Homework 6

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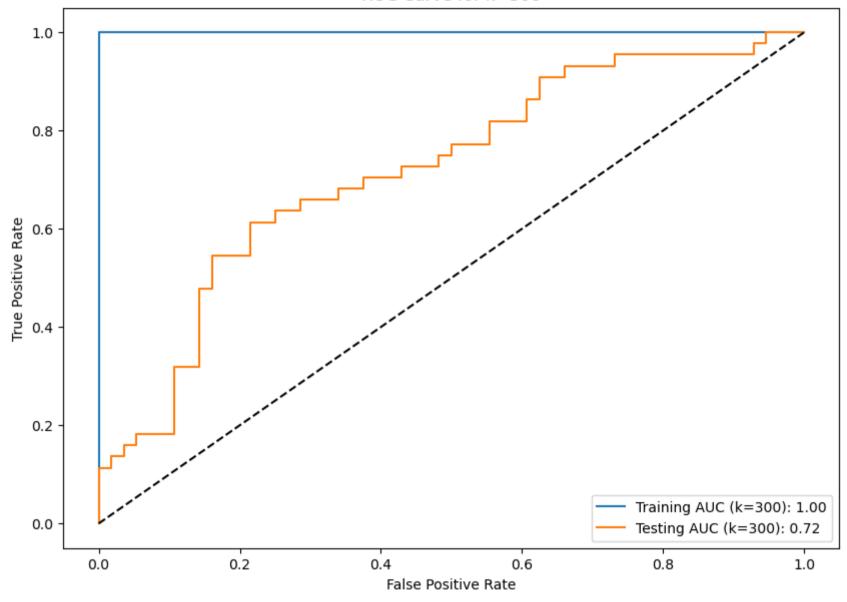
1 a

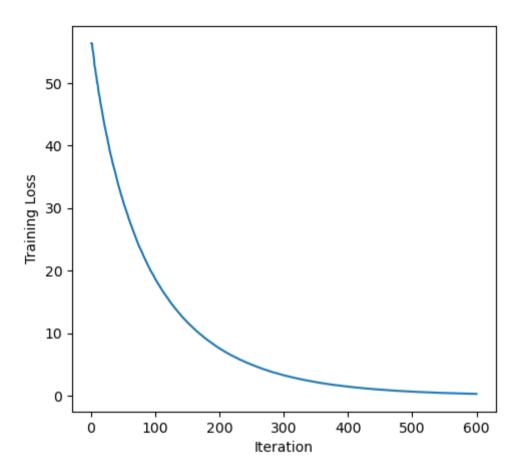
```
In [2]: import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from sklearn.metrics import roc curve, roc auc score
        from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
In [6]: def logistic_regression_scaled(X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test, k_values, learning_rate=0.1, regularization_strength=
            scaler = StandardScaler()
            X train scaled = scaler.fit transform(X train)
            X test scaled = scaler.transform(X test)
            ones train = np.ones(X train scaled.shape[0])
            ones test = np.ones(X test scaled.shape[0])
            train data = np.insert(X train scaled, 0, ones train, axis=1)
            test data = np.insert(X test scaled, 0, ones test, axis=1)
            N train = train data.shape[0]
            M train = train data.shape[1]
            loss list = []
            error train list = []
            error test list = []
            results list = []
            for k in k values:
                X train copy = train data.copy()
                X_test_copy = test_data.copy()
                beta = np.zeros(M train)
                for in range(0, k):
```

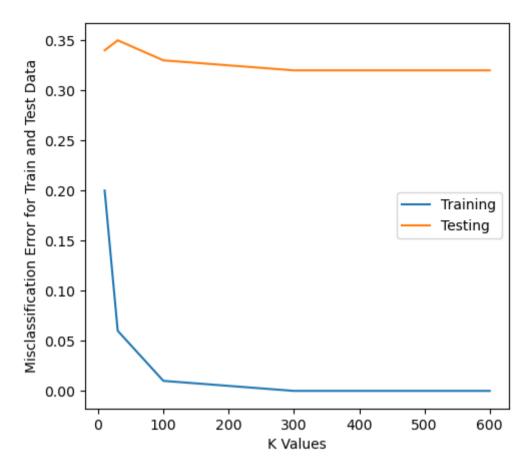
```
l pred = np.dot(X train copy, beta)
   prob = 1.0 / (1.0 + np.exp(-2 * l pred))
   weights = prob * (1.0 - prob)
   resid = 0.5 * (v train + 1) - prob
   resid[weights == 0] = 0
   resid[weights != 0] = resid[weights != 0]
   / weights [weights != 0]
   coeff = np.zeros((2. M train - 1))
   new loss = np.zeros(M train - 1)
   for j in range(0, M train - 1):
       X j = X train copy[:, j + 1]
       sum w = np.sum(weights)
       sum w X j = np.sum(weights * X j)
       sum w X j squared = np.sum(weights * X j ** 2)
       sum w residual = np.sum(weights * resid)
       sum w X j residual = np.sum(weights * X j * resid)
       if (sum w * sum w X j squared - sum w X j ** 2) == 0:
           beta j = np.array([sum w residual / sum w, 0])
       else:
            beta_j = np.array([sum_w_X_j_squared *
                               sum w residual - sum w X i *
                               sum w X j residual, sum w *
                               sum w X j residual - sum w X j
                               * sum w residual]) /
            (sum w * sum w X j squared - sum w X j ** 2)
       l pred j = l pred + 0.5 * (beta j[0] + beta j[1] * X j)
       loss j = np.sum(np.log(1 + np.exp(-2 * y train * l pred j)))
       coeff[:, j] = beta j
       new loss[j] = loss j
   min loss index = np.argmin(new loss)
   beta[0] = beta[0] + learning rate *
   (0.5 * coeff[0, min loss index] - regularization strength * beta[0])
   beta[min loss index + 1] = beta[min loss index + 1]
   + learning rate * (0.5 * coeff[1][min loss index] - regularization strength
                       * beta[min loss index + 1])
   if k == k \text{ values}[-1]:
       loss list.append(new loss[min loss index])
l pred train = np.dot(X train copy, beta)
```

```
pred train = np.where(l pred train > 0.0, 1, -1)
    error train = 1 - np.mean(pred train == y train)
    error train list.append(error train)
    l pred test = np.dot(X test copy, beta)
    pred test = np.where(l pred test > 0.0, 1, -1)
   error test = 1 - np.mean(pred test == v test)
    error test list.append(error test)
    results list.append({"k": k, "Training Errors": error train,
                        "TestErrors": error test})
    if k == 300:
        p train 300 = l pred train
        pred train 300 = pred train
        p test 300 = 1 pred test
        pred train 300 = pred test
        # Calculate ROC curve and ROC area for training
       train_fpr_300, train_tpr_300, _ = roc_curve(y_train, p_train_300)
       train auc 300 = roc auc score(y train, p train 300)
       # Calculate ROC curve and ROC area for testing
       test fpr 300, test tpr 300, = roc curve(y test, p test 300)
       test auc 300 = roc auc score(y test, p test 300)
       # Plot ROC curves
        plt.figure(figsize=(10, 7))
       plt.plot(train fpr 300, train tpr 300,
                 label=f'Training AUC (k=300): {train auc 300:.2f}')
       plt.plot(test fpr 300, test tpr 300,
                 label=f'Testing AUC (k=300): {test auc 300:.2f}')
       plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], 'k--') # Dashed diagonal
       plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
       plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
        plt.title('ROC Curve for k=300')
       plt.legend(loc="lower right")
        plt.show()
results df = pd.concat([pd.DataFrame(result, index=[0])
                        for result in results_list], ignore_index=True)
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 5))
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
```

```
plt.plot(range(1, 601), loss list)
    plt.xlabel('Iteration')
    plt.ylabel('Training Loss')
    plt.show()
    plt.figure(figsize=(12, 5))
    plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
    plt.plot(k values, error train list, label='Training')
    plt.plot(k values, error test list, label='Testing')
    plt.xlabel('K Values')
    plt.vlabel('Misclassification Error for Train and Test Data')
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
    return results df
# Load data
X train data = np.loadtxt("/Users/gaganullas19/Documents/Spring2024/AppliedMachineLearning/Homework 6/arcene/arcene ti
v train labels = np.loadtxt("/Users/gaganullas19/Documents/Spring2024/AppliedMachineLearning/Homework 6/arcene/arcene
X test data = np.loadtxt("/Users/gaganullas19/Documents/Spring2024/AppliedMachineLearning/Homework 6/arcene/arcene val
y test labels = np.loadtxt("/Users/gaganullas19/Documents/Spring2024/AppliedMachineLearning/Homework 6/arcene/arcene v
# Define values of k
k values = [10, 30, 100, 300, 600]
# Call the logistic regression function with feature scaling
results df scaled = logistic regression scaled(X train data, y train labels,
                                               X test data, y test labels, k values)
print("Misclassification Error for Train and Test Data:")
print(results df scaled)
```







Misclassification Error for Train and Test Data:

	k	Training	Errors	TestErrors
0	10		0.20	0.34
1	30		0.06	0.35
2	100		0.01	0.33
3	300		0.00	0.32
4	600		0.00	0.32

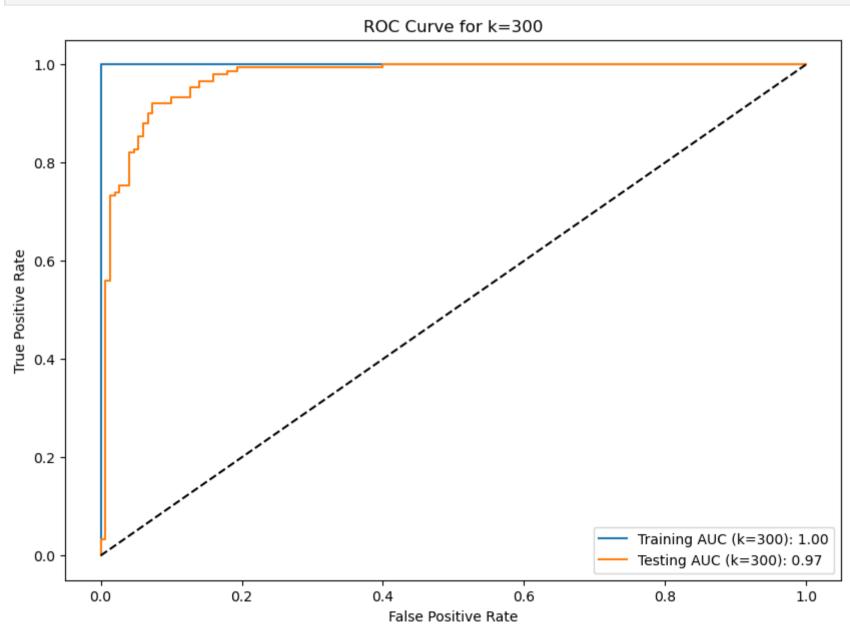
1 b

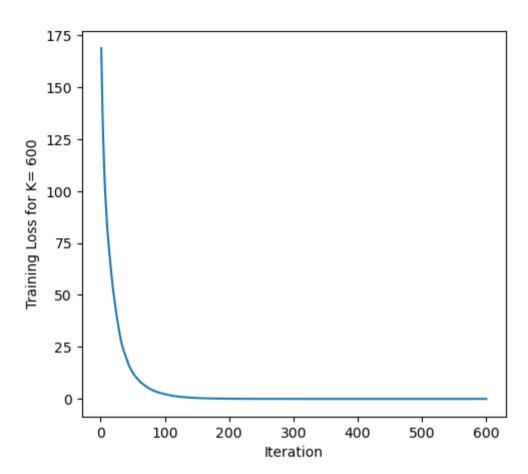
```
In [5]: def logistic_regression_logit(X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test, k_values):
    ones_train = np.ones(X_train.shape[0])
    ones_test = np.ones(X_test.shape[0])
    train_data = np.insert(X_train, 0, ones_train, axis=1)
```

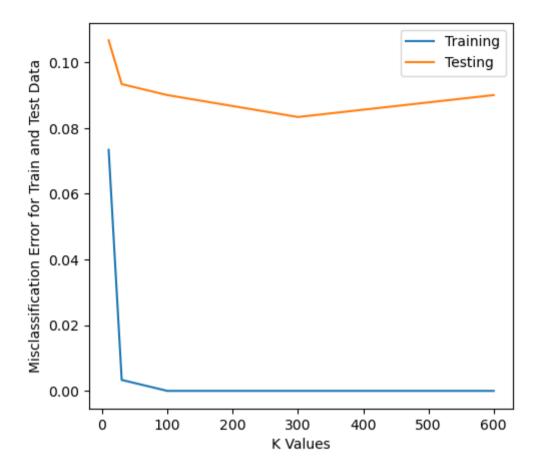
```
test data = np.insert(X test, 0, ones test, axis=1)
N train = train data.shape[0]
M train = train data.shape[1]
loss list = []
error train list = []
error test list = []
results list = []
p train 300 = None
pred train 300 = None
for k in k values:
    X train copy = train data.copy()
    X test copy = test data.copy()
    beta = np.zeros(M train)
    for in range(0, k):
        l pred = np.dot(X train copy, beta)
        probability = 1.0 / (1.0 + np.exp(-2 * l pred))
        weights = probability * (1.0 - probability)
        residual = 0.5 * (y train + 1) - probability
        residual[weights == 0] = 0
        residual[weights != 0] = residual[weights != 0]
        / weights [weights != 0]
        coeff = np.zeros((2, M train - 1))
        new loss = np.zeros(M train - 1)
        for j in range(0, M train - 1):
            X j = X train copy[:, j + 1]
            sum w = np.sum(weights)
            sum w X j = np.sum(weights * X j)
            sum w X j squared = np.sum(weights * X j ** 2)
            sum w residual = np.sum(weights * residual)
            sum w X j residual = np.sum(weights * X j * residual)
            if (sum w * sum w X j squared - sum w X j ** 2) == 0:
                beta j = np.array([sum w residual / sum w, 0])
            else:
                beta_j = np.array([sum_w_X_j_squared *
                                   sum_w_residual - sum_w_X_j * sum_w_X_j_residual, sum_w *
                                   sum_w_X_j_residual - sum_w_X_j * sum_w_residual]) /
                (sum w * sum w X j squared - sum w X j ** 2)
            l pred j = l pred + 0.5 * (beta j[0] + beta j[1] * X j)
```

```
loss j = np.sum(np.log(1 + np.exp(-2 * y train * l pred j)))
        coeff[:, j] = beta j
        new loss[j] = loss j
    min loss index = np.argmin(new loss)
    beta[0] = beta[0] + 0.5 * coeff[0], min loss index
    beta[min loss index + 1] = beta[min loss index + 1]
    + 0.5 * coeff[1][min loss index]
    if k == k \text{ values}[-1]:
        loss list.append(new loss[min loss index])
l pred train = np.dot(X train copy, beta)
pred train = np.where(l pred train > 0.0, 1, -1)
error train = 1 - np.mean(pred train == y train)
error train list.append(error train)
l pred test = np.dot(X test copy, beta)
pred test = np.where(l pred test > 0.0, 1, -1)
error test = 1 - np.mean(pred test == v test)
error test list.append(error test)
results_list.append({"k": k, "Training Errors": error_train,
                     "TestErrors": error test})
if k == 300:
    p train 300 = l pred train
    pred train 300 = pred train
    p test 300 = 1 pred test
    pred train 300 = pred test
    # Calculate ROC curve and ROC area for training
    train_fpr_300, train_tpr_300, _ = roc_curve(y_train, p_train_300)
    train auc 300 = roc auc score(y train, p train 300)
    # Calculate ROC curve and ROC area for testing
    test fpr 300, test tpr 300, = roc curve(y test, p test 300)
    test auc 300 = roc auc score(y test, p test 300)
    # Plot ROC curves
    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 7))
    plt.plot(train fpr 300, train tpr 300,
             label=f'Training AUC (k=300): {train auc 300:.2f}')
    plt.plot(test fpr 300, test tpr 300,
```

```
label=f'Testing AUC (k=300): {test auc 300:.2f}')
            plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], 'k--') # Dashed diagonal
            plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
            plt.vlabel('True Positive Rate')
            plt.title('ROC Curve for k=300')
            plt.legend(loc="lower right")
            plt.show()
    results df = pd.concat([pd.DataFrame(result, index=[0])
                            for result in results list], ignore index=True)
    plt.figure(figsize=(12, 5))
    plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
    plt.plot(range(1, 601), loss list)
    plt.xlabel('Iteration')
    plt.ylabel('Training Loss for K= 600')
    plt.show()
    plt.figure(figsize=(12, 5))
    plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
    plt.plot(k values, error train list, label='Training')
    plt.plot(k values, error test list, label='Testing')
    plt.xlabel('K Values')
    plt.vlabel('Misclassification Error for Train and Test Data')
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
    return results_df
# Load data
X train data = np.genfromtxt("/Users/gaganullas19/Documents/Spring2024/AppliedMachineLearning/Homework 3/dexter/dexter
y train labels = np.genfromtxt("/Users/gaganullas19/Documents/Spring2024/AppliedMachineLearning/Homework 3/dexter/dext
X test data = np.genfromtxt("/Users/gaganullas19/Documents/Spring2024/AppliedMachineLearning/Homework 3/dexter/dexter
y test labels = np.genfromtxt("/Users/gaganullas19/Documents/Spring2024/AppliedMachineLearning/Homework 3/dexter/dexte
# Define values of k
k values = [10, 30, 100, 300, 600]
# Call the logistic regression function
results df = logistic regression logit(X train data, y train labels,
```







Misclassification Error for Train and Test Data:

```
k Training Errors TestErrors
    10
               0.073333
                           0.106667
0
1
   30
               0.003333
                           0.093333
  100
               0.000000
                           0.090000
  300
               0.000000
                           0.083333
  600
               0.000000
                           0.090000
```

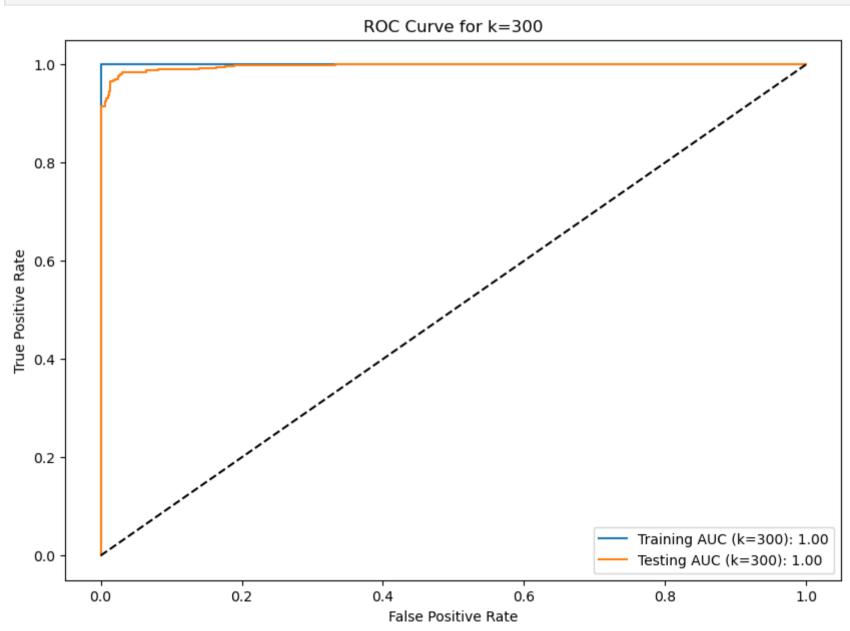
1 C

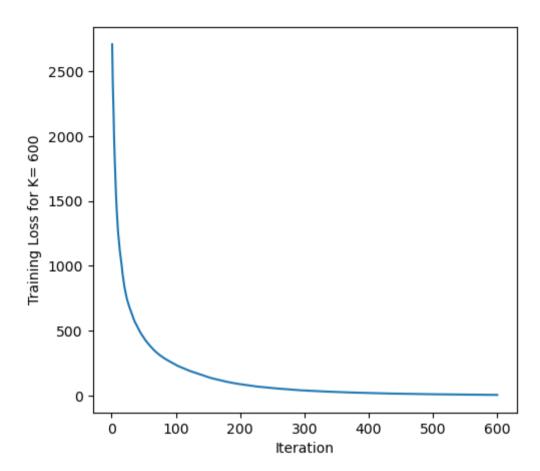
```
In [3]: def logistic_regression_logit(X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test, k_values):
    ones_train = np.ones(X_train.shape[0])
    ones_test = np.ones(X_test.shape[0])
    train_data = np.insert(X_train, 0, ones_train, axis=1)
```

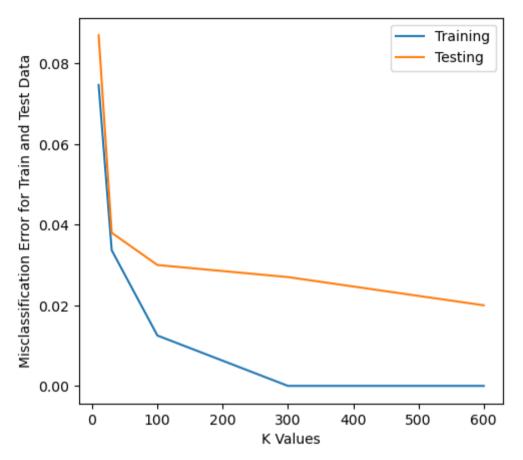
```
test data = np.insert(X test, 0, ones test, axis=1)
N train = train data.shape[0]
M train = train data.shape[1]
loss list = []
error train list = []
error test list = []
results list = []
p train 300 = None
pred train 300 = None
for k in k values:
    X train copy = train data.copy()
    X test copy = test data.copy()
    beta = np.zeros(M train)
    for in range(0, k):
        l pred = np.dot(X train copy, beta)
        probability = 1.0 / (1.0 + np.exp(-2 * l pred))
        weights = probability * (1.0 - probability)
        residual = 0.5 * (y train + 1) - probability
        residual[weights == 0] = 0
        residual[weights != 0] = residual[weights != 0]
        / weights [weights != 0]
        coeff = np.zeros((2, M train - 1))
        new loss = np.zeros(M train - 1)
        for j in range(0, M train - 1):
            X j = X train copy[:, j + 1]
            sum w = np.sum(weights)
            sum w X j = np.sum(weights * X j)
            sum w X j squared = np.sum(weights * X j ** 2)
            sum w residual = np.sum(weights * residual)
            sum w X j residual = np.sum(weights * X j * residual)
            if (sum w * sum w X j squared - sum w X j ** 2) == 0:
                beta j = np.array([sum w residual / sum w, 0])
            else:
                beta_j = np.array([sum_w_X_j_squared *
                                   sum_w_residual - sum_w_X_j * sum_w_X_j_residual,
                                   sum_w * sum_w_X_j_residual - sum_w_X_j * sum_w_residual]) /
                (sum w * sum w X j squared - sum w X j ** 2)
            l pred j = l pred + 0.5 * (beta j[0] + beta j[1] * X j)
```

```
loss j = np.sum(np.log(1 + np.exp(-2 * y train * l pred j)))
        coeff[:, j] = beta j
        new loss[j] = loss j
    min loss index = np.argmin(new loss)
    beta[0] = beta[0] + 0.5 * coeff[0], min loss index
    beta[min loss index + 1] = beta[min loss index + 1] +
    0.5 * coeff[1][min loss index]
    if k == k \text{ values}[-1]:
        loss list.append(new loss[min loss index])
l pred train = np.dot(X train copy, beta)
pred train = np.where(l pred train > 0.0, 1, -1)
error train = 1 - np.mean(pred train == y train)
error train list.append(error train)
l pred test = np.dot(X test copy, beta)
pred test = np.where(l pred test > 0.0, 1, -1)
error test = 1 - np.mean(pred test == v test)
error test list.append(error test)
results_list.append({"k": k, "Training Errors": error_train,
                     "TestErrors": error test})
if k == 300:
    p train 300 = l pred train
    pred train 300 = pred train
    p test 300 = 1 pred test
    pred_train_300 = pred_test
    # Calculate ROC curve and ROC area for training
    train_fpr_300, train_tpr_300, _ = roc_curve(y_train, p_train_300)
    train auc 300 = roc auc score(y train, p train 300)
    # Calculate ROC curve and ROC area for testing
    test fpr 300, test tpr 300, = roc curve(y test, p test 300)
    test auc 300 = roc auc score(y test, p test 300)
    # Plot ROC curves
    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 7))
    plt.plot(train fpr 300, train tpr 300,
             label=f'Training AUC (k=300): {train auc 300:.2f}')
    plt.plot(test fpr 300, test tpr 300,
```

```
label=f'Testing AUC (k=300): {test auc 300:.2f}')
            plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], 'k--') # Dashed diagonal
            plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
            plt.vlabel('True Positive Rate')
            plt.title('ROC Curve for k=300')
            plt.legend(loc="lower right")
            plt.show()
    results df = pd.concat([pd.DataFrame(result, index=[0])
                            for result in results list], ignore index=True)
    plt.figure(figsize=(12, 5))
    plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
    plt.plot(range(1, 601), loss list)
    plt.xlabel('Iteration')
    plt.ylabel('Training Loss for K= 600')
    plt.show()
    plt.figure(figsize=(12, 5))
    plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
    plt.plot(k values, error train list, label='Training')
    plt.plot(k values, error test list, label='Testing')
    plt.xlabel('K Values')
    plt.vlabel('Misclassification Error for Train and Test Data')
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
    return results_df
# Load data
X train data = np.loadtxt("/Users/gaganullas19/Documents/Spring2024/AppliedMachineLearning/Homework 4/Gisette/gisette
y train labels = np.loadtxt("//Users/gaganullas19/Documents/Spring2024/AppliedMachineLearning/Homework 4/Gisette/giset
X test data = np.loadtxt("/Users/gaganullas19/Documents/Spring2024/AppliedMachineLearning/Homework 4/Gisette/gisette \
y test labels = np.loadtxt("/Users/gaganullas19/Documents/Spring2024/AppliedMachineLearning/Homework 4/Gisette/gisette
# Define values of k
k values = [10, 30, 100, 300, 600]
# Call the logistic regression function
results df = logistic regression logit(X train data, y train labels,
```







Misclassification Error for Train and Test Data:

	k	Training Errors	TestErrors
0	10	0.074667	0.087
1	30	0.033667	0.038
2	100	0.012500	0.030
3	300	0.000000	0.027
4	600	0.000000	0.020