Clafer Type System and Attributes



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Recent Progress

Recent Progress

Many people involved
Language
Applications and ecosystem
Documentation and promotion

Recent Progress: Language

Defaults (Leo)
Type system (Jimmy)
Intermediate representation - XML (Jimmy)
Translator (Jimmy, Kacper)
Test suite (Michal, Kacper)
Visualization (Seyi)

Recent Progress: Applications

Lightweight methodology (Krzysztof, Michal)
Multiobjective optimization (Bo, Derek)
Usability Evaluation (Dina)
Future: financial domain (Marko), security (with Mahesh)

Recent Progress: Documentation

Tutorial (Michal)

Clafer wiki: github.com/gsdlab/clafer/wiki/ (Michal, Kacper)

Website: clafer.org (Michal, Kacper)

Type System

Motivation

Why does Clafer need a type system?

Type check

Free and automatic sanity check.

abstract Y

x : string

y: int

[x + y = 3]

Clafer reports that "+" cannot be applied on x and y.

Semantics

The type of an expression affects the semantics (output Alloy code). Also, needed for code optimization.

computer

dualCpu?

speed : integer totalSpeed : integer

What does the expression speed mean?

Two cases

```
computer
dualCpu?
speed: integer
extraSpeed: integer
[extraSpeed = (speed ⇒ speed else 0)]
```

The expression *speed* refers 1) presence of clafer, 2) to its integer value.

Semantics 00-analogy

```
class MemberAge {
    int value;
}
class CentenarianClub {
    MemberAge[] memberAge;
}
```

The expression memberAge can refer to

- the MemberAge object(s)
- or its value field

The inferred type of the expression implicitly determines which of the two case applies.

Type system

A Clafer model consists of two parts.

- Clafer definitions
- Constraints

The type system performs two tasks in parallel.

- Type check the expressions in the constraints.
- Infer the types of expressions in the constraints.

Definition

"::" is shorthand for "is type".

example: "x :: integer" is read as "x is type integer".

Definition

"\=" is shorthand for "entails".

example: " $\Gamma \vdash x$:: *integer*" is read as " Γ entails x :: *integer*". Sometimes it is clearer to read it as "x :: *integer* given Γ ".

Definition

The letter "x" is a Clafer reference.

In the expression below, "speed" is a Clafer reference.

[speed > 80]

Definition

The letters "E, F, G" are expressions.

2 leaf expressions: "speed" and "80".

1 super expression: "speed > 80".

[speed > 80]

Less frequent notations will be explained as they come.

Definition

A type environment (Γ) is a mapping from Clafer definition to the type of its value.

```
abstract Y : string
a : integer
b

X : Y
```

```
\Gamma = \{Y :: string, a :: integer, b :: clafer, X :: string\}
```

Type rule

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{name of rule} & \frac{statementA}{statementC} & \frac{statementB}{statementC} \end{array}$$

If A and B holds then C follows.

The type system is specified through a series of type rules.

 $\overline{\Gamma \vdash \mathbb{INTEGER} :: integer}$

$$\operatorname{eq} \frac{\Gamma \vdash E :: \tau \qquad \Gamma \vdash F :: \tau}{\Gamma \vdash E = F :: boolean}$$

Can we prove that the following model passes type checking? What is the type of each expression?

abstract Y
$$[0 = 1]$$

$$\Gamma = \{Y :: claser\}$$

$$\Gamma = \{Y :: claser\}$$

Proof.

$$\text{eq} \ \frac{\overline{\Gamma \vdash \ 0 :: \textit{integer}}}{\Gamma \vdash 0 = 1 :: \textit{boolean}} \frac{\overline{\Gamma \vdash \ 1 :: \textit{integer}}}{\Gamma \vdash 0 = 1 :: \textit{boolean}}$$

value
$$\frac{(x :: \tau) \in \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash x :: \tau}$$

Prove that the following model is type correct.

```
abstract Y
a: integer
[a = 1]
```

```
\Gamma = \{Y :: clafer, a :: integer\}
```

$$\Gamma = \{Y :: claser, a :: integer\}$$

Proof.

```
\mathsf{value} \ \frac{(a :: \mathit{integer}) \in \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash \ a :: \mathit{integer}} \qquad \mathsf{intconst} \ \frac{\Gamma \vdash \ 1 :: \mathit{integer}}{\Gamma \vdash \ a = 1 :: \mathit{boolean}}
```

clafer $\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash x :: clafer}$

Prove that the following model is type correct.

```
abstract Y
a: integer
b
[a = b]
```

```
\Gamma = \{Y :: clafer, a :: integer, b :: clafer\}
```

$$\Gamma = \{Y :: clafer, a :: integer, b :: clafer\}$$

Proof.

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{clafer} \ \overline{\Gamma \vdash a :: clafer} & \text{clafer} \ \overline{\Gamma \vdash b :: clafer} \\ \text{eq} \ \overline{\Gamma \vdash a = b :: boolean} \end{array}$$

Clafer type rule precedence

abstract Y

a : integer b : integer

[a = b]

Integer equality or clafer equality?

Clafer type rule casting 1

abstract Y

a : real

b : integer

[a = b]

Clafer type rule casting 2

eqcast1
$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash E :: real \qquad \Gamma \vdash F :: integer}{\Gamma \vdash E := F :: boolean}$$
 eqcast2
$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash E :: integer \qquad \Gamma \vdash F :: real}{\Gamma \vdash E = F :: boolean}$$

Attributes

Conclusion

Conclusion

blahbla

blahbla

blahbla

blahbla

Thanks for listening!

Questions?

clafer.org