File_3

- 1. (d) Collinearity
- 2. (b) Random Forest
- 3. (c) Decision tree are prone to overfit
- 4. (c) Training Data
- 5. (b) Classification
- 6. (c) Case based
- 7. (d) Both a and b
- 8. (b) Calculate the distance of test case for all training cases.
- 9. (d) 4
- 10. (b) Naïve bayes.
- 11. (c) Neither feature nor number of groups is known Unsupervised machine learning
- 12. (b) SVG
- 13. (c) Both and b
- 14. (a) Reinforcement Learning
- 15. (c) Mean absolute error
- 16. (b) Linear, binary

- 17. (a) Supervised machine learning
- 18. (a) Euclidean distance
- 19. (c) removing columns with dissimilar data trends.
- 20. (a) output attribute
- 21. (a) SVM allows very low error in classification.
- 22. (c) 2 and 3
- 23. (b) $6/10 \log(6/10) + 4/10 \log(4/10)$.
- 24. (c) the solution algorithm is simpler.
- 25. (a) Perceptron and logistic regression.
- 26. (d) Either 2 or 3.
- 27. (c) increase by 125 pound.
- 28. (a) Pass through as many points as possible.
- 29. (c) As the value of one attribute decreases the value of the second attribute increases.
- 30. (a) Multi Layer Perceptron.