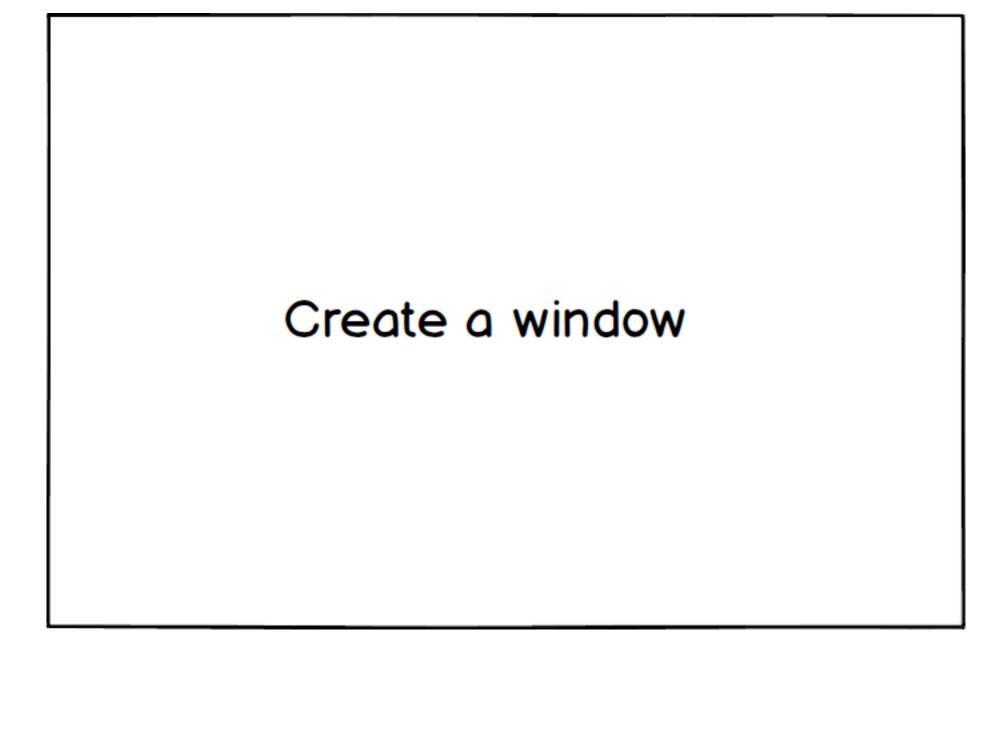
Main function

· Allow python to know this is the starting point of a program

```
def main():
    print("hello world")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

- · Indented code is "inside" the former block
- · Same feature : print "hello world". This structure will be useful later.

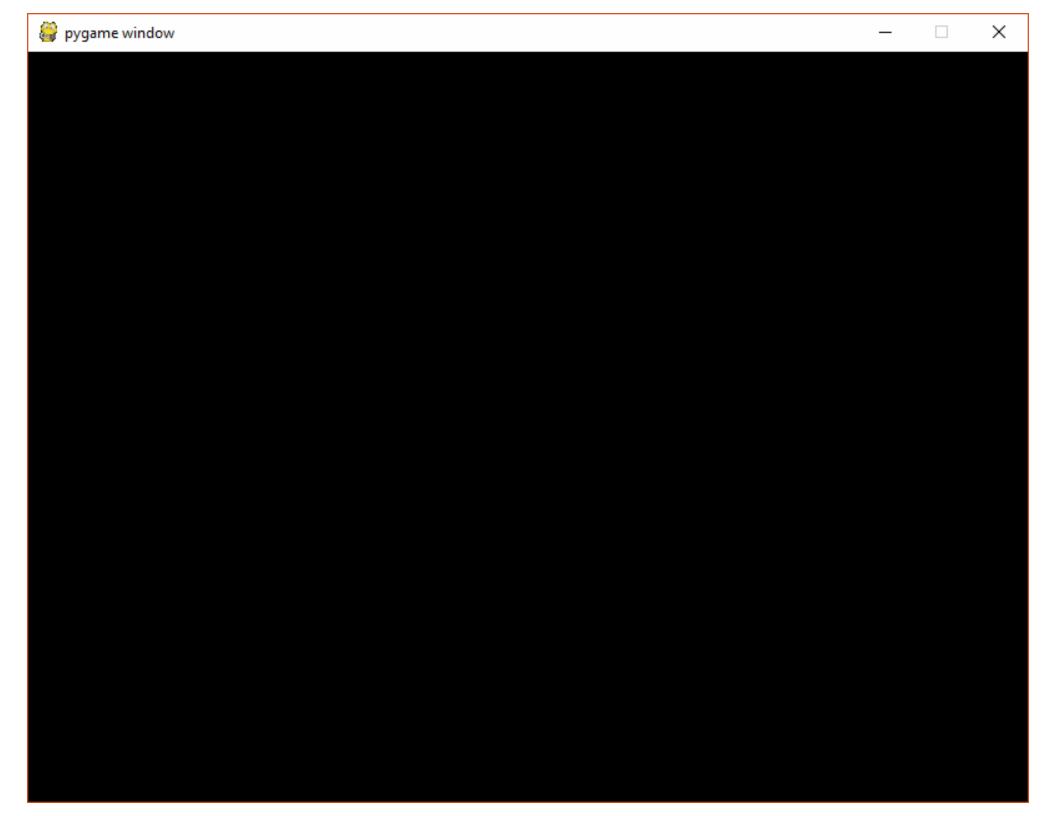


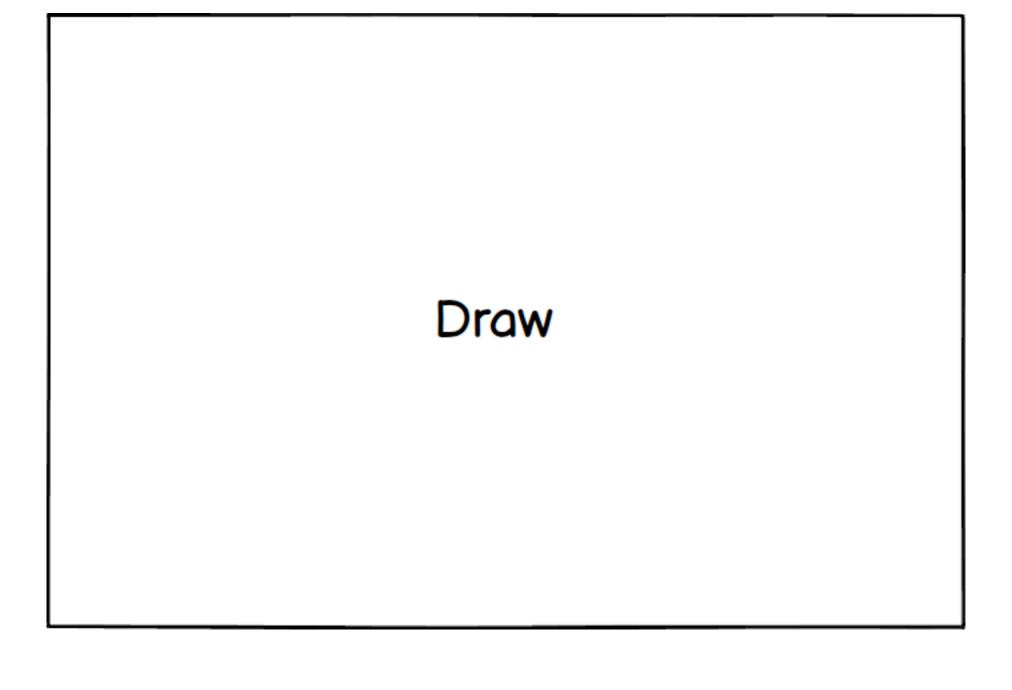
Invoke pygame window

```
import pygame

def main():
    pygame.init()
    screen = pygame.display.set_mode((800, 600))
    # End program
...
```

- · "import" call a module to be used in the code.
- pygame.init() calls the init function of he pygame module
- · "screen = " means we attribute what is on the right part to a variable called screen
- · We create a 800 * 600 window
- · Code starting with # is a comment : not interpreted by the machine





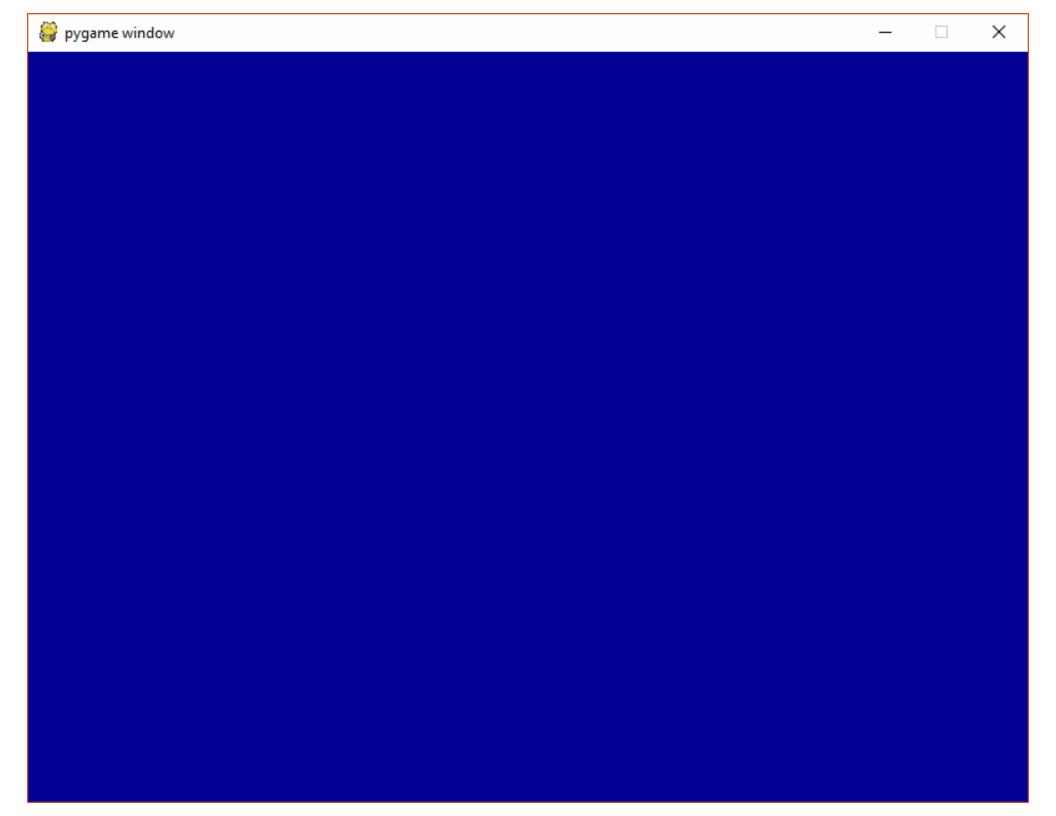
Color in window

· main.py

```
import pygame, time

def main():
    pygame.init()
    screen = pygame.display.set_mode((800, 600))
    screen.fill((0, 0, 150))
    pygame.display.update()
    time.sleep(2) # End program after 2 seconds
```

· Colors are coded with a tuple: 3 values between 0 and 255, representing a melt of Red, Green and Blue



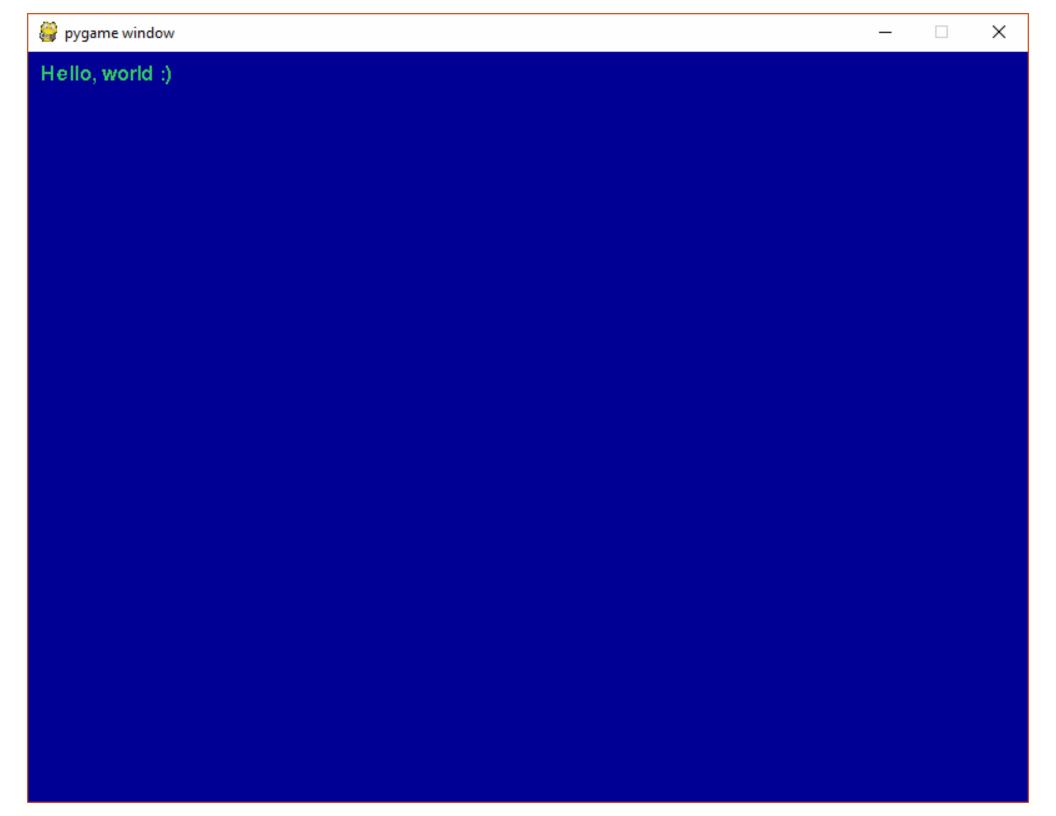
Display text

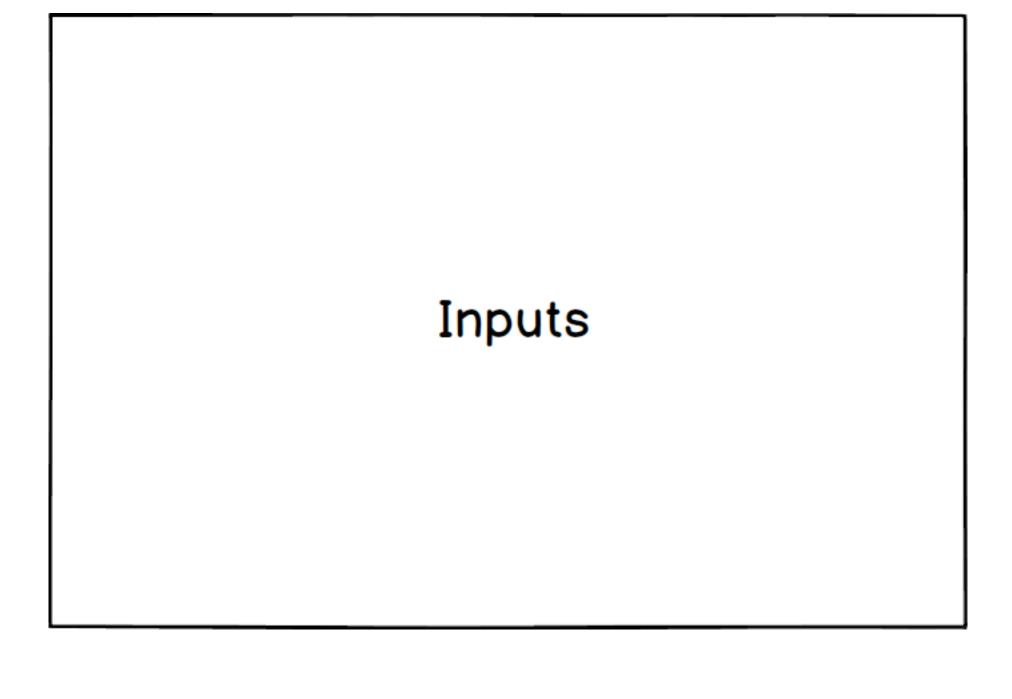
```
def main():
    pygame.init()
    screen = pygame.display.set_mode((800, 600))
    screen.fill((0, 0, 150))

font = pygame.font.Font(None, 24)
    text = font.render("Hello, world :)", False, (50, 200, 100))
    screen.blit(text, (10, 10))

    pygame.display.update()
    time.sleep(2) # End program after 2 seconds
```

- · To display a text, you have to load a font (here default font is used) then to write with this font
- blit function add pixels on a surface. Here we add text pixels on screen surface.
- pygame.display.update() switch the current buffer (double buffering)





Change text when hit a key

```
screen.blit(text, (10, 10))
key = False
for event in pygame.event.get():
  if event.type == pygame.KEYDOWN:
     key = True
if key:
  text = font.render("How are you ?", False, (255, 255, 255))
  screen.blit(text, (10, 10))
pygame.display.update()
```

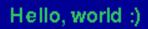
- key = False / key = True : boolean
- Hitting a key is an event. Pygame get all event with pygame.event.get()
- · Events have type. Pressing a keyboard key is triggering the KEYDOWN event.



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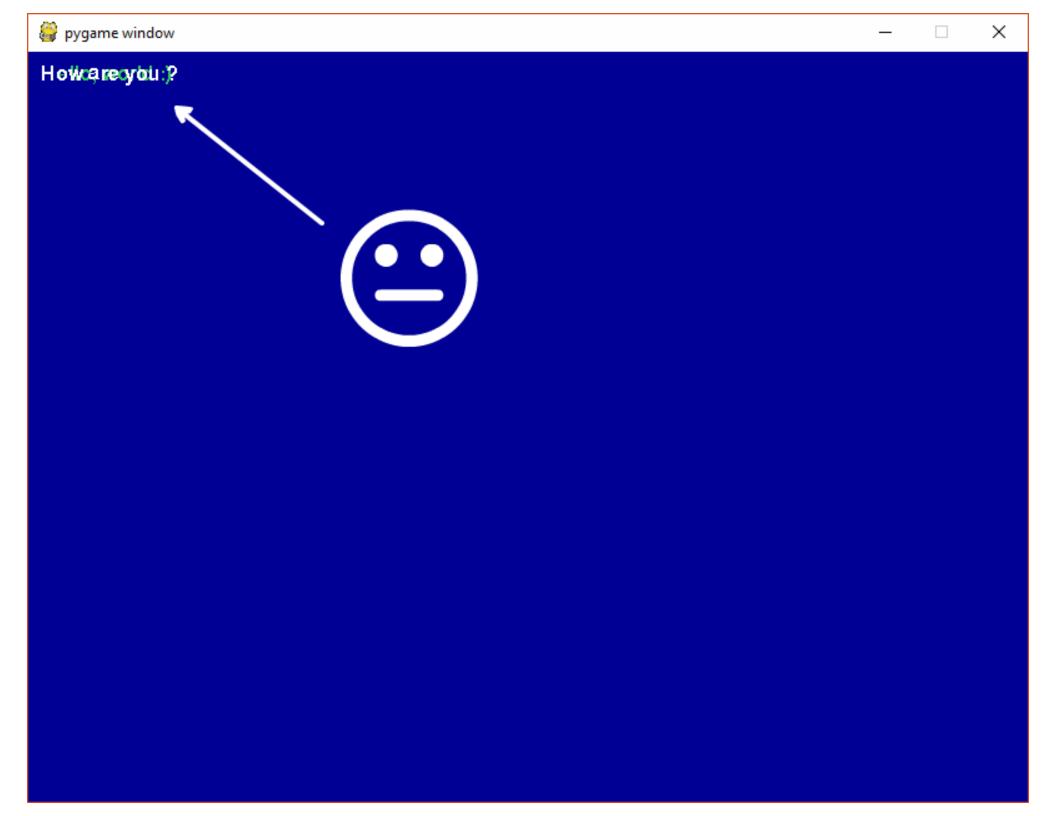


Loop update

A loop is used for real time display

main.js

```
screen.blit(text, (10, 10))
key = False
quit = False
while not(quit):
  for event in pygame.event.get():
     if event.type == pygame.KEYDOWN:
        key = True
  if key:
     text = font.render("How are you ?", False, (255, 255, 255))
     screen.blit(text, (10, 10))
     quit = True _____
                                                   # The loop will end
  pygame.display.update()
```

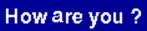


Clean loop

main.js

```
text = font.render("Hello, world:)", False, (50, 200, 100))
                    # No more text blit
key = False
quit = False
while not(quit):
  for event in pygame.event.get():
     if event.type == pygame.KEYDOWN:
        key = True
  if key:
     text = font.render("How are you ?", False, (255, 255, 255))
     quit = True
                                            # Erase screen
  screen.fill((0, 0, 150))
  screen.blit(text, (10, 10))
                                            # Blit text contained in variable
  pygame.display.update()
```





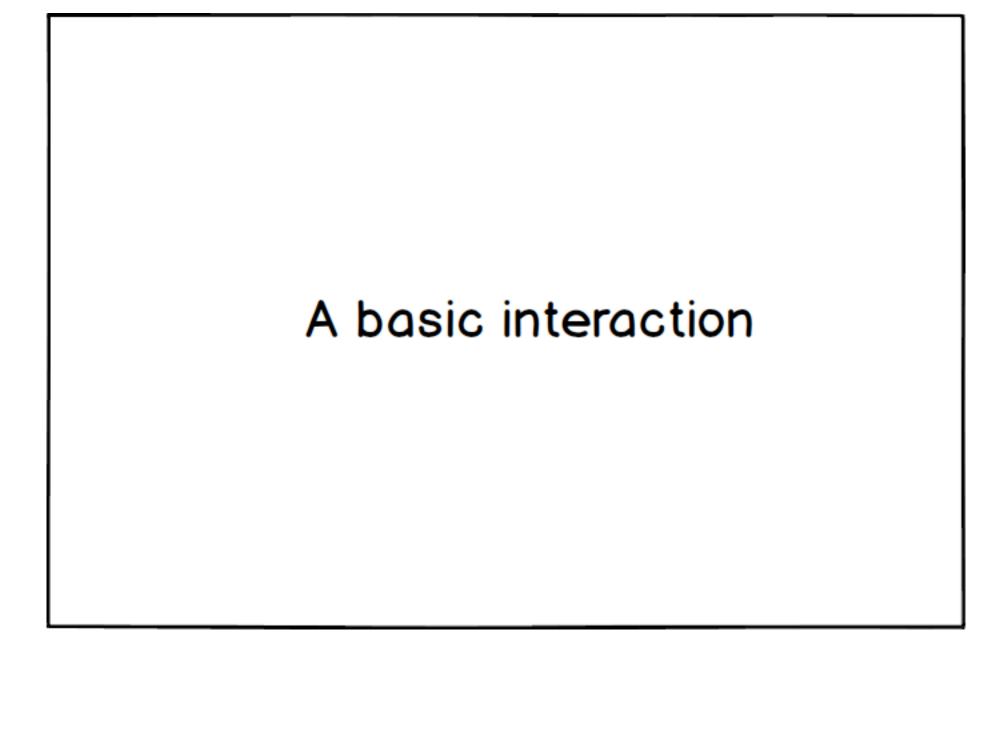


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Handle quit event

```
import pygame, time, sys
for event in pygame.event.get():
       if event.type == pygame.QUIT:
          sys.exit()
       if event.type == pygame.KEYDOWN:
          key = True
```



Final code

```
import pygame, time, sys
def main():
→ # Load
  pygame.init()
  screen = pygame.display.set_mode((800, 600))
  font = pygame.font.Font(None, 24)
  text = font.render("Hello, world:)", False, (50, 200, 100))
  key = False
  quit = False
while not(quit):
   # Inputs
     for event in pygame.event.get():
        if event.type == pygame.QUIT:
          sys.exit()
        if event.type == pygame.KEYDOWN:
          key = True
     # Update
     if key:
       text = font.render("How are you?", False, (255, 255, 255))
        quit = True
    # Draw
     screen.fill((0, 0, 150))
     screen.blit(text, (10, 10))
     pygame.display.update()
  time.sleep(2) # End program after 2 seconds
if _name_ == "__main___":
  main()
```

Basics of a video game

```
window {
   load();
   loop {
  inputs();
       up da
draw
```