CS224 Lab No: 6

Section No: 1

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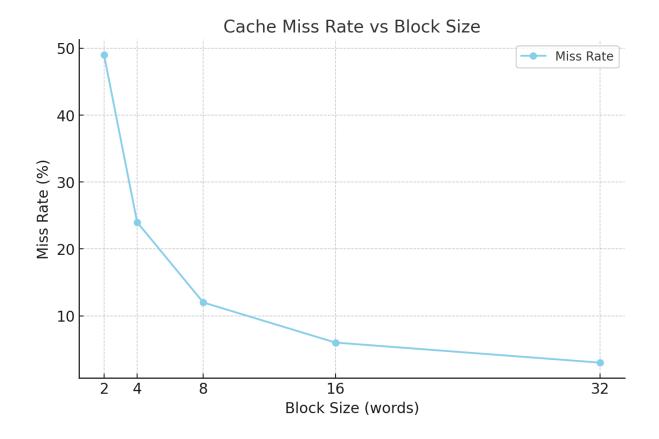
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1-Matrix size: 50

a) Direct Mapped

Row-major addition (50 x 50)

Block Size	Cache Size	Cache Size	Cache Size	Cache Size	Cache Size
(words)	256 byte	512 byte	1024 byte	2048 byte	4096 byte
2	%51 hit rate	%51 hit rate	%51 hit rate	%51 hit rate	%51
	2638 hit				
	2522 miss				
4	%76 hit rate				
	1264 miss				
	3896 hit				
8	%88 hit rate				
	633 miss				
	4527 hit				
16	%94 hit rate				
	318 miss				
	4842 hit				
32	%97 hit rate				
	162 miss				
	4998 hit				



b) Fully Associative Mapped

Cache size: 256 byte

	Block Size (words)	Direct Mapped	Fully Associative Mapped (with LRU)	Fully Associative Mapped (without LRU)
Poor	2	%51 hit rate	%51 hit rate	%51 hit rate
		2638 hit	2522 miss	2522 miss
		2522 miss	2638 hit	2638 hit
Medium	8	%88 hit rate	%88 hit rate	%88 hit rate
		633 miss	633 miss	634 miss
		4527 hit	4527 hit	4526 hit
Good	32	%97 hit rate	%97 hit rate	%97
		162 miss	162 miss	163 miss
		4998 hit	4998 hit	4997 hit

Rates for direct mapped and fullt associae are the same. The reason for this is that the only factor that hiss and miss rate depends on is block size. The results should be proportional to 1/ block size.

If we compare LRU and random access, the results are very much the same, but the LRU ones have a few more hits, this might be caused since they follow a proper strategy instead of doing random.

c) N-way Set Associative

Cache size: 256 byte

	Block Size (words)	N = 2	N = 4	N = 8	N = 16
Poor	2	%51 hit rate	%51 hit rate	%51 hit rate	%51 hit rate
		2638 hit	2638 hit	2638 hit	2638 hit
		2522 miss	2522 miss	2522 miss	2522 miss
Medium	8	%88 hit rate	%88 hit rate	%88 hit rate	%88 hit rate
		633 miss	633 miss	633 miss	633 miss
		4527 hit	4527 hit	4527 hit	4527 hit
Good	32	%97 hit rate	%97 hit rate	%97 hit rate	%97 hit rate
		162 miss	162 miss	162 miss	162 miss
		4998 hit	4998 hit	4998 hit	4998 hit

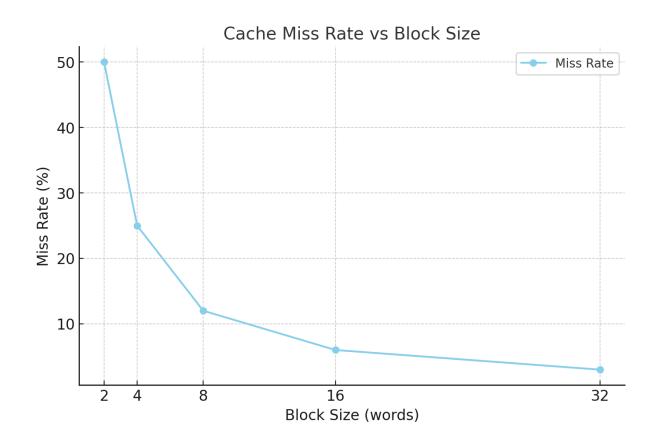
Also here, as in the results above, everything depends on the block size again, the rest of the things don't make a difference, and the miss rate is again proportional to 1/block size.

2-Matrix size: 100

a) Direct Mapped

Row-major addition

Block Size	Cache Size				
(words)	256 byte	512 byte	1024 byte	2048 byte	4096 byte
2	%50 hit				
	10022 miss				
	10138 hit				
4	%75 hit				
	5014 miss				
	15146 hit				
8	%88 hit				
	2507 miss				
	17653 hit				
16	%94 hit				
	1254 miss				
	18906 hit				
32	%97 hit				
	630 miss				
	19530 hit				



b) Fully Associative Mapped

Cache size: 256 byte

	Block Size	Direct Mapped	Fully Associative	Fully
	(words)		Mapped (with	Associative
			LRU)	Mapped
				(without LRU)
Poor	2	%50 hit	%50 hit rate	%50 hit rate
		10022 miss	10022 miss	10022 miss
		10138 hit	10138 hit	10138 hit
Medium	8	%88 hit	%88 hit rate	%88 hit rate
		2507 miss	2507 miss	2507 miss
		17653 hit	17653 hit	17653 hit
Good	32	%97 hit	%97 hit rate	%97 hit rate
		630 miss	630 miss	630 miss
		19530 hit	19530 hit	19530 hit

Rates for direct mapped and fullt associae are the same. The reason for this is that the only factor that hiss and miss rate depends on is block size. The results should be proportional to 1/ block size.

If we compare LRU and random access, the results are very much the same, but the LRU ones have a few more hits, this might be caused since they follow a proper strategy instead of doing random.

c) N-way Set Associative

Cache size: 256 byte

	Block Size (words)	N = 2	N = 4	N = 8	N = 16
Poor	2	%50 hit	%50 hit	%50 hit	%50 hit
		10022 miss	10022 miss	10022 miss	10022 miss
		10138 hit	10138 hit	10138 hit	10138 hit
Medium	8	%88 hit	%88 hit	%88 hit	%88 hit
		2507 miss	2507 miss	2507 miss	2507 miss
		17653 hit	17653 hit	17653 hit	17653 hit
Good	32	%97 hit	%97 hit	%97 hit	%97 hit
		630 miss	630 miss	630 miss	630 miss
		19530 hit	19530 hit	19530 hit	19530 hit

Also here, as in the results above, everything depends on the block size again, the rest of the things don't make a difference, and the miss rate is again proportional to 1/block size.