





Corso di Laurea in Informatica

Single e Cross-layer Detection di Siti Web Malevoli: Un Confronto Empirico

Prof. Fabio Palomba

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https://github.com/GagliardeNicolapio



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II problema





170 milioni di siti web malevoli





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II problema





170 milioni di siti web malevoli



650 milioni di attacchi









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II problema





170 milioni di siti web malevoli



650 milioni di attacchi



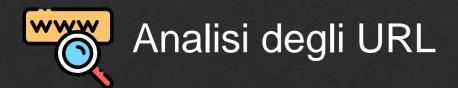
Milioni di dollari persi al minuto





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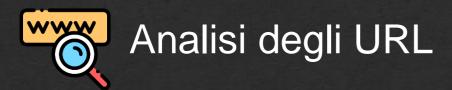


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Analisi dei redirect e delle risorse richieste





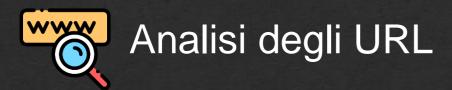


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Analisi dei redirect e delle risorse richieste



Analisi della pagina web





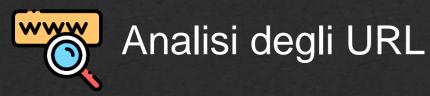


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Analisi dei redirect e delle risorse richieste



Analisi della pagina web





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Potrebbero fallire con:

Indirizzi corti o troppo simili a URL benevoli





Analisi dei redirect e delle risorse richieste



Analisi della pagina web







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Potrebbero fallire con:

Indirizzi corti o troppo simili a URL benevoli

Analisi dei redirect e delle risorse richieste

Siti creati con i CMS



Analisi degli URL



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Analisi degli URL

Potrebbero fallire con:

Indirizzi corti o troppo simili a URL benevoli



Analisi dei redirect e delle risorse richieste

Siti creati con i CMS



Analisi della pagina web



Siti creati con un interfaccia clonata e tecniche di offuscamento







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Single e Cross-layer











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Single e Cross-layer



Livello rete Single-layer Livello applicazione Single-layer







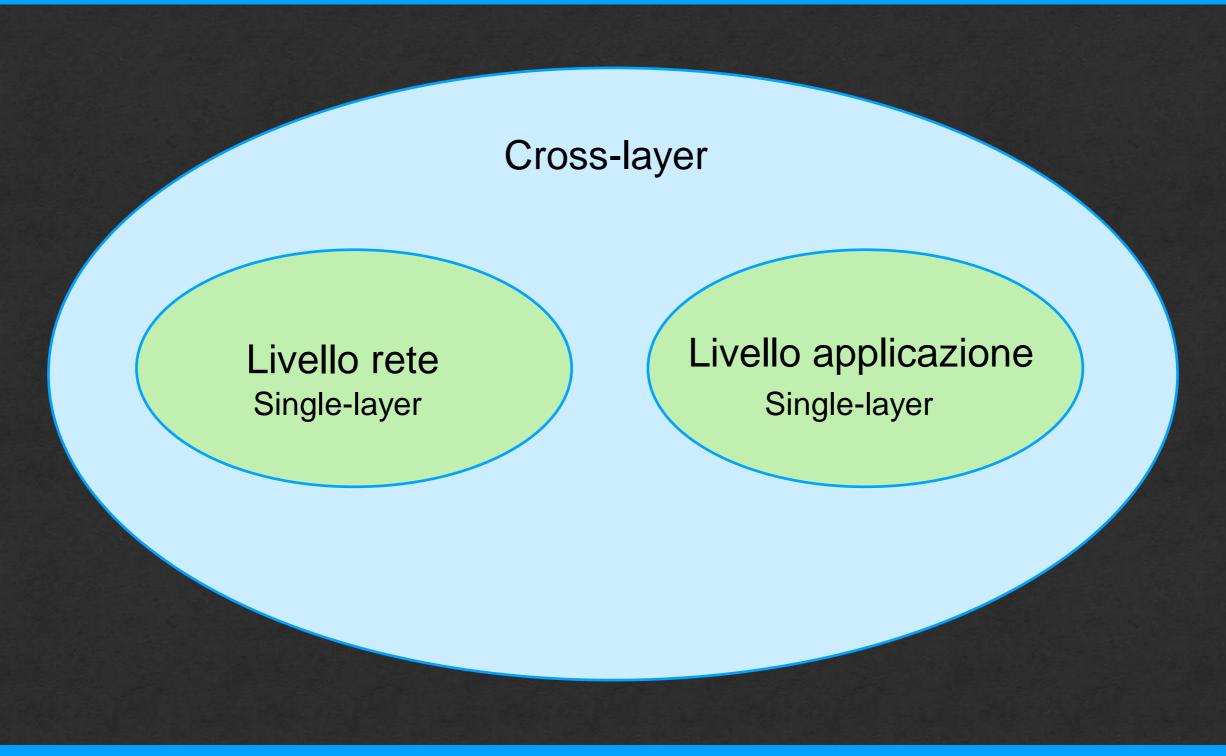
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Single e Cross-layer











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Lo scopo: confrontare i risultati ottenuti con i risultati di Xu[2014]¹

1 Li Xu. Detecting and characterizing malicious websites. The University of Texas at San Antonio, 2014.



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Lo scopo: confrontare i risultati ottenuti con i risultati di Xu[2014]¹

medesimi algoritmi

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Lo scopo: confrontare i risultati ottenuti con i risultati di Xu[2014]¹

- medesimi algoritmi
- medesime tecniche

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Lo scopo: confrontare i risultati ottenuti con i risultati di Xu[2014]¹

- medesimi algoritmi
- medesime tecniche
- dataset diverso!

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Gli algoritmi

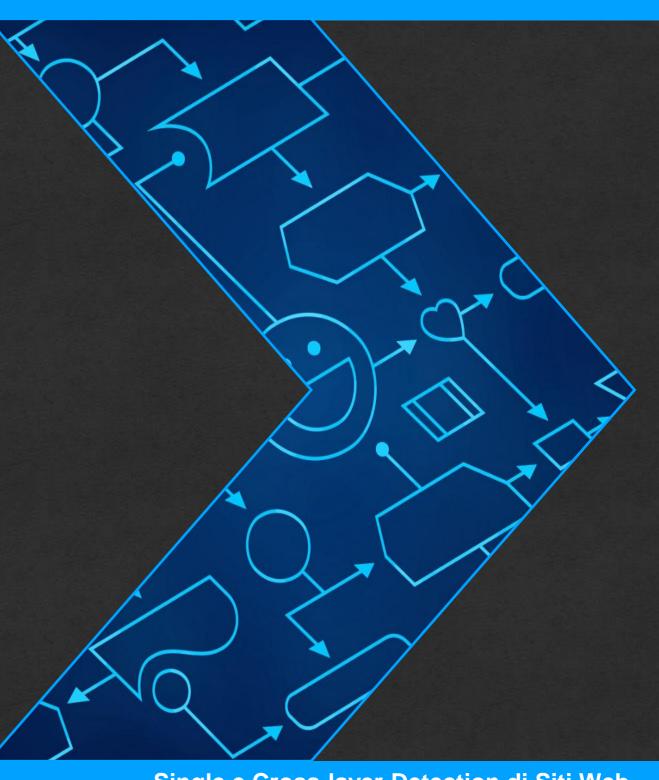


Naive Bayes

Logistic Regression

Support Vector Machine

Decision Tree





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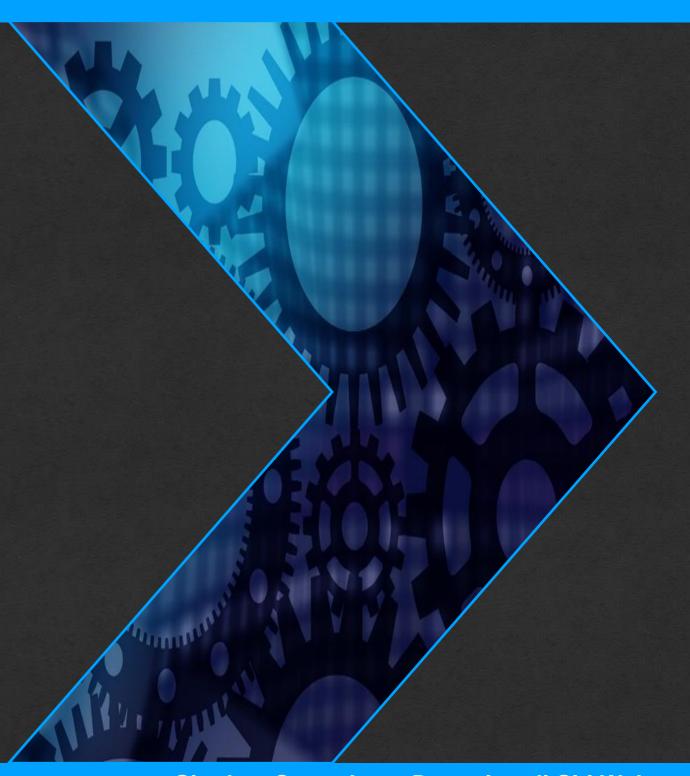
Feature selection



Principal Component Analysis

CFS Subset Evaluation

Information Gain









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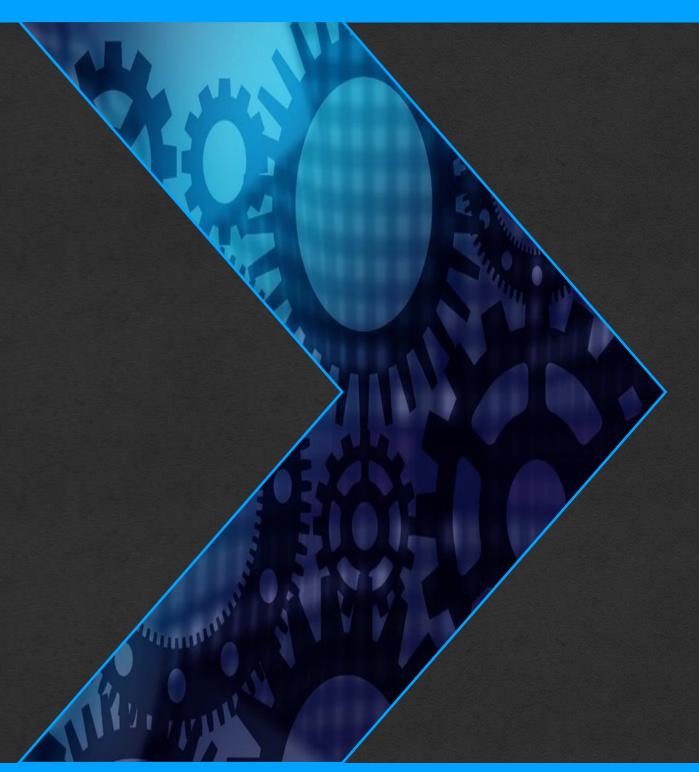
Per il cross-layer



Data-aggregation

OR-aggregation

AND-aggregation





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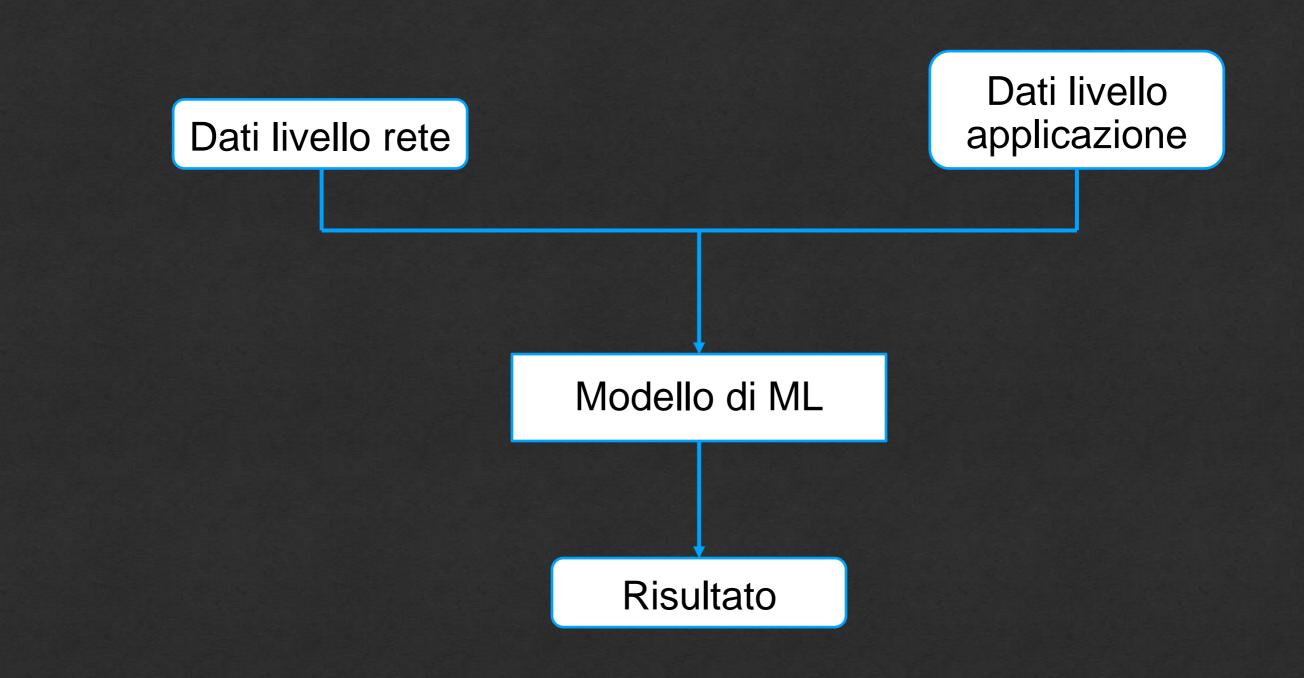
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Data-aggregation







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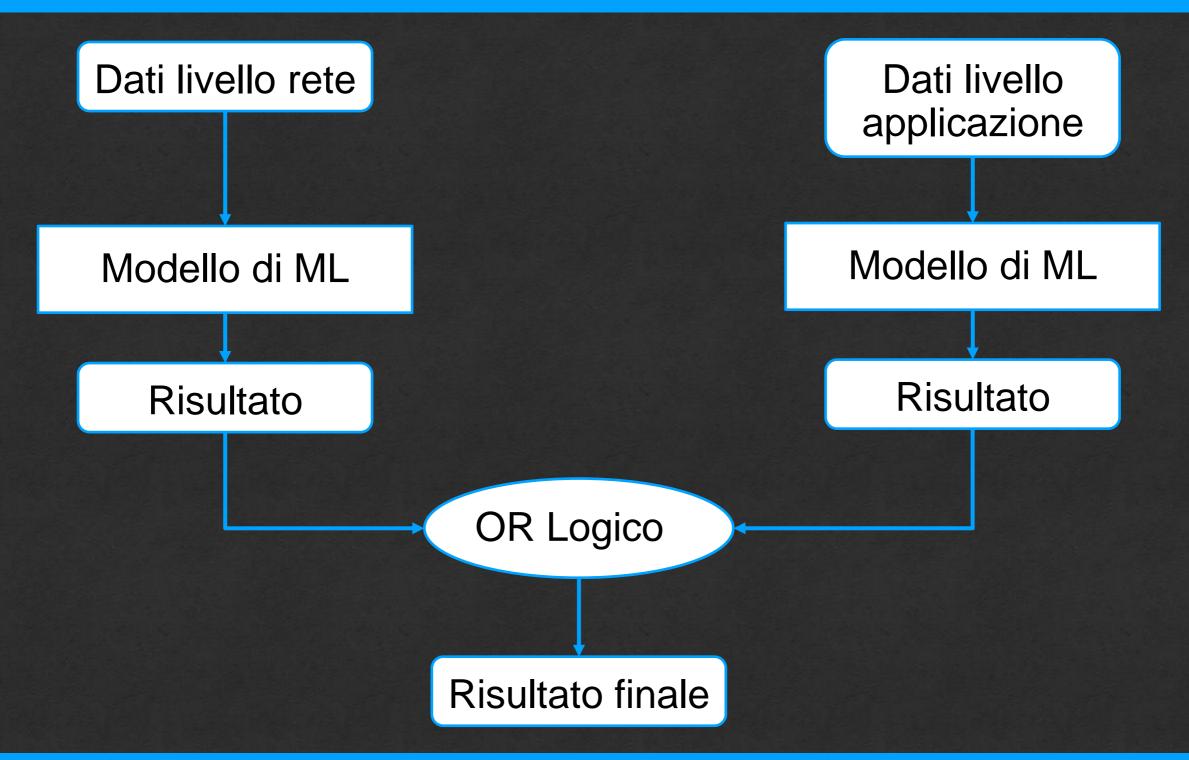
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OR-aggregation







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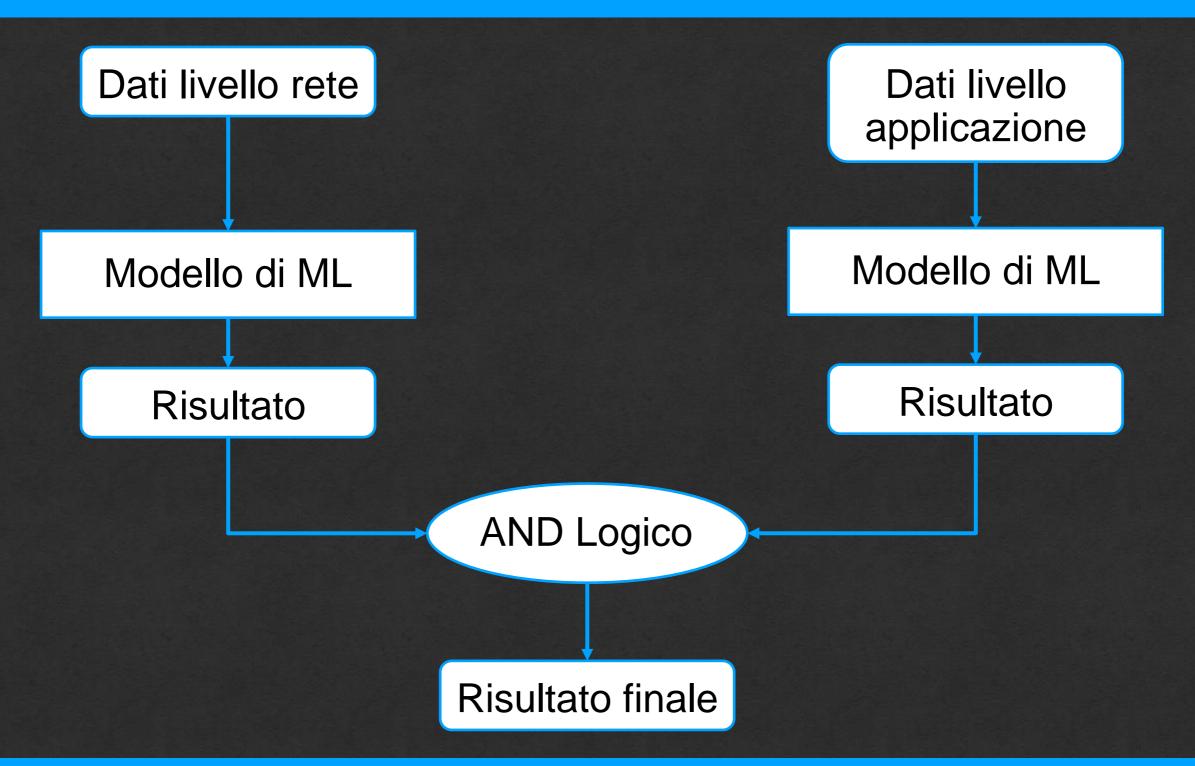
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AND-aggregation







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Algoritmo migliore: Decision Tree

Accuracy: 95%

Falsi negativi: 5%

Falsi positivi: 7%





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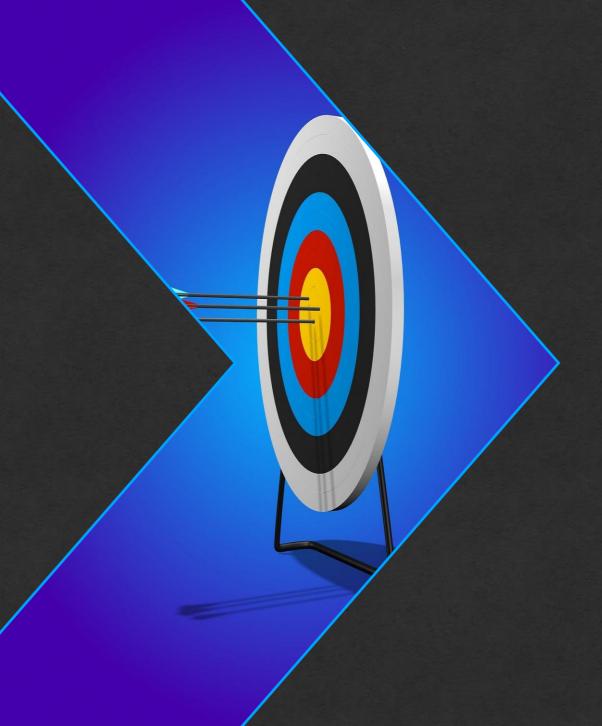


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Algoritmo migliore: Decision Tree

La AND-aggregation con Decision Tree implica un incremento dei falsi negativi di circa 20 punti percentuali





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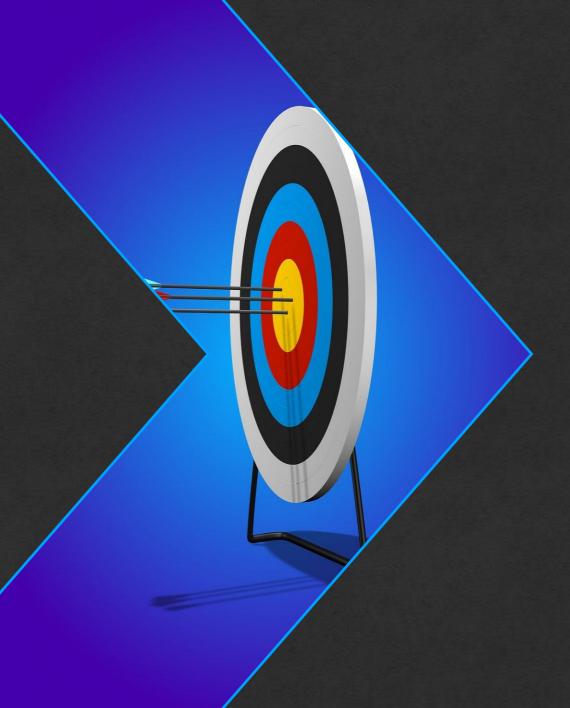
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Algoritmo migliore: Decision Tree

La AND-aggregation con Decision Tree implica un incremento dei falsi negativi di circa 20 punti percentuali

Naive Bayes, SVM e Logistic Regression risultano non adatti alla classificazione single e cross-layer





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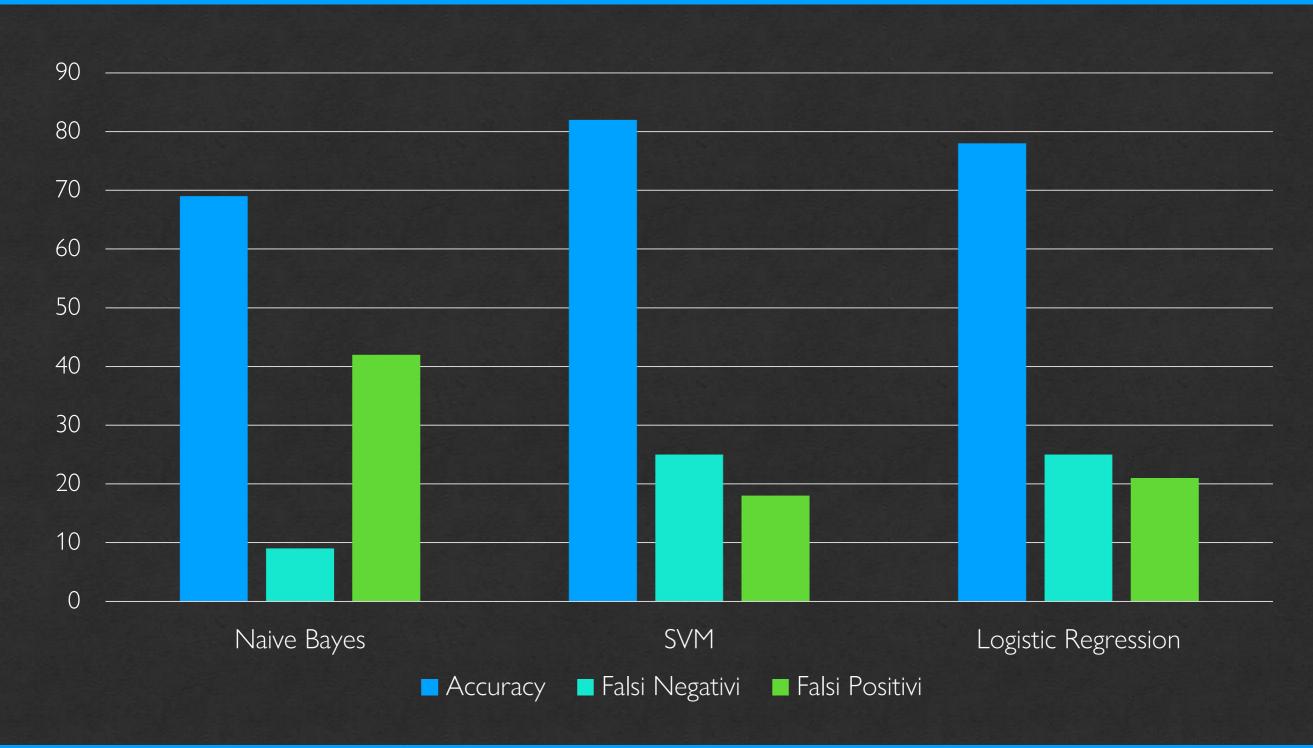


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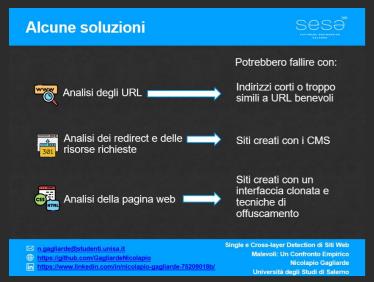


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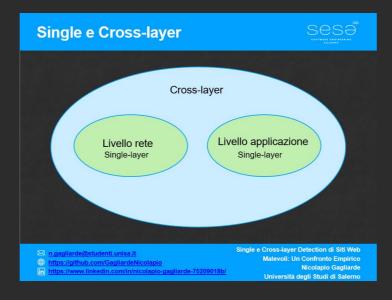
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Grazie!

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