
Javadoc

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Outline

- Motivation
- Writing Javadoc comments
- Running the javadoc tool

Motivation

- Why document programs?
 - To make it easy to understand, e.g., for reuse and maintenance
- What to document?
 - Semantics
 - Internal working

Motivation (Cont.)

□ Why Javadoc?

- To combine source code with documentation and other reference materials
- To make it easier to keep the documentation and code in sync
- To generate API specifications (or interface specifications) from source code

Approach

□ Javadoc comments

- Attach special comments, called *documentation comment* (or *doc comment*) to classes, fields, and methods.

```
/** ... */
```

□ Javadoc tool

- Use a tool, called *javadoc*, to automatically generate HTML pages from source code.
- MIF Doclet - for Generating FrameMaker and PDF Documents

Javadoc Example

```
/** An abstract class representing various kinds of
shapes. */
public abstract class Shape {
    /** The x-coordinate of this shape. */
    private int x;
    // ...

    /** Returns the x-coordinate of this shape. */
    public int getX() { ... }

    /** Set the x-coordinate of this shape to the
        * argument
        * <code>x</code>.
        */
    public void setX(int x) { ... }

    // ...
}
```



Javadoc Tags

□ Javadoc Tags

- Special keyword recognized by javadoc tool.
- Will be specially formatted

□ Common Tags

- | | |
|------------|-------------------------|
| ■ @author | Author of the feature |
| ■ @version | Current version number |
| ■ @since | Since when |
| ■ @param | Meaning of parameter |
| ■ @return | Meaning of return value |
| ■ @throws | Meaning of exception |
| ■ @see | Link to other features |

Example

```
/** An abstract class representing various
 * kinds of windows.
 *
 * @author Bill Gates
 * @version 1.0 (01/22/88)
 * @since version 3.11
 */
public abstract class Windows {
    // ...
}
```



Specifying Parameters and Return Value

□ Syntax

- **@param** *name description*
- **@return** *description*
- **@throws** *exception description*

□ Example

```
/** Returns the definition of a given word in this  
    dictionary.  
    *  
    * @param word a word whose definition is being looked  
    * up.  
    * @return the definition of the word; null if no definition  
    * is  
    * found.  
    * @throws NullPointerException if the word is null.  
    */  
public String lookup(String word) { /* ... */ }
```



Linking to Other Features

□ Syntax

■ @see *featureName*

where *featureName* is class, field, or method.

□ Example

@see Dictionary

@see #elems

@see #lookup(String)

@see SpanishDictionary#lookup(String)

@see cs3331.Score#lookup(String)

Linking to Other Features (Cont.)

- In-line link
 - Used to refer features in a sentence.
 - Syntax: `{@link featureName}`
where *featureName* is class, field, or method.
- Example

```
/** Returns the definition of a given word in this
    dictionary. This
    * method is overridden here from the class {@link
    Dictionary}
    * to implementSpanish-specific, efficient lookup
    algorithm.
    *
    * @see Dictionary#lookup(String)
    * ....
    */
    public String lookup(String word) { /* ... */ }
```



Principles

- **The doc comment for a method should describe succinctly the contract between the method and its client.**
 - the contract should say *what the method does rather than how it does its job*
 - method's *preconditions and postcoditions*

Specifications

- The “precondition”: constraints that hold before the method is called (if not, all bets are off)
 - **requires** – spells out any obligations on client
- The “postcondition”: constraints that hold after the method is called (if the precondition held)
 - **modifies** – lists objects that may be affected by method; any object not listed is guaranteed to be untouched
 - **throws** – lists possible exceptions
 - **effects** – gives guarantees on the final state of modified objects
 - **returns** – describes return value

Example

```
public static int test(List lst, Object oldelt,  
                        Object newelt)
```

requires lst, oldelt and newelt are non null. oldelt occurs
in lst

modifies lst

effects change the first occurrence of oldelt in lst to
newelt & makes no other changes to lst

returns an i such that ith element of lst was oldelt



Example (2)

```
public static List<Integer> listAdd(  
    List<Integer> lst1,  
    List<Integer> lst2  
)
```

requires lst1 and lst2 are not null. lst1 and lst2 are the same size

modifies none

effects none

returns a list of same size where the ith element is the sum of the ith elements of lst1 and lst2



Example (javadoc)

```
/**
 * Returns the element at the specified position in this list.
 *
 * @param index
 *         index of element to return; must be nonnegative
 *         and less than the size of this list.
 * @return the element at the specified position in this list.
 * @throws IndexOutOfBoundsException
 *         if the index is out of range (<tt>index < 0
 *         || index >= this.size()</tt>).
 */
Object get(int index)
```


Bad Example

```
/**  
 * Sets the tool tip text.  
 *  
 * @param text the text of the tool tip  
 */  
public void setToolTipText(String text) {
```

Preferred

```
/**
 * Registers the text to display in a tool tip. The
 * text displays when the cursor lingers over the
 * component.
 *
 * @param text
 *         the string to display. If the text is
 * null, the tool tip is turned off for this component.
 */
public void setToolTipText(String text) {
```



HTML nature

- Javadoc uses HTML metacharacters and tags
- Commonly used tags and metachars:
 - `<p>`, `<code>`, `<tt>`
 - HTML metachars must be escaped
 - `<`, `>`, `&`

Running javadoc Tool

- Similar to running javac, e.g.,
 - javadoc A.java
 - javadoc A.java B.java
 - javadoc *.java
 - javadoc -d javadocs *.java

Running javadoc (Cont.)

- Other options, refer to JDK tool docs, e.g.,
 - <http://java.sun.com/j2se/1.4.1/docs/tooldocs/tools.html> or
 - <http://java.sun.com/j2se/1.4.2/docs/tooldocs/tools.html>

Other Resources

- Many on-line tips, guidelines, and other documents, e.g.,
 - “How to Write Doc Comments for the Javadoc™ Tool” available at <http://java.sun.com/j2se/javadoc/writingdocdocuments/index.html>

Questions?

