概率统计——习题一参考解答

- 1.1 (1) C (2) D
- 1.2 (1) 错误; (2) 错误; (3) 错误; (4) 正确; (5) 正确; (6) 正确
- 1.3 $A \cup (\overline{A}B) \cup (C\overline{A \cup B})$
- 1.4 (1) $\overline{AB} = \{x \mid \frac{1}{4} \le x \le \frac{1}{2} \text{ int} 1 < x < \frac{3}{2}\}; (2) \overline{A} \cup B = \Omega;$
 - $(3) \ \overline{\overline{A}} B = A \cup B = B ;$
- (4) $\overline{AB} = \overline{A} = \{x \mid 0 \le x \le \frac{1}{2} \text{ } \vec{\boxtimes} 1 < x \le 2\}.$
- 1.5 (1) $A_1A_2A_3A_4$; (2) $\overline{A_1A_2A_3A_4}$;
 - $(3)\,\overline{A_1}A_2A_3A_4\cup A_1\overline{A_2}A_3A_4\cup A_1A_2\overline{A_3}A_4\cup A_1A_2A_3\overline{A_4}\,;$
 - $(4) A_1 A_2 \cup A_1 A_3 \cup A_1 A_4 \cup A_2 A_3 \cup A_2 A_4 \cup A_3 A_4$
- 1.6 : $P(ABC) \le P(AB) = 0$, : P(ABC) = 0, $P = P(A \cup B \cup C) = \frac{5}{8}$.
- 1.7 由于 $P(AB) = P(A) + P(B) P(A \cup B)$,故
 - (1) 当 $A \subset B$ 时, $P(AB) = 0.6 = \max$;
 - (2) 当 $A \cup B = S$ 时, $P(AB) = 0.3 = \min$.
- 1.8 不放回抽样: $P = \frac{6 \times 5 \times 5}{11 \times 10 \times 9} = \frac{5}{33}$; (若有放回,则: $P = \frac{6 \times 5 \times 6}{11 \times 11 \times 11} = \frac{180}{1331}$.)
- 1.9 (1) $P(AB) \le P(A) \le P(A \cup B) \le P(A) + P(B)$;
 - (2) $P(A \cup B) = 5/12$, $P(\overline{A} \cap \overline{B}) = 7/12$, $P(A\overline{B}) = 1/12$, $P(A\overline{B} \cup \overline{AB}) = 1/4$.
- 1.10 由于A-B=A-AB,且 $AB\subset A$,所以P(A-B)=P(A)-P(AB),于是
- P(AB) = P(A) P(A B) = 0.5 0.2 = 0.3, $\boxtimes \text{Left} P(\overline{AB}) = 1 P(AB) = 0.7$