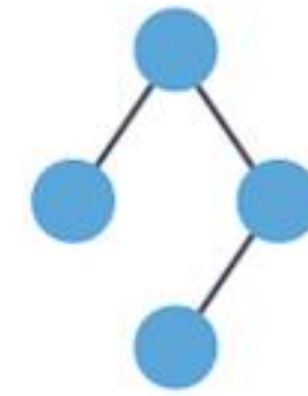


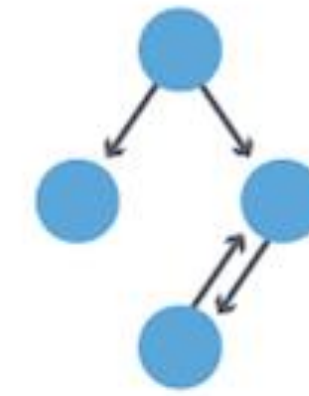
# GRAPHS

- Graphs represent relational data
  - Entities  $\rightarrow$  Nodes:  $u \in \mathcal{V}$ 
    - Node features:  $\mathbf{x}_u \in \mathbb{R}^{d_{\mathcal{V}}}$
  - Relations  $\rightarrow$  Edges:  $(u, v) \in \mathcal{E}$ 
    - Edge features:  $\mathbf{e}_{uv} \in \mathbb{R}^{d_{\mathcal{E}}}$

Undirected

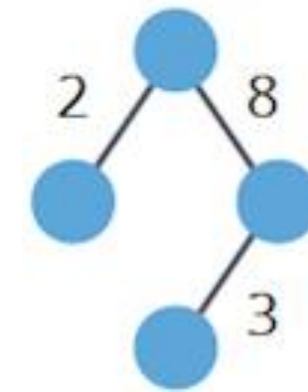


Directed

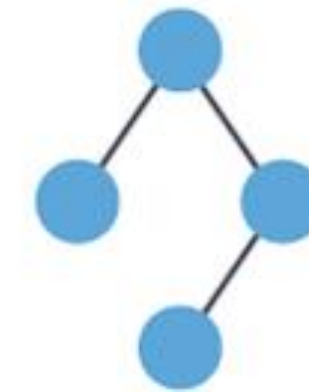


Directed edges specify an incoming and outgoing node

Weighted



Unweighted



Edge features might be weights or otherwise more complicated attributes

Sparse



Dense

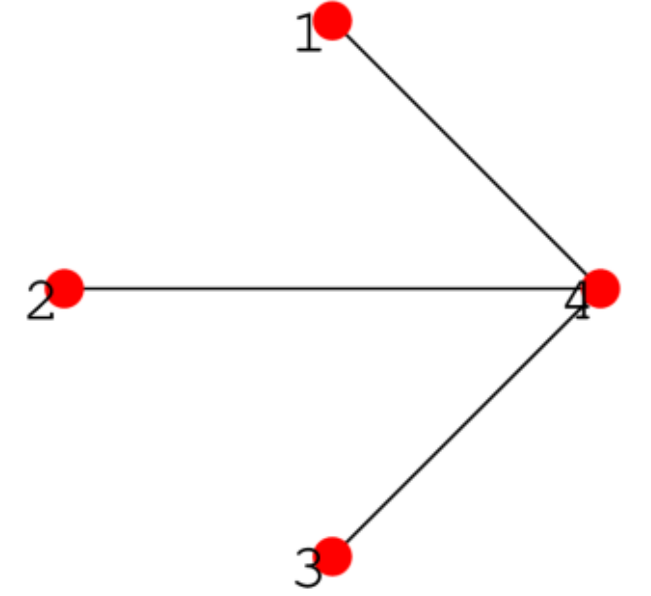


Sparsity is problem-dependent... roughly, sparse if  $|\mathcal{E}| \ll |\mathcal{V}|^2$

# EDGE REPRESENTATIONS

- Graphs represent relational data
  - Entities  $\rightarrow$  Nodes:  $u \in \mathcal{V}$ 
    - Node features:  $\mathbf{x}_u \in \mathbb{R}^{d_v}$
  - Relations  $\rightarrow$  Edges:  $(u, v) \in \mathcal{E}$ 
    - Edge features:  $\mathbf{e}_{uv} \in \mathbb{R}^{d_e}$

## Edge Representations



### Adjacency Matrices

$$A_{adjacency} \in \mathbb{R}^{|\mathcal{V}| \times |\mathcal{V}|}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

### Incidence Matrices

$$A_{incidence} \in \mathbb{R}^{|\mathcal{V}| \times |\mathcal{E}|}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

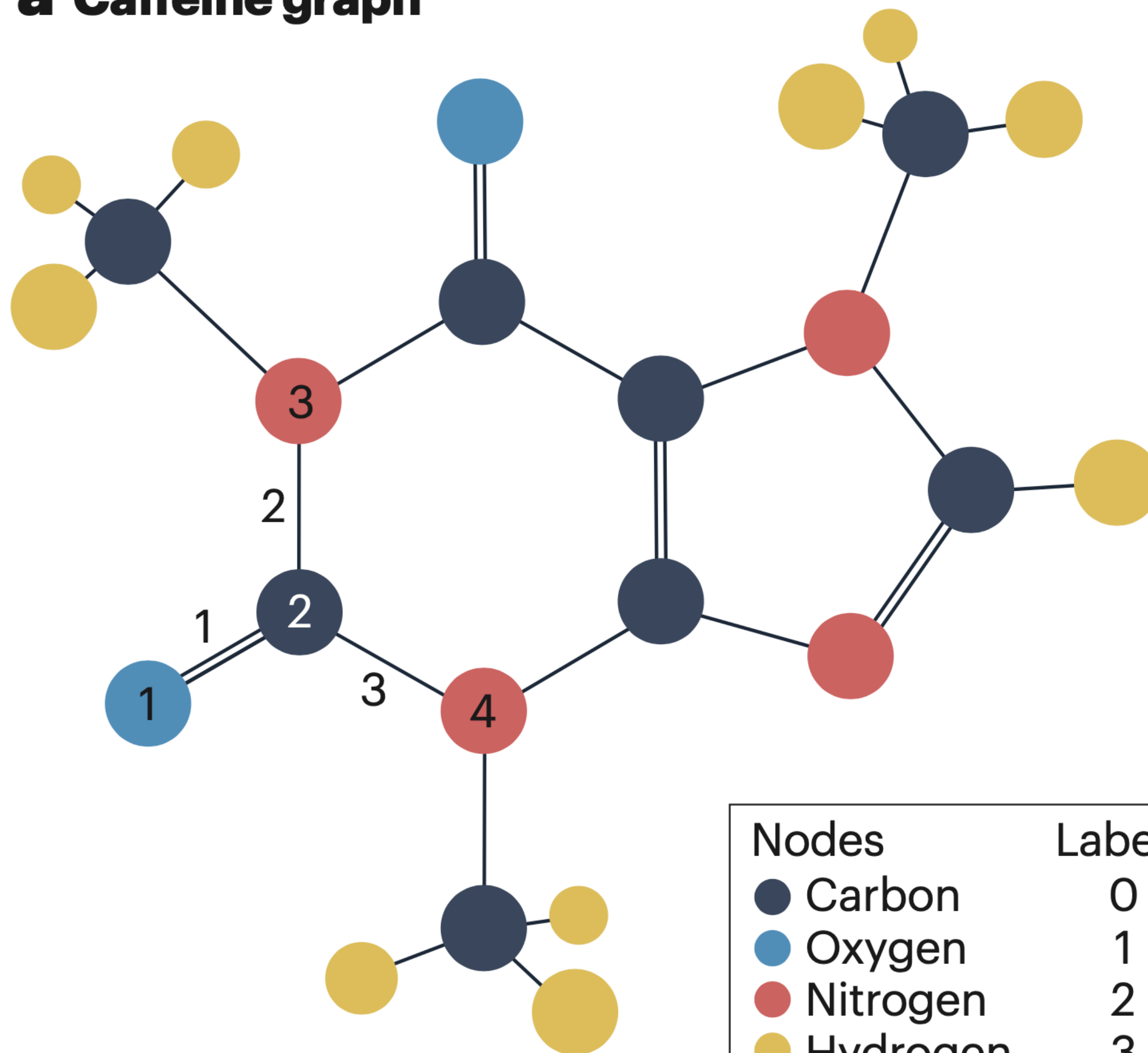


### Sparse Index Lists (COO)

$$I_{COO} \in \mathbb{R}^{2 \times |\mathcal{E}|}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} [1 & 2 & 3] \\ [4 & 4 & 4] \end{bmatrix}$$

## a Caffeine graph



Nodes		Labels
●	Carbon	0
●	Oxygen	1
●	Nitrogen	2
●	Hydrogen	3
Edges		
—	Single bond	1
=	Double bond	2

Adjacency matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & \dots \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & \dots \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots \end{bmatrix}$$

COO edge list

$$I = \begin{bmatrix} 1, 2, 2, \dots \\ 2, 3, 4, \dots \end{bmatrix}$$

Node features

$$X = [1, 0, 2, 2, \dots]^T$$

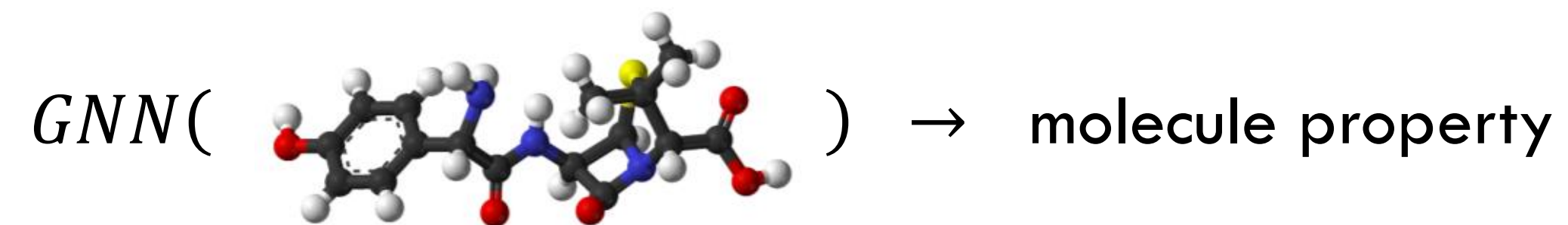
Edge features

$$E = [2, 1, 1, \dots]^T$$



# GRAPH LEARNING TASKS

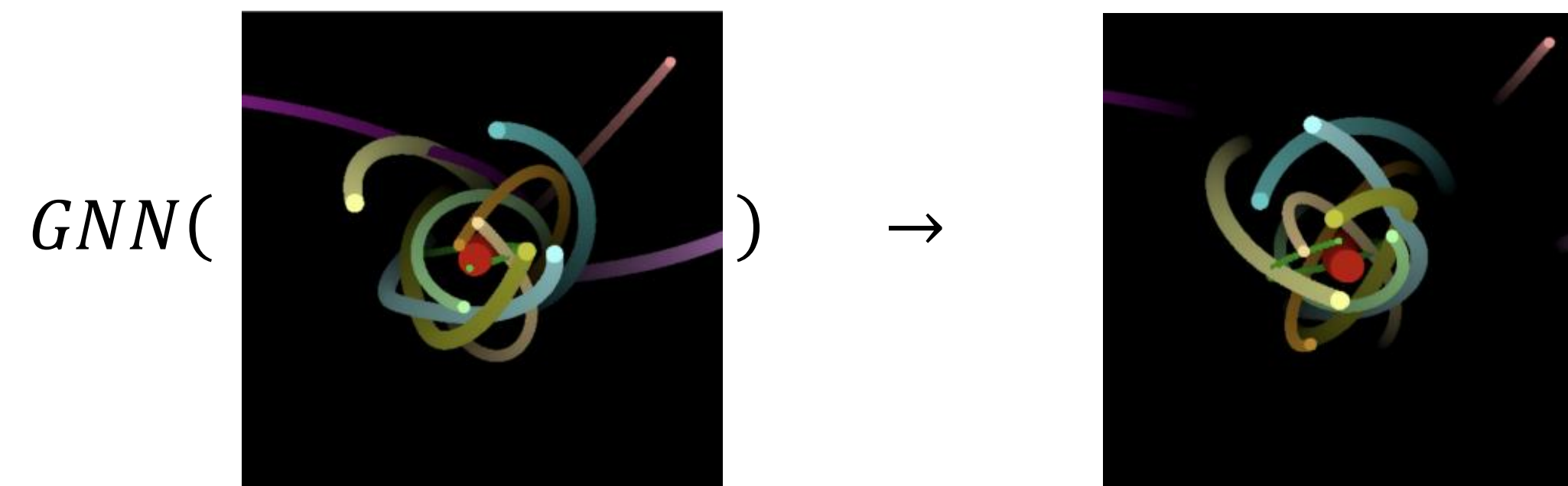
DRUG DISCOVERY



INSTANCE SEGMENTATION

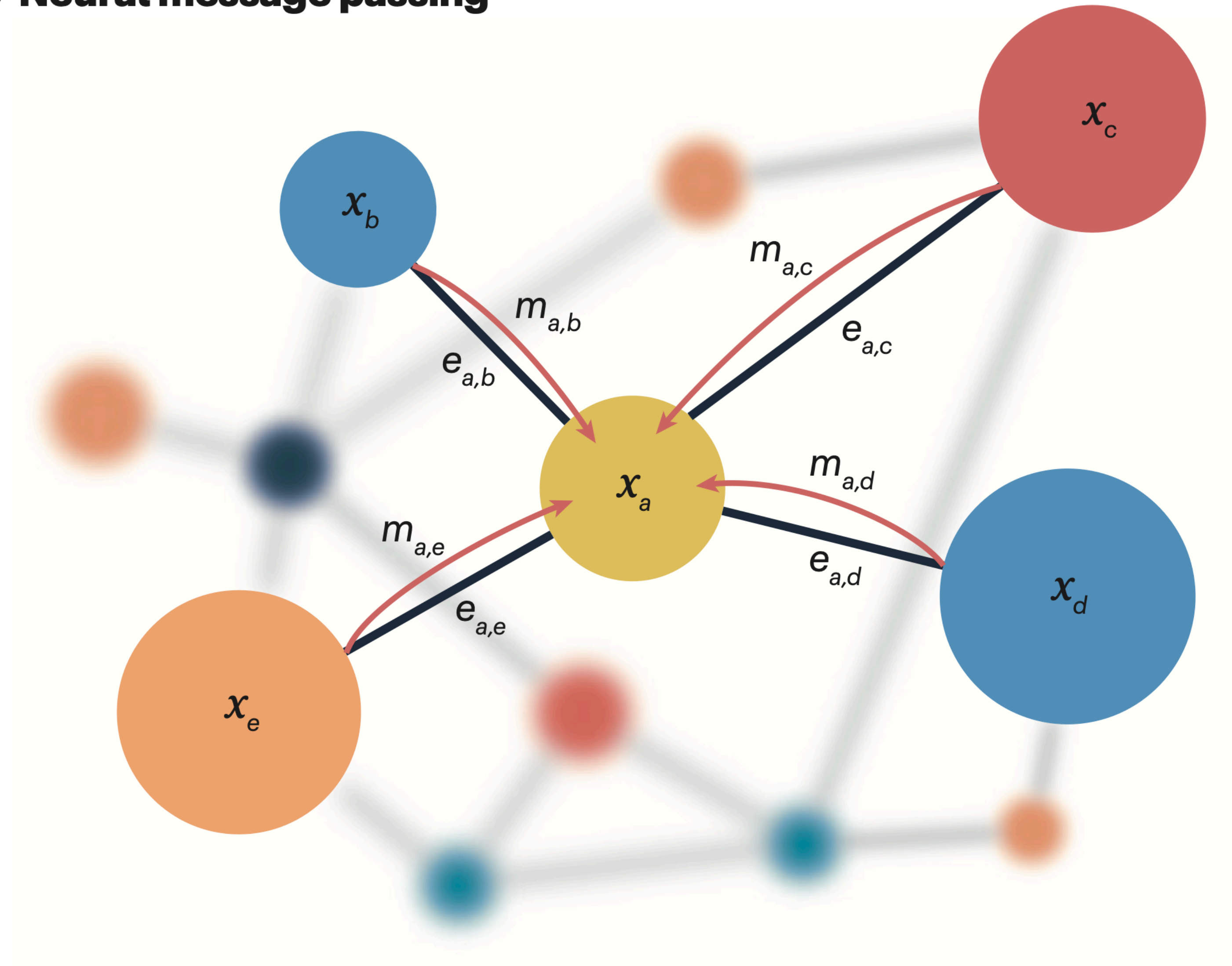


PHYSICS SIMULATION



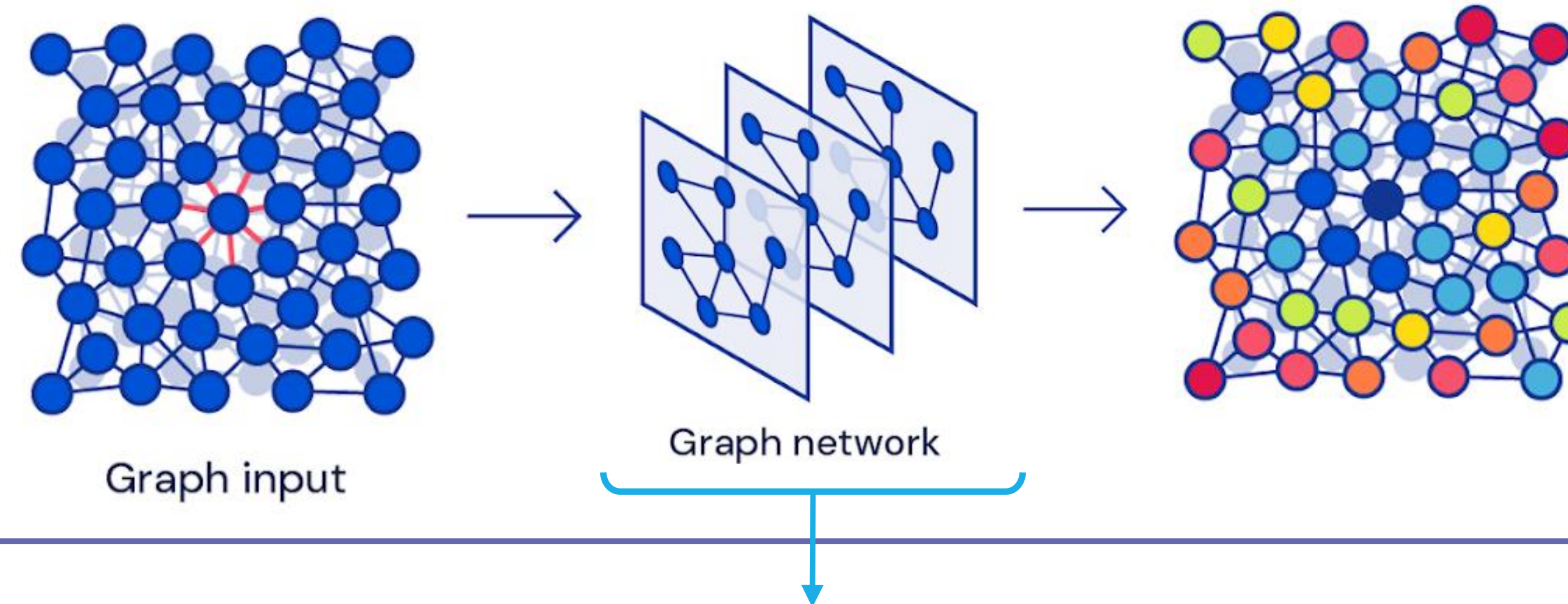
[\[1612.00222\] Interaction Networks for Learning about Objects, Relations and Physics \(arxiv.org\)](#)

## **b** Neural message passing





## GNNs: High-Level View

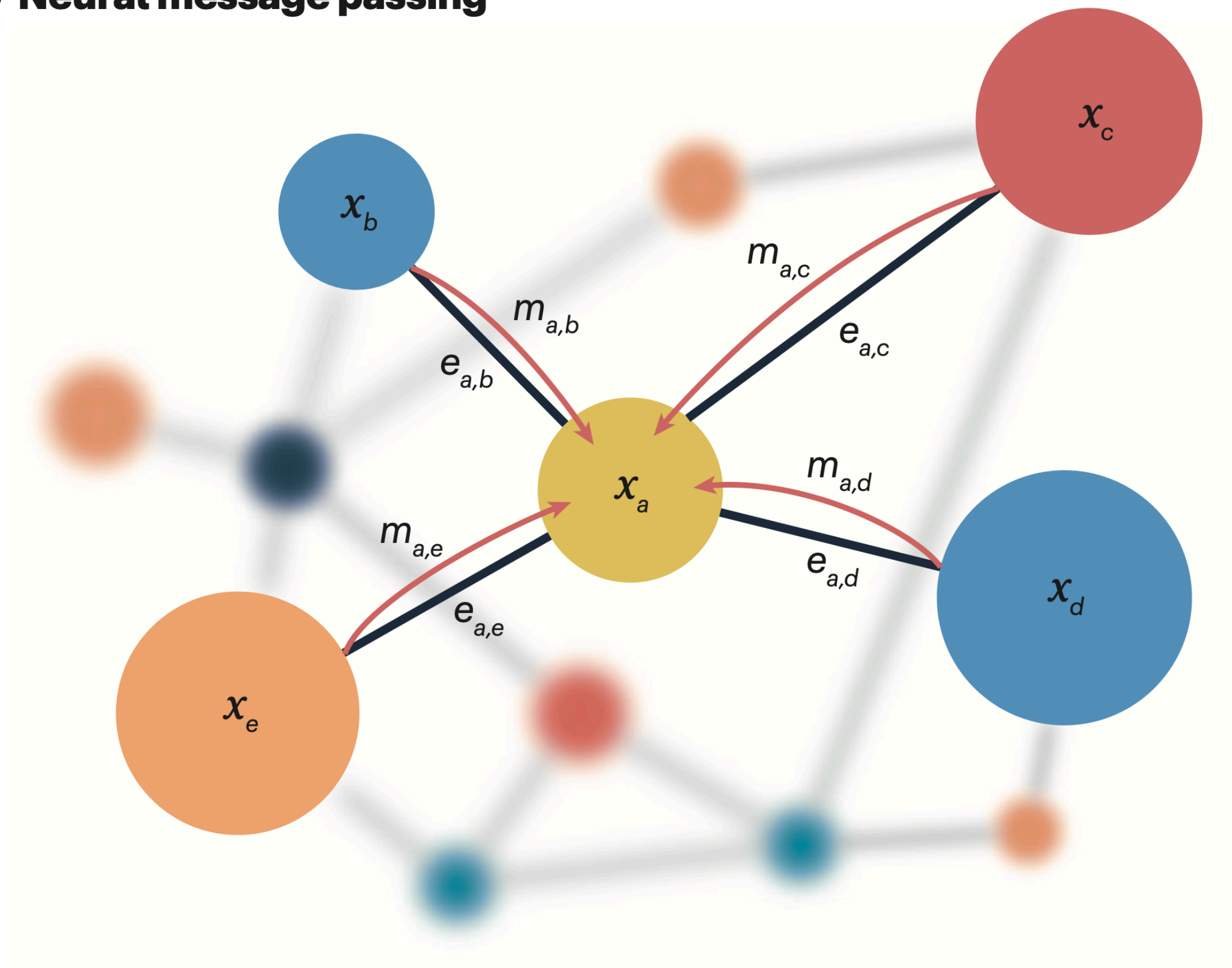


## GNN Layers, Neural Message Passing



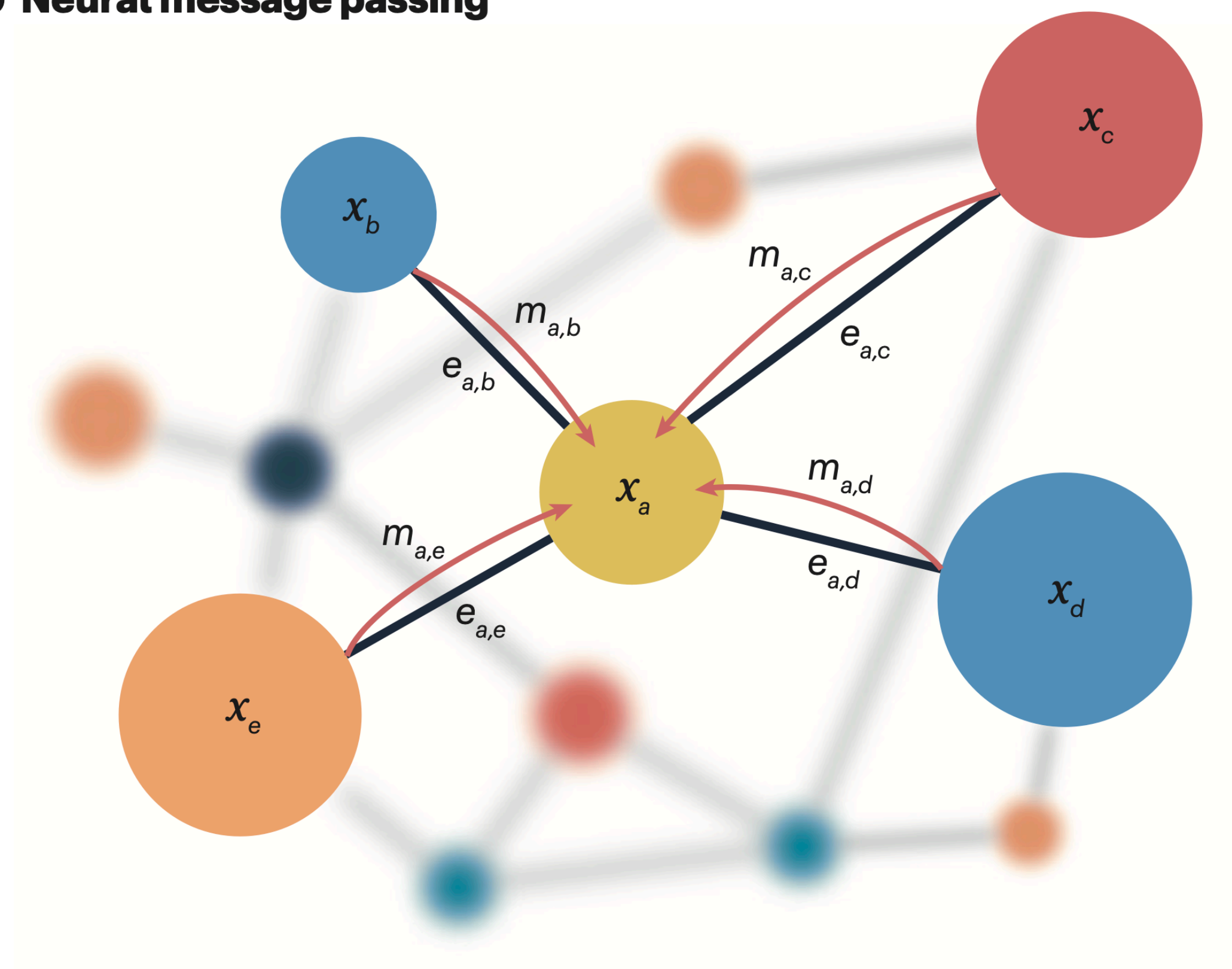
“Messages” computed from each node’s neighborhood are used to update graph features...  $k$  iterations  $\rightarrow$  info from  $k$ -hop neighborhood

**b Neural message passing**



$$\text{Message}_{ab}^{(\ell+1)} = \text{NN}_{\text{message}}^{(\ell+1)}(x_a^{(\ell)}, x_b^{(\ell)}, e_{a,b}^{(\ell)})$$

**b Neural message passing**

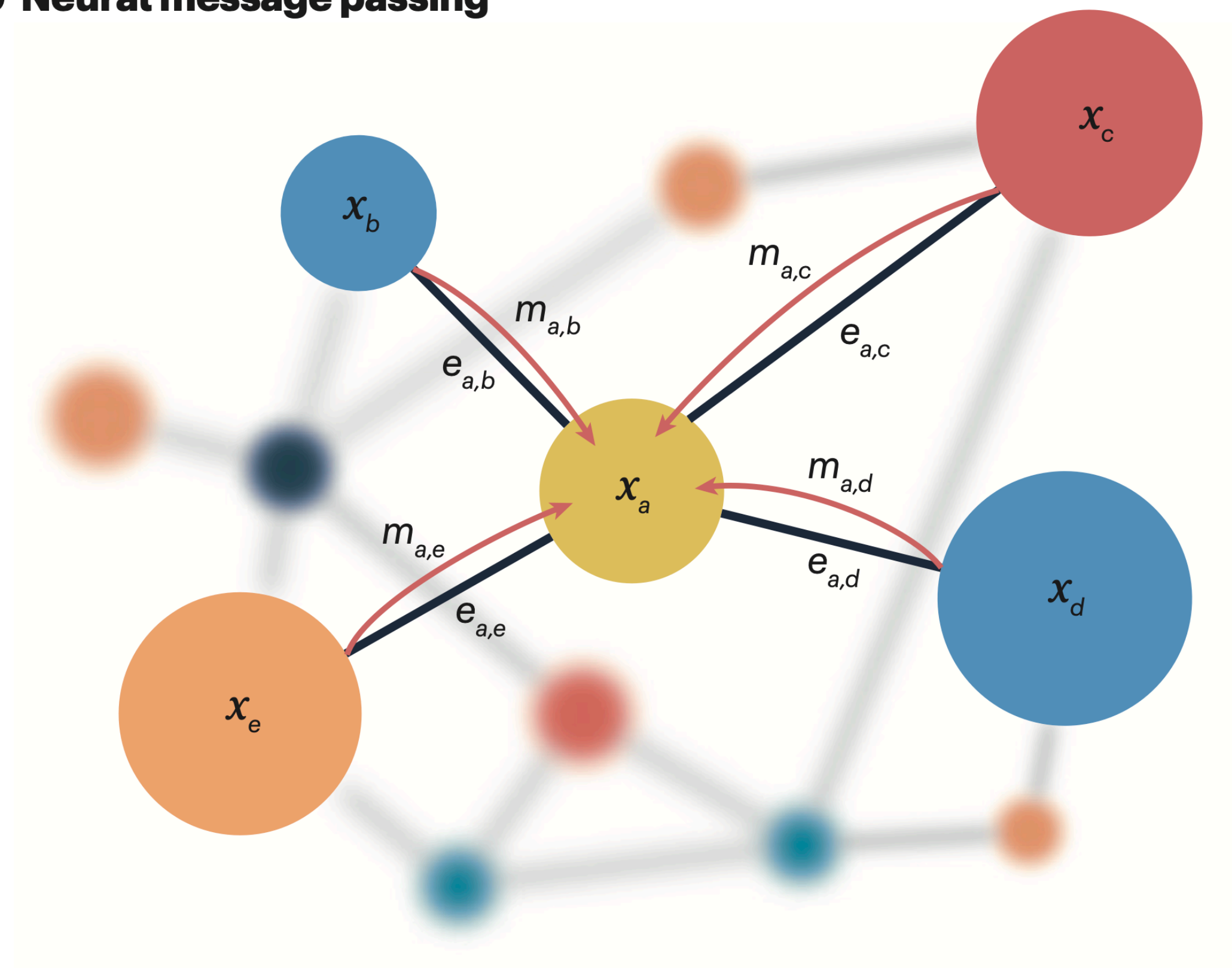


The goal is to update node  $a$ .

$$\text{Message}_{ab}^{(\ell+1)} = \text{NN}_{\text{message}}^{(\ell+1)}(x_a^{(\ell)}, x_b^{(\ell)}, e_{a,b}^{(\ell)})$$



**b Neural message passing**

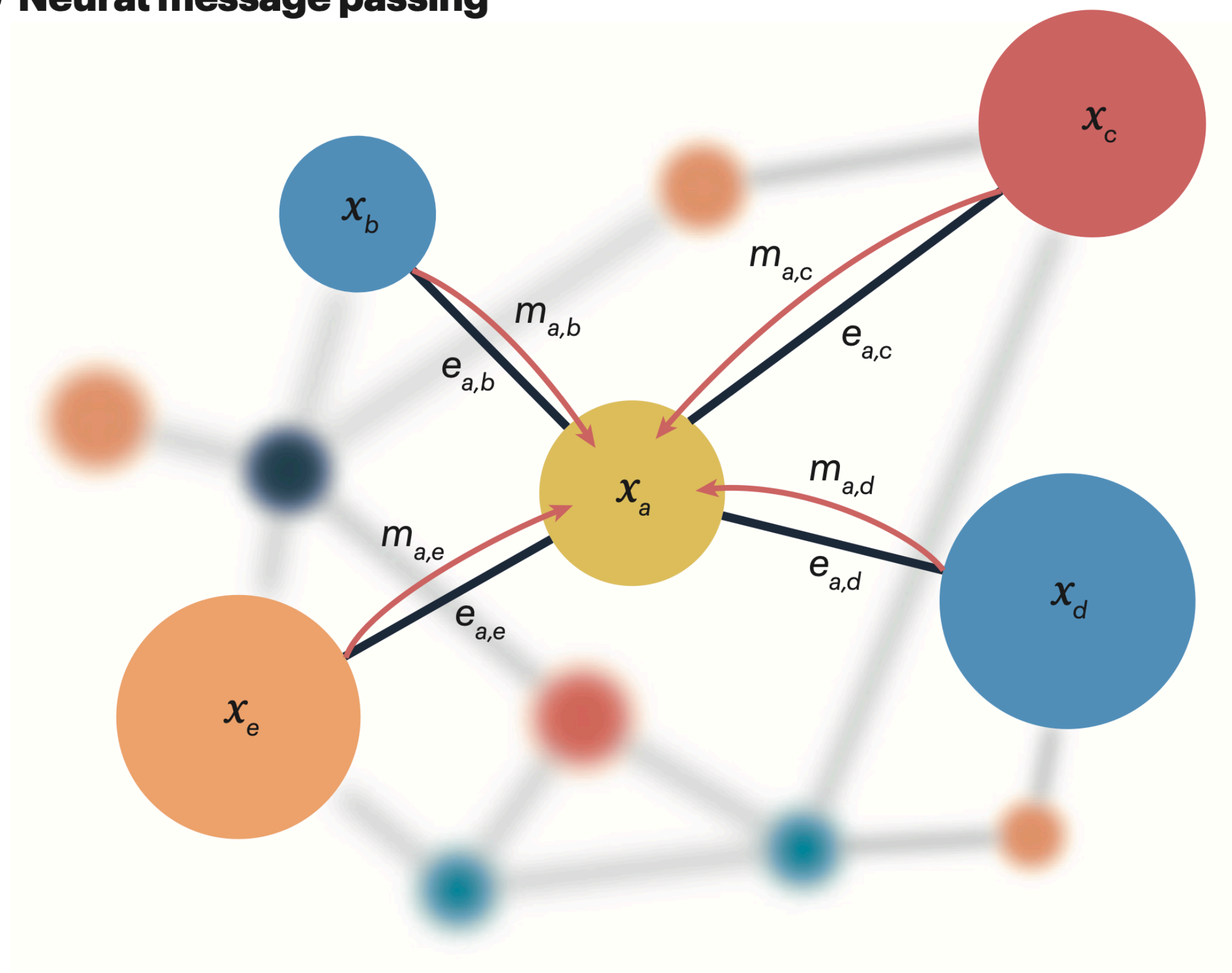


The goal is to update node  $a$ .

$$\text{Message}_{ab}^{(\ell+1)} = \text{NN}_{\text{message}}^{(\ell+1)}(x_a^{(\ell)}, x_b^{(\ell)}, e_{a,b}^{(\ell)})$$

...based on the values stored by its neighbors

**b Neural message passing**



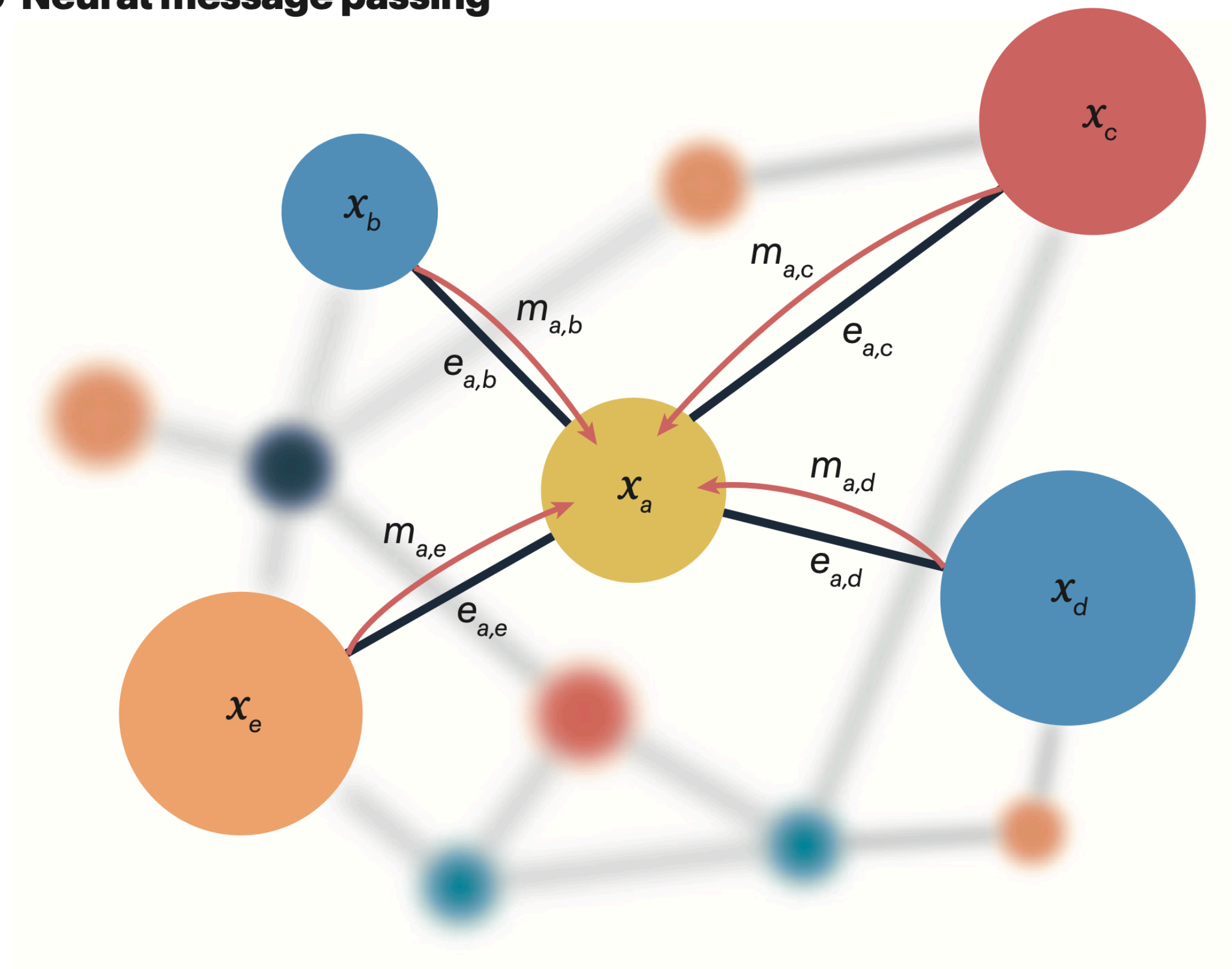
The goal is to update node  $a$ .

$$\text{Message}_{ab}^{(\ell+1)} = \text{NN}_{\text{message}}^{(\ell+1)}(x_a^{(\ell)}, x_b^{(\ell)}, e_{a,b}^{(\ell)})$$

...based on the values stored by its neighbors

We do this by computing messages from each neighbor  $b$  with a neural network

## **b** Neural message passing



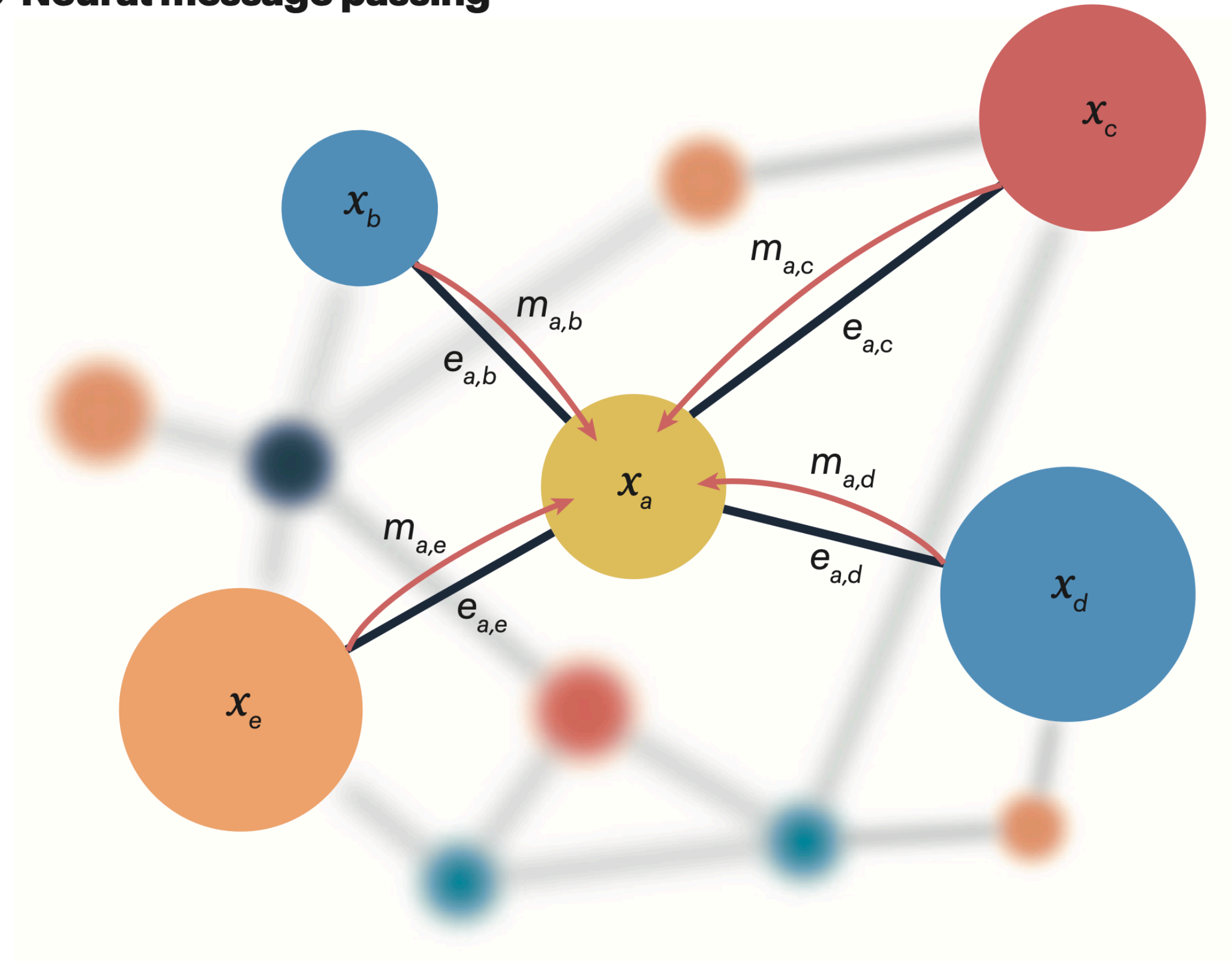
$$\text{Message}_{ab}^{(\ell+1)} = \text{NN}_{\text{message}}^{(\ell+1)}(x_a^{(\ell)}, x_b^{(\ell)}, e_{a,b}^{(\ell)})$$

$$\text{Aggr}_a^{(\ell+1)} = \sum_{b \in \mathcal{N}(a)} \text{Message}_{a,b}^{(\ell+1)}$$

Messages are *aggregated* in a permutation invariant way (here a sum) across the *neighborhood* of node  $a \rightarrow \mathcal{N}(a)$



## **b** Neural message passing



$$\text{Message}_{ab}^{(\ell+1)} = \text{NN}_{\text{message}}^{(\ell+1)}(x_a^{(\ell)}, x_b^{(\ell)}, e_{a,b}^{(\ell)})$$

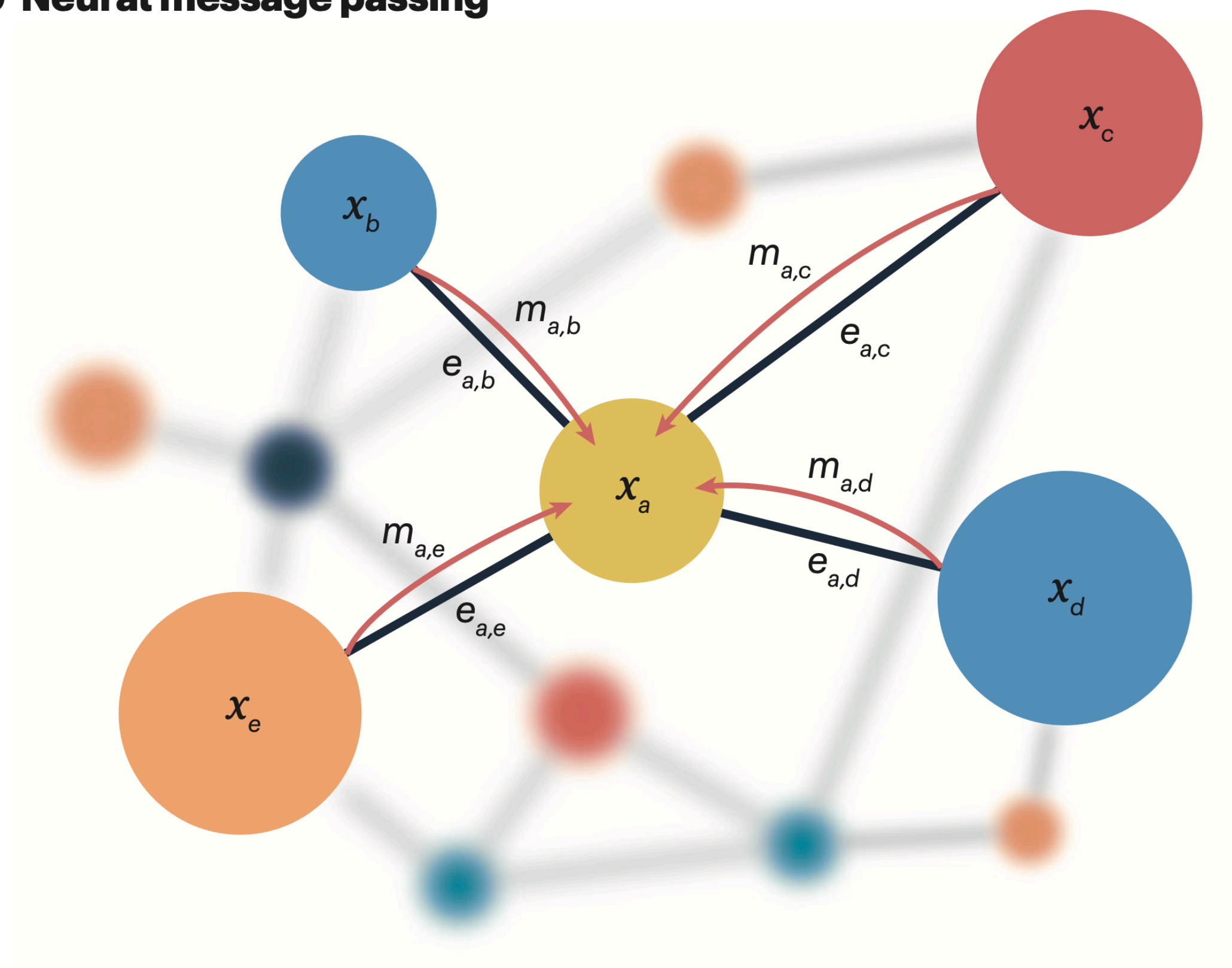
$$\text{Aggr}_a^{(\ell+1)} = \sum_{b \in \mathcal{N}(a)} \text{Message}_{a,b}^{(\ell+1)}$$

$$x_a^{(\ell+1)} = \text{NN}_{\text{update}}^{(\ell+1)}(x_a^{(\ell)}, \text{Aggr}_a^{(\ell+1)})$$

Finally, the aggregated information is used to update the state of node  $a$  via another NN...

this process repeats for every node in the graph!

**b Neural message passing**



$$\text{Message}_{ab}^{(\ell+1)} = \text{NN}_{\text{message}}^{(\ell+1)}(x_a^{(\ell)}, x_b^{(\ell)}, e_{a,b}^{(\ell)})$$

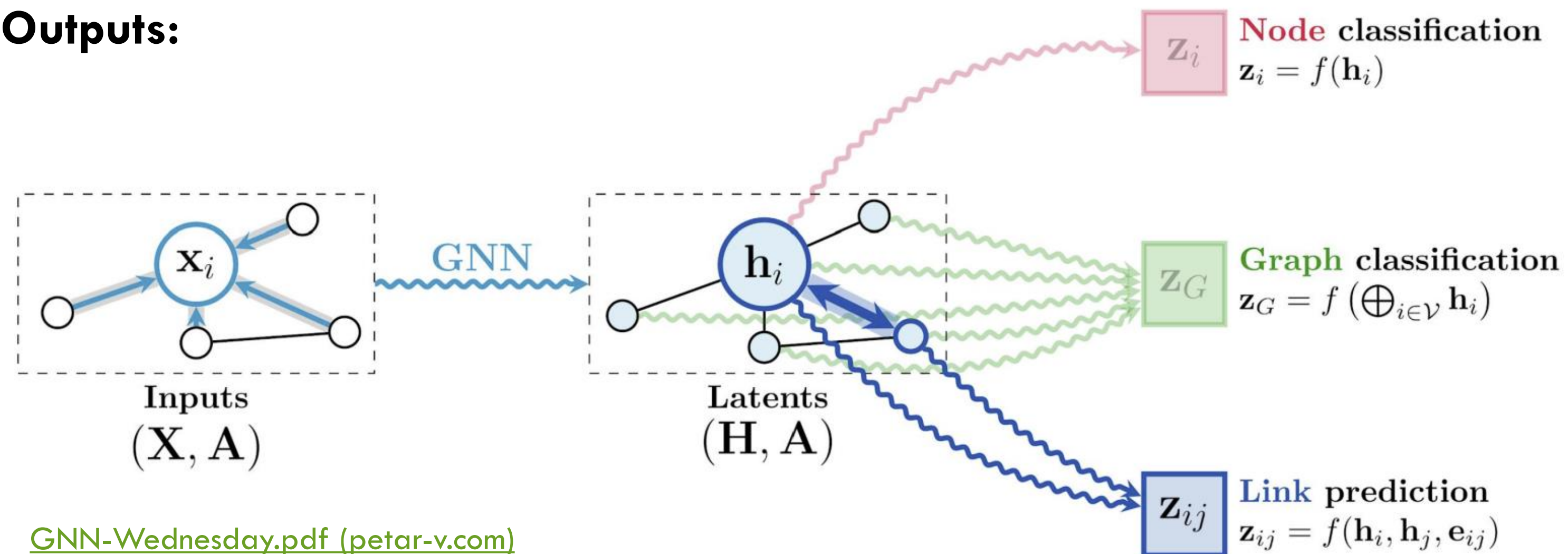
$$\text{Aggr}_a^{(\ell+1)} = \sum_{b \in \mathcal{N}(a)} \text{Message}_{a,b}^{(\ell+1)}$$

$$x_a^{(\ell+1)} = \text{NN}_{\text{update}}^{(\ell+1)}(x_a^{(\ell)}, \text{Aggr}_a^{(\ell+1)})$$

## Generic MPNN Layers:

$$\mathbf{h}_u^{(k)} = \phi^{(k)} \left[ \mathbf{h}_u^{(k-1)}, \bigoplus_{v \in N(u)} \psi^{(k)} \left( \mathbf{h}_u^{(k-1)}, \mathbf{h}_v^{(k-1)}, \mathbf{e}_{uv}^{(k-1)} \right) \right]$$

## Outputs:



[GNN-Wednesday.pdf \(petar-v.com\)](#)





# Tutorial Agenda

## 0. Software Setup

### 1. Graph-Structured Data

1. Karate Club (node classification)
2. ENZYMES (graph classification)

### 2. Graph Neural Networks

1. GCN Math
2. Training on Cora

### 3. Long Exercise: graph-level training with ENZYMES (Optional)

### 4. Message Passing Under the Hood (Optional)

### **Setup Instructions:**

1. Navigate to [https://github.com/GageDeZoort/prc\\_gnn\\_tutorial](https://github.com/GageDeZoort/prc_gnn_tutorial)
2. Click on gnn\_tutorial\_3\_27\_23.ipynb
3. Change “github” to “githubtocolab” in your searchbar, i.e.:  
[https://colab.research.google.com/github/GageDeZoort/prc\\_gnn\\_tutorial](https://colab.research.google.com/github/GageDeZoort/prc_gnn_tutorial)
4. If you want to use a GPU (none of the cells require one), you can request one on Colab through Edit->Notebook Settings