12/08/2024, 14:53 linearQueue.c

Experiments/linearQueue.c

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
 2 #define max 100
 3
 4
   int queue[max];
 5
   int front = -1, rear = -1;
 6
7
   void insert(void);
8 int delete(void);
   int peek(void);
9
   int display(void);
10
11
12
   int main()
13
   {
14
        int op;
15
16
        do{
17
            printf("\nMenu");
18
            printf("\n1.Insert\n2.Delete\n3.Peek\n4.Display");
19
            printf("\nEnter your choice: ");
20
            scanf("%d",&op);
21
22
            switch(op){
23
                case 1:
24
                insert();
25
                break;
26
27
                case 2:
28
                delete();
29
                break;
30
                case 3:
31
32
                peek();
33
                break;
34
                case 4:
35
36
                display();
37
                break;
38
39
                default:
40
                printf("\nInvalid Input\n");
41
            }
42
        while(op != 5);
43
44
        return 0;
45
46
   }
47
   void insert(){
48
49
        int val;
50
51
        if(rear == max - 1){
```

```
52
             printf("\n0verflow\n");
53
         }
         else if(front == - 1 && rear == -1){
54
 55
             printf("\nEnter the element: ");
             scanf("%d",&val);
 56
 57
             front = 0;
             queue[++rear] = val;
 58
59
         }
         else{
 60
 61
             printf("\nEnter the element: ");
 62
             scanf("%d",&val);
             queue[++rear] = val;
 63
 64
         }
 65
    }
 66
 67
     int delete(){
 68
         int num;
 69
 70
         if(front == -1 || front > rear){
71
             printf("\nUnderflow\n");
 72
             return -1;
 73
         }
 74
         else{
 75
             num = queue[front];
 76
             front++;
 77
             printf("\nDeleted element: %d\n",num);
 78
 79
         if(front > rear){
80
             front = rear = -1;
 81
         }
 82
    }
 83
 84
     int peek(){
 85
         if(front == -1 || front > rear){
 86
             printf("\nQueue is empty\n");
 87
             return -1;
         }
 88
         else{
 89
 90
             printf("\n%d\n", queue[front]);
 91
         }
 92
    }
 93
 94
     int display(){
 95
         if(front == -1 \&\& rear == -1){
             printf("\nQueue is empty\n");
 96
 97
             return -1;
98
         }
99
         for(int i=front; i<=rear; i++){</pre>
             printf("\n%d",queue[i]);
100
101
102
         printf("\n");
103
    }
104
105 /*
```

12/08/2024, 14:53 linearQueue.c

```
106 cd "/home/gagan/Desktop/Data Structure And Algorithm/Experiments/" && gcc
    linearQueue.c -o linearQueue && "/home/gagan/Desktop/Data Structure And A↔
    lgogagan@computer-ThinkCentre:~/Desktop/Data Structure And Algorithm$ cd
    "/home/gagan/Desktop/Data Structure And Algorithm/Experiments/" && gcc linearQueue.c
    -o linearQueue && "/home/gagan/Desktop/Data Structure And A↔
    lgorithm/Experiments/"linearQueue
107
108
    Menu
109 1.Insert
110 2.Delete
111 3.Peek
112 4.Display
113 | Enter your choice: 1
114
115 Enter the element: 1
116
117
    Menu
118
    1.Insert
119 2.Delete
120 3. Peek
121
    4.Display
122 Enter your choice: 1
123
124
    Enter the element: 45
125
126 Menu
127
    1.Insert
128 2.Delete
129 3. Peek
130
    4.Display
131
    Enter your choice: 1
132
133 Enter the element: 78
134
135
    Menu
136 1.Insert
137
    2.Delete
138
    3.Peek
139
    4.Display
140
    Enter your choice: 1
141
142
    Enter the element: 9
143
144
    Menu
145
   1.Insert
146 2.Delete
147
    3.Peek
148 4.Display
149
    Enter your choice: 3
150
151
    1
152
153
    Menu
```

154 1.Insert

192 | 45 193 |

200 */

194 Menu195 1.Insert196 2.Delete197 3.Peek198 4.Display

199 Enter your choice: