

概率统计——习题七参考答案

7.1

$$\because f_X(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & 1 < x < 2 \\ 0, & \text{其它} \end{cases}, \because y = e^{2x} \text{ 严格单增}, \therefore x = \frac{\ln y}{2}, \quad x' = \frac{1}{2y}, \text{ 于是}$$

$$f_Y(y) = f_X\left(\frac{\ln y}{2}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{2y} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2y}, & 1 < \frac{\ln y}{2} < 2 \text{ 即 } e^2 < y < e^4 \\ 0, & \text{其它} \end{cases}。$$

$$7.2 \because f(x, y) = \begin{cases} e^{-y}, & 0 \leq x \leq 1, y > 0, \\ 0, & \text{其它}, \end{cases}$$

$$F_Z(z) = \iint_{x+y \leq z} f(x, y) dx dy = \begin{cases} 0, & z \leq 0, \\ \int_0^z dx \int_0^{z-x} e^{-y} dy = z - 1 + e^{-z}, & 0 < z < 1, \\ \int_0^1 dx \int_0^{z-x} e^{-y} dy = 1 - e^{-(z-1)} + e^{-z}, & z \geq 1, \end{cases}$$

$$\therefore f_Z(z) = \begin{cases} (e-1)e^{-z}, & z \geq 1, \\ 1 - e^{-z}, & 0 < z < 1, \\ 0, & z \leq 0. \end{cases}$$

$$\text{或者} \quad f_Z(z) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f_X(x) \cdot f_Y(z-x) dx = \begin{cases} \int_0^1 e^{-(z-x)} dx = (e-1)e^{-z}, & z \geq 1 \\ \int_0^z e^{-(z-x)} dx = 1 - e^{-z}, & 0 < z < 1. \\ 0, & z \leq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$7.3 \because F_Z(z) = \iint_{x+y \leq z} f(x, y) dx dy = \begin{cases} 0, & z < 0, \\ z^2/2, & 0 \leq z < 1, \\ 1 - 2(1 - z/2)^2, & 1 \leq z < 2, \\ 1, & z \geq 2, \end{cases}$$

$$\therefore f_Z(z) = F'_Z(z) = \begin{cases} z, & 0 < z < 1, \\ 2-z, & 1 \leq z < 2, \\ 1, & \text{其它.} \end{cases}$$

或者

$$f_Z(z) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(x, z-x) dx = \begin{cases} \int_0^{z/2} 2dx = z, & 0 < z < 1 \\ \int_{z/2}^{z-1} 2dx = 2-z, & 1 \leq z < 2. \\ 0, & \text{其它} \end{cases}$$

7.4 (1) $E(X) = 4$, $D(X) = 2.4$; (2) $E(X) = 2$, $E(3X^2 - 2X) = 12$;

(3) $E(X) = -0.2$, $E(X^2) = 2.8$, $E(3X^2 + 5) = 13.4$; (4) $1/5$

7.5 $X \sim \left(\frac{1}{10} \quad \frac{2}{10} \cdot \frac{7}{9} \quad \frac{3}{10} \cdot \frac{2}{9} \cdot \frac{7}{8} \quad \frac{3}{10} \cdot \frac{2}{9} \cdot \frac{1}{8} \cdot \frac{7}{7} \right) = \left(\frac{1}{10} \quad \frac{2}{30} \quad \frac{3}{120} \quad \frac{4}{120} \right)$

$$E(X) = 1 \times (7/10) + 2 \times (7/30) + 3 \times (7/120) + 4 \times (1/120) = 11/8 = 1.375;$$

$$E(X^2) = (1)^2 \times (7/10) + (2)^2 \times (7/30) + (3)^2 \times (7/120) + (4)^2 \times (1/120) = 55/24 = 2.2917;$$

$$E\{[X - E(X)]^2\} = E(X^2) - [E(X)]^2 = 2.2917 - 1.375^2 = 0.401$$

或者 $E\{[X - E(X)]^2\} = E\{[X - 1.375]^2\} = (1-1.375)^2 \times (7/10)$

$$+ (2-1.375)^2 \times (7/30) + (3-1.375)^2 \times (7/120) + (4-1.375)^2 \times (1/120) = 0.401.$$

7.6 由 $E(X) = \int_0^1 x(a + bx^2) dx = \frac{a}{2} + \frac{b}{4} = \frac{3}{5}$, $\int_0^1 (a + bx^2) dx = a + \frac{b}{3} = 1$, 得

$$\begin{cases} a + b/2 = 6/5, \\ a + b/3 = 1, \end{cases} \quad \text{故 } b = 6/5, \quad a = 6/10 = 3/5.$$

7.7 (1) $E(X) = 1 \times (0.2 + 0.1 + 0.1) + 2 \times (0.1 + 0.1) + 3 \times (0.3 + 0.1) = 2$,

$$E(Y) = (-1) \times (0.2 + 0.1) + 1 \times (0.1 + 0.1 + 0.1) = 0;$$

(2) $\because X - Y \sim \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 0.1 & 0.2 & 0.3 & 0.4 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$,

$$\therefore E[(X - Y)^2] = 1^2 \times (0.2) + 2^2 \times (0.3) + 3^2 \times (0.4) = 5;$$

(3) $E(XY) = 1 \times (-1) \times 0.2 + 1 \times 1 \times 0.1 + 2 \times (-1) \times 0.1 + 2 \times 1 \times 0.1 + 3 \times 1 \times 0.1$
 $= -0.2 + 0.1 - 0.2 + 0.2 + 0.3 = 0.2.$

7.8 由题意有 $X \sim U[0, 60]$ ，所以其密度函数为：
$$\varphi(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{60}, & 0 \leq t \leq 60; \\ 0, & \text{其它} \end{cases}$$

令 Y 表示乘客等候时间，则有：
$$Y = \begin{cases} 10 - X, & 0 \leq X \leq 10 \\ 30 - X, & 10 < X \leq 30 \\ 50 - X, & 30 < X \leq 50 \\ 60 - X + 10, & 50 < X \leq 60 \end{cases}$$

$$\therefore E(Y) = \int_0^{10} (10-t) \cdot \frac{1}{60} dt + \int_{10}^{30} (30-t) \cdot \frac{1}{60} dt + \int_{30}^{50} (50-t) \cdot \frac{1}{60} dt + \int_{50}^{60} (70-t) \cdot \frac{1}{60} dt = 10 \text{ (分)}。$$