Business Analytics Report

Cost Optimization Modeling

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April 12, 2021

Report Scope and Description

This business analytics report analyzes our business partner's reported metrics with the aim of predicting y-values for future reporting periods. This report is based on the data provided by our business partner, which included approximately 170,000 instances and 49 factors. The data included numerical, categorical, and string data types. The primary business objective of this study is to minimize total potential cost due to erroneous predictions.

Model Objective

This "Cost Optimization" report shows which machine learning model resulted in the minimal cost to the business. Our objective for the model is to minimize the dollars lost for every false positive classification of our target as well as the cost of false negative classifications. The target item "y" is positively predicted when the value is 1 and it is predicted to be 1. A negative classification has a value of 0 and is predicted to be 0.

When the model falsely identifies a positive record, the cost to the business is \$225. Additionally, when the model falsely identifies a negative target, the business is charged \$35. In each model simulation we found a varying balance of false positives and false negatives. Our challenge was to minimize the total number of errors or false predictions, while prioritizing false positives, since the cost impact was almost ten times the cost of a false negative.

Methodology

The machine learning pipeline activities consisted of:

- · Data cleansing and normalization
- Exploratory data analysis (EDA)
- Model development
- Model tuning
- · Prediction and comparison of model performance

Appendix A includes a complete description of the pipeline process. In this evaluation, given our primary objective is to minimize overall cost, we tuned each model to minimize false positive predictions.

Results

Three types of models were evaluated: Neural Network, XG Boost and Random Forest. These modeling techniques are some of the the most widely used in the analytics community, and are well-suited for large datasets with a number of diverse factors. In this case, we did not have access to a subject matter expert, so we were unable to eliminate factors based on business relevancy. However, the models were able to provide high-quality predictions.

Below in Table 1 is a summary of our tuned model performance. The best financial results were produced by the XGBoost model with the lowest overall cost of \$214,280.

Technique	False Positive	False Negative	Total Cost
XGBoost	794	1018	\$214,280
Neural Network	671	1859	\$216,040
Random Forest	754	1462	\$220,820

Model Results (Table 1)

Recommendations

All models may be useful in different circumstances. The XGBoost model provides approximately \$2000 of cost savings over the Neural Network model. However, it took more than one hour to process, and the Neural Network model was created in approximately five minutes. Given the cost of labor, and the likelihood that source data will evolve and this model will need to be re-trained, we prefer the Neural Network approach.

It may also be worthwhile to leverage these models and build an ensemble model that could provide even greater cost reduction. The difference in performance between these models is modest, however, the total cost is still more than \$200,000. However, if an ensemble model is created, we recommend it be scripted to run independently since the Random Forest model took three hours to train and would be cost prohibitive to maintain otherwise.

Finally, with assistance from subject matter experts, we may improve cost reduction by eliminating unnecessary factors. Simplifying the model frequently improves model performance. We are open to working with your organization to pursue any of these next steps.

Appendix A - Model Design and Development

Data Analytics Approach

- 1. Define the goal
- 2. Obtain the data
- 3. Clean and enrich the data
- 4. Create and optimize model(s)
- 5. Report and interpret results

1. Project Goal

Our objective for all models was to minimize dollars lost by minimizing mis-classification of predictions. In this case, the cost of mis-predicting a positive value was almost ten times greater than the cost to mis-predict a negative value. Therefore, our focus was on minimizing false positive results with an eye on false negatives to keep overall cost as low as possible.

When the model falsely identifies a record as a positive, our business is charged \$225. When the model falsely identifies a negative target, our business is charged \$35

2. Data Description

The original dataset contained 160,000 records and 49 features with one column to predict = 'y'. This data was split into train and test datasets using an 80/20 split.

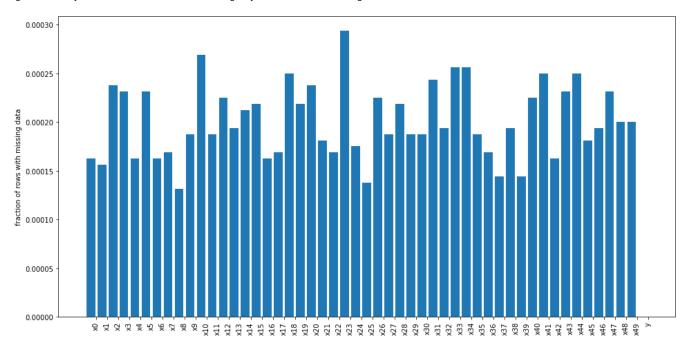
Attribute Information:

The last column, labeled "y" is the class label (1 for positive, 0 for negative). The other column labels are x0 - x49. These are all float64 type except for columns x24, x29, x30, x32 and x37 which are object type.

3. Clean and Enrich Data Set

Our EDA began by looking at the types of features we would utilize in our models. We initially looked at the dataset shape and feature type (float64, object, ect.)

The next step was to assess any missing data and estimate the impact it may have on the model's accuracy. Figure 1 shows the percentage by feature of missing data. Every factor in the dataset contains some amount of missing data. The quantity of missing data is extremely low for each factor, however it is unusual to see missing data in every factor of a dataset. The labeled target "y" did not contain missing values.

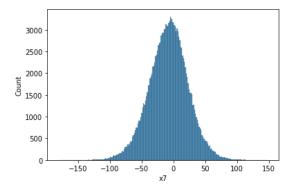


Missing Values by Feature (Figure 1)

Imputation

Imputation of Numerical Features

We found that most of the numerical data is normally distributed as shown in Figure 2 for feature "x7". With this knowledge we used the mean of each factor as the imputed value for any missing values.



Sample Histogram of Feature x7 (Figure 2)

Imputations of Categorical Features

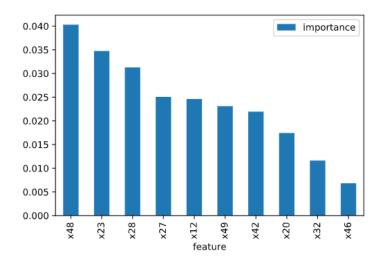
xFeatures x24, x29 and x30 are categorical. x24 is a list of continents x29 is a list of months x30 is a list of days of the week After analyzing these features and the small number of missing values we imputed all missing values to "Unknown".

Once the missing values for object-type factors were imputed, each factor was one-hot encoded which converted it into a number of binary factors indicating the presence or absence of that value.

Approximately twenty new features were created during the process of one-hot encoding. The final dataset that was used for modeling contained 160,000 observations or rows and 70 features or columns.

Feature Importance

After all the data was cleaned and enriched we ran our different models to optimize the cost to the business. We determined that XGBoost was the optimal model, based on minimal cost, so we explored feature importance using the permutation importance module of XGBoost. Figure 3 show the top ten features by their importance to the XGBoost model's results.



Feature Importance for XGBoost Model (Figure 3)

You can see that the x48 feature is the most impactful.

4. Create and Optimize Models

Tensor Flow Neural Network Model

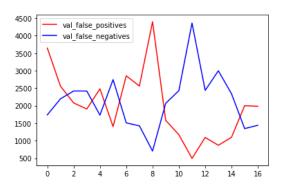
For the Neural Network model we began our study with a significant number of layers and nodes. With experimentation, we found our best model using three layers with 32, 12, 1 nodes per layer. Using more layers and nodes might cause overfitting or overwhelm the model and fewer layers and nodes might consume a lot more time and reduce accuracy. In the neural network hyperparameter tuning approach, we used FalsePositives with Early_Stopping to allow the model to continue through its process until it reached the optimal number of epochs with the lowest number of FalsePositives. Table 2 below shows the final optimization values through 40 epochs for the Neural Network model.

The time to process the neural network model for up to 40 epochs was less than ten minutes.

epoch	loss	accuracy	auc	false_positives	false_negatives	val_loss	val_accuracy	val_auc	val_false_positives	val_false_negatives	Results
37	0.202	0.924	0.9751	4671	5056	0.2135	0.9209	0.9752	671	1859	\$216,040
17	0.274464	0.888211	0.952675	6399	7910	0.27974	0.8855	0.954064	958	2706	\$310,260
18	0.269613	0.892297	0.954348	6189	7597	0.263502	0.895469	0.957101	1168	2177	\$338,995
13	0.297633	0.876063	0.944121	7340	8524	0.300703	0.873812	0.945449	1205	2833	\$370,280
11	0.308171	0.871414	0.939989	7878	8581	0.314136	0.868906	0.941766	1187	3008	\$372,355
12	0.302265	0.874453	0.942299	7603	8467	0.311723	0.868187	0.94123	1302	2916	\$395,010
9	0.316847	0.867016	0.936421	8247	8775	0.31603	0.869125	0.939826	1359	2829	\$404,790
16	0.280138	0.88632	0.950641	6613	7938	0.275372	0.890031	0.952921	1611	1908	\$429,255
19	0.26427	0.894367	0.956174	6091	7430	0.258374	0.895594	0.958845	1753	1588	\$450,005
14	0.291101	0.880047	0.946596	7099	8255	0.283686	0.885156	0.949578	1776	1899	\$466,065
15	0.286204	0.882516	0.948423	6880	8158	0.291025	0.881437	0.947788	2025	1769	\$517,540
2	0.470354	0.777547	0.849051	11818	16656	0.407747	0.819531	0.895611	1687	4088	\$522,655
3	0.392859	0.826688	0.899803	10015	12169	0.370274	0.839688	0.913807	1809	3321	\$523,260
10	0.312022	0.86907	0.938427	8083	8676	0.308886	0.871406	0.939748	2106	2009	\$544,165
6	0.336008	0.856734	0.928104	8763	9575	0.330614	0.859563	0.930423	2241	2253	\$583,080
4	0.361071	0.844078	0.916358	9367	10591	0.352302	0.850719	0.922713	2838	1939	\$706,415
5	0.345085	0.852047	0.923943	8962	9976	0.340445	0.853969	0.931267	3091	1582	\$750,845
8	0.323067	0.863633	0.933779	8411	9044	0.335042	0.855687	0.936732	3289	1329	\$786,540
0	0.625233	0.649609	0.678684	7051	37799	0.574295	0.699781	0.756851	2996	6611	\$905,485
7	0.328687	0.861266	0.931351	8547	9211	0.368458	0.835375	0.935659	4328	940	\$1,006,700
1	0.565584	0.708648	0.763694	14617	22676	0.553483	0.721969	0.796168	5790	3107	\$1,411,495

Neural Network Optimized Results (Table 2)

Figure 4 below shows the false positive and negative count over the model epochs run.



Neural Network Optimize Results (Figure 4)

Extreme Gradient Boosting

For XGBoost, a base model was created using all of the default parameters. This model resulted in a predicted cost value of \$1,077,240 on the full dataset as a result of 4,000 False Positives and 2,755 False Negatives.

In an effort to improve performance and develop a model that reduces the value of the cost for prediction errors, RandomizedSearchCV was used to fit 10 combinations of parameters from the options below. The best-performing model based on a 5-fold cross validation of the training dataset was measured based on the value of AUC. The XGBoost model also utilized AUC in evaluating the test dataset for early stopping.

'max_depth': [6, 10, 15, 20],

'learning_rate': [0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3],

'subsample': [0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0],

'colsample_bytree': [0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0],

'colsample_bylevel': [0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0],

'min_child_weight': [0.5, 1.0, 3.0, 5.0, 7.0, 10.0],

'gamma': [0, 0.25, 0.5, 1.0],

'reg_lambda': [0.1, 1.0, 5.0, 10.0, 50.0, 100.0],

'n_estimators': [200]

The hypertuned model resulted in a reduction of \$862,960 to the predicted error cost when compared to the untuned model when predicting the target for the full dataset. The predicted error cost of the hypertuned model is \$214,280 as a result of 794 False Positives and 1018 False Negatives. The parameters associated with the best performing model, based on an AUC value of 0.9823 are:

'max_depth': 20,

'learning_rate': 0.3,

'subsample': 0.9,

'colsample_bytree': 0.8,

'colsample_bylevel': 0.5,

'min_child_weight': 3.0,

'gamma': 0,

'reg_lambda': 10.0,

'n_estimators': 200

The total time to process the XGBoost model through the 10 iterations of 5-fold cross-validation was approximately 1 hour.

Random Forest

The random forest model offers a good balance of processing speed and performance. In our base model, we used the default model parameters and ten (10) estimators. Without any hypertuning, this simple approach yielded a total cost value of \$307,700. This cost was based on 939 False Positives and 2755 False Negatives.

To hypertune the random forest model, we used a randomized approach to selecting from a grid of parameters. The RandomizedSearchCV was called, choosing from the array of options below:

{'bootstrap': [True, False],

'max_depth': [10, 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 900, 1000],

'max_features': ['auto', 'sqrt'],

'min_samples_leaf': [1, 2, 4],

'min_samples_split': [2, 5, 10],

'n_estimators': [10, 100, 500, 1000, 1500]}

With hypertuning, we were able to obtain a cost savings of 86, 880 sinceour total cost was 220,820 based on 754 False Positives and 1462 False Negatives.

The processing time of the full dataset using randomized grid search and these parameters was approximately three (3) hours.

Random Forest is a serious contender in any modeling scenario since it provides good model performance and is easy for business stakeholders to understand. However, it has the highest cost of processing time among all the three models.

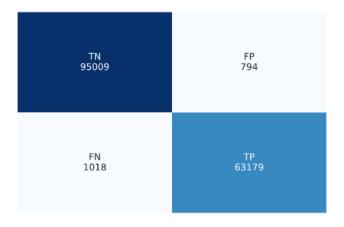
6. Results

Model performance was surprisingly similar. The difference in cost due to prediction error between the highest and lowest performing models was \$6540 (Table 3). There is a small gain of .027 from our Random Forest results to our XGBoost results.

Technique	False Positive	False Negative	Total Cost
XGBoost	794	1018	\$214,280
Neural Network	671	1859	\$216,040
Random Forest	754	1462	\$220.820

Model Results (Table 3)

The confusion matrix for XGBoost (Figure 5) shows us that model accuracy is also high. Even though this is not our primary requirement, it is helpful to see that predictions may be trusted in the greater majority of cases.



XGBoost Model Confusion Matrix (Figure 5)

7. Next Steps

Our study confirmed that the Neural Network, XGBoost and Random Forest model results are very similar for this dataset. The choice of model depends on the business priorities. These models could contribute to an ensemble model, however we believe the small improvement in cost reduction may not justify the cost to develop and maintain the model.

Appendix B - Code

```
In [1]: from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint, ReduceLROnPlateau, EarlyStopping
        from tensorflow.keras.layers import Input, LSTM, Dense, Concatenate, GRU, Dropout, LeakyReLU
        from tensorflow.keras.models import Model
        from tensorflow import keras
        import seaborn as sns
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from sklearn.model selection import StratifiedShuffleSplit
        import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        import gzip
        from tensorflow.keras import layers
        from tensorflow.keras import initializers
        import tensorflow as tf
        from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
        from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
        from sklearn.metrics.scorer import make scorer
        from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
        import xgboost as xgb
        from sklearn.model_selection import RandomizedSearchCV
        import locale
        import pickle
        print("Tensorflow version " + tf.__version__)
```

Tensorflow version 2.4.1

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/sklearn/utils/deprecation.py:144: FutureWarning: The sklearn.metrics.sco rer module is deprecated in version 0.22 and will be removed in version 0.24. The corresponding classes / func tions should instead be imported from sklearn.metrics. Anything that cannot be imported from sklearn.metrics is now part of the private API.

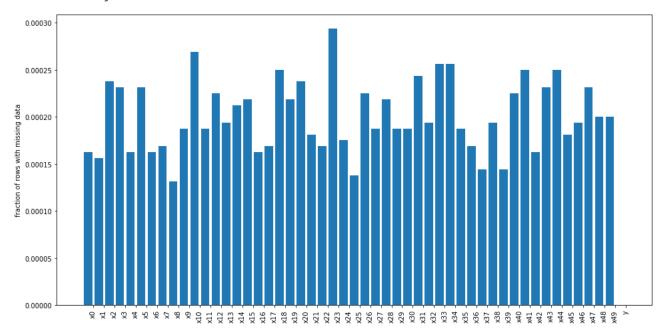
warnings.warn(message, FutureWarning)

#data = pd.read_csv("final_project.csv")

```
Data Import and Cleaning and Imputation ####
     In [2]: from google.colab import drive
     drive.mount('/content/drive')
     Mounted at /content/drive
In [7]: # Data Import and cleaning
     data=pd.read csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab Notebooks/final project.csv")
```

```
In [8]: # Graph the number of missing values per feature
null_counts = data.isnull().sum()/len(data)
plt.figure(figsize=(16,8))
plt.xticks(np.arange(len(null_counts))+0.5,null_counts.index,rotation='vertical')
plt.ylabel('fraction of rows with missing data')
plt.bar(np.arange(len(null_counts)),null_counts)
```

Out[8]: <BarContainer object of 51 artists>



```
In [9]: print("Top 5 lines\n\n", data.head())
         # Count empty values
         data.isnull().values.any().sum()
         data.isna().values.any().sum()
         data = data.dropna()
         data.isna().values.any().sum()
         print("\n\nShape \n\n", data.shape)
         print("\n\nData information \n\n", data.info(verbose=True))
         print("\n\nColumns \n\n",data.columns)
         print("\n\n Description \n\n", data.describe())
         # Feature Engineering
# Delete characters "," and "." in column x37, x32 and change to numeric
         data["x37"]=data["x37"].str.replace('[\$\,\.]', '')
data["x32"]=data["x32"].str.replace('[\$\,\.]', '')
         (data["x37"],data["x32"])
         data['x37']=pd.to_numeric(data['x37'])
         data['x32']=pd.to_numeric(data['x32'])
         print("\n\nx37 and x32 column \n\n", data["x37"], data["x37"])
print ("\n\n Data information after x37 and x32 column conversion to integer\n\n", data.info(verbose=True))
         # Count null values
         data.isnull().sum(axis = 0).sum()
         # Discover duplicate values
         {\tt data.columns.has\_duplicates}
          # Count na if they still exist
         data.isna().sum().sum()
```

```
x3 ...
                                                                            x49 y
1 \ -0.149894 \ -0.585676 \quad 27.839856 \quad 4.152333 \quad \dots \ -4.896678 \ -0.320283 \quad 16.719974 \quad 0
4\ -0.273366\quad 0.306326\ -11.352593\quad 1.676758\quad \dots \ -0.208351\ -0.894942\quad 15.724742\quad 1
[5 rows x 51 columns]
Shape
(158392, 51)
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 158392 entries, 0 to 159999
Data columns (total 51 columns):
# Column Non-Null Count Dtype
0
            158392 non-null float64
    x0
            158392 non-null float64
1
     x1
           158392 non-null float64
           158392 non-null float64
158392 non-null float64
3
    x3
    x4
           158392 non-null float64
   x5
            158392 non-null float64
158392 non-null float64
   x6
 6
    x7
           158392 non-null float64
   x8
9 x9
10 x10
          158392 non-null float64
158392 non-null float64
           158392 non-null float64
 11 x11
            158392 non-null float64
158392 non-null float64
 12 x12
 13 x13
           158392 non-null float64
 14 x14
            158392 non-null float64
 15 x15
            158392 non-null float64
 16 x16
            158392 non-null float64
 17 x17
            158392 non-null float64
158392 non-null float64
 18 x18
 19
    x19
            158392 non-null float64
 20 x20
            158392 non-null float64
 21
    x21
            158392 non-null float64
 22 x22
            158392 non-null float64
 23 x23
 24 x24
            158392 non-null object
            158392 non-null float64
 25 x25
 26 x26
            158392 non-null float64
            158392 non-null float64
158392 non-null float64
 27
    x27
 28 x28
            158392 non-null object
 29 x29
    x30
            158392 non-null object
 30
            158392 non-null float64
 31
    x31
            158392 non-null object
 32 x32
            158392 non-null float64
158392 non-null float64
 33 x33
 34
    x34
 35 x35
            158392 non-null float64
            158392 non-null float64
158392 non-null object
    x36
 36
 37
    x37
 38 x38
            158392 non-null float64
            158392 non-null float64
158392 non-null float64
 39
    x39
 40 x40
 41 x41
            158392 non-null float64
            158392 non-null float64
158392 non-null float64
 42
    x42
 43 x43
 44 x44
            158392 non-null float64
            158392 non-null float64
 45 x45
            158392 non-null float64
 46 x46
 47 x47
            158392 non-null float64
            158392 non-null float64
158392 non-null float64
 48 x48
 49 x49
            158392 non-null int64
 50 v
dtypes: float64(45), int64(1), object(5)
memory usage: 62.8+ MB
```

Data information

None

Columns

Index(['x0', 'x1', 'x2', 'x3', 'x4', 'x5', 'x6', 'x7', 'x8', 'x9', 'x10',

```
'x11', 'x12', 'x13', 'x14', 'x15', 'x16', 'x17', 'x18', 'x19', 'x20', 'x21', 'x22', 'x23', 'x24', 'x25', 'x26', 'x27', 'x28', 'x29', 'x30', 'x31', 'x32', 'x33', 'x34', 'x35', 'x36', 'x37', 'x38', 'x39', 'x40', 'x41', 'x42', 'x43', 'x44', 'x45', 'x46', 'x47', 'x48', 'x49', 'y'],
       dtype='object')
 Description
x0 x1 ... x49 count 158392.000000 158392.000000 ... 158392.000000 158392.000000
          -0.000808 0.003705 ... -0.672052
mean
                              6.340297 ...
             0.371064
                                                    15.033134
                                                                        0.490142
            -1.592635
                            -26.278302 ...
                                                   -65.791191
                                                                        0.000000
                            -4.259016 ... -10.929046
0.010023 ... -0.569139
4.286606 ... 9.649839
            -0.251246
            -0.001818
                                                                       0.000000
             0.248622
                                                                       1.000000
                                                                  1.000000
             1.600849
                             27.988178 ...
                                                  66.877604
[8 rows x 46 columns]
x37 and x32 column
            131396
           196278
            43047
          -236629
          -62066
159995
           -89196
159996
           158865
          68746
159997
159998
           43921
159999 -122934
Name: x37, Length: 158392, dtype: int64 0 131396
1 196278
            43047
        -236629
         -62066
159995
         -89196
         158865
159996
159997
           68746
159998
           43921
159999 -122934
Name: x37, Length: 158392, dtype: int64
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 158392 entries, 0 to 159999
Data columns (total 51 columns):
# Column Non-Null Count Dtype
--- -----
              158392 non-null float64
 0 x0
            158392 non-null float64
             158392 non-null float64
158392 non-null float64
     x2
     x3
            158392 non-null float64
   x4
            158392 non-null float64
158392 non-null float64
     x5
    x6
 7 x7
            158392 non-null float64
              158392 non-null float64
158392 non-null float64
     x8
     x9
 10 x10
            158392 non-null float64
             158392 non-null float64
158392 non-null float64
 11 x11
 12 x12
             158392 non-null float64
 13 x13
              158392 non-null float64
158392 non-null float64
 14 x14
 15 x15
 16 x16
             158392 non-null float64
              158392 non-null float64
158392 non-null float64
 17 x17
 18 x18
 19 x19
              158392 non-null float64
              158392 non-null float64
158392 non-null float64
 20 x20
 21 x21
 22 x22
             158392 non-null float64
              158392 non-null float64
158392 non-null object
 23 x23
 24 x24
 25 x25
              158392 non-null float64
 26 x26
              158392 non-null float64
              158392 non-null float64
```

std

min

25%

50%

75%

0

1

3 4

2

3

4

2

3

4

6

8

9

27 x27 28 x28

29 x29 30 x30

158392 non-null float64 158392 non-null object 158392 non-null object

5

```
31 x31
              158392 non-null float64
              158392 non-null int64
 32 x32
 33 x33
              158392 non-null float64
              158392 non-null float64
158392 non-null float64
 34 x34
 35 x35
 36 x36
              158392 non-null float64
              158392 non-null int64
158392 non-null float64
 37
     x37
 38
     x38
 39 x39
              158392 non-null float64
              158392 non-null float64
158392 non-null float64
 40 x40
 41 x41
 42 x42
              158392 non-null float64
              158392 non-null float64
158392 non-null float64
 43 x43
 44 x44
 45 x45
              158392 non-null float64
              158392 non-null float64
158392 non-null float64
 46 x46
 47 x47
 48 x48
              158392 non-null float64
              158392 non-null float64
158392 non-null int64
 49 x49
 50 y
dtypes: float64(45), int64(3), object(3)
memory usage: 62.8+ MB
```

Data information after x37 and x32 column conversion to integer

None

Out[9]: 0

In [10]: # Separate the categoriacla columns from the data and process them later but here just trying to plotting numeri
cal columns
visdf=data[data.columns.difference(['x24','x29','x30'])]

```
In [11]: # Visualizations
# Finding out which columns are notmal data and which are not
import seaborn as sns

for i, col in enumerate(visdf.columns):
    plt.figure(i)
    sns.histplot(visdf[col])
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:7: RuntimeWarning: More than 20 figures have been opened. Figures created through the pyplot interface (`matplotlib.pyplot.figure`) are retained until explicitly closed and may consume too much memory. (To control this warning, see the rcParam `figure.max_open_warning`). import sys // usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:7: RuntimeWarning: More than 20 figures have been opened. Figures created through the pyplot interface (`matplotlib.pyplot.figure`) are retained until explicitly closed and may consume too much memory. (To control this warning, see the rcParam `figure.max_open_warning`).
```

- import sys
 /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:7: RuntimeWarning: More than 20 figures have been opened. Figures created through the pyplot interface (`matplotlib.pyplot.figure`) are retained until explicitly closed and may consume too much memory. (To control this warning, see the rcParam `figure.max open warning`).
- /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:7: RuntimeWarning: More than 20 figures have been opened. Figures created through the pyplot interface (`matplotlib.pyplot.figure`) are retained until explicitly closed and may consume too much memory. (To control this warning, see the rcParam `figure.max_open_warning`).

 import sys

import sys

- /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:7: RuntimeWarning: More than 20 figures have been opened. Figures created through the pyplot interface (`matplotlib.pyplot.figure`) are retained until explicitly closed and may consume too much memory. (To control this warning, see the rcParam `figure.max_open_warning`).

 import sys
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import sys

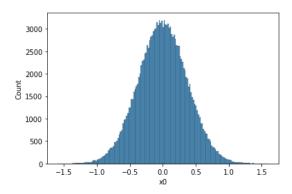
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:7: RuntimeWarning: More than 20 figures have been opened. Figures created through the pyplot interface (`matplotlib.pyplot.figure`) are retained until explicitly closed and may consume too much memory. (To control this warning, see the rcParam `figure.max_open_warning`).
import sys

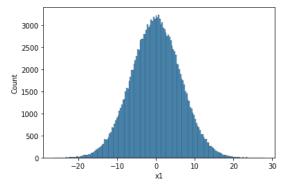
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:7: RuntimeWarning: More than 20 figures have been opened. Figures created through the pyplot interface (`matplotlib.pyplot.figure`) are retained until explicitly closed and may consume too much memory. (To control this warning, see the rcParam `figure.max_open_warning`).

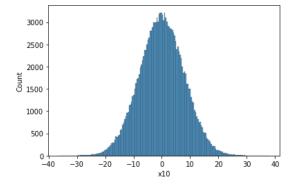
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:7: RuntimeWarning: More than 20 figures have been opened. Figures created through the pyplot interface (`matplotlib.pyplot.figure`) are retained until explicitly closed and may consume too much memory. (To control this warning, see the rcParam `figure.max_open_warning`).

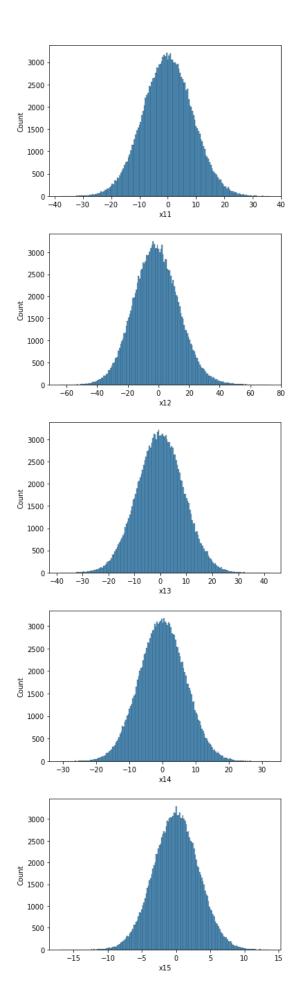
import sys

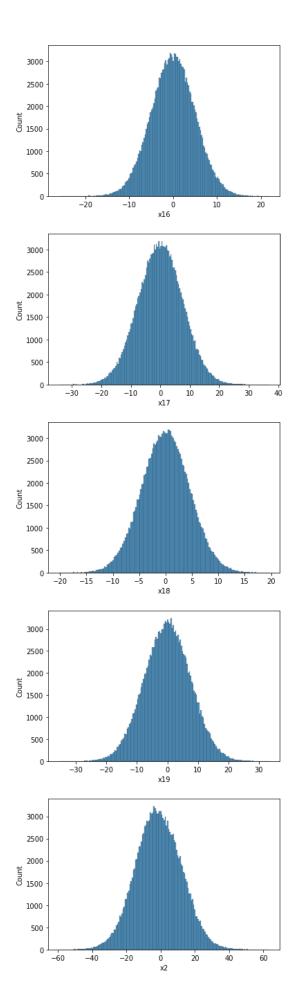
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:7: RuntimeWarning: More than 20 figures have been opened. Figures created through the pyplot interface (`matplotlib.pyplot.figure`) are retained until explicitly closed and may consume too much memory. (To control this warning, see the rcParam `figure.max_open_warning`).
import sys

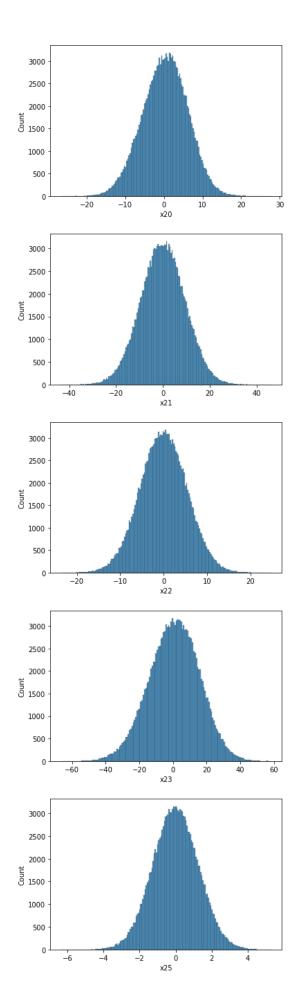


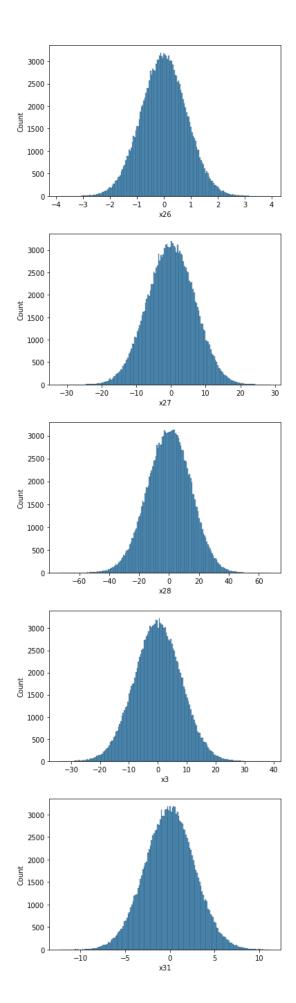


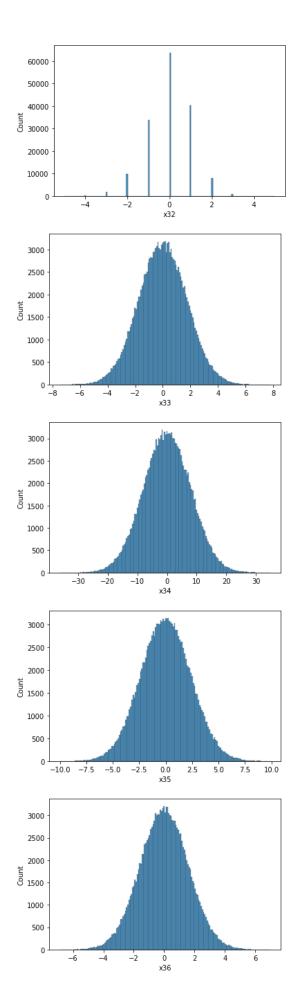


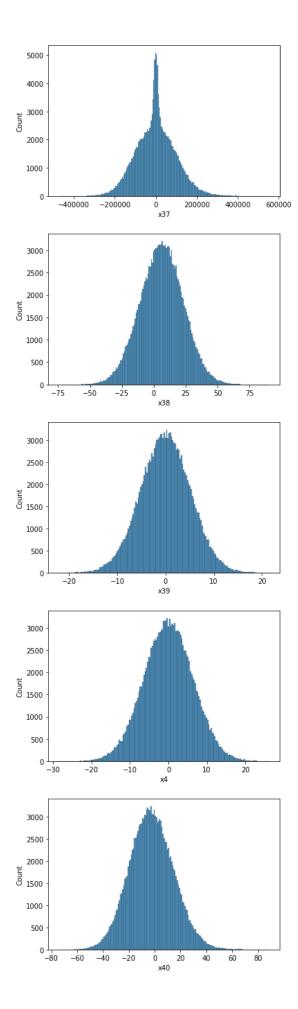


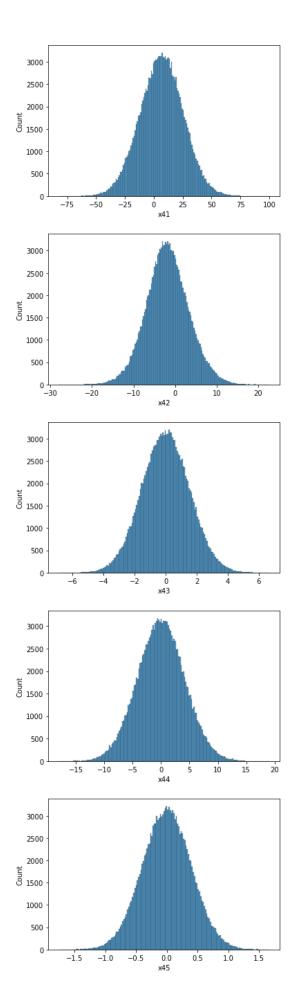


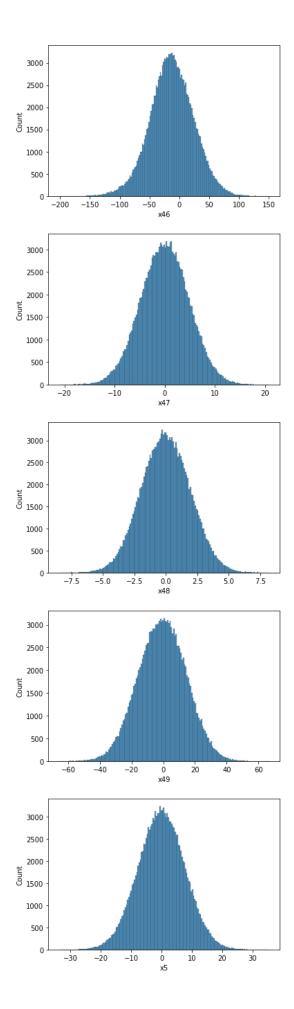


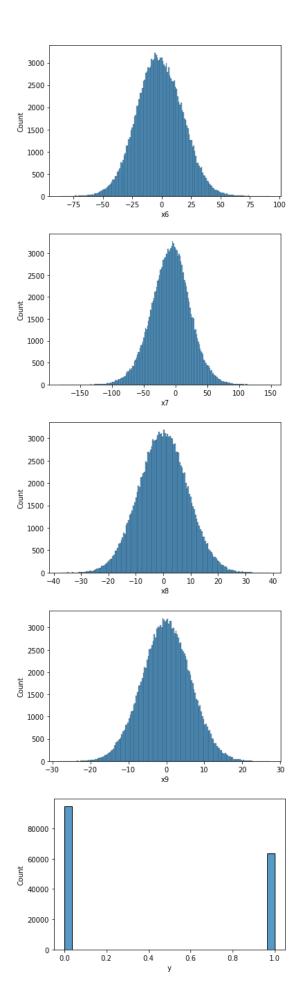












```
In [12]: # ** Imputations of Numerical Columns **
# *****. From the graphs it seems we can use **mean** to impute the missing data from the numerical columns ****

df=visdf.fillna(visdf.mean())

#Testing if there are anymore missing data left behind
df.isna().sum().sum()

#how data looks lik after imputations
df.info(verbose=True)
data.columns
df.describe()
```

Data	columns	(total	48 COlumns	5):			
#	Column	Non-Nul	ll Count	Dtype			
0	x0	158392	non-null	float64			
1	x1	158392	non-null	float64			
2	x10	158392	non-null	float64			
3	x11	158392		float64			
4	x12	158392	non-null	float64			
5	x13	158392	non-null	float64			
6	x14	158392	non-null	float64			
7	x15	158392	non-null	float64			
8	x16	158392	non-null	float64			
9	x17	158392	non-null	float64			
10		158392	non-null	float64			
	x18						
11	x19	158392	non-null	float64			
12	x2	158392	non-null	float64			
13	x20	158392	non-null	float64			
14	x21	158392	non-null	float64			
15	x22	158392	non-null	float64			
16	x23	158392	non-null	float64			
17	x25	158392	non-null	float64			
18	x26	158392	non-null	float64			
19	x27	158392	non-null	float64			
20	x28	158392	non-null	float64			
21	x3	158392	non-null	float64			
22	x31	158392	non-null	float64			
23	x32	158392	non-null	int64			
24	x33	158392	non-null	float64			
25	x34	158392	non-null	float64			
26	x35	158392	non-null	float64			
27	x36	158392	non-null	float64			
28	x37	158392	non-null	int64			
29	x38	158392	non-null	float64			
30	x39	158392	non-null	float64			
31	x4	158392	non-null	float64			
32	x40	158392	non-null	float64			
33	x41	158392	non-null	float64			
34	x42	158392	non-null	float64			
35	x43	158392	non-null	float64			
36	x44	158392	non-null	float64			
37	x45	158392	non-null	float64			
38	x46	158392	non-null	float64			
39	x47	158392	non-null	float64			
40	x48	158392	non-null	float64			
41	x49	158392	non-null	float64			
42	x5	158392	non-null	float64			
43	x6	158392	non-null	float64			
44	x7	158392	non-null	float64			
45	x8	158392	non-null	float64			
46	x9	158392	non-null	float64			
47	У	158392		int64			
dtype		64(45)					
	cy usage:						
memory abage. 55.2 PD							

Out[12]:

	х0	х1	x10	x11	x12	x13	x14	x15	x16	
count	158392.000000	158392.000000	158392.000000	158392.000000	158392.000000	158392.000000	158392.000000	158392.000000	158392.000000	1583
mean	-0.000808	0.003705	0.000816	0.030692	-1.337022	0.005699	0.008887	0.002436	0.006746	
std	0.371064	6.340297	7.870963	8.767797	14.752763	8.952626	6.964429	3.271402	4.982869	
min	-1.592635	-26.278302	-36.306571	-38.092869	-64.197967	-38.723514	-30.905214	-17.002359	-26.042983	-
25%	-0.251246	-4.259016	-5.286455	-5.902750	-11.383333	-6.030792	-4.695374	-2.207028	-3.343254	
50%	-0.001818	0.010023	-0.019074	0.013579	-1.627464	-0.004343	0.003644	0.005473	0.012754	
75%	0.248622	4.286606	5.327598	5.933786	8.375380	6.039018	4.702776	2.212473	3.366107	
max	1.600849	27.988178	37.945583	36.360443	73.279354	42.392177	32.546340	13.782559	21.961123	

```
In [13]: # ******. Imputations for Categorical columns. ******
         # *** Find categorical columns ***
         catcolumns=data.select_dtypes(include='object')
         catcolumns.head(10)
         #put the cat_columns into another data frame to process further
         data2=data[['x24','x29','x30']]
         data2.info(verbose=True)
         #Test it whether it has any missing values
         data2.isna().sum()
         # Here we put "Unknown" class for imputation of missing categorical values
         # Reference:https://jamesrledoux.com/code/imputation
         # Validate data one more time before seperating target feature
         data2.fillna("Unknown",inplace=True)
         data2.isna().sum()
         data2.info(verbose=True)
         data2.columns.has_duplicates
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         Int64Index: 158392 entries, 0 to 159999
         Data columns (total 3 columns):
         # Column Non-Null Count Dtype
         --- -----
                     158392 non-null object
         0 x24
         1 x29
2 x30
                    158392 non-null object
158392 non-null object
         dtypes: object(3)
         memory usage: 4.8+ MB
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         Int64Index: 158392 entries, 0 to 159999
         Data columns (total 3 columns):
          # Column Non-Null Count Dtype
         0 x24 158392 non-null object
1 x29 158392 non-null object
                   158392 non-null object
          2 x30
         dtypes: object(3)
         memory usage: 4.8+ MB
         /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/pandas/core/frame.py:4327: SettingWithCopyWarning:
         A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
         See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#ret
         urning-a-view-versus-a-copy
           downcast=downcast,
```

Out[13]: False

```
In [14]: # Seperate out your Y value
        y=data['y']
print ("\n\n Target value \n\n",y)
        df.head()
        df.drop(['y'],axis=1,inplace=True)
        print ("\n Data with target column removed \n, data.head())
        data_object=data2.select_dtypes(include='object')
        data_object.head(5)
        print (data_object.head(10))
         Target value
                  0
        1
                  0
        2
                  0
        3
                  0
        4
                 1
        159995
                 1
        159996
                  0
        159997
                 1
        159998
        159999
                 1
        Name: y, Length: 158392, dtype: int64
         Data with target column removed
                                                                               x49 y
                 x_0
                           x1
                                     x2
                                             x3 ...
                                                          x47
                                                                     x48
        0 \ -0.166563 \ -3.961588 \quad \  4.621113 \quad \  2.481908 \quad \dots \ -7.689696 \quad \  0.151589 \quad -8.040166 \quad 0
        4\ -0.273366\quad 0.306326\ -11.352593\quad 1.676758\quad \dots \ -0.208351\ -0.894942\quad 15.724742\quad 1
        [5 rows x 51 columns]
                             x30
             x24 x29
          euorpe July
                          tuesday
        1
            asia Aug wednesday
        2
             asia July wednesday
            asia July wednesday
        3
             asia July
                         tuesday
            asia Aug wednesday
asia Jun wednesday
        7
             asia Aug wednesday
             asia
                   May wednesday
             asia Jun wednesday
In [15]: # One hot encode categorical values
        data_object.describe(include='all').loc['unique', :]
        hot_encoed_df=pd.get_dummies(data_object)
        hot_encoed_df.head()
        frames = [df,hot_encoed_df]
        df2=pd.concat(frames,axis=1)
        df2.shape
        df2.head()
        df2.isna().sum().sum()
        df2.columns.has_duplicates
Out[15]: False
####
                    Model 1 Neural Network.
```

```
In [ ]: # Model
        from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
        from tensorflow.keras.regularizers import 12
        from tensorflow.keras import optimizers
        scaler = MinMaxScaler(feature_range=(-1, 1))
        scaled train = scaler.fit transform(df2)
        scaled train
        try:
             tpu = tf.distribute.cluster resolver.TPUClusterResolver.connect() # TPU detection
             strategy = tf.distribute.TPUStrategy(tpu)
        except ValueError: # detect GPUs
            strategy = tf.distribute.get_strategy() # default strategy that works on CPU and single GPU
        \# strategy = {	t tf.distribute.get_strategy()} \# default strategy that works on CPU and single GPU
        print("Number of accelerators: ", strategy.num_replicas_in_sync)
        AUTO = tf.data.experimental.AUTOTUNE
        from sklearn.model selection import train test split
        x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(scaled_train,y, test_size=0.20, random_state=123)
        seed = 42
        first_layer_init = initializers.RandomNormal(
           mean=0.0, stddev=0.1, seed=seed)
        hidden_layer_init = initializers.RandomNormal(
           mean=0.0, stddev=0.05, seed=seed)
        output_layer_init = initializers.RandomNormal(
           mean=0.0, stddev=0.001, seed=seed)
        weight\_decay = 1 * 10**-5
        model = tf.keras.Sequential()
        model.add(layers.Dense(32,activation='tanh',kernel initializer=hidden layer init,kernel regularizer=12(weight de
        cay))) # adds a layer with 32 neurons, tanh activation
        model.add(layers.Dense(12,activation='tanh',kernel_initializer=hidden_layer_init,kernel_regularizer=12(weight_de
        cay))) # adds a layer with 12 neurons, tanh activation
        _decay)))  # adds a layer with 1 neurons, sigmoid activation
        auc_score = tf.keras.metrics.AUC() # define AUC score for model output
        model.compile(optimizer=optimizers.SGD(lr=.05), loss='binary_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy',auc_score,tf.ker
        as.metrics.FalsePositives(),tf.keras.metrics.FalseNegatives()]) # optimized with SGD with a learning rate of .05
        from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint, ReduceLROnPlateau, EarlyStopping
        callbacks = [EarlyStopping(patience=5, monitor='val_false_positives', min_delta=0.00001)] # stop model after 2
        epochs with no improvement based on epoch accuracy
        \verb|model.fit(x_train, y_train, epochs=40, validation_data=(x_test, y_test), batch_size=30, callbacks=callbacks)|
```

WARNING:tensorflow:TPU system grpc://10.51.243.98:8470 has already been initialized. Reinitializing the TPU can cause previously created variables on TPU to be lost. WARNING:tensorflow:TPU system grpc://10.51.243.98:8470 has already been initialized. Reinitializing the TPU can cause previously created variables on TPU to be lost. INFO:tensorflow:Initializing the TPU system: grpc://10.51.243.98:8470 INFO:tensorflow:Initializing the TPU system: grpc://10.51.243.98:8470 INFO:tensorflow:Clearing out eager caches INFO:tensorflow:Clearing out eager caches INFO:tensorflow:Finished initializing TPU system. INFO:tensorflow:Finished initializing TPU system. INFO:tensorflow:Found TPU system: INFO:tensorflow:Found TPU system: INFO:tensorflow:*** Num TPU Cores: 8 INFO:tensorflow:*** Num TPU Cores: 8 INFO:tensorflow:*** Num TPU Workers: 1 INFO:tensorflow:*** Num TPU Workers: 1 INFO:tensorflow:*** Num TPU Cores Per Worker: 8 INFO:tensorflow:*** Num TPU Cores Per Worker: 8 INFO:tensorflow:*** Available Device: _DeviceAttributes(/job:localhost/replica:0/task:0/device:CPU:0, CPU, 0, INFO:tensorflow:*** Available Device: DeviceAttributes(/job:localhost/replica:0/task:0/device:CPU:0, CPU, 0, INFO:tensorflow:*** Available Device: _DeviceAttributes(/job:worker/replica:0/task:0/device:CPU:0, CPU, 0, 0) INFO:tensorflow:*** Available Device: DeviceAttributes(/job:worker/replica:0/task:0/device:CPU:0, CPU, 0, 0) INFO:tensorflow:*** Available Device: DeviceAttributes(/job:worker/replica:0/task:0/device:TPU:0, TPU, 0, 0) INFO:tensorflow:*** Available Device: DeviceAttributes(/job:worker/replica:0/task:0/device:TPU:0, TPU, 0, 0) INFO:tensorflow:*** Available Device: DeviceAttributes(/job:worker/replica:0/task:0/device:TPU:1, TPU, 0, 0) INFO:tensorflow:*** Available Device: _DeviceAttributes(/job:worker/replica:0/task:0/device:TPU:1, TPU, 0, 0) INFO:tensorflow:*** Available Device: _DeviceAttributes(/job:worker/replica:0/task:0/device:TPU:2, TPU, 0, 0) INFO:tensorflow:*** Available Device: _DeviceAttributes(/job:worker/replica:0/task:0/device:TPU:2, TPU, 0, 0) INFO:tensorflow:*** Available Device: _DeviceAttributes(/job:worker/replica:0/task:0/device:TPU:3, TPU, 0, 0) INFO:tensorflow:*** Available Device: DeviceAttributes(/job:worker/replica:0/task:0/device:TPU:3, TPU, 0, 0) INFO:tensorflow:*** Available Device: _DeviceAttributes(/job:worker/replica:0/task:0/device:TPU:4, TPU, 0, 0) INFO:tensorflow:*** Available Device: _DeviceAttributes(/job:worker/replica:0/task:0/device:TPU:4, TPU, 0, 0) INFO:tensorflow:*** Available Device: _DeviceAttributes(/job:worker/replica:0/task:0/device:TPU:5, TPU, 0, 0) INFO:tensorflow:*** Available Device: _DeviceAttributes(/job:worker/replica:0/task:0/device:TPU:5, TPU, 0, 0) INFO:tensorflow:*** Available Device: DeviceAttributes(/job:worker/replica:0/task:0/device:TPU:6, TPU, 0, 0) INFO:tensorflow:*** Available Device: DeviceAttributes(/job:worker/replica:0/task:0/device:TPU:6, TPU, 0, 0) INFO:tensorflow:*** Available Device: DeviceAttributes(/job:worker/replica:0/task:0/device:TPU:7, TPU, 0, 0) INFO:tensorflow:*** Available Device: DeviceAttributes(/job:worker/replica:0/task:0/device:TPU:7, TPU, 0, 0) INFO:tensorflow:*** Available Device: _DeviceAttributes(/job:worker/replica:0/task:0/device:TPU_SYSTEM:0, TPU_S YSTEM, 0, 0) INFO:tensorflow:*** Available Device: DeviceAttributes(/job:worker/replica:0/task:0/device:TPU SYSTEM:0, TPU S

INFO:tensorflow:*** Available Device: _DeviceAttributes(/job:worker/replica:0/task:0/device:XLA_CPU:0, XLA_CPU,

INFO:tensorflow:*** Available Device: DeviceAttributes(/job:worker/replica:0/task:0/device:XLA CPU:0, XLA CPU,

0, 0)

Number of accelerators: 8

Epoch 1/40

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 2/40

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 3/40

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 4/40

_1: 0.9179 - val_false_positives_1: 780.0000 - val_false_negatives_1: 5597.0000
WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 5/40

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 6/40

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 7/40

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 9/40

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1.

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 10/40

4224/4224 [==============] - 106s 25ms/step - loss: 0.3003 - accuracy: 0.8739 - auc_1: 0.9429 - false_positives_1: 3818.5967 - false_negatives_1: 4147.4888 - val_loss: 0.2892 - val_accuracy: 0.8787 - val_auc_1: 0.9478 - val_false_positives_1: 2052.0000 - val_false_negatives_1: 1791.0000

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 11/40

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 12/40

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 13/40

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1.

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 14/40

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 15/40

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 16/40

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 17/40

4224/4224 [==============] - 106s 25ms/step - loss: 0.2568 - accuracy: 0.8970 - auc_1: 0.9588 - false_positives_1: 3047.4480 - false_negatives_1: 3463.6092 - val_loss: 0.2487 - val_accuracy: 0.9002 - val_auc_1: 0.9627 - val_false_positives_1: 1080.0000 - val_false_negatives_1: 2080.0000

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 18/40

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 19/40

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 20/40

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 21/40

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 23/40

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_fal

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 24/40

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 25/40

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 26/40

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 27/40

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 28/40

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

4224/4224 [==============] - 102s 24ms/step - loss: 0.2089 - accuracy: 0.9211 - auc_1: 0.9731 - false_positives_1: 2308.4963 - false_negatives_1: 2676.2561 - val_loss: 0.2135 - val_accuracy: 0.9199 - val_auc_1: 0.9724 - val_false_positives_1: 972.0000 - val_false_negatives_1: 1566.0000

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 30/40

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_fal

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 31/40

4224/4224 [=============] - 106s 25ms/step - loss: 0.2038 - accuracy: 0.9237 - auc_1: 0.9744 - false_positives_1: 2222.0251 - false_negatives_1: 2626.9311 - val_loss: 0.2093 - val_accuracy: 0.9205 - val_auc_1: 0.9759 - val_false_positives_1: 1702.0000 - val_false_negatives_1: 817.0000

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 32/40

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 33/40

4224/4224 [==============] - 106s 25ms/step - loss: 0.1964 - accuracy: 0.9275 - auc_1: 0.9761 - false_positives_1: 2113.1964 - false_negatives_1: 2494.2873 - val_loss: 0.1915 - val_accuracy: 0.9286 - val_auc_1: 0.9774 - val_false_positives_1: 983.0000 - val_false_negatives_1: 1280.0000

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 34/40

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1.

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 35/40

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 36/40

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 37/40

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 38/40

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 39/40

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives 1,val false negatives 1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Epoch 40/40

4224/4224 [=============] - 107s 25ms/step - loss: 0.1822 - accuracy: 0.9350 - auc_1: 0.9796 - false_positives_1: 1917.4911 - false_negatives_1: 2256.8551 - val_loss: 0.1826 - val_accuracy: 0.9338 - val_auc_1: 0.9798 - val_false_positives_1: 1011.0000 - val_false_negatives_1: 1087.0000

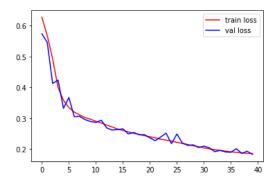
WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

WARNING:tensorflow:Early stopping conditioned on metric `val_false_positives` which is not available. Available metrics are: loss,accuracy,auc_1,false_positives_1,false_negatives_1,val_loss,val_accuracy,val_auc_1,val_false_positives_1,val_false_negatives_1

Out[]: <tensorflow.python.keras.callbacks.History at 0x7f64eb53f850>

```
In [ ]: train_loss = model.history.history['loss']
    val_loss = model.history.history['val_loss']
    plt.plot(train_loss,color='red', label='train loss')
    plt.plot(val_loss,color='blue', label='val loss')
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()

    model.summary()
    pd.DataFrame(model.history.history)
```



Model: "sequential_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 32)	2176
dense_4 (Dense)	(None, 12)	396
dense_5 (Dense)	(None, 1)	13

Total params: 2,585
Trainable params: 2,585
Non-trainable params: 0

	loss	accuracy	auc_1	false_positives_1	false_negatives_1	val_loss	val_accuracy	val_auc_1	val_false_positives_1	val_false_negatives_1
0	0.627154	0.646051	0.673559	6830.0	38020.0	0.573894	0.704852	0.757008	3523.0	5827.0
1	0.567375	0.705815	0.761462	14818.0	22459.0	0.545456	0.712586	0.784453	3170.0	5935.0
2	0.492175	0.760214	0.831897	12000.0	18384.0	0.412275	0.818523	0.891757	2415.0	3334.0
3	0.399346	0.824035	0.896188	9796.0	12501.0	0.423732	0.798699	0.917932	780.0	5597.0
4	0.357771	0.846117	0.918035	8997.0	10502.0	0.331792	0.858739	0.930372	2353.0	2122.0
5	0.334351	0.856763	0.928747	8512.0	9638.0	0.366871	0.837811	0.935511	4217.0	921.0
6	0.319715	0.863447	0.934992	8225.0	9078.0	0.304823	0.869882	0.941340	2078.0	2044.0
7	0.310161	0.867606	0.938951	8010.0	8766.0	0.305638	0.868841	0.944787	1320.0	2835.0
8	0.301833	0.872168	0.942309	7771.0	8427.0	0.295271	0.875122	0.947024	1388.0	2568.0
9	0.296685	0.875459	0.944346	7545.0	8236.0	0.289192	0.878689	0.947795	2052.0	1791.0
10	0.289830	0.878805	0.947030	7337.0	8020.0	0.286201	0.881309	0.948778	1911.0	1849.0
11	0.284133	0.881386	0.949149	7131.0	7899.0	0.293235	0.876259	0.951403	2660.0	1260.0
12	0.277563	0.884905	0.951501	6902.0	7682.0	0.268415	0.888917	0.955104	1545.0	1974.0
13	0.271549	0.889727	0.953672	6590.0	7383.0	0.261399	0.892705	0.958007	1825.0	1574.0
14	0.264829	0.893215	0.955989	6279.0	7252.0	0.262957	0.891095	0.957903	1286.0	2164.0
15	0.260377	0.895504	0.957489	6173.0	7068.0	0.265413	0.891221	0.957010	1206.0	2240.0
16	0.255691	0.897019	0.959088	6079.0	6970.0	0.248703	0.900249	0.962724	1080.0	2080.0
17	0.250819	0.900507	0.960663	5855.0	6752.0	0.253494	0.899271	0.961689	1888.0	1303.0
18	0.247675	0.901139	0.961662	5783.0	6744.0	0.246134	0.901323	0.965220	2015.0	1111.0
19	0.243039	0.903830	0.963109	5687.0	6499.0	0.246427	0.900565	0.963315	1047.0	2103.0
20	0.239595	0.905574	0.964215	5587.0	6378.0	0.235966	0.907005	0.965565	1219.0	1727.0
21	0.236240	0.907097	0.965254	5458.0	6314.0	0.227156	0.910919	0.968233	1333.0	1489.0
22	0.231644	0.909307	0.966720	5304.0	6188.0	0.238887	0.907068	0.968056	1974.0	970.0
23	0.228979	0.910893	0.967546	5247.0	6044.0	0.251441	0.896840	0.969101	583.0	2685.0
24	0.225721	0.912124	0.968498	5158.0	5977.0	0.217224	0.916885	0.971350	987.0	1646.0
25	0.221540	0.914736	0.969702	4934.0	5870.0	0.248807	0.899776	0.971749	469.0	2706.0
26	0.218021	0.916291	0.970618	4854.0	5753.0	0.219686	0.915591	0.970745	1512.0	1162.0
27	0.214706	0.918177	0.971556	4732.0	5636.0	0.211614	0.920420	0.973179	1475.0	1046.0
28	0.210709	0.920853	0.972610	4608.0	5421.0	0.213481	0.919884	0.972355	972.0	1566.0
29	0.207430	0.921571	0.973557	4559.0	5379.0	0.204826	0.922662	0.974608	1320.0	1130.0
30	0.203542	0.923457	0.974470	4447.0	5252.0	0.209288	0.920484	0.975866	1702.0	817.0
31	0.200395	0.925162		4328.0		0.203934	0.921525	0.975422	827.0	1659.0
32	0.197657	0.926464		4288.0		0.191484	0.928565	0.977429	983.0	1280.0
33	0.195498	0.927900		4157.0		0.195467	0.927491	0.976788	1190.0	1107.0
34	0.193236	0.928358	0.977018	4160.0	4918.0		0.930427	0.977663	953.0	1251.0
35	0.190753	0.929715		4078.0	4828.0	0.189418	0.932195	0.977852	934.0	1214.0
36	0.189223	0.930899	0.977946	4048.0		0.200816	0.924398	0.977828	635.0	1760.0
37	0.187308	0.931949	0.978356	3926.0		0.185920	0.932163	0.979516	693.0	1456.0
38	0.185758	0.932706	0.978778	3937.0	4590.0	0.192632	0.928691	0.979736	547.0	1712.0
39	0.185373	0.933385	0.978905	3895.0	4546.0	0.182593	0.933773	0.979763	1011.0	1087.0

```
In [ ]: val_FP = model.history.history['val_false_positives_1']
         val_FN = model.history.history['val_false_negatives_1']
plt.plot(val_FP,color='red',label='val_false_positives')
         plt.plot(val_FN,color='blue',label='val_false_negatives')
         plt.legend()
         plt.show()
          6000
                                         val_false_positives
                                        val_false_negatives
          5000
          4000
          3000
          2000
          1000
                        10
                             15
                                  20
XGBoost
         In [19]: # Create test/train split of data
         final_df = df2 # Use cleaned and imputated data from data section
         x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(final_df,y, test_size=0.20, random_state=123)
In [20]: ## XGB Parameter grid
         param_grid = {
                  'max_depth': [6, 10, 15, 20],
                  'learning_rate': [0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3],
                  'subsample': [0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0],
                 'colsample_bytree': [0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0],
                 'colsample_bylevel': [0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0], 'min_child_weight': [0.5, 1.0, 3.0, 5.0, 7.0, 10.0],
                 'gamma': [0, 0.25, 0.5, 1.0],
                  'reg_lambda': [0.1, 1.0, 5.0, 10.0, 50.0, 100.0],
                  'n_estimators': [200]}
In [21]: ## XGB Model building
         # define function to do randomsearch
         def xgb_randomsearch(xgb_df, xgb_y, xgb_x_test, xgb_y_test, n_iter, param_grid):
             # intiate XGBoost Classifier
             clf = xgb.XGBClassifier(use_label_encoder=False)
             # RandomSearchCV with custom scoring function
             xgb_rs_clf = RandomizedSearchCV(clf, param_grid, n_iter=n_iter, n_jobs=-1, verbose=2,cv=5, refit=True, rando
         m_state=123, scoring='roc_auc')
             # return fit model
```

fit_params = {'early_stopping_rounds':50, 'eval_set':[[xgb_x_test,xgb_y_test]], 'eval_metric':'auc'}

return xgb_rs_clf.fit(xgb_df, xgb_y, **fit_params)

```
f 0 1
        validation_0-auc:0.892483
Will train until validation_0-auc hasn't improved in 50 rounds.
        validation_0-auc:0.932696
f 1 1
[2]
        validation 0-auc:0.949706
        validation_0-auc:0.956148
[3]
        validation 0-auc:0.960744
۲41
[5]
        validation_0-auc:0.964273
        validation_0-auc:0.966017
[6]
        validation 0-auc:0.96825
r 7 1
[8]
        validation_0-auc:0.970722
        validation 0-auc:0.972401
[9]
        validation_0-auc:0.973797
f 101
[11]
        validation_0-auc:0.974928
[12]
        validation 0-auc:0.975898
        validation_0-auc:0.976998
[13]
f 141
        validation_0-auc:0.977888
        validation_0-auc:0.97843
[15]
        validation_0-auc:0.979111
[16]
        validation 0-auc:0.979393
[17]
[18]
        validation_0-auc:0.9797
        validation_0-auc:0.980013
[19]
        validation_0-auc:0.980227
[20]
[21]
        validation_0-auc:0.980468
[22]
        validation 0-auc:0.980698
        validation_0-auc:0.980758
[23]
[24]
        validation 0-auc:0.980715
        validation_0-auc:0.98067
f 251
[26]
        validation_0-auc:0.980968
[27]
        validation 0-auc:0.980958
[28]
        validation 0-auc:0.98117
[29]
        validation_0-auc:0.981319
        validation_0-auc:0.981232
[30]
        validation_0-auc:0.981428
[31]
        validation_0-auc:0.981542
[32]
[33]
        validation_0-auc:0.981536
[341
        validation 0-auc:0.981674
        validation_0-auc:0.981688
[35]
[36]
        validation_0-auc:0.981661
        validation_0-auc:0.981687
[37]
        validation_0-auc:0.981905
[38]
        validation 0-auc:0.982034
[39]
[40]
        validation_0-auc:0.98213
[41]
        validation_0-auc:0.982101
[42]
        validation 0-auc:0.982147
        validation_0-auc:0.98227
[43]
[44]
        validation_0-auc:0.9823
[45]
        validation_0-auc:0.982307
[46]
        validation 0-auc:0.982308
        validation_0-auc:0.982264
[47]
[48]
        validation_0-auc:0.982296
        validation 0-auc:0.982359
[49]
        validation_0-auc:0.982358
[50]
[51]
        validation_0-auc:0.982483
[52]
        validation 0-auc:0.982536
[53]
        validation_0-auc:0.982514
[54]
        validation 0-auc:0.982565
[55]
        validation_0-auc:0.982587
        validation_0-auc:0.982594
[56]
[57]
        validation 0-auc:0.982559
[58]
        validation_0-auc:0.982604
        validation_0-auc:0.982693
1591
[60]
        validation_0-auc:0.982673
        validation_0-auc:0.982664
[61]
        validation_0-auc:0.982667
[62]
[63]
        validation_0-auc:0.982641
[64]
        validation 0-auc:0.982676
        validation_0-auc:0.98269
[65]
[66]
        validation_0-auc:0.982717
        validation 0-auc:0.982719
[67]
        validation_0-auc:0.982711
[68]
[69]
        validation_0-auc:0.982714
[70]
        validation_0-auc:0.982767
        validation_0-auc:0.982852
[71]
[72]
        validation 0-auc:0.982925
[73]
        validation_0-auc:0.982952
        validation_0-auc:0.982993
[74]
[75]
        validation_0-auc:0.982972
[76]
        validation 0-auc:0.982983
        validation_0-auc:0.983008
[77]
[78]
        validation_0-auc:0.982981
        validation_0-auc:0.983002
[79]
[80]
        validation_0-auc:0.983006
[81]
        validation_0-auc:0.982999
```

```
[82]
        validation 0-auc:0.983039
1831
        validation_0-auc:0.983112
[84]
        validation_0-auc:0.983167
[85]
        validation 0-auc:0.983161
        validation_0-auc:0.983154
[86]
[87]
        validation_0-auc:0.98315
[88]
        validation 0-auc:0.983129
        validation_0-auc:0.983169
[89]
[90]
        validation_0-auc:0.983154
r911
        validation_0-auc:0.983155
[92]
        validation_0-auc:0.983148
[93]
        validation 0-auc:0.983142
[94]
        validation_0-auc:0.983105
r 951
        validation_0-auc:0.983152
[96]
        validation 0-auc:0.983152
[97]
        validation 0-auc:0.98318
1981
        validation_0-auc:0.983148
[99]
        validation_0-auc:0.98319
[100]
        validation_0-auc:0.983226
        validation_0-auc:0.983241
f 1011
[102]
        validation_0-auc:0.983267
[103]
        validation 0-auc:0.983344
        validation_0-auc:0.983369
[104]
[105]
        validation_0-auc:0.983363
[106]
        validation_0-auc:0.983392
[107]
        validation_0-auc:0.983377
[108]
        validation 0-auc:0.983429
[109]
        validation_0-auc:0.983503
        validation_0-auc:0.983535
[110]
[111]
        validation 0-auc:0.983556
[112]
        validation_0-auc:0.983551
f1131
        validation_0-auc:0.983558
[114]
        validation_0-auc:0.983548
[115]
        validation 0-auc:0.983585
        validation_0-auc:0.983573
f 1161
[117]
        validation_0-auc:0.983576
[118]
        validation 0-auc:0.983589
        validation_0-auc:0.98363
[119]
[120]
        validation_0-auc:0.983588
[121]
        validation_0-auc:0.983601
[122]
        validation_0-auc:0.98362
[123]
        validation_0-auc:0.983612
[124]
        validation_0-auc:0.983647
        validation_0-auc:0.983627
f 1251
[126]
        validation 0-auc:0.983638
[127]
        validation_0-auc:0.983682
        validation_0-auc:0.983729
f 1281
[129]
        validation_0-auc:0.983745
        validation_0-auc:0.983786
[130]
        validation_0-auc:0.983811
f 1311
[132]
        validation_0-auc:0.983805
[133]
        validation 0-auc:0.983822
[134]
        validation_0-auc:0.983823
[135]
        validation_0-auc:0.983827
[136]
        validation_0-auc:0.983817
[137]
        validation_0-auc:0.983829
[138]
        validation_0-auc:0.983824
[139]
        validation_0-auc:0.983859
        validation_0-auc:0.983835
[140]
[141]
        validation 0-auc:0.983834
[142]
        validation_0-auc:0.983843
        validation_0-auc:0.983839
f 1431
[144]
        validation_0-auc:0.983836
[145]
        validation 0-auc:0.983853
        validation_0-auc:0.983858
f 1461
[147]
        validation_0-auc:0.983865
[148]
        validation 0-auc:0.983857
r1491
        validation_0-auc:0.98384
[150]
        validation_0-auc:0.983841
[151]
        validation_0-auc:0.983828
        validation_0-auc:0.98381
[152]
[153]
        validation_0-auc:0.983807
[154]
        validation_0-auc:0.983829
f 1551
        validation_0-auc:0.983829
[156]
        validation 0-auc:0.983862
[157]
        validation_0-auc:0.983879
        validation_0-auc:0.983904
r 1581
[159]
        validation_0-auc:0.983899
[160]
        validation_0-auc:0.983893
[161]
        validation_0-auc:0.983917
[162]
        validation_0-auc:0.983914
[163]
        validation 0-auc:0.983913
        validation_0-auc:0.983914
[164]
```

```
[165]
        validation_0-auc:0.983898
[166]
        validation_0-auc:0.983886
[167]
        validation_0-auc:0.983881
        validation_0-auc:0.983874
[168]
        validation_0-auc:0.983876
[169]
[170]
        validation_0-auc:0.98387
        validation_0-auc:0.983877
[171]
        validation_0-auc:0.983887
[172]
[173]
        validation_0-auc:0.983888
        validation_0-auc:0.983887
[174]
[175]
        validation_0-auc:0.983904
[176]
        validation 0-auc:0.983909
        validation_0-auc:0.98389
[177]
[178]
        validation_0-auc:0.983879
[179]
        validation 0-auc:0.983885
        validation_0-auc:0.983878
[180]
        validation_0-auc:0.983873
[181]
[182]
        validation_0-auc:0.983859
        validation_0-auc:0.983872
[183]
        validation_0-auc:0.983904
[184]
[185]
        validation_0-auc:0.983897
        validation_0-auc:0.98389
[186]
        validation_0-auc:0.983911
[187]
        validation_0-auc:0.98393
[188]
        validation_0-auc:0.983939
[189]
[190]
        validation_0-auc:0.983954
[191]
        validation 0-auc:0.98394
        validation_0-auc:0.983948
[192]
[193]
       validation_0-auc:0.983942
[194]
        validation 0-auc:0.983946
        validation_0-auc:0.983945
[195]
[196]
       validation_0-auc:0.983949
[197]
        validation_0-auc:0.983944
       validation_0-auc:0.983942
[198]
[199]
       validation_0-auc:0.98394
end time: 2021-04-12 14:12:59.570916
total time(m): 1:55:04.759276
```

In [23]: xgb_clf.cv_results_

```
Out[23]: {'mean_fit_time': array([259.62258763, 318.32708993, 122.6055253 , 149.1768312 ,
                 486.81900897, 390.34630032, 353.35170884, 280.56320696,
                 146.02923722, 102.53373694]),
          'mean score time': array([0.79429202, 1.91519499, 1.10696845, 1.40457764, 3.05394487,
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                     dtype=object),
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            'n estimators': 200,
            'reg_lambda': 10.0,
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            'colsample_bytree': 0.5,
```

```
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      'split2 test score': array([0.93732013, 0.97032286, 0.97665505, 0.95359538, 0.98111854,
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```

```
In [34]: ### XGB True Cost of FP and FN
         # create a custom cost function
        def cost_function(y_actual, y_pred):
            CM = confusion_matrix(y_actual, y_pred)
            FP = CM[0][1]
            FN = CM[1][0]
            Cost = (FP*225)+(FN*35)
            return CM, FP, FN, Cost
In [35]: # use custom cost function to find total cost
        CM, FP, FN, cost = cost_function(y, xgb_pred)
In [ ]: import locale
        locale.setlocale(locale.LC ALL, 'en US')
        print(f'False Positives: {FP}')
        print(f'False Negatives: {FN}')
        print(f'Total Cost: {locale.currency(cost, grouping=True)}')
In [36]: ### XGB Confusion Matrix
In [38]: group_names = ['TN','FP','FN','TP']
        group counts = CM.flatten()
        labels = [f'{v1}\n{v2}' for v1, v2 in zip(group_names, group_counts)]
        labels = np.asarray(labels).reshape(2,2)
        matrix = sns.heatmap(CM, annot=labels, fmt='',cmap='Blues',cbar=False, xticklabels=False, yticklabels=False).set
         _title("Confusion Matrix for Full Dataset Baseline")
              Confusion Matrix for Full Dataset Baseline
                 TN
94070
                                     FP
776
                                    TP
62543
In [40]: from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error as MSE
         xgb_rmse = np.sqrt(MSE(y, xgb_pred))
        xgb accuracy = accuracy score(y, xgb pred)
In [41]: print(xgb_rmse)
        0.10597937469146027
In [ ]: ### Feature Importance
         from sklearn.inspection import permutation_importance
         # use permutation_importance() to calculate feature importance of fitted model against test dataset
        perm_importance = permutation_importance(xgb_clf, x_test, y_test, n_repeats=30, random_state=123)
         # Get top 10 features based on importance
         feature_importance = pd.DataFrame(perm_importance.importances_mean, index=x_test.columns, columns=['importance'
        ]).nlargest(10,['importance'])
In [ ]: # plot feature importance
        feature_importance.plot(kind='bar')
        plt.xlabel("feature")
In [ ]:
In [ ]:
Random Forest
```

```
In [ ]: import pandas as pd
        import xgboost as xgb
        import os
        import time
        import numpy as np
        from sklearn.metrics import log_loss, accuracy_score
        from sklearn.svm import SVC
        from sklearn.svm import LinearSVC
        from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
        from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
        from tabulate import tabulate
        import pickle
        from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
        from sklearn.model_selection import RandomizedSearchCV
        from sklearn.tree import export_graphviz
        from pprint import pprint
        import math
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from sklearn import model selection
        from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
        from sklearn.model_selection import train test split
        from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
        from sklearn.svm import LinearSVC
        import sklearn.feature_selection as fs
        from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
        from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, classification_report
In [ ]: #from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
        # Full Dataset used for Base Model.
        # Default max_levels is None, so the tree is very large
        rf_base = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=10, random_state=123 )
        start = time.time()
        rf_base.fit(x_train, y_train)
        end = time.time()
        rf_base_time=round((end-start),2)
        rf_base_time
Out[]: 8.99
In [ ]: rf base preds = rf base.predict proba(x test)
In [ ]: rf_base_log_loss = log_loss(y_test,rf_base_preds[:,1]) # each column is class probability,
        print(rf_base_log_loss)
        rf_base_accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test,np.rint(rf_base_preds[:,1]))
        print(rf_base_accuracy)
        0.36447004231209096
        0.8957037785283627
In [ ]: # Generate predictions and calculate Confusion Matrix CM
        # Set target names for classification report output
        y pred = np.rint(rf base preds[:,1])
        CM = confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred)
        target_names = ['class 0', 'class 1']
In [ ]: # RF Model Performance Metrics
        print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred, target_names = target_names, digits=4))
                      precision
                                 recall f1-score support
             class 0
                         0.8834
                                   0.9511
                                             0.9160
                                                        18938
             class 1
                                 0.8134
                         0.9180
                                             0.8625
                                                        12741
            accuracy
                                             0.8957
                                                        31679
                         0.9007
                                   0.8822
                                                        31679
                                             0.8892
           macro avq
        weighted avg
                         0.8973
                                   0.8957
                                             0.8945
                                                        31679
```

```
In [ ]: # Evaluate False Positives, False Negatives and Calculate Total Cost
       FP = CM[0][1]
       FN = CM[1][0]
       total_cost = (FP*225)+(FN*35)
       print("False Positives =",FP)
       print("False Negatives =",FN)
       print("Total Cost =",total cost)
       False Positives = 926
       False Negatives = 2378
       Total Cost = 291580
Begin Hypertuning for Random Forest.
       In [ ]: # Citation: Thank you to Will Koehrsen and Towards Data Science. RF Hypertuning code is borrowed from his examp
       10.
       {\it \# https://towards datascience.com/hyperparameter-tuning-the-random-forest-in-python-using-scikit-learn-28d2 aa77dd}
        # Note - different from tutorial, we are using rf=RandomForestClassifier(), not RandomForestRegressor()
       from pprint import pprint
        # Look at parameters used by our current forest
       print('Parameters Used by Base Model:\n')
       pprint(rf base.get params())
       Parameters Used by Base Model:
       {'bootstrap': True,
         'ccp_alpha': 0.0,
         'class weight': None,
         'criterion': 'gini',
        'max_depth': None,
         'max_features': 'auto',
         'max_leaf_nodes': None,
         'max_samples': None,
         'min_impurity_decrease': 0.0,
         'min_impurity_split': None,
         'min_samples_leaf': 1,
         'min_samples_split': 2,
         'min_weight_fraction_leaf': 0.0,
         'n_estimators': 10,
         'n_jobs': None,
         'oob_score': False,
         'random_state': 123,
         'verbose': 0,
         'warm_start': False}
```

```
In [ ]: # Define Random Grid Parameters and use RandomizedSearchCV to choose
        # different combinations of parameters for different sizes of datasets
        #from sklearn.model_selection import RandomizedSearchCV
         # Number of trees in random forest
        n_{estimators} = [10, 100, 500, 1000, 1500]
         # Number of features to consider at every split
        max features = ['auto', 'sqrt']
        # Maximum number of levels in tree
        max_depth = [10, 100, 200,300,400,500,600,700,800,900,1000]
        # Minimum number of samples required to split a node
        min_samples_split = [2, 5, 10]
         # Minimum number of samples required at each leaf node
        min_samples_leaf = [1, 2, 4]
        # Method of selecting samples for training each tree
        bootstrap = [True, False]
         # Create the random grid
        random_grid = {'n_estimators': n_estimators,
                        'max_features': max_features,
                        'max depth': max depth,
                        'min_samples_split': min_samples_split,
                        'min_samples_leaf': min_samples_leaf,
                        'bootstrap': bootstrap}
        print('Random Grid Parameters:\n')
        pprint(random_grid)
        Random Grid Parameters:
        {'bootstrap': [True, False],
          'max_depth': [10, 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 900, 1000],
          'max features': ['auto', 'sqrt'],
          'min_samples_leaf': [1, 2, 4],
         'min_samples_split': [2, 5, 10],
         'n estimators': [10, 100, 500, 1000, 1500]}
In [ ]: # Adapt variable names for this example
        train_features = x_train
        train_labels = y_train
        test_features = x_test
        test_labels = y_test
        print('Training Features Shape:', train_features.shape)
        print('Training Labels Shape:', train_labels.shape)
print('Testing Features Shape:', test_features.shape)
        print('Testing Labels Shape:', test labels.shape)
        Training Features Shape: (126713, 67)
        Training Labels Shape: (126713,)
        Testing Features Shape: (31679, 67)
        Testing Labels Shape: (31679,)
In [ ]: # Original Code Commented - Using Pickled Models
        # Use the random grid to search for best hyperparameters
        # Define estimator - same parameters as base model
        rf = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=50, random_state=123 )
In [ ]: # Create the FULL model based on the random grid parameters
        rf_random = RandomizedSearchCV(estimator = rf, param_distributions = random_grid, n_iter = 5, cv = 5, verbose=2,
        random_state=123, n_jobs = -1)
In [ ]: # Commented to prevent running best model - three hour processing time.
         # Fit a model on all data using the same random_grid parameters
        # rf_random_all = rf_random.fit(train_features, train_labels)
        Fitting 5 folds for each of 5 candidates, totalling 25 fits
In [ ]: rf_random_all_preds = rf_random_all.predict_proba(x_test)
In [ ]: y_all_pred = np.rint(rf_random_all_preds[:,1])
        CM = confusion_matrix(y_test,y_all_pred)
        target_names = ['class 0', 'class 1']
In [ ]: # RF Model Performance Metrics
        print(classification_report(y_test, y_all_pred, target_names = target_names, digits=4))
```

```
In [ ]: # # Evaluate False Positives, False Negatives and Calculate Total Cost

FP = CM[0][1]
FN = CM[1][0]
total_cost = (FP*225)+(FN*35)
print("False Positives = ",FP)
print("False Negatives = ",FN)
print("Total Cost = ",total_cost)
```

In []: ## End Random Forest