

Experiments\dfs.c

```
1  #include <stdio.h>
2  #include <stdlib.h>
3  #include <stdbool.h>
4
5  // Structure for a node in the adjacency list
6  struct Node {
7      int data;
8      struct Node* next;
9  };
10
11 // Structure for the adjacency list
12 struct List {
13     struct Node* head;
14 };
15
16 // Structure for the graph
17 struct Graph {
18     int vertices;
19     struct List* array;
20 };
21
22 // Function to create a new node
23 struct Node* createNode(int data) {
24     struct Node* newNode = (struct Node*)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
25     newNode->data = data;
26     newNode->next = NULL;
27     return newNode;
28 }
29
30 // Function to create a graph with a given number of vertices
31 struct Graph* createGraph(int vertices) {
32     struct Graph* graph = (struct Graph*)malloc(sizeof(struct Graph));
33     graph->vertices = vertices;
34     graph->array = (struct List*)malloc(vertices * sizeof(struct List));
35     for (int i = 0; i < vertices; i++) {
36         graph->array[i].head = NULL;
37     }
38     return graph;
39 }
40
41 // Function to add an edge to the graph
42 void addEdge(struct Graph* graph, int src, int dest) {
43     struct Node* newNode = createNode(dest);
44     newNode->next = graph->array[src].head;
45     graph->array[src].head = newNode;
46
47     // Uncomment the following code to make the graph undirected
48     /*
```

```
49     newNode = createNode(src);
50     newNode->next = graph->array[dest].head;
51     graph->array[dest].head = newNode;
52     */
53 }
54
55 // Function to perform Depth First Search (DFS) from a given vertex
56 void DFS(struct Graph* graph, int vertex, bool visited[]) {
57     visited[vertex] = true;
58     printf("%d ", vertex);
59
60     struct Node* currentNode = graph->array[vertex].head;
61     while (currentNode) {
62         int adjacentVertex = currentNode->data;
63         if (!visited[adjacentVertex]) {
64             DFS(graph, adjacentVertex, visited);
65         }
66         currentNode = currentNode->next;
67     }
68 }
69
70 // Function to perform DFS traversal from a given vertex in a specified order
71 void DFSTraversal(struct Graph* graph, int* order, int orderSize) {
72     bool* visited = (bool*)malloc(graph->vertices * sizeof(bool));
73     for (int i = 0; i < graph->vertices; i++) {
74         visited[i] = false;
75     }
76
77     for (int i = 0; i < orderSize; i++) {
78         if (!visited[order[i]]) {
79             DFS(graph, order[i], visited);
80         }
81     }
82
83     free(visited);
84 }
85
86 int main() {
87     int vertices = 4;
88     struct Graph* graph = createGraph(vertices);
89     addEdge(graph, 2, 0);
90     addEdge(graph, 0, 2);
91     addEdge(graph, 1, 2);
92     addEdge(graph, 0, 1);
93     addEdge(graph, 3, 3);
94     addEdge(graph, 1, 3);
95
96     int order[] = {2, 0, 1, 3};
97     int orderSize = sizeof(order) / sizeof(order[0]);
98 }
```

```
99     printf("Following is Depth First Traversal (starting from vertex 2):\n");
100     DFSTraversal(graph, order, orderSize);
101
102     return 0;
103 }
104 /*
105 Output:
106 PS C:\Users\gagan\Documents\Data_Structure_And_Algorithm> cd
   "c:\Users\gagan\Documents\Data_Structure_And_Algorithm\Experiments\" ; if ($?) { gcc dfs.c -o
   dfs } ; if ($?) { .\dfs }
107 Following is Depth First Traversal (starting from vertex 2):
108 2 0 1 3
109 */
```