

LAB-5 (Deletion of element in a Linked List) (18/1/24)

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

struct Node {
    int data;
    struct Node * next;
};

struct Node * createNode (int value) {
    struct Node * newNode = (struct Node *) malloc (sizeof (struct Node));
    newNode->data = value;
    newNode->next = NULL;
    return newNode;
}

void insertAtEnd (struct Node ** head, int value) {
    struct Node * newNode = createNode (value);
    if (*head == NULL) {
        *head = newNode;
    } else {
        struct Node * temp = *head;
        while (temp->next != NULL) {
            temp = temp->next;
        }
        temp->next = newNode;
    }
}
```

NP
End
18/1/24

```

void deleteFirst (struct Node ** head) {
    if (*head == NULL) {
        struct Node * temp = *head;
        *head = (*head) -> next;
        free (temp);
    }
}

void deleteElement (struct Node ** head, int value) {
    struct Node * current = *head;
    struct Node * prev = NULL;
    while (current != NULL && current->data != value) {
        prev = current;
        current = current->next;
    }
    if (current == NULL) {
        return;
    }
    if (prev == NULL) {
        *head = current->next;
    } else {
        prev->next = current->next;
    }
    free (current);
}

```

```
void deleteLast (struct Node ** head) {
    if (*head == NULL) {
        return;
    }
    struct Node * temp = *head;
    struct Node * prev = NULL;
    while (temp->next != NULL) {
        prev = temp;
        temp = temp->next;
    }
    if (prev == NULL) {
        *head = NULL;
    } else {
        prev->next = NULL;
    }
    free (temp);
}
```

```
void displayList (struct Node * head)
```

```
{
    struct Node * temp = head;
    while (temp != NULL) {
        printf ("%d \rightarrow ", temp->data);
        temp = temp->next;
    }
    printf ("NULL\n");
}
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
    struct Node * head = NULL;
```

```

insertAtEnd (&head, 1); // adds 1 to list
insertAtEnd (&head, 2); // adds 2 (overwrites 1)
insertAtEnd (&head, 3); // adds 3 (overwrites 2)

printf("Initial linked list:");
displayList(head);

deleteFirst(&head);
printf("\nAfter deleting the first element:");
displayList(head);

deleteElement(&head, 2);
printf("\nAfter deleting specified element(2):");
displayList(head);

deleteLast(&head);
printf("\nAfter deleting the last element:");
displayList(head);

return 0;
}

```

Output :

Initial Linked List : 1 → 2 → 3 → NULL

After deleting the first element : 2 → 3 → NULL

After deleting specified element(2) : 3 → NULL

After deleting the last element : NULL

LeetCode Pgm

Lab 11/1/24 - (popn) completed on 19/1/24

(Minstack Problem) - 18/1/24 - 19/1/24

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
typedef struct
```

```
{
```

```
    int value; } StackNode;
```

```
int main();
```

```
} stackNode;
```

```
typedef struct
```

```
{
```

```
    stackNode *array;
```

```
    int capacity;
```

```
    int top;
```

```
} minStack;
```

```
minStack * minStackCreate()
```

```
{
```

```
    minStack * stack = (minStack *) malloc (sizeof (minStack));
```

```
    stack -> capacity = 10;
```

```
    stack -> array = (stackNode *) malloc (stack -> capacity *
```

```
        sizeof (stackNode));
```

```
    stack -> top = -1;
```

```
    return stack;
```

```
}
```

```
void minStackPush (MinStack * obj , int val)
{
    if (obj->top == obj->capacity - 1)
    {
        obj->capacity *= 2;
        obj->array = (StockNode *) realloc (obj->array,
                                             obj->capacity * sizeof (StockNode));
    }
    StockNode newNode;
    newNode.value = val;
    newNode.min = (obj->top == -1) ? val : (val < obj->
                                                array [obj->top].min) ? val : obj->
                                                array [obj->top].min;
    obj->array [++(obj->top)] = newNode;
}
```

```
void minStackPop (MinStack * obj)
```

```
{
    if (obj->top == -1)
    {
        obj->top--;
    }
}
```

```
int minStackTop (MinStack * obj)
```

```
{
    if (obj->top != -1)
    {
        return obj->array [obj->top].value;
    }
    return -1;
}
```

```
int minStackGetMin (MinStack * obj)
{
    if (obj->top == -1)
    {
        return obj->array [obj->top].min;
    }
    return -1;
}
```

```
void minStackFree (MinStack * obj)
{
    free (obj->array);
    free (obj);
}
```