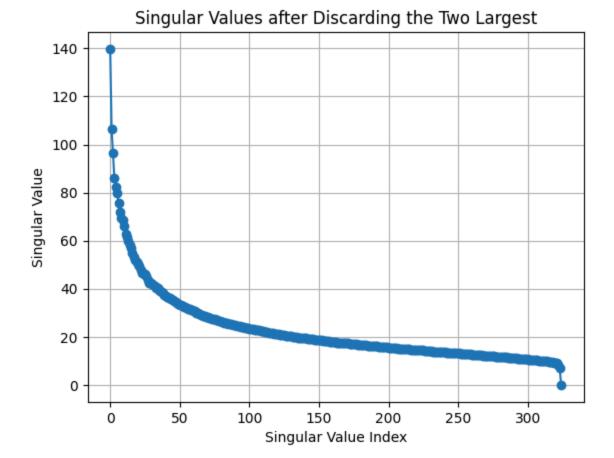
Homework 11

Submission by Gagan Ullas Nirgun, Viswadeep Mallarapu Bhaskar

1 (a)

```
In [16]: import numpy as np
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         from PIL import Image
         import zipfile
         import io
In [17]: bird_img = np.array(Image.open('bird128.png')) / 255.0
In [18]: with zipfile.ZipFile('horses.zip', 'r') as zip_ref:
             zip_ref.extractall('horses')
         horse images = []
         for i in range(1, 329):
             try:
                 horse_path = f'horses/horse{i:03d}.png'
                 horse_img = (np.array(Image.open(horse_path)) / 255.0).flatten()
                 horse_images.append(horse_img)
             except IOError:
                 print(f"File Not found :horse{i:03d}.png")
         horse images mat=np.array(horse images)
         mean_horse_images_mat=np.mean(horse_images_mat, axis=0)
         horse_images_mat = horse_images_mat - mean_horse_images_mat
         File Not found :horse318.png
In [19]: U, S, V = np.linalg.svd(horse_images_mat, full_matrices=False)
In [20]: S1=S[2:]
         # Plot the remaining singular values
         plt.plot(S1, marker='o')
         plt.title('Singular Values after Discarding the Two Largest')
         plt.xlabel('Singular Value Index')
         plt.ylabel('Singular Value')
         plt.grid(True)
         plt.show()
```



1 (b)

```
In [21]: horse_projected = np.dot(horse_images_mat, V.T[:, :2])
In [22]: plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
    plt.scatter(horse_projected[:, 0], horse_projected[:, 1],alpha=0.5, color='blue', label='Horses')
    plt.title('Projection of Horses onto 2D Plane')
    plt.xlabel('First Principal Component')
    plt.ylabel('Second Principal Component')
    plt.grid(True)
    plt.show()
```

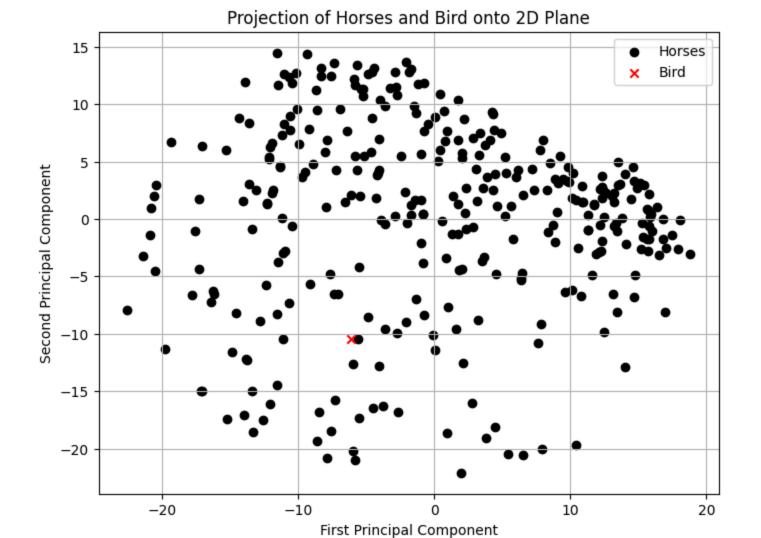
Projection of Horses onto 2D Plane 15 10 5 -15 -20 -10 0 10 20

First Principal Component

1 (C)

```
In [23]: bird_mean_centered = bird_img.flatten() - mean_horse_images_mat
    bird_projected = np.dot(bird_mean_centered, V.T[:, :2])

In [24]: plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
    plt.scatter(horse_projected[:, 0], horse_projected[:, 1], color='black', label='Horses')
    plt.scatter(bird_projected[0], bird_projected[1], color='red', marker='x', label='Bird')
    plt.title('Projection of Horses and Bird onto 2D Plane')
    plt.xlabel('First Principal Component')
    plt.ylabel('Second Principal Component')
    plt.legend()
    plt.grid(True)
    plt.show()
```

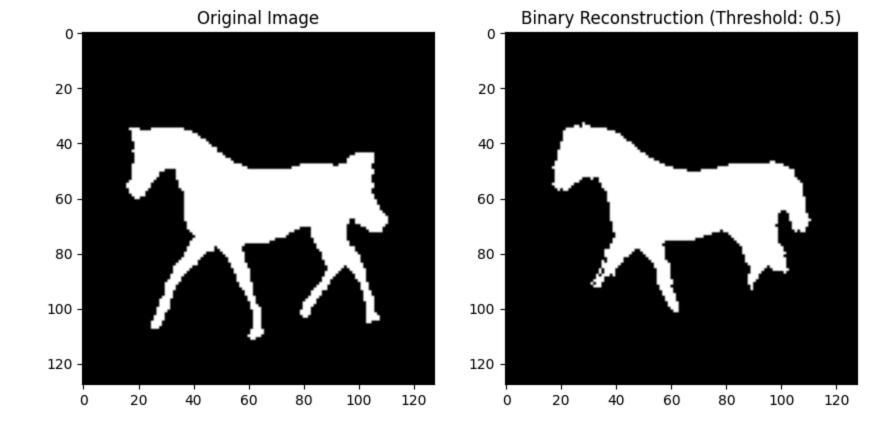


1 (d)

```
In [25]: horse_img = np.array(Image.open('horses/horse060.png')) / 255.0
horse_img_flat = horse_img.flatten()
reconstructed_img = np.dot(horse_img_flat - mean_horse_images_mat , V[:20, :].T)
reconstructed_img = np.dot(reconstructed_img, V[:20, :])
reconstructed_img = reconstructed_img + mean_horse_images_mat
reconstructed_img = (reconstructed_img >= 0.5).astype(np.uint8) * 255
reconstructed_img = reconstructed_img.reshape(horse_img.shape)
plt.figure(figsize=[10, 5))
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.imshow(horse_img, cmap='gray')
plt.title('Original Image')

plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.imshow(reconstructed_img, cmap='gray')
plt.title('Binary Reconstructed_img, cmap='gray')
plt.title('Binary Reconstruction (Threshold: 0.5)')

plt.show()
```



1 (e)

```
In [26]: bird_img = np.array(Image.open('bird128.png')) / 255.0

bird_img_flat = bird_img.flatten()

reconstructed_img = np.dot(bird_img_flat - mean_horse_images_mat , V(:20, :].T)

reconstructed_img = np.dot(reconstructed_img, V(:20, :])

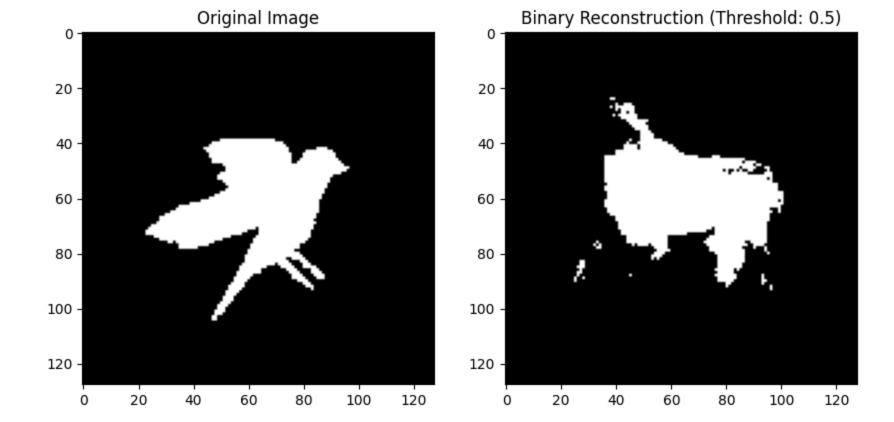
reconstructed_img = reconstructed_img + mean_horse_images_mat

reconstructed_img = (reconstructed_img >= 0.5).astype(np.uint8) * 255

reconstructed_img = reconstructed_img.reshape(bird_img.shape)

plt.figure(figsize=[10, 5))
 plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
 plt.imshow(bird_img, cmap='gray')
 plt.title('Original Image')

plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
 plt.imshow(reconstructed_img, cmap='gray')
 plt.title('Binary Reconstruction (Threshold: 0.5)')
 plt.show()
```



1 (f)

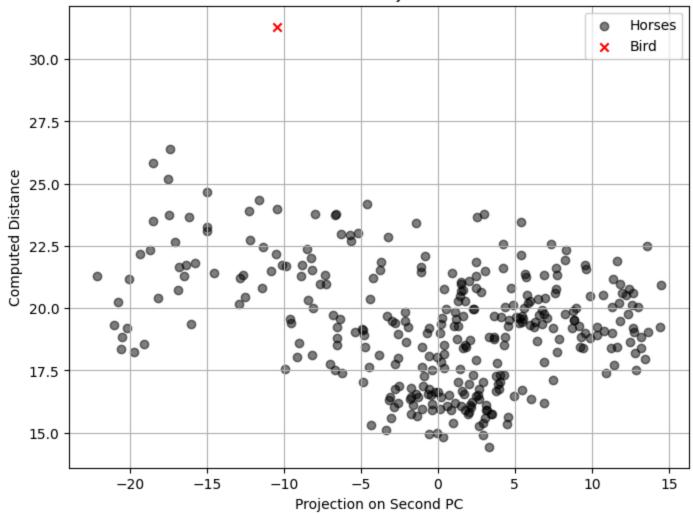
```
In [27]: horse_projected = np.dot(horse_images_mat, V.T[:, :32])

bird_projected = np.dot(bird_img_flat - mean_horse_images_mat, V.T[:, :32])

horse_distances = np.linalg.norm(horse_images_mat - np.dot(horse_projected, V[:32, :]), axis=1)
bird_distance = np.linalg.norm(bird_img_flat - mean_horse_images_mat - np.dot(bird_projected, V[:32, :]))

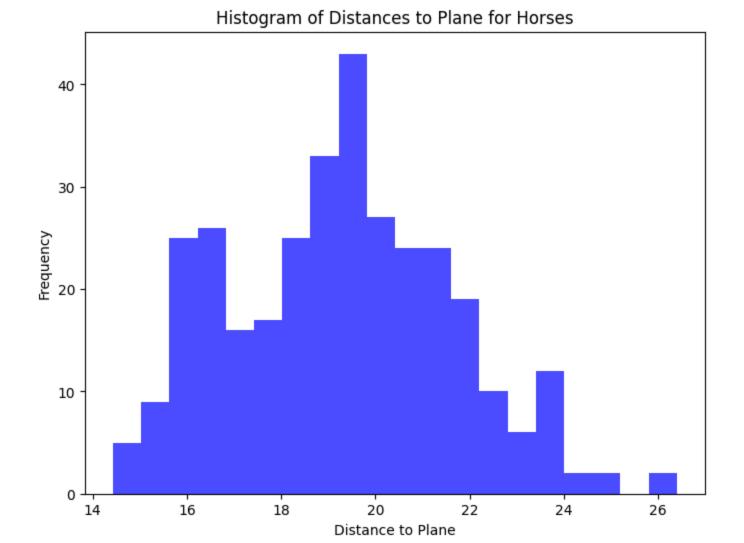
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
plt.scatter(horse_projected[:, 1], horse_distances, color='black', alpha=0.5, label='Horses')
plt.scatter(bird_projected[1], bird_distance, color='red', marker='x', label='Bird')
plt.title('Distances to Plane vs Projection on Second PC')
plt.xlabel('Projection on Second PC')
plt.ylabel('Computed Distance')
plt.grid(True)
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```

Distances to Plane vs Projection on Second PC



1 (g)

```
In [28]: plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
  plt.hist(horse_distances, bins=20, color='blue', alpha=0.7)
  plt.title('Histogram of Distances to Plane for Horses')
  plt.xlabel('Distance to Plane')
  plt.ylabel('Frequency')
  plt.show()
```



In []: