# Optimized Translation of Clafer Models to Alloy



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CS744 Course Project. July 19, 2011

### Course Project

CS 744: Advanced Compiler Design

Data flow analysis, redundancy elimination, optimizations

Individual project

Duration: 2 months

### Clafer Update

Analysis of variability models
Translation to Alloy (uses SAT solvers)
clafer2alloy translator: a year ago
Some work on formal semantics
Examples of variability models

### The Toolchain



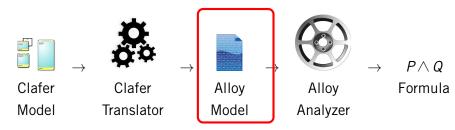
# Demo

#### **Problems**



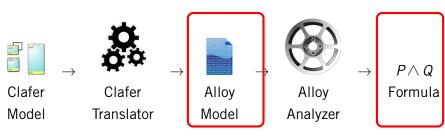
Translation rules heavily influence reasoning time in Alloy





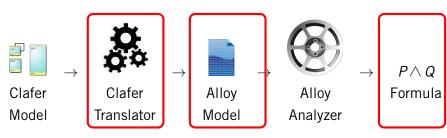
Translation rules heavily influence reasoning time in Alloy Large Alloy files (complex models)





Translation rules heavily influence reasoning time in Alloy Large Alloy files (complex models) Ineffective Alloy representation (complex formulas)





Translation rules heavily influence reasoning time in Alloy Large Alloy files (complex models) Ineffective Alloy representation (complex formulas) Slow clafer2alloy translator

#### Solution

Refactored and modular code architecture
User has control over the translation process
Intermediate language representation
Optimization of translation rules

## The Translator

### (Old) clafer2alloy Translator

Parser, desugarer, semantic analyzer, code generator

Monolithic

Haskell

Available online

Released source code

### (New) clafer Translator

Front-end, intermediate representation, optimizer, generators

User can turn on/off modules (has extra knowledge)
Easy to add new code generators

# **Optimizations**

### No Unused Abstract Clafers

abstract display
 server ?

OnBoardComputer

On Board Computer

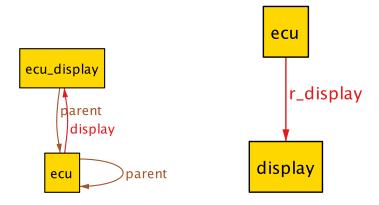
### No Unused Abstract Clafers

abstract display
 server ?

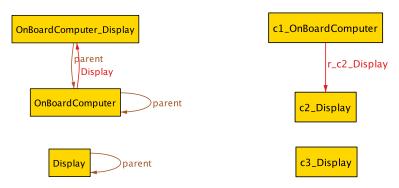
OnBoardComputer

OnBoardComputer

### No Redundant Hierarchical Constraints



### Improved Name Resolution



### **Global Cardinality Constraints**

OnBoardComputer 0..1
Display 1

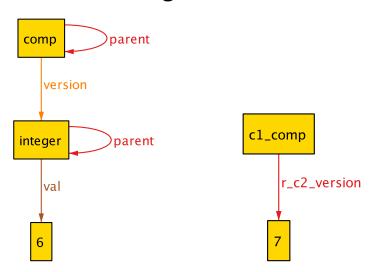
OnBoardComputer 0...
Display 0...1

### **Global Cardinality Constraints**

OnBoardComputer 0..1
Display 1

OnBoardComputer 0..1 Display 0..1

### Integers as Attributes



### References are Relations

```
ecu
display
  server -> ecu
```

### References are Relations

```
ecu
display
  server -> ecu
sig display extends clafer
{ server : one clafer }
{ server in ecu }
```

### References are Relations

```
ecu
display
  server -> ecu
sig display extends clafer
{ server : one clafer }
{ server in ecu }
one sig display
{ server : one ecu }
```

#### Unrolled Inheritance

abstract comp

version: integer

display

version: integer

display extends comp

#### Unrolled Inheritance

abstract comp display

version : integer version : integer

display extends comp

### **Model Statistics**

```
ecu 1..2
display -> integer 2..3
[display > 2]
```

```
All clafers: 2 | Abstract: 0 | Concrete: 1 | References: 1
Constraints: 1
Global scope: 1..3
All names unique: False
```

### Model Statistics

```
ecu 1..2
  display -> integer 2..3
  [display > 2]
```

```
All clafers: 2 | Abstract: 0 | Concrete: 1 | References: 1
```

Constraints: 1 Global scope: 1..3

All names unique: False

#### **Parameters**

Unrolling inheritance
Timeout for model translation
Layout resolver options
Checking duplicated names
Name resolver behavior
Keeping unused clafers

# **Evaluation**

### Input Models

Feature Models (instantiation)
Meta-Models (instantiation)
FBMTs (liveness, instantiation)
The Linux Kernel

### Results

Speed: 2-5 times faster

Possible to handle huge models

# Conclusion

### Conclusion

Clafer models can be expressive and analyzable Possible further optimizations User knowledge is very useful

# Thanks for listening!

# Questions?

gsd.uwaterloo.ca/clafer