# Example document to recreate with beamer in LATEX

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Markup Languages and Reproducible Programming in Statistics

#### Outline

Working with equations

Aligning the same equations Omit equation numbering Ugly alignment

Discussion

### Working with equations

We define a set of equations as

$$a=b+c^2, (1)$$

$$a - c^2 = b, (2)$$

left side = right side, 
$$(3)$$

$$left side + something \ge right side, \tag{4}$$

for all something > 0.

## Aligning the same equations

Aligning the equations by the equal sign gives a much better view into the placements of the separate equation components

$$a = b + c^2, (5)$$

$$a - c^2 = b, (6)$$

left side = right side, 
$$(7)$$

$$left side + something \ge right side, \tag{8}$$

### Omit equation numbering

$$a = b + c^{2}$$

$$a - c^{2} = b$$

$$left side = right side$$

$$left side + something \ge right side$$

# Ugly alignment

Some components do not look well, when aligned. Especially equations with different heights and spacing. For example,

$$E=mc^2, (9)$$

$$m = \frac{E}{c^2},\tag{10}$$

$$c = \sqrt{\frac{E}{m}},\tag{11}$$

(12)

Take that into account.

#### Discussion

This is where you'd normally give your audience a recap of your talk, where you could discuss e.g. the following

- ► Your main findings
- ► The consequences of your main findings
- ► Things to do
- ▶ Any other business not currently investigated, but related to your talk