Lab Report: PostgreSQL Database Development and Next.js 14 Application

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Overview

This lab consisted of two main tasks:

- 1. Designing and implementing a PostgreSQL relational database to manage various operations for a software system in the Computer Engineering Department.
- 2. Developing a Next.js 14 application with user authentication (login, register) and a protected dashboard using Next.js server actions and the node-postgres library for backend functionality.

Task 1: PostgreSQL Database Development

Objective

Design and implement a relational database to support the following functionalities:

- 1. Student Personal Information
- 2. Student Fees Payments
- 3. Course Enrollment
- 4. Lectures to Course Assignment
- 5. Lectures to TA Assignment

Steps Undertaken

- Database Creation: A PostgreSQL database was created to house all the required entities.
- **Schema and Tables**: Appropriate schemas and tables were defined to reflect the data relationships and functional requirements.
- Table Definitions:
- 1. Students
- 2. fees
- 3. courses

- 4. Lectures
- 5. teaching assistants
- 6. enrollments
- 7. lecture course assignments
- 8. lecture ta assignments

Sample Data Insertion:

- SQL insert scripts were written to populate all tables with sample data representing actual members of our class.
- User Table:
- An additional users table was created to manage authentication data for the web application.
- Database Function:
- A PostgreSQL function was implemented to compute outstanding fees for each student and return the result as a JSON array.

Technologies Used

- PostgreSQL (latest version)
- SQL scripts for schema and data creation
- PL/pgSQL for stored procedures

Task 2: Next.js 14 Web Application with Node.js Backend

Objective

Create a Next.js 14 web application with the following features:

- User Registration
- User Login
- Protected Dashboard accessible only to logged-in users

Steps Undertaken

- Database Interaction with node-postgres:
- The pg library (node-postgres) was used to connect the Next.js application to the PostgreSQL database.

- Insertion scripts for user registration and verification scripts for login were implemented directly using server actions and API routes.
- A helper module was created to manage the connection pool and reusable query functions.
- Frontend and Server Actions:
- A Next.js 14 application was built using the app/ directory structure.
- Authentication and form handling were done using Next.js Server Actions (no separate Express or Flask backend needed).
- Passwords were hashed using beryptis and stored in the users table.
- Pages Created:
- /register: Handles user signup using a server action. Validates input, hashes the password, and inserts the new user into the PostgreSQL database using pg.
- -/login: Accepts credentials and checks them against the database using pg. If valid, a session is created using secure cookies or a session store.
- /dashboard: A protected server-side rendered page that checks authentication before querying the database and displaying student/course/fee data.
- Authentication & Authorization:
- Implemented simple session-based authentication using encrypted cookies and server actions.
- The dashboard is only accessible if a valid session exists.
- Data Fetching:
- Queries for student records, enrolled courses, and fee balances are executed using the pg library from within server-side logic or React server components.

Technologies Used

- Backend: Node.js, pg (node-postgres), bcryptjs
- Frontend: Next.js 14 (App Router), Tailwind CSS, React
- Communication: Native Next.js actions (no separate REST API)
- Authentication: Session-based, stored in cookies

Conclusion

This lab provided hands-on experience in full-stack web development using PostgreSQL for relational data storage and Next.js 14 for frontend and backend integration. Using node-postgres enabled direct interaction with the database from within server actions and components. The final product is a secure and modular system that supports login, registration, and protected dashboard features with full database connectivity.

Assumptions Made

- The user model is separate from the student/lecture models for security and flexibility.
- Dummy data used reflects actual members of the class.