Jaypee Institute of information Technology, Noida Software Development Fundamentals 1 - Lab Sheet

Week: 29 Oct- 24th Nov, 2018
Assignment Type: Practice

Lab A & B (Functions)

Instructions to be followed while carrying out the Lab:

- 1. Always save your lab work and keep backup of files
- 2. Perform the all the experiments

Q1. Visit the specified links to perform these lab experiments:

For Experiment 1:

Description: Demonstration of functions and to call them with proper arguments

Link: http://cse02-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp2/simulation/index.html

Procedure

- 1. Click on the square to define a function for calculating the area of a square.
- 2. Similarly define functions for the other geometrical figures
- 3. The defined functions are shown in the middle window
- 4. Now do appropriate function calls in the main program to compute the area of the figure displayed
- 5. Press execute to execute the code and see the output

Experiment:

- 1. Click on the square to define a function for calculating the area of a square.
- 2. Similarly define functions for the other geometrical figures.
- 3. The defined functions are shown in the middle window.
- 4. Now make appropriate function calls in the main program to compute the area of the figure displayed.
- 5. Press execute to execute the code and see the output

Execute the experiment with different inputs and analyze the output.

For Experiment 2:

Description: Demonstration of how to solve the classical puzzle of Towers of Hanoi through recursion with simulation

Link: http://cse02-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp9/simulation/index.html

Procedure

- 1. Select the value of N (values must me greater than 1 and less than or equal to 5).
- 2. Press next to see the execution of the code.
- 3. Relevant line in the code is shown here.

The output of the code is shown in the right

Execute the experiment with different values of N and analyze the output.

- Q2: WAP in C to display all prime numbers between two Intervals using function.
- Q3: WAP in C to check Prime and Armstrong Number by making function.
- Q4: WAP in C to check whether a number can be expressed as the sum of two prime number
- Q5: WAP in C to find sum of natural numbers using recursion
- Q6: WAP in C to calculate factorial of a number using recursion
- Q7: WAP in C to find G.C.D using recursion
- Q8: WAP in C to reverse a sentence using recursion
- Q9: WAP in C to calculate the power of a number using recursion
- Q10: WAP in C to convert binary number to decimal and vice-versa using function.
- Q11: WAP in C to convert octal Number to decimal and vice-versa using function.
- Q12: WAP in C to convert binary number to octal and vice-versa using function.
- Q13: Write a program in C to find the sum of the series 1!/1+2!/2+3!/3+4!/4+5!/5 using the function.
- Q14: Write a program in C to get the largest element of an array using the function.
- Q15: Write a program in C to print all perfect numbers in given range using the function.
- Q16: Write a program in C to calculate the sum of numbers from 1 to n using recursion.
- Q17: Write a program in C to Print Fibonacci Series using recursion.
- Q18: Write a program in C to find the Factorial of a number using recursion.

- Q19: Write a program in C to find the LCM of two numbers using recursion.
- Q20: Write a program in C to multiply two matrix using recursion.
- Q21: Write a program in C to calculate the power of any number using recursion.
- Q22: Write a program in C for binary search using recursion
- Q23: Write a program in C to Reverse a Sentence Using Recursion.
- Q24: Write a C program to create a structure student, containing name and roll and display the information using function.
- Q25: Write a C program to add two distances (feet-inch system) and display the result using structures and functions.
- Q26: Write a C Program to Add Two Complex Numbers by Passing Structure to a Function
- Q27: Write a C Program to Calculate Difference Between Two Time Periods using structure and function.
- Q28: Write a C Program to Multiply two Matrices by Passing Matrix to a Function
- Q29: Execute the following codes and interpret the output:

```
1. #include <stdio.h>
    int var = 20;
    int main()
      int var = var;
      printf("%d", var);
      return 0;
2. #include <stdio.h>
    int main()
     int x = 1, y = 2, z = 3;
     printf(" x = %d, y = %d, z = %d n", x, y, z);
        int x = 10;
        float y = 20;
        printf(" x = %d, y = %f, z = %d n", x, y, z);
            int z = 100;
            printf(" x = %d, y = %f, z = %d n", x, y, z);
     return 0;
3. #include <stdio.h>
    main()
    int i:
```

```
for ( i=0; i<5; i++ )
      int i = 10;
      printf ( "%d ", i );
      i++;
    return 0;
4. #include <stdio.h>
    int main()
    static int i=5;
    if(--i){
    main();
    printf("%d ",i);
5. #include <stdio.h>
    int fun()
     static int num = 16;
     return num--;
    int main()
     for(fun(); fun(); fun())
      printf("%d ", fun());
     return 0;
6. #include <stdio.h>
    int a, b, c = 0;
    void prtFun (void);
    int main ()
      static int a = 1; /* line 1 */
      prtFun();
      a += 1;
      prtFun();
      printf ( "n %d %d ", a, b);
    void prtFun (void)
      static int a = 2; /* line 2 */
      int b = 1;
      a += ++b;
      printf (" n %d %d ", a, b);
7. #include <stdio.h>
    int fun(int n)
```

```
static int s = 0;
      s = s + n;
      return (s);
    int main()
      int i = 10, x;
      while (i > 0)
         x = fun(i);
         i--;
      printf ("%d ", x);
      return 0;
8. void foo(int n, int sum)
     int k = 0, j = 0;
     if (n == 0) return;
      k = n \% 10;
     j = n / 10;
     sum = sum + k;
     foo (j, sum);
     printf ("%d,", k);
    int main ()
     int a = 2048, sum = 0;
     foo (a, sum);
     printf ("%dn", sum);
     getchar();
9. #include <stdio.h>
    int funcf (int x);
    int funcg (int y);
    main()
      int x = 5, y = 10, count;
      for (count = 1; count \leq 2; ++count)
         y += funcf(x) + funcg(x);
         printf ("%d ", y);
    }
    funcf(int x)
      int y;
      y = funcg(x);
      return (y);
```

```
funcg(int x)
{
    static int y = 10;
    y += 1;
    return (y+x);
}

10. #include<stdio.h>
    int f(int n, int k)
    {
        if (n == 0)
            return 0;
        else if (n % 2)
            return f(n/2, 2*k) + k;
        else return f(n/2, 2*k) - k;
    }
    int main ()
    {
        printf("%d", f(20, 1));
        return 0;
    }
}
```

Q30: Understand and analyze the output of the following codes

1. Passing Structure to Function

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
struct Example
 int num1;
 int num2;
s[3];
void accept(struct Example *sptr)
 printf("\nEnter num1 : ");
 scanf("%d",&sptr->num1);
 printf("\nEnter num2 : ");
 scanf("%d",&sptr->num2);
void print(struct Example *sptr)
 printf("\nNum1 : %d",sptr->num1);
 printf("\nNum2 : %d",sptr->num2);
void main()
int i;
clrscr();
for(i=0;i<3;i++)
accept(&s[i]);
for(i=0;i<3;i++)
```

```
print(&s[i]);
getch();
}
```

2. C program to pass a single element of an array to function

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
void display(int age)
{
    printf("%d", age);
}

int main()
{
    int ageArray[] = { 2, 3, 4 };
    display(ageArray[2]); //Passing array element ageArray[2] only.
    return 0;
}
```

3. C program to pass an array containing age of person to a function. This function should find average age and display the average age in main function.

```
#include <stdio.h>
float average(float age[]);
int main()
{
          float avg, age[] = { 23.4, 55, 22.6, 3, 40.5, 18};
          avg = average(age); // Only name of an array is passed as an argument
          printf("Average age = %.2f", avg);
          return 0;
}
float average(float age[])
{
          int i;
          float avg, sum = 0.0;
          for (i = 0; i < 6; ++i) {
                    sum += age[i];
          avg = (sum / 6);
```

```
return avg;
}
```

4. Pass two-dimensional arrays to a function

```
#include <stdio.h>
void displayNumbers(int num[2][2]);
int main()
  int num[2][2], i, j;
  printf("Enter 4 numbers:\n");
  for (i = 0; i < 2; ++i)
     for (j = 0; j < 2; ++j)
       scanf("%d", &num[i][j]);
  // passing multi-dimensional array to displayNumbers function
  displayNumbers(num);
  return 0;
}
void displayNumbers(int num[2][2])
    int i, j;
  printf("Displaying:\n");
  for (i = 0; i < 2; ++i)
     for (j = 0; j < 2; ++j)
       printf("%d\n", num[i][j]);
}
```