sd-1

May 5, 2024

1 SPAM SMS DETECTION

```
[1]: import numpy as np
     import pandas as pd
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import seaborn as sns
     import nltk
     from nltk.corpus import stopwords
     from nltk.stem.porter import PorterStemmer
     nltk.download('stopwords')
     import re
     import sklearn
     from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB
     from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
    [nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to
    [nltk_data]
                     C:\Users\gagan\AppData\Roaming\nltk_data...
    [nltk_data]
                  Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
[2]: sms = pd.read_csv(r'C:/Users/gagan/Downloads/archive (1)/spam.
     ⇔csv',encoding='latin1')
     sms.drop(['Unnamed: 2', 'Unnamed: 3', 'Unnamed: 4'], axis=1, inplace=True)
     sms.head(5)
[2]:
          v1
                                                               v2
     0
        ham Go until jurong point, crazy.. Available only ...
     1
                                   Ok lar... Joking wif u oni...
        ham
     2 spam Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina...
         ham U dun say so early hor... U c already then say...
     3
         ham Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro ...
[3]: sms.head()
[3]:
          v1
        ham Go until jurong point, crazy.. Available only ...
     0
     1
        ham
                                   Ok lar... Joking wif u oni...
     2 spam Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina...
        ham U dun say so early hor... U c already then say...
```

4 ham Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro...

```
[4]: sms.shape
 [4]: (5572, 2)
      sms.drop_duplicates(inplace=True)
 [6]:
      sms.reset_index(drop=True, inplace=True)
 [7]:
      sms.shape
 [7]: (5169, 2)
      sms['v1'].value_counts()
 [9]: v1
              4516
      ham
               653
      spam
      Name: count, dtype: int64
[11]: plt.figure(figsize=(8,5))
      sns.countplot(x='v1', data=sms)
      plt.xlabel('SMS Classification')
      plt.ylabel('Count')
      plt.show()
             4000
             3000
          Count
             2000
             1000
                0
                                  ham
                                                                    spam
                                              SMS Classification
```

1.1 Cleaning the messages

```
[13]: corpus = []
    ps = PorterStemmer()

for i in range(0,sms.shape[0]):
        message = re.sub(pattern='[^a-zA-Z]', repl=' ', string=sms.v2[i])
        message = message.lower()
        words = message.split()
        words = [word for word in words if word not in set(stopwords.
        words('english'))]
        words = [ps.stem(word) for word in words]
        message = ' '.join(words)
        corpus.append(message)
```

1.2 Creating the Bag of Words model

```
[14]: from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
cv = CountVectorizer(max_features=2500)
X = cv.fit_transform(corpus).toarray()
```

1.3 Extracting dependent variable from the dataset

```
[16]: y = pd.get_dummies(sms['v1'])
y = y.iloc[:, 1].values
```

```
[17]: y
```

[17]: array([False, False, True, ..., False, False, False])

1.4 train test split

```
[18]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.20,__
arandom_state=0)
```

1.5 Naive Bayes Classifier

```
[19]: best_accuracy = 0.0
alpha_val = 0.0
for i in np.arange(0.0,1.1,0.1):
    temp_classifier = MultinomialNB(alpha=i)
    temp_classifier.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
temp_y_pred = temp_classifier.predict(X_test)
          score = accuracy_score(y_test, temp_y_pred)
         print("Accuracy score for alpha={} is: {}%".format(round(i,1),__
       round(score*100,2)))
          if score>best_accuracy:
             best accuracy = score
             alpha val = i
     print('-----
                             -----')
     print('The best accuracy is {}% with alpha value as {}'.
       oformat(round(best_accuracy*100, 2), round(alpha_val,1)))
     C:\ProgramData\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\naive bayes.py:629:
     FutureWarning: The default value for `force_alpha` will change to `True` in 1.4.
     To suppress this warning, manually set the value of `force_alpha`.
       warnings.warn(
     C:\ProgramData\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\naive_bayes.py:635:
     UserWarning: alpha too small will result in numeric errors, setting alpha =
     1.0e-10. Use `force_alpha=True` to keep alpha unchanged.
       warnings.warn(
     Accuracy score for alpha=0.0 is: 97.58%
     Accuracy score for alpha=0.1 is: 98.07%
     Accuracy score for alpha=0.2 is: 98.07%
     Accuracy score for alpha=0.3 is: 98.16%
     Accuracy score for alpha=0.4 is: 98.07%
     Accuracy score for alpha=0.5 is: 98.07%
     Accuracy score for alpha=0.6 is: 98.07%
     Accuracy score for alpha=0.7 is: 98.07%
     Accuracy score for alpha=0.8 is: 98.07%
     Accuracy score for alpha=0.9 is: 98.16%
     Accuracy score for alpha=1.0 is: 98.16%
     The best accuracy is 98.16% with alpha value as 0.3
     1.6 Fitting Naive Bayes to the Training set
[20]: classifier = MultinomialNB(alpha=0.1)
     classifier.fit(X_train, y_train)
[20]: MultinomialNB(alpha=0.1)
     1.7 Predicting the Test set results
[21]: y_pred = classifier.predict(X_test)
[22]: y_pred
```

```
[22]: array([False, False, False, ..., False, False, False])
```

1.8 Accuracy Score

```
[23]: acc_s = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)*100
```

```
[24]: print("Accuracy Score {} %".format(round(acc_s,2)))
```

Accuracy Score 98.07 %

1.9 Prediction

```
[25]: def predict_spam(sample_message):
    sample_message = re.sub(pattern='[^a-zA-Z]',repl=' ', string =_
    sample_message)
    sample_message = sample_message.lower()
    sample_message_words = sample_message.split()
    sample_message_words = [word for word in sample_message_words if not word_
    sin set(stopwords.words('english'))]
    ps = PorterStemmer()
    final_message = [ps.stem(word) for word in sample_message_words]
    final_message = ' '.join(final_message)
    temp = cv.transform([final_message]).toarray()
    return classifier.predict(temp)
```

```
[27]: result = ['Wait a minute, this is a SPAM!', 'Ohhh, this is a normal message.']
```

```
[]: #Hi! You are pre-qulified for Premium SBI Credit Card. Also get Rs.500 worth

→ Amazon Gift Card*, 10X Rewards Point* & more. Click

#[Update] Congratulations Nile Yogesh, You account is activated for investment

→ in Stocks. Click to invest now:
```

```
[]: msg = input("Enter the test message: ")
if predict_spam(msg):
    print(result[0])
else:
    print(result[1])
```