## Coding Question on Currying

**Interview questions-43** 





# How do you solve the problem sum(1)(2)(3)(4)(5)()?

Interviewer: The code should work for n arguments

#### Solution

As of discussion(previous posts) we can solve the above question with currying



### function sum(a) {

```
return function(b){
if(!b){    //to check next function is available or not
return a;
}
return sum(a+b);
}
```

console.log(sum(1)(2)(3)(4)(5)()); //15



```
Step 1
                                      Step 2
function sum(1) {
                                     function sum(3) {
return function(2){
                                     return function(3){
if(!b){
                                     if(!b){
return a;
                                     return a;
return sum(1+2); //3
                                     return sum(3+3); //6
                                     Step 4
Step 3
                                     function sum(10) {
function sum(6) {
                                     return function(5){
return function(4){
                                     if(!b){
if(!b){
                                     return a;
return a;
                                     return sum(10+5); //15
return sum(6+4); //10
```

explanation with words

#### Explanation of above steps:

Step1: The first argument Sum(1) is passed and in return there is function which takes another argument (2). As there is next argument it skips if stmt and its goes to return sum(1+2). As its calling sum function again and the process continues which we call recursion

Step2: now sum(3) function continues and in return there is function which takes another argument (3). As there is next argument it skips if stmt and its goes return sum(3+3). As its calling sum again and the process continues

Step 3 and step 4 continues as same as above steps

In the same way we can achieve n arguments











