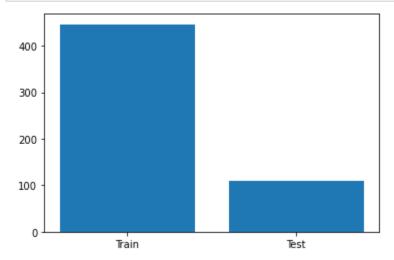
```
In [ ]: # Created by: Jessica Gallo
        # Date Created: 5/7/2021
        # Last Modified: 5/13/2021
        # SVM for Face Recognition/Classification
        # RGB -> Gaussian Filter -> Histogram Equalization -> Sobel Filter
In [1]: # -----
        # GPU |
        # ----
        import tensorflow as tf
        print(tf.test.gpu_device_name())
        import tensorflow
        print(tensorflow.__version__)
        import keras
        print(keras.__version__)
        2.1.0
        2.3.1
        Using TensorFlow backend.
In [2]: # -----
        # IMPORTS |
        # -----
        import os, shutil
        import glob
        import pandas as pd
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from tensorflow.keras import layers
        from tensorflow.keras import models
        from tensorflow.keras import optimizers
        from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
        from tensorflow.keras import optimizers
        from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
        from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Dropout
        from keras.preprocessing import image # preprocessing a single image
        import numpy as np # preprocessing a single image
        from keras.applications import VGG16 # defining the loss tensor for filter visualiation
        from keras import backend as K # defining the loss tensor for filter visualization
        import random
        from sklearn import metrics
        from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
        from sklearn.metrics import roc curve, auc
        from sklearn.metrics import roc auc score
        from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
        import seaborn as sns
```

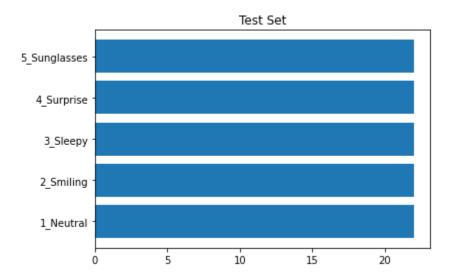
train_dir = './Desktop/Thermal2/train'
test_dir = './Desktop/Thermal2/test'

```
In [5]: # -----
                    -----
       # Listing Amount of Images for Each Expression |
       train count=[]
        val count=[]
       whole_count=[]
        print('TRAINING SET')
       files= os.listdir(".//Desktop//Thermal2//train")
       for type in files:
           count = os.listdir('.//Desktop//Thermal2//train//'+type+'/')
           print(type+ " "+ str(len(count)))
           train_count.append(len(count))
       print()
        print('TEST SET')
       files= os.listdir('.//Desktop//Thermal2//test')
        for type in files:
           count = os.listdir('.//Desktop//Thermal2//test//'+type+'/')
           print(type+ " "+ str(len(count)))
           whole_count.append(len(count))
        TRAINING SET
        1 Neutral 89
        2_Smiling 89
        3 Sleepy 89
        4_Surprise 89
        5 Sunglasses 90
        TEST SET
        1 Neutral 22
        2_Smiling 22
        3_Sleepy 22
        4_Surprise 22
        5 Sunglasses 22
In [6]: |# -----
        # Number of Samples in Each Directory |
        # returns a number of items inside the folder
       def getNumber(path):
           s = 0
           for i in os.listdir(path):
               if i !='.DS Store':
                   s += len(os.listdir(os.path.join(path,i)))
           return s
       n_train = getNumber(train_dir)
       n test = getNumber(test dir)
        print('Number of Samples Train:', n_train)
       print('Number of Samples Test:', n test)
```

Number of Samples Train: 446 Number of Samples Test: 110



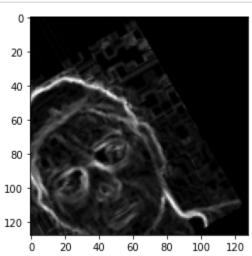


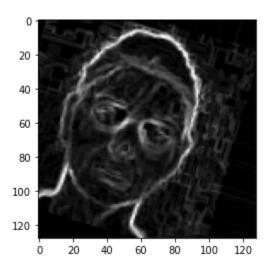


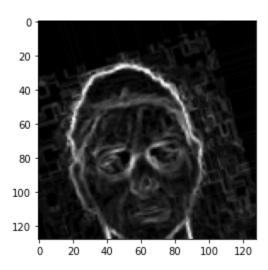
```
In [8]:
        # ImageDataGenerator |
        # TEST
        test_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)
        # TRAIN
        train_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale= 1./255,
                                            rotation_range = 40,
                                            width shift range = 0.2,
                                            height shift range = 0.2,
                                            shear_range = 0.2,
                                            horizontal_flip = True)
        train_generator = train_datagen.flow_from_directory(train_dir,
                                                              target_size = (128, 128),
                                                              batch size = 32,
                                                              class_mode = 'categorical')
        # VALIDATION
        validation_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale= 1./255,
                                                 rotation_range = 40,
                                                 width_shift_range = 0.2,
                                                 height_shift_range = 0.2,
                                                 shear range = 0.2,
                                                 horizontal_flip = True)
        validation_generator = test_datagen.flow_from_directory(test_dir,
                                                                  target_size = (128, 128),
                                                                  batch_size = 32,
                                                                  class_mode = 'categorical',
                                                                  shuffle=False)
```

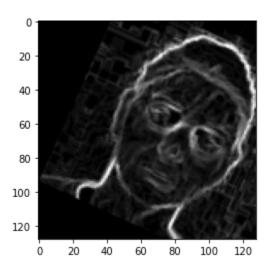
Found 446 images belonging to 5 classes. Found 110 images belonging to 5 classes.

```
In [9]:
        # Displaing Randomly Augmented Images |
        from keras.preprocessing import image
        train_dir = './/Desktop//Thermal2//train//1_Neutral'
        fnames = [os.path.join(train_dir, fname) for
                  fname in os.listdir(train_dir)]
        img_path = fnames[6] #choosing an image to augment
        img = image.load_img(img_path, target_size = (128, 128))
        x = image.img_to_array(img)
        x = x.reshape((1,) + x.shape)
        i = 0
        for batch in train_datagen.flow(x, batch_size=1):
            plt.figure(i)
            imgplot = plt.imshow(image.array_to_img(batch[0]))
            i+=1
            if i%4 == 0:
                break
        plt.show()
```









```
In [35]: # MODEL 1
         # -----
         # ReLU activation function
         # Adam optimizer
         # 4 Conv
         # 1 Batch Norm
         # 4 MaxPool
         # 1 Dropout
         # 3 Dense
         # 1 Flatten
         # Batchsize 32
         model = tensorflow.keras.Sequential()
         model.add(layers.Conv2D(32, (3,3), activation='relu',
                                  input\_shape = (128, 128, 3),
                                  kernel_initializer = 'glorot_normal',
                                 bias initializer = 'zeros'))
         model.add(layers.BatchNormalization())
         model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2,2)))
         model.add(layers.Conv2D(64, (3,3), activation='relu'))
         model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2,2)))
         model.add(layers.Conv2D(128, (3,3), activation='relu'))
         model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2,2)))
         model.add(layers.Conv2D(128, (3,3), activation='relu'))
         model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2,2)))
         model.add(layers.Flatten())
         model.add(layers.Dropout(.5))
         model.add(layers.Dense(32, activation='relu',
                                 kernel initializer = 'glorot normal',
                                 bias_initializer = 'zeros'))
         model.add(layers.Dense(64, activation='relu'))
         model.add(layers.Dense(5, activation='softmax'))
         model.summary()
```

Model: "sequential_5"

Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #
conv2d_19 (Conv2D)	(None,	126, 126, 32)	896
batch_normalization_5 (Batch	(None,	126, 126, 32)	128
max_pooling2d_19 (MaxPooling	(None,	63, 63, 32)	0
conv2d_20 (Conv2D)	(None,	61, 61, 64)	18496
max_pooling2d_20 (MaxPooling	(None,	30, 30, 64)	0
conv2d_21 (Conv2D)	(None,	28, 28, 128)	73856
max_pooling2d_21 (MaxPooling	(None,	14, 14, 128)	0
conv2d_22 (Conv2D)	(None,	12, 12, 128)	147584
max_pooling2d_22 (MaxPooling	(None,	6, 6, 128)	0
flatten_5 (Flatten)	(None,	4608)	0
dropout_5 (Dropout)	(None,	4608)	0

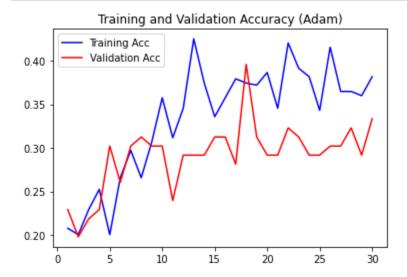
dense_15 (Dense)	(None, 32)	147488
dense_16 (Dense)	(None, 64)	2112
dense_17 (Dense)	(None, 5)	325
Total params: 390,885	=======================================	========

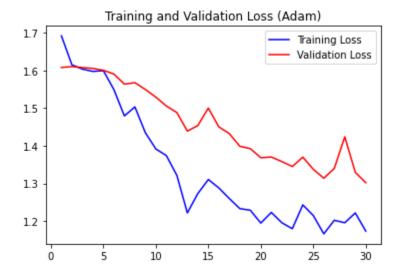
Total params: 390,885 Trainable params: 390,821 Non-trainable params: 64

```
WARNING:tensorflow:sample weight modes were coerced from
 to
['...']
WARNING:tensorflow:sample weight modes were coerced from
 to
['...']
Train for 13 steps, validate for 3 steps
val_loss: 1.6076 - val_acc: 0.2292
Epoch 2/30
al_loss: 1.6099 - val_acc: 0.1979
Epoch 3/30
al loss: 1.6074 - val acc: 0.2188
Epoch 4/30
al_loss: 1.6049 - val_acc: 0.2292
Epoch 5/30
al loss: 1.6001 - val acc: 0.3021
Epoch 6/30
al_loss: 1.5901 - val_acc: 0.2604
Epoch 7/30
al loss: 1.5634 - val acc: 0.3021
Epoch 8/30
al loss: 1.5672 - val acc: 0.3125
Epoch 9/30
al loss: 1.5492 - val acc: 0.3021
Epoch 10/30
al_loss: 1.5288 - val_acc: 0.3021
Epoch 11/30
al loss: 1.5054 - val acc: 0.2396
Epoch 12/30
al loss: 1.4880 - val acc: 0.2917
Epoch 13/30
al_loss: 1.4388 - val_acc: 0.2917
Epoch 14/30
```

```
al loss: 1.4538 - val acc: 0.2917
Epoch 15/30
al_loss: 1.4998 - val_acc: 0.3125
Epoch 16/30
al_loss: 1.4500 - val_acc: 0.3125
Epoch 17/30
al_loss: 1.4322 - val_acc: 0.2812
Epoch 18/30
al_loss: 1.3987 - val_acc: 0.3958
Epoch 19/30
al_loss: 1.3924 - val_acc: 0.3125
Epoch 20/30
al_loss: 1.3683 - val_acc: 0.2917
Epoch 21/30
al_loss: 1.3703 - val_acc: 0.2917
Epoch 22/30
al loss: 1.3581 - val acc: 0.3229
Epoch 23/30
al loss: 1.3449 - val acc: 0.3125
Epoch 24/30
al loss: 1.3699 - val acc: 0.2917
Epoch 25/30
al_loss: 1.3377 - val_acc: 0.2917
Epoch 26/30
al_loss: 1.3140 - val_acc: 0.3021
Epoch 27/30
al loss: 1.3398 - val acc: 0.3021
Epoch 28/30
al loss: 1.4238 - val acc: 0.3229
Epoch 29/30
al_loss: 1.3296 - val_acc: 0.2917
Epoch 30/30
al loss: 1.3021 - val acc: 0.3333
```

```
In [38]:
           Visualizing Train/Validation Loss & Accuracy |
         acc_adam = history_adam.history['acc']
         val_acc_adam = history_adam.history['val_acc']
         loss_adam = history_adam.history['loss']
         val_loss_adam = history_adam.history['val_loss']
         epochs adam = range(1,len(acc adam) +1)
         # Plot of accuracy
         plt.plot(epochs_adam, acc_adam, color='blue', label='Training Acc')
         plt.plot(epochs_adam, val_acc_adam, color='red', label='Validation Acc')
         plt.title('Training and Validation Accuracy (Adam)')
         plt.legend()
         plt.figure()
         # Plot of loss
         plt.plot(epochs_adam, loss_adam, color='blue', label='Training Loss')
         plt.plot(epochs adam, val loss adam, color='red', label='Validation Loss')
         plt.title('Training and Validation Loss (Adam)')
         plt.legend()
         plt.figure()
         plt.show()
```





<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

```
In [39]: # ------
# Classification Report |
# ------

print('Classification Report for Model with Adam Optimizer')
target_names = ['1_Neutral', '2_Smiling', '3_Sleepy', '4_Surprise', '5_Sunglasses']
print(classification_report(validation_generator.classes, y_pred, target_names=target_names)
```

Classification Report for Model with Adam Optimizer precision recall f1-score support 0.28 0.73 0.40 22 1 Neutral 2_Smiling 0.40 0.09 0.15 22 3_Sleepy 0.00 0.00 0.00 22 22 4 Surprise 0.28 0.32 0.30 5_Sunglasses 22 1.00 1.00 1.00 accuracy 0.43 110 0.39 0.43 0.37 110 macro avg weighted avg 0.39 0.43 0.37 110

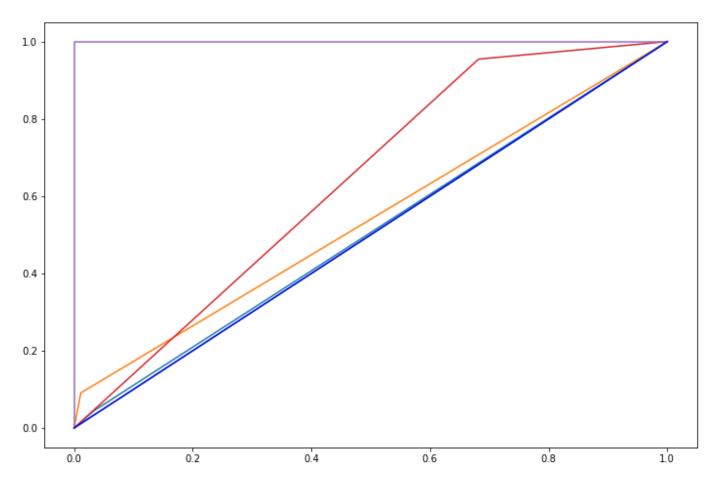
C:\Users\User\anaconda3\envs\tensorflow\lib\site-packages\sklearn\metrics_classificatio
n.py:1221: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score are ill-defined and being set to
0.0 in labels with no predicted samples. Use `zero_division` parameter to control this be
havior.

_warn_prf(average, modifier, msg_start, len(result))

```
In [40]:
         # ROC/AUC Score |
         from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelBinarizer
         # set plot figure size
         fig, c_ax = plt.subplots(1,1, figsize = (12, 8))
         def multiclass_roc_auc_score(y_test, y_pred, average="macro"):
             lb = LabelBinarizer()
             lb.fit(y_test)
             y_test = lb.transform(y_test)
             y_pred = lb.transform(y_pred)
             for (idx, c_label) in enumerate(target_names): # target_names: no of the labels
                 fpr, tpr, thresholds = roc_curve(y_test[:,idx].astype(int), y_pred[:,idx])
                 c_ax.plot(fpr, tpr, label = '%s (AUC:%0.2f)' % (c_label, auc(fpr, tpr)))
             c_ax.plot(fpr, fpr, 'b-', label = 'Random Guessing')
             return roc_auc_score(y_test, y_pred, average=average)
         validation generator.reset() # resetting generator
         y pred = model.predict generator(validation generator, verbose = True)
         y_pred = np.argmax(y_pred, axis=1)
         multiclass roc auc score(validation generator.classes, y pred)
```

4/4 [=======] - 0s 109ms/step

Out[40]: 0.6363636363636364



```
In [41]: # -----
         # Confusion Matrix |
         # -----
         num_of_train_samples = 444
         #num of test samples = 416 # steps per epoch
         batch size=32
         steps_per_epoch=num_of_train_samples // batch_size
         #validation generator.reset()
        Y_pred = model.predict_grenerator(validation_generator, steps_per_epoch)
         y_pred = np.argmax(Y_pred, axis=1)
         print('Confusion Matrix for Model with Adam Optimizer')
         print(confusion_matrix(validation_generator.classes, y_pred))
         AttributeError
                                                 Traceback (most recent call last)
         <ipython-input-41-2188fe66f14c> in <module>
              9 #validation_generator.reset()
```

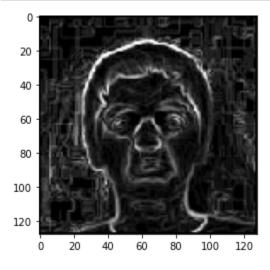
---> 11 Y_pred = model.predict_grenerator(validation_generator, steps_per_epoch)

AttributeError: 'Sequential' object has no attribute 'predict_grenerator'

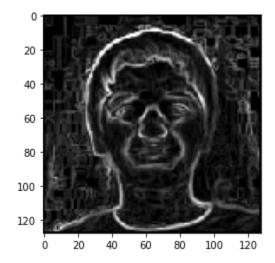
13 print('Confusion Matrix for Model with Adam Optimizer')

12 y_pred = np.argmax(Y_pred, axis=1)

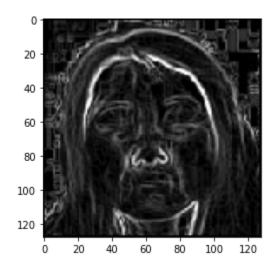
```
In [42]:
         # Displaying 12 images with the prediction |
         # 1 image from each class
         labels = ['1_Neutral', '2_Smiling', '3_Sleepy', '4_Surprise', '5_Sunglasses']
         i=0
         for names in labels:
             pathToFolder = test dir +'/'+names+'/'
             fnames = [os.path.join(pathToFolder, fname) for
                   fname in os.listdir(pathToFolder)]
             # generate random number btwn (0,30)
             randNum = random.randint(0, 20)
             img path = fnames[randNum]
             tmp_img = image.load_img(img_path, target_size = (128, 128))
             tmp_img = image.img_to_array(tmp_img)
             tmp_img = np.expand_dims(tmp_img, axis = 0)
             tmp img /=255.
             plt.imshow(tmp_img[0])
             plt.show()
             # predict
             result = model.predict(tmp_img)
             train_generator.class_indices
             print('Actual value: ',i,'\tPredicted value: ', np.argmax(result))
             i+=1
         print('Total number of images for "testing":')
         test_generator = test_datagen.flow_from_directory(test_dir,
                                                            target_size = (128, 128),
                                                            batch_size = 32,
                                                            class mode = "categorical",
                                                            shuffle=False)
```



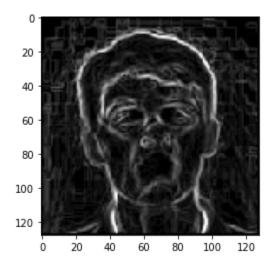
Actual value: 0 Predicted value: 3



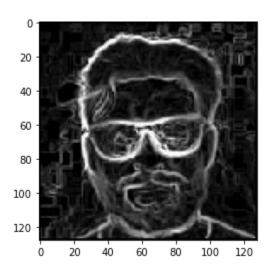
Actual value: 1 Predicted value: 3



Actual value: 2 Predicted value: 3



Actual value: 3 Predicted value: 3



Actual value: 4 Predicted value: 4 Total number of images for "testing": Found 110 images belonging to 5 classes.

```
In [43]: # MODEL 2
         # ----
         # ReLU activation function
         # Adadagrad optimizer
         # 4 Conv
         # 1 Batch Norm
         # 4 MaxPool
         # 1 Dropout
         # 3 Dense
         # 1 Flatten
         # Batchsize 32
         model2 = tensorflow.keras.Sequential()
         model2.add(layers.Conv2D(32, (3,3), activation='relu',
                                  input\_shape = (128, 128, 3),
                                  kernel_initializer = 'glorot_normal',
                                 bias initializer = 'zeros'))
         model2.add(layers.BatchNormalization())
         model2.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2,2)))
         model2.add(layers.Conv2D(64, (3,3), activation='relu'))
         model2.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2,2)))
         model2.add(layers.Conv2D(128, (3,3), activation='relu'))
         model2.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2,2)))
         model2.add(layers.Conv2D(128, (3,3), activation='relu'))
         model2.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2,2)))
         model2.add(layers.Flatten())
         model2.add(layers.Dropout(.5))
         model2.add(layers.Dense(32, activation='relu',
                                kernel initializer = 'glorot normal',
                                bias_initializer = 'zeros'))
         model2.add(layers.Dense(64, activation='relu'))
         model2.add(layers.Dense(5, activation='softmax'))
         model2.summary()
```

Model: "sequential_6"

Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #
conv2d_23 (Conv2D)	(None,	126, 126, 32)	896
batch_normalization_6 (Batch	(None,	126, 126, 32)	128
max_pooling2d_23 (MaxPooling	(None,	63, 63, 32)	0
conv2d_24 (Conv2D)	(None,	61, 61, 64)	18496
max_pooling2d_24 (MaxPooling	(None,	30, 30, 64)	0
conv2d_25 (Conv2D)	(None,	28, 28, 128)	73856
max_pooling2d_25 (MaxPooling	(None,	14, 14, 128)	0
conv2d_26 (Conv2D)	(None,	12, 12, 128)	147584
max_pooling2d_26 (MaxPooling	(None,	6, 6, 128)	0
flatten_6 (Flatten)	(None,	4608)	0
dropout_6 (Dropout)	(None,	4608)	0

dense_18 (Dense)	(None, 32)	147488
= ` '	, , ,	
dense 19 (Dense)	(None, 64)	2112
(/	(, - ,	
dense_20 (Dense)	(None, 5)	325
=======================================	============	=======================================
Total naname: 200 00F		

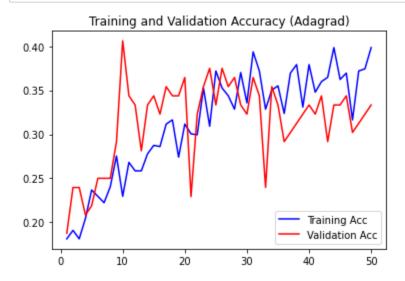
Total params: 390,885 Trainable params: 390,821 Non-trainable params: 64

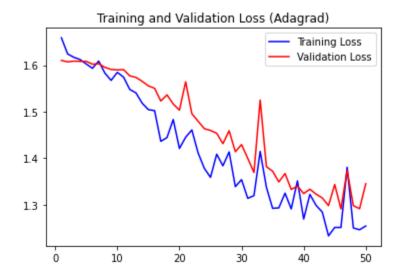
```
WARNING:tensorflow:sample weight modes were coerced from
 to
['...']
WARNING:tensorflow:sample weight modes were coerced from
 to
['...']
Train for 13 steps, validate for 3 steps
val_loss: 1.6102 - val_acc: 0.1875
Epoch 2/50
al_loss: 1.6072 - val_acc: 0.2396
Epoch 3/50
al loss: 1.6088 - val acc: 0.2396
Epoch 4/50
al_loss: 1.6082 - val_acc: 0.2083
Epoch 5/50
al loss: 1.6083 - val acc: 0.2188
Epoch 6/50
al_loss: 1.6021 - val_acc: 0.2500
Epoch 7/50
al loss: 1.6031 - val acc: 0.2500
Epoch 8/50
al loss: 1.5954 - val acc: 0.2500
Epoch 9/50
al loss: 1.5909 - val acc: 0.2917
Epoch 10/50
al_loss: 1.5898 - val_acc: 0.4062
Epoch 11/50
al loss: 1.5905 - val acc: 0.3438
Epoch 12/50
al_loss: 1.5770 - val_acc: 0.3333
Epoch 13/50
al_loss: 1.5737 - val_acc: 0.2812
Epoch 14/50
```

```
al_loss: 1.5654 - val_acc: 0.3333
Epoch 15/50
al_loss: 1.5555 - val_acc: 0.3438
Epoch 16/50
al_loss: 1.5503 - val_acc: 0.3229
Epoch 17/50
al_loss: 1.5230 - val_acc: 0.3542
Epoch 18/50
al_loss: 1.5362 - val_acc: 0.3438
Epoch 19/50
al_loss: 1.5165 - val_acc: 0.3438
Epoch 20/50
al_loss: 1.5033 - val_acc: 0.3646
Epoch 21/50
al_loss: 1.5642 - val_acc: 0.2292
Epoch 22/50
al loss: 1.4957 - val acc: 0.3229
Epoch 23/50
al loss: 1.4796 - val acc: 0.3542
Epoch 24/50
al loss: 1.4636 - val acc: 0.3750
Epoch 25/50
al_loss: 1.4597 - val_acc: 0.3333
Epoch 26/50
al_loss: 1.4537 - val_acc: 0.3750
Epoch 27/50
al loss: 1.4312 - val acc: 0.3542
al loss: 1.4591 - val acc: 0.3646
Epoch 29/50
al_loss: 1.4138 - val_acc: 0.3333
Epoch 30/50
al loss: 1.4293 - val acc: 0.3229
Epoch 31/50
al loss: 1.3996 - val acc: 0.3646
Epoch 32/50
al loss: 1.3693 - val acc: 0.3438
Epoch 33/50
al_loss: 1.5249 - val_acc: 0.2396
```

```
Epoch 34/50
al loss: 1.3819 - val acc: 0.3542
Epoch 35/50
al loss: 1.3721 - val acc: 0.3333
Epoch 36/50
al loss: 1.3489 - val acc: 0.2917
Epoch 37/50
al_loss: 1.3671 - val_acc: 0.3021
Epoch 38/50
al loss: 1.3327 - val acc: 0.3125
Epoch 39/50
al_loss: 1.3401 - val_acc: 0.3229
Epoch 40/50
al_loss: 1.3240 - val_acc: 0.3333
Epoch 41/50
al_loss: 1.3333 - val_acc: 0.3229
Epoch 42/50
al_loss: 1.3228 - val_acc: 0.3438
Epoch 43/50
al_loss: 1.3145 - val_acc: 0.2917
Epoch 44/50
al_loss: 1.2981 - val_acc: 0.3333
Epoch 45/50
al loss: 1.3435 - val acc: 0.3333
Epoch 46/50
al_loss: 1.2910 - val_acc: 0.3438
Epoch 47/50
al_loss: 1.3737 - val_acc: 0.3021
Epoch 48/50
al_loss: 1.2979 - val_acc: 0.3125
Epoch 49/50
al loss: 1.2913 - val acc: 0.3229
Epoch 50/50
al loss: 1.3451 - val acc: 0.3333
```

```
In [46]:
           Visualizing Train/Validation Loss & Accuracy |
         acc_adagrad = history_adagrad.history['acc']
         val_acc_adagrad = history_adagrad.history['val_acc']
         loss_adagrad = history_adagrad.history['loss']
         val_loss_adagrad = history_adagrad.history['val_loss']
         epochs adagrad = range(1,len(acc adagrad) +1)
         # Plot of accuracy
         plt.plot(epochs_adagrad, acc_adagrad, color='blue', label='Training Acc')
         plt.plot(epochs_adagrad, val_acc_adagrad, color='red', label='Validation Acc')
         plt.title('Training and Validation Accuracy (Adagrad)')
         plt.legend()
         plt.figure()
         # Plot of loss
         plt.plot(epochs_adagrad, loss_adagrad, color='blue', label='Training Loss')
         plt.plot(epochs adagrad, val loss adagrad, color='red', label='Validation Loss')
         plt.title('Training and Validation Loss (Adagrad)')
         plt.legend()
         plt.figure()
         plt.show()
```



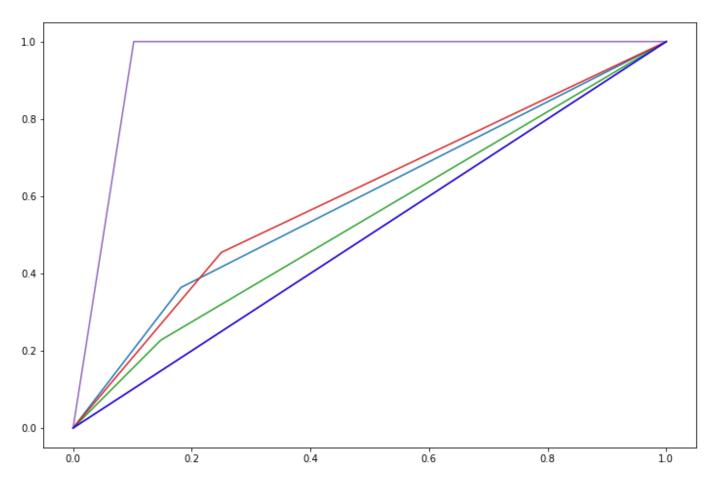


<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

```
In [47]: # -----
         # ROC/AUC Score |
         from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelBinarizer
         # set plot figure size
         fig, c_ax = plt.subplots(1,1, figsize = (12, 8))
         def multiclass_roc_auc_score(y_test, y_pred, average="macro"):
             lb = LabelBinarizer()
             lb.fit(y_test)
             y_test = lb.transform(y_test)
             y_pred = lb.transform(y_pred)
             for (idx, c_label) in enumerate(target_names): # target_names: no of the labels
                 fpr, tpr, thresholds = roc_curve(y_test[:,idx].astype(int), y_pred[:,idx])
                 c ax.plot(fpr, tpr, label = '%s (AUC:%0.2f)' % (c label, auc(fpr, tpr)))
             c_ax.plot(fpr, fpr, 'b-', label = 'Random Guessing')
             return roc_auc_score(y_test, y_pred, average=average)
         validation_generator.reset() # resetting generator
         y_pred = model2.predict_generator(validation_generator, verbose = True)
         y_pred = np.argmax(y_pred, axis=1)
         multiclass_roc_auc_score(validation_generator.classes, y_pred)
```

4/4 [======] - 0s 106ms/step

Out[47]: 0.6363636363636364



```
# Classification Report |
         print('Classification Report for Model with Adagrad')
         target_names = ['1_Neutral', '2_Smiling', '3_Sleepy', '4_Surprise', '5_Sunglasses']
         print(classification_report(validation_generator.classes, y_pred, target_names=target_names
         Classification Report for Model with Adagrad
                       precision
                                  recall f1-score
                                                       support
            1 Neutral
                            0.33
                                      0.36
                                                0.35
                                                            22
                                      0.05
                                                0.07
                                                            22
            2_Smiling
                            0.20
                                                            22
             3 Sleepy
                            0.28
                                      0.23
                                                0.25
           4 Surprise
                            0.31
                                     0.45
                                                0.37
                                                            22
         5_Sunglasses
                            0.71
                                      1.00
                                                0.83
                                                            22
                                                0.42
                                                           110
             accuracy
            macro avg
                            0.37
                                      0.42
                                                0.37
                                                           110
         weighted avg
                            0.37
                                      0.42
                                                0.37
                                                           110
In [49]: # -----
         # Confusion Matrix |
         num of train samples = 444
         #num_of_test_samples = 416 # steps per epoch
         batch size=32
         steps_per_epoch=num_of_train_samples // batch_size
         #validation_generator.reset()
         Y pred = model2.predict generator(validation generator, steps per epoch)
         y_pred = np.argmax(Y_pred, axis=1)
         print('Confusion Matrix fo Model with Adagrad')
         print(confusion_matrix(validation_generator.classes, y_pred))
```

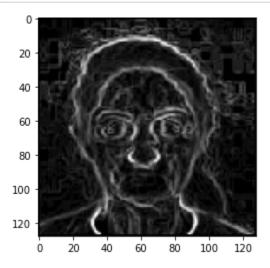
WARNING:tensorflow:Your input ran out of data; interrupting training. Make sure that your dataset or generator can generate at least `steps_per_epoch * epochs` batches (in this case, 13 batches). You may need to use the repeat() function when building your dataset.

Confusion Matrix fo Model with Adagrad

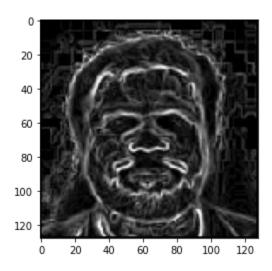
[[8 1 5 6 2] [4 1 4 10 3] [6 2 5 6 3] [6 1 4 10 1] [0 0 0 0 22]]

In [48]: # -----

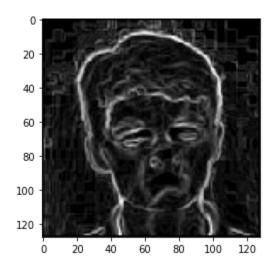
```
In [50]:
         # Displaying 12 Images with the Prediction |
         # 1 image from each class
         labels = ['1_Neutral', '2_Smiling', '3_Sleepy', '4_Surprise', '5_Sunglasses']
         i=0
         for names in labels:
             pathToFolder = test dir +'/'+names+'/'
             fnames = [os.path.join(pathToFolder, fname) for
                   fname in os.listdir(pathToFolder)]
             # generate random number btwn (0,30)
             randNum = random.randint(0, 20)
             img path = fnames[randNum]
             tmp_img = image.load_img(img_path, target_size = (128, 128))
             tmp_img = image.img_to_array(tmp_img)
             tmp_img = np.expand_dims(tmp_img, axis = 0)
             tmp img /=255.
             plt.imshow(tmp_img[0])
             plt.show()
             # predict
             result = model2.predict(tmp_img)
             train_generator.class_indices
             print('Actual value: ',i,'\tPredicted value: ', np.argmax(result))
             i+=1
         print('Total number of images for "testing":')
         test_generator = test_datagen.flow_from_directory(test_dir,
                                                            target_size = (128, 128),
                                                            batch_size = 32,
                                                            class mode = "categorical",
                                                            shuffle=False)
```



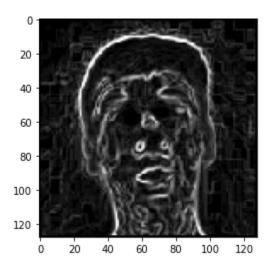
Actual value: 0 Predicted value: 3



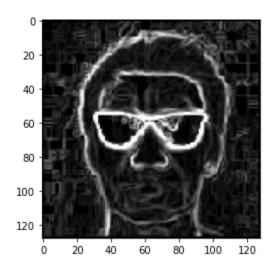
Actual value: 1 Predicted value: 2



Actual value: 2 Predicted value: 1



Actual value: 3 Predicted value: 3



Actual value: 4 Predicted value: 4
Total number of images for "testing":
Found 110 images belonging to 5 classes.

```
In [105]: # MODEL 3
          # ----
          # ReLU activation function
          # Rmsprop optimizer
          # 4 Conv
          # 1 Batch Norm
          # 4 MaxPool
          # 1 Dropout
          # 3 Dense
          # 1 Flatten
          # Batchsize 32
          model3 = tensorflow.keras.Sequential()
          model3.add(layers.Conv2D(32, (3,3), activation='relu',
                                   input\_shape = (128, 128, 3),
                                   kernel_initializer = 'glorot_normal',
                                   bias initializer = 'zeros'))
          model3.add(layers.BatchNormalization())
          model3.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2,2)))
          model3.add(layers.Conv2D(32, (3,3), activation='relu'))
          model3.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2,2)))
          model3.add(layers.Conv2D(64, (3,3), activation='relu'))
          model3.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2,2)))
          model3.add(layers.Conv2D(128, (3,3), activation='relu'))
          model3.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2,2)))
          model3.add(layers.Flatten())
          model3.add(layers.Dropout(.5))
          model3.add(layers.Dense(128, activation='relu',
                                  kernel initializer = 'glorot normal',
                                  bias_initializer = 'zeros'))
          model3.add(layers.Dense(512, activation='relu'))
          model3.add(layers.Dense(5, activation='softmax'))
          model3.summary()
```

Model: "sequential 15"

Layer (type)	Output	Snape 	Param #
conv2d_59 (Conv2D)	(None,	126, 126, 32)	896
batch_normalization_15 (Batc	(None,	126, 126, 32)	128
max_pooling2d_59 (MaxPooling	(None,	63, 63, 32)	0
conv2d_60 (Conv2D)	(None,	61, 61, 32)	9248
max_pooling2d_60 (MaxPooling	(None,	30, 30, 32)	0
conv2d_61 (Conv2D)	(None,	28, 28, 64)	18496
max_pooling2d_61 (MaxPooling	(None,	14, 14, 64)	0
conv2d_62 (Conv2D)	(None,	12, 12, 128)	73856
max_pooling2d_62 (MaxPooling	(None,	6, 6, 128)	0
flatten_15 (Flatten)	(None,	4608)	0
dropout_15 (Dropout)	(None,	4608)	0

dense_45 (Dense)	(None, 128)	589952
dense_46 (Dense)	(None, 512)	66048
dense_47 (Dense)	(None, 5)	2565

Total params: 761,189 Trainable params: 761,125 Non-trainable params: 64

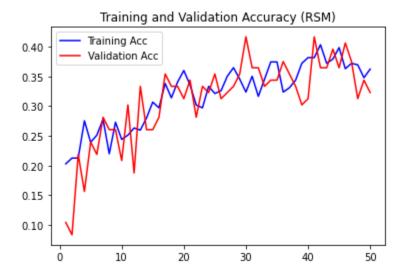
```
WARNING:tensorflow:sample weight modes were coerced from
 to
['...']
WARNING:tensorflow:sample weight modes were coerced from
 to
['...']
Train for 13 steps, validate for 3 steps
al_loss: 1.6117 - val_acc: 0.1042
Epoch 2/50
al_loss: 1.6145 - val_acc: 0.0833
Epoch 3/50
al loss: 1.6103 - val acc: 0.2188
Epoch 4/50
al_loss: 1.6090 - val_acc: 0.1562
Epoch 5/50
al loss: 1.6063 - val acc: 0.2396
Epoch 6/50
al_loss: 1.6068 - val_acc: 0.2188
Epoch 7/50
al loss: 1.6055 - val acc: 0.2812
Epoch 8/50
al loss: 1.5974 - val acc: 0.2604
Epoch 9/50
al loss: 1.6009 - val acc: 0.2604
Epoch 10/50
al_loss: 1.6030 - val_acc: 0.2083
Epoch 11/50
al loss: 1.5892 - val acc: 0.3021
Epoch 12/50
al loss: 1.5966 - val acc: 0.1875
Epoch 13/50
al loss: 1.5764 - val acc: 0.3333
Epoch 14/50
```

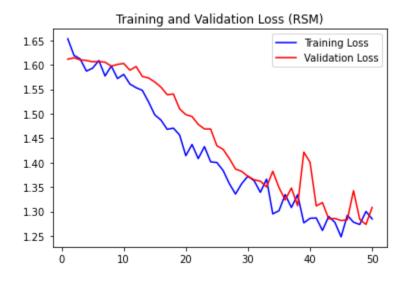
```
al_loss: 1.5732 - val_acc: 0.2604
Epoch 15/50
al_loss: 1.5650 - val_acc: 0.2604
Epoch 16/50
al_loss: 1.5545 - val_acc: 0.2812
Epoch 17/50
al_loss: 1.5390 - val_acc: 0.3542
Epoch 18/50
al_loss: 1.5404 - val_acc: 0.3333
Epoch 19/50
al_loss: 1.5100 - val_acc: 0.3333
Epoch 20/50
al_loss: 1.4983 - val_acc: 0.3125
Epoch 21/50
al_loss: 1.4944 - val_acc: 0.3438
Epoch 22/50
al loss: 1.4783 - val acc: 0.2812
Epoch 23/50
al loss: 1.4690 - val acc: 0.3333
Epoch 24/50
al loss: 1.4688 - val acc: 0.3229
Epoch 25/50
al loss: 1.4346 - val acc: 0.3542
Epoch 26/50
al_loss: 1.4274 - val_acc: 0.3125
Epoch 27/50
al loss: 1.4085 - val acc: 0.3229
al loss: 1.3871 - val acc: 0.3333
Epoch 29/50
al_loss: 1.3822 - val_acc: 0.3542
Epoch 30/50
al loss: 1.3719 - val acc: 0.4167
Epoch 31/50
al loss: 1.3650 - val acc: 0.3646
Epoch 32/50
al loss: 1.3621 - val acc: 0.3646
Epoch 33/50
al_loss: 1.3504 - val_acc: 0.3333
```

```
Epoch 34/50
   al loss: 1.3823 - val acc: 0.3438
   Epoch 35/50
   al loss: 1.3491 - val acc: 0.3438
   Epoch 36/50
   al loss: 1.3238 - val acc: 0.3750
   Epoch 37/50
   al_loss: 1.3481 - val_acc: 0.3542
   Epoch 38/50
   al loss: 1.3119 - val acc: 0.3333
   Epoch 39/50
   al_loss: 1.4215 - val_acc: 0.3021
   Epoch 40/50
   al_loss: 1.4007 - val_acc: 0.3125
   Epoch 41/50
   al_loss: 1.3115 - val_acc: 0.4167
   Epoch 42/50
   al_loss: 1.3183 - val_acc: 0.3646
   Epoch 43/50
   al_loss: 1.2852 - val_acc: 0.3646
   Epoch 44/50
   al_loss: 1.2859 - val_acc: 0.3958
   Epoch 45/50
   al loss: 1.2816 - val acc: 0.3646
   Epoch 46/50
   al_loss: 1.2831 - val_acc: 0.4062
   Epoch 47/50
   al_loss: 1.3427 - val_acc: 0.3750
   Epoch 48/50
   al_loss: 1.2840 - val_acc: 0.3125
   Epoch 49/50
   al loss: 1.2736 - val acc: 0.3438
   Epoch 50/50
   al loss: 1.3084 - val acc: 0.3229
In [ ]: |# -----
  # SAVE THE MODEL |
   # -----
```

model3.save('DIP Proj modelRSM.h5')

```
In [108]:
            Visualizing Train/Validation Loss & Accuracy |
          acc_rsm = history_rsm.history['acc']
          val acc rsm = history rsm.history['val acc']
          loss_rsm = history_rsm.history['loss']
          val_loss_rsm = history_rsm.history['val_loss']
          epochs_rsm = range(1,len(acc_rsm) +1)
          # Plot of accuracy
          plt.plot(epochs_rsm, acc_rsm, color='blue', label='Training Acc')
          plt.plot(epochs_rsm, val_acc_rsm, color='red', label='Validation Acc')
          plt.title('Training and Validation Accuracy (RSM)')
          plt.legend()
          plt.figure()
          # Plot of loss
          plt.plot(epochs_rsm, loss_rsm, color='blue', label='Training Loss')
          plt.plot(epochs rsm, val loss rsm, color='red', label='Validation Loss')
          plt.title('Training and Validation Loss (RSM)')
          plt.legend()
          plt.figure()
          plt.show()
```



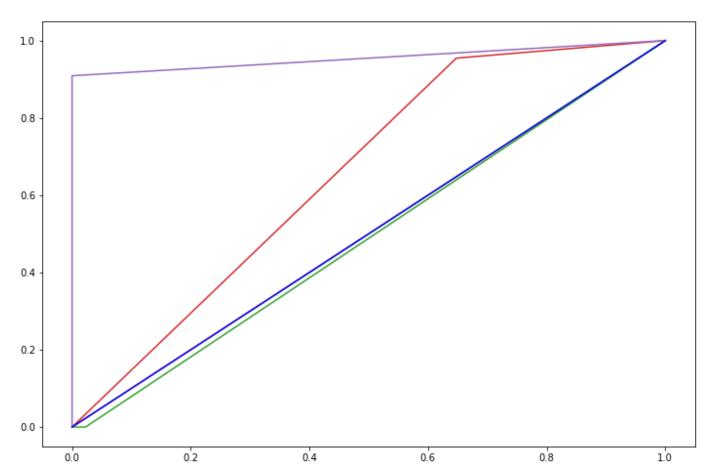


<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

```
In [109]:
          # ROC/AUC Score |
          from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelBinarizer
          # set plot figure size
          fig, c_ax = plt.subplots(1,1, figsize = (12, 8))
          def multiclass_roc_auc_score(y_test, y_pred, average="macro"):
              lb = LabelBinarizer()
              lb.fit(y_test)
              y_test = lb.transform(y_test)
              y_pred = lb.transform(y_pred)
              for (idx, c_label) in enumerate(target_names): # target_names: no of the labels
                  fpr, tpr, thresholds = roc_curve(y_test[:,idx].astype(int), y_pred[:,idx])
                  c_ax.plot(fpr, tpr, label = '%s (AUC:%0.2f)' % (c_label, auc(fpr, tpr)))
              c_ax.plot(fpr, fpr, 'b-', label = 'Random Guessing')
              return roc_auc_score(y_test, y_pred, average=average)
          validation generator.reset() # resetting generator
          y pred = model3.predict generator(validation generator, verbose = True)
          y_pred = np.argmax(y_pred, axis=1)
          multiclass_roc_auc_score(validation_generator.classes, y_pred)
```

4/4 [========] - 0s 83ms/step

Out[109]: 0.6193181818181819



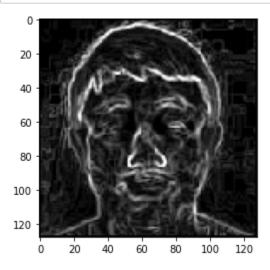
```
# Classification Report |
          print('Classification Report for Model with RSM')
          target_names = ['1_Neutral', '2_Smiling', '3_Sleepy', '4_Surprise', '5_Sunglasses']
          print(classification_report(validation_generator.classes, y_pred, target_names=target_names
          Classification Report for Model with RSM
                        precision
                                     recall f1-score
                                                        support
             1 Neutral
                             0.20
                                       0.05
                                                 0.07
                                                             22
                                       0.05
                                                 0.07
                                                             22
             2_Smiling
                             0.20
                                                             22
              3 Sleepy
                             0.00
                                       0.00
                                                 0.00
            4 Surprise
                             0.27
                                       0.95
                                                 0.42
                                                             22
          5_Sunglasses
                             1.00
                                       0.91
                                                 0.95
                                                             22
                                                 0.39
                                                            110
              accuracy
             macro avg
                             0.33
                                       0.39
                                                 0.30
                                                            110
          weighted avg
                             0.33
                                       0.39
                                                 0.30
                                                            110
In [111]: # -----
          # Confusion Matrix |
          num of train samples = 444
          #num_of_test_samples = 416 # steps per epoch
          batch size=32
          steps_per_epoch=num_of_train_samples // batch_size
          #validation_generator.reset()
          Y pred = model3.predict generator(validation generator, steps per epoch)
          y_pred = np.argmax(Y_pred, axis=1)
          print('Confusion Matrix for Model with RSM')
          print(confusion_matrix(validation_generator.classes, y_pred))
```

WARNING:tensorflow:Your input ran out of data; interrupting training. Make sure that your dataset or generator can generate at least `steps_per_epoch * epochs` batches (in this ca se, 13 batches). You may need to use the repeat() function when building your dataset. Confusion Matrix for Model with RSM

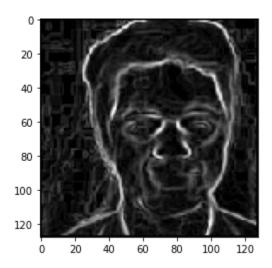
```
[[ 1 1 0 20 0]
 [ 1 1 0 20 0]
 [ 3 2 0 17 0]
 [ 0 1 0 21 0]
 [ 0 0 2 0 20]]
```

In [110]: # -----

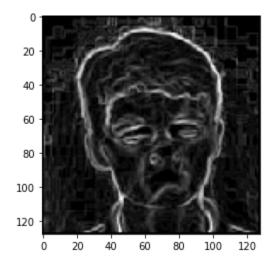
```
In [112]:
          # Displaying 12 Images with the Prediction |
          # 1 image from each class
          labels = ['1_Neutral', '2_Smiling', '3_Sleepy', '4_Surprise', '5_Sunglasses']
          i=0
          for names in labels:
              pathToFolder = test dir +'/'+names+'/'
              fnames = [os.path.join(pathToFolder, fname) for
                    fname in os.listdir(pathToFolder)]
              # generate random number btwn (0,30)
              randNum = random.randint(0, 20)
              img path = fnames[randNum]
              tmp_img = image.load_img(img_path, target_size = (128, 128))
              tmp_img = image.img_to_array(tmp_img)
              tmp_img = np.expand_dims(tmp_img, axis = 0)
              tmp img /=255.
              plt.imshow(tmp_img[0])
              plt.show()
              # predict
              result = model3.predict(tmp_img)
              train_generator.class_indices
              print('Actual value: ',i,'\tPredicted value: ', np.argmax(result))
              i+=1
          print('Total number of images for "testing":')
          test_generator = test_datagen.flow_from_directory(test_dir,
                                                             target_size = (128, 128),
                                                             batch_size = 32,
                                                             class mode = "categorical",
                                                             shuffle=False)
```



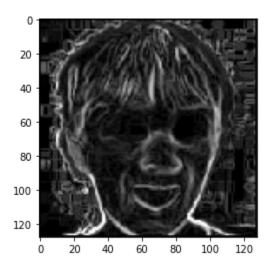
Actual value: 0 Predicted value: 3



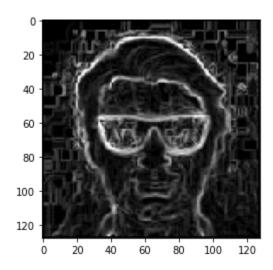
Actual value: 1 Predicted value: 3



Actual value: 2 Predicted value: 3



Actual value: 3 Predicted value: 3



Actual value: 4 Predicted value: 2 Total number of images for "testing": Found 110 images belonging to 5 classes.

```
In [59]: # MODEL 4
         # ----
         # ReLU activation function
         # Rmsprop optimizer
         # 4 Conv
         # 1 Batch Norm
         # 4 MaxPool
         # 1 Dropout
         # 3 Dense
         # 1 Flatten
         # Batchsize 32
         model4 = tensorflow.keras.Sequential()
         model4.add(layers.Conv2D(32, (3,3), activation='relu',
                                  input\_shape = (128, 128, 3),
                                  kernel_initializer = 'glorot_normal',
                                 bias initializer = 'zeros'))
         model4.add(layers.BatchNormalization())
         model4.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2,2)))
         model4.add(layers.Conv2D(64, (3,3), activation='relu'))
         model4.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2,2)))
         model4.add(layers.Conv2D(128, (3,3), activation='relu'))
         model4.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2,2)))
         model4.add(layers.Conv2D(128, (3,3), activation='relu'))
         model4.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2,2)))
         model4.add(layers.Flatten())
         model4.add(layers.Dropout(.5))
         model4.add(layers.Dense(128, activation='relu',
                                kernel initializer = 'glorot normal',
                                bias_initializer = 'zeros'))
         model4.add(layers.Dense(512, activation='relu'))
         model4.add(layers.Dense(5, activation='softmax'))
         model4.summary()
```

Model: "sequential_8"

Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #
conv2d_31 (Conv2D)	(None,	126, 126, 32)	896
batch_normalization_8 (Batch	(None,	126, 126, 32)	128
max_pooling2d_31 (MaxPooling	(None,	63, 63, 32)	0
conv2d_32 (Conv2D)	(None,	61, 61, 64)	18496
max_pooling2d_32 (MaxPooling	(None,	30, 30, 64)	0
conv2d_33 (Conv2D)	(None,	28, 28, 128)	73856
max_pooling2d_33 (MaxPooling	(None,	14, 14, 128)	0
conv2d_34 (Conv2D)	(None,	12, 12, 128)	147584
max_pooling2d_34 (MaxPooling	(None,	6, 6, 128)	0
flatten_8 (Flatten)	(None,	4608)	0
dropout_8 (Dropout)	(None,	4608)	0

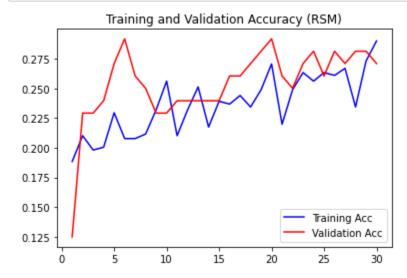
dense_24 (Dense)	(None, 128)	589952
dense_25 (Dense)	(None, 512)	66048
dense_26 (Dense)	(None, 5)	2565

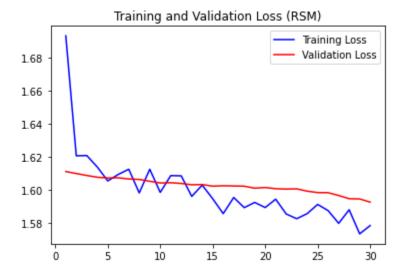
Total params: 899,525 Trainable params: 899,461 Non-trainable params: 64

```
WARNING:tensorflow:sample weight modes were coerced from
 to
['...']
WARNING:tensorflow:sample weight modes were coerced from
 to
['...']
Train for 13 steps, validate for 3 steps
al_loss: 1.6110 - val_acc: 0.1250
Epoch 2/30
al_loss: 1.6098 - val_acc: 0.2292
Epoch 3/30
al loss: 1.6086 - val acc: 0.2292
Epoch 4/30
al_loss: 1.6075 - val_acc: 0.2396
Epoch 5/30
al_loss: 1.6071 - val_acc: 0.2708
Epoch 6/30
al_loss: 1.6072 - val_acc: 0.2917
Epoch 7/30
al loss: 1.6065 - val acc: 0.2604
Epoch 8/30
al loss: 1.6062 - val acc: 0.2500
Epoch 9/30
al loss: 1.6051 - val acc: 0.2292
Epoch 10/30
al_loss: 1.6040 - val_acc: 0.2292
Epoch 11/30
al loss: 1.6042 - val acc: 0.2396
Epoch 12/30
al loss: 1.6038 - val acc: 0.2396
Epoch 13/30
al loss: 1.6030 - val acc: 0.2396
Epoch 14/30
```

```
al_loss: 1.6031 - val_acc: 0.2396
   Epoch 15/30
   al_loss: 1.6021 - val_acc: 0.2396
   Epoch 16/30
   al_loss: 1.6024 - val_acc: 0.2604
   Epoch 17/30
   al_loss: 1.6022 - val_acc: 0.2604
   Epoch 18/30
   al_loss: 1.6021 - val_acc: 0.2708
   Epoch 19/30
   al_loss: 1.6009 - val_acc: 0.2812
   Epoch 20/30
   al_loss: 1.6013 - val_acc: 0.2917
   Epoch 21/30
   al_loss: 1.6006 - val_acc: 0.2604
   Epoch 22/30
   al loss: 1.6004 - val acc: 0.2500
   Epoch 23/30
   al loss: 1.6005 - val acc: 0.2708
   Epoch 24/30
   al loss: 1.5991 - val acc: 0.2812
   Epoch 25/30
   al_loss: 1.5982 - val_acc: 0.2604
   Epoch 26/30
   al_loss: 1.5982 - val_acc: 0.2812
   Epoch 27/30
   al loss: 1.5965 - val acc: 0.2708
   Epoch 28/30
   al loss: 1.5945 - val acc: 0.2812
   Epoch 29/30
   al_loss: 1.5944 - val_acc: 0.2812
   Epoch 30/30
   al loss: 1.5925 - val acc: 0.2708
In [ ]: |# -----
   # SAVE THE MODEL |
   # -----
  model4.save('DIP Proj modelRSM2.h5')
```

```
In [62]:
           Visualizing Train/Validation Loss & Accuracy |
         acc_sgd = history_sgd.history['acc']
         val_acc_sgd = history_sgd.history['val_acc']
         loss_sgd = history_sgd.history['loss']
         val_loss_sgd = history_sgd.history['val_loss']
         epochs sgd = range(1,len(acc sgd) +1)
         # Plot of accuracy
         plt.plot(epochs_sgd, acc_sgd, color='blue', label='Training Acc')
         plt.plot(epochs_sgd, val_acc_sgd, color='red', label='Validation Acc')
         plt.title('Training and Validation Accuracy (RSM)')
         plt.legend()
         plt.figure()
         # Plot of loss
         plt.plot(epochs_sgd, loss_sgd, color='blue', label='Training Loss')
         plt.plot(epochs sgd, val loss sgd, color='red', label='Validation Loss')
         plt.title('Training and Validation Loss (RSM)')
         plt.legend()
         plt.figure()
         plt.show()
```



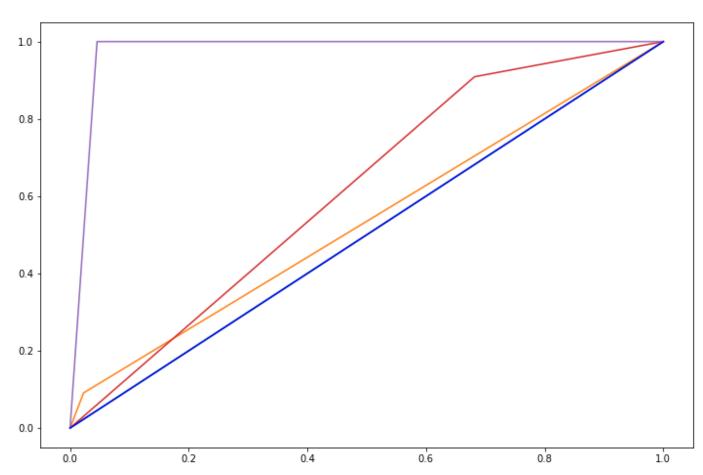


<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

```
In [63]:
         # ROC/AUC Score |
         from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelBinarizer
         # set plot figure size
         fig, c_ax = plt.subplots(1,1, figsize = (12, 8))
         def multiclass_roc_auc_score(y_test, y_pred, average="macro"):
             lb = LabelBinarizer()
             lb.fit(y_test)
             y_test = lb.transform(y_test)
             y_pred = lb.transform(y_pred)
             for (idx, c_label) in enumerate(target_names): # target_names: no of the labels
                 fpr, tpr, thresholds = roc_curve(y_test[:,idx].astype(int), y_pred[:,idx])
                 c_ax.plot(fpr, tpr, label = '%s (AUC:%0.2f)' % (c_label, auc(fpr, tpr)))
             c_ax.plot(fpr, fpr, 'b-', label = 'Random Guessing')
             return roc_auc_score(y_test, y_pred, average=average)
         validation_generator.reset() # resetting generator
         y_pred = model3.predict_generator(validation_generator, verbose = True)
         y_pred = np.argmax(y_pred, axis=1)
         multiclass_roc_auc_score(validation_generator.classes, y_pred)
```

4/4 [========] - 0s 94ms/step

Out[63]: 0.625



```
In [64]: # -------
# Classification Report |
# ------

print('Classification Report for Model with RSM')
target_names = ['1_Neutral', '2_Smiling', '3_Sleepy', '4_Surprise', '5_Sunglasses']
print(classification_report(validation_generator.classes, y_pred, target_names=target_names)
```

Classification Report for Model with RSM

	precision	recall	†1-score	support
1_Neutral	0.00	0.00	0.00	22
2_Smiling	0.50	0.09	0.15	22
3_Sleepy	0.00	0.00	0.00	22
4_Surprise	0.25	0.91	0.39	22
5_Sunglasses	0.85	1.00	0.92	22
accuracy			0.40	110
macro avg	0.32	0.40	0.29	110
weighted avg	0.32	0.40	0.29	110

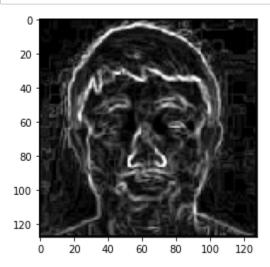
C:\Users\User\anaconda3\envs\tensorflow\lib\site-packages\sklearn\metrics_classificatio n.py:1221: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score are ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted samples. Use `zero_division` parameter to control this be havior.

_warn_prf(average, modifier, msg_start, len(result))

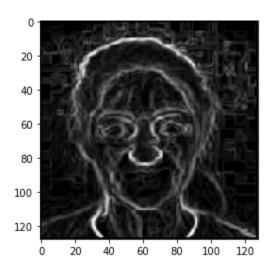
WARNING:tensorflow:Your input ran out of data; interrupting training. Make sure that your dataset or generator can generate at least `steps_per_epoch * epochs` batches (in this case, 13 batches). You may need to use the repeat() function when building your dataset. Confusion Matrix for Model with RSM

```
[[ 0 1 0 20 1]
 [ 0 2 0 19 1]
 [ 0 0 0 21 1]
 [ 0 1 0 20 1]
 [ 0 0 0 0 22]]
```

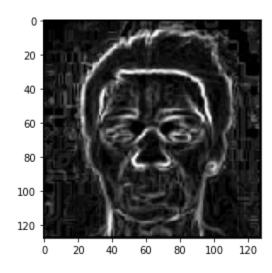
```
In [66]:
         # Displaying 12 Images with the Prediction |
         # 1 image from each class
         labels = ['1_Neutral', '2_Smiling', '3_Sleepy', '4_Surprise', '5_Sunglasses']
         i=0
         for names in labels:
             pathToFolder = test dir +'/'+names+'/'
             fnames = [os.path.join(pathToFolder, fname) for
                   fname in os.listdir(pathToFolder)]
             # generate random number btwn (0,30)
             randNum = random.randint(0, 20)
             img path = fnames[randNum]
             tmp_img = image.load_img(img_path, target_size = (128, 128))
             tmp_img = image.img_to_array(tmp_img)
             tmp_img = np.expand_dims(tmp_img, axis = 0)
             tmp img /=255.
             plt.imshow(tmp_img[0])
             plt.show()
             # predict
             result = model3.predict(tmp_img)
             train_generator.class_indices
             print('Actual value: ',i,'\tPredicted value: ', np.argmax(result))
             i+=1
         print('Total number of images for "testing":')
         test_generator = test_datagen.flow_from_directory(test_dir,
                                                            target_size = (128, 128),
                                                            batch_size = 32,
                                                            class_mode = "categorical",
                                                            shuffle=False)
```



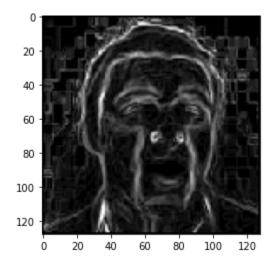
Actual value: 0 Predicted value: 3



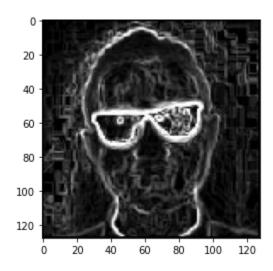
Actual value: 1 Predicted value: 1



Actual value: 2 Predicted value: 3



Actual value: 3 Predicted value: 3



Actual value: 4 Predicted value: 4 Total number of images for "testing": Found 110 images belonging to 5 classes.

In []:

4