

Introduction to REPL (Read-Eval-Print Loop) 🚀



REPL stands for Read-Eval-Print Loop (or Read, Evaluate, Print, and Loop). It is an interactive programming environment that allows you to execute JavaScript code one statement at a time.

Key Features of Node.js REPL

Can be opened in your terminal using the command:

node

- Useful for testing small JavaScript snippets quickly, similar to browser DevTools.
- Exiting REPL:

Ctrl + C

Press twice to exit.

 Supports multi-line expressions, variable declaration, function testing, and quick debugging

How REPL Works (Step by Step)

1. Read

- The REPL reads the user's input (single or multiple lines of code).
- Parses it into a data structure that the JavaScript engine can understand.

2. Eval (Evaluate)

- The parsed input is evaluated/executed by the JavaScript engine.
- If the expression is valid, REPL computes the result.

3. Print

- The result of the evaluated expression is printed back to the console.
- Allows the user to see the output immediately.

4. Loop

- The process repeats continuously, waiting for the next input.
- Continues until the user exits REPL.

Example Usage

```
$ node
> 5 + 10
15
> const name = "Gajendera"
undefined
> name
'Gajendera'
> function add(a, b) { return a + b }
undefined
> add(3, 7)
10
• Note: undefined is printed when a declaration does not return a value.
```

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Why REPL is Useful

- · Quick experimentation without writing a full script.
- Ideal for learning JavaScript or testing Node.js APIs.
- Helps with debugging and prototyping small pieces of code.

💡 Tip

You can use special REPL commands:

Command	Description	
.help	Show all REPL commands	-1
.break	Exit multi-line mode	1
.clear	Reset context	
.exit	Exit REPL	Ĭ