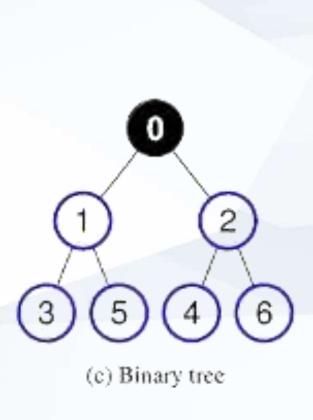
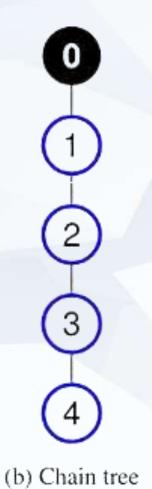
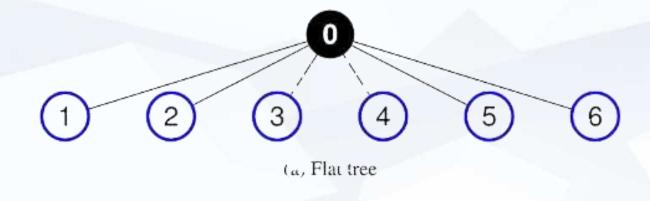
Performance
Comparison of MPI
Broadcast
Algorithms

Gaia Alessio

# Algorithms







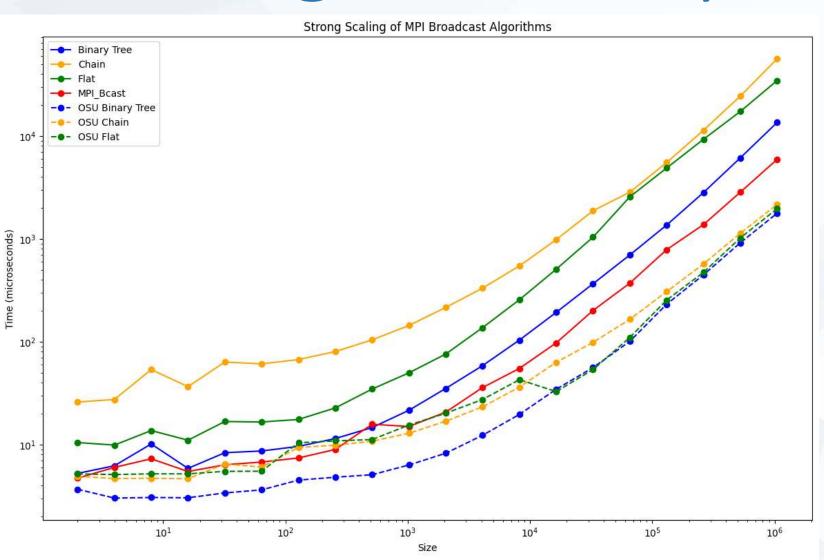
### Binary tree

```
if (my_rank==my_root_rank){
    if (my_left_child_rank my_procs)
        MPI_Send(my_data, my_num_elements, MPI_INT, my_left_child_rank, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    if (my_right_child_rank my_procs)
        MPI_Send(my_data, my_num_elements, MPI_INT, my_right_child_rank, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD):
} else
   MPI_Recv (my_data, my_num_elements, MPI_INT, my_parent_rank, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD,
    &my_status):
    if (my_left_child_rank my_procs)
        MPI_Send(my_data, my_num_elements, MPI_INT, my_left_child_rank, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    if (my_right_child_rank my_procs)
       MPI_Send(my_data, my_num_elements, MPI_INT, my_right_child_rank, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
```

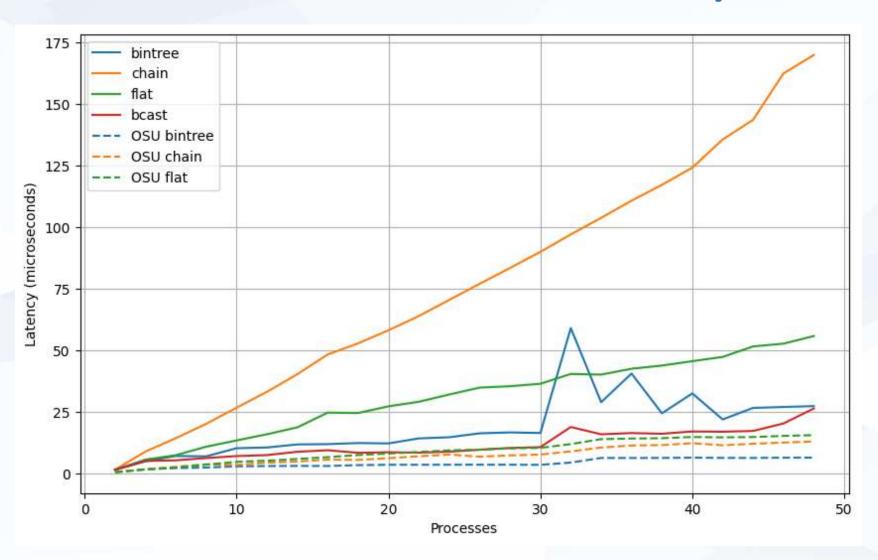
### Chain

### Flat

# Strong scalability



## Weak scalability



# The Mandelbrot set

### Introduction

Develop an efficient and scalable code for generating the Mandelbrot set using OpenMP.

Complex geometric structure defined by the iterative function  $f_c(z)=z^2+c$  in the complex plane.

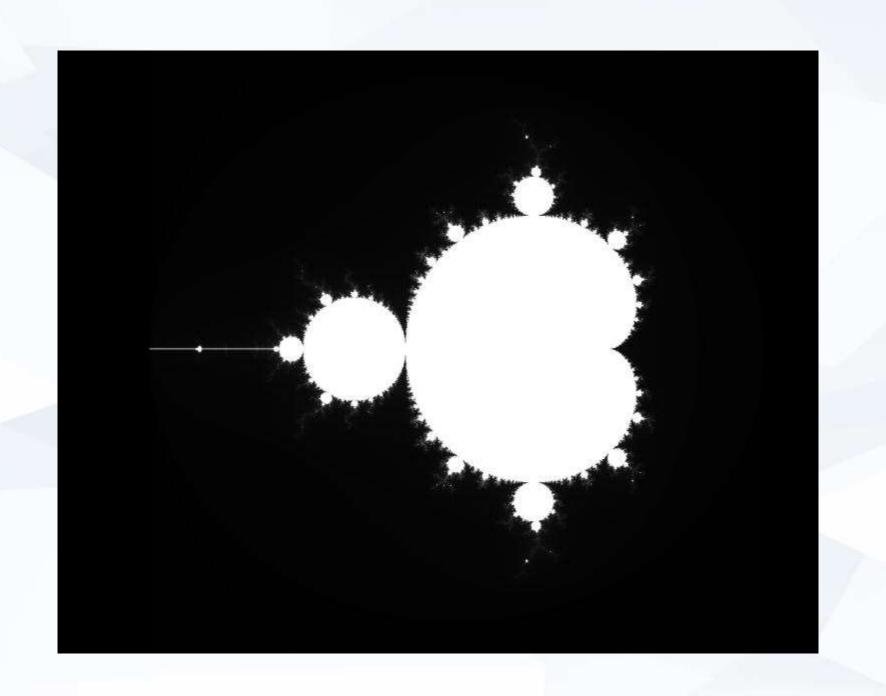
A point *c* is in the Mandelbrot set if the series does not diverge.

## Implementation

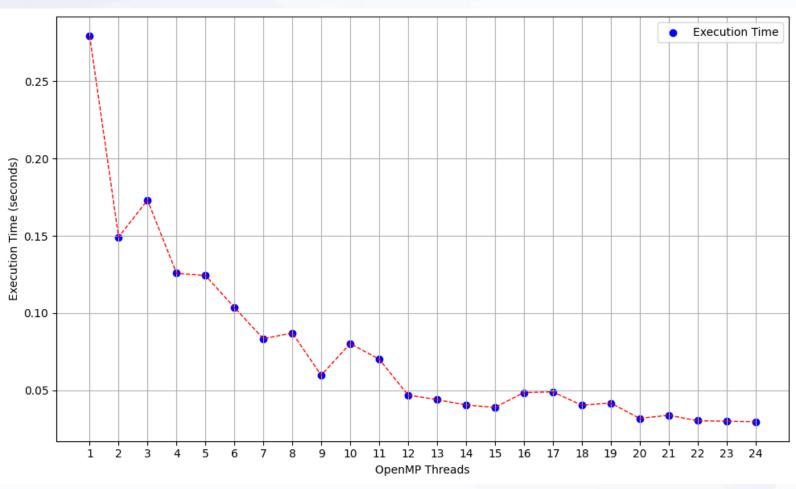
```
unsigned char mandelbrot(double real, double imag, int max_iter) {
   double z_real = real;
   double z_imag = imag;
   for (int n 0; n max_iter; n++) {
       double r2 = z_real * z_real;
       double i2 z_imag * z_imag;
       if (r2 + i2 4.0) return n;
       z_{imag} = 2.0 * z_{real} * z_{imag} * imag;
       z_real r2 i2 real;
   return max_iter;
```

## Implementation

```
#pragma omp parallel for collapse(2)
for (int j = 0; j height; j+')
  for (int i = 0; i width; i++) {
    double x x_left i * (x_right x_left) width;
    double y y_lower j (y_upper y_lower) height;
    unsigned char value mandelbrot(x, y, max_iterations),
    image_buffer[j width i] value;
}
```



# Strong scalability



## Weak scalability

