-Very easy hashmap problem

-Anagrams question

- Determine what square in a 2D array is the most after adding 1 to different sections of the array repeatedly

- Longest common subsequence problem (doesn’t require consecutive elements)

- Solution is dynamic programming

- Merge Intervals (Didn’t remember this problem, was stumped…)

- Reconstruct Itinerary

- Get all unique palindromes

O(n^2) expand from middle, however could use a more efficient method of hashing to bring down the time?

* Meandering array sort (very easy out of place, more annoying to do in-place)