

The background features three vertical stripes on the left: a wide pink stripe, a medium blue stripe, and a narrow light beige stripe. The rest of the background is a light beige color with a pattern of small, light pink dots arranged in a grid, which is more densely packed in the top right and bottom right corners.

# **PROJECT REPORT**

**2022AIM1007**

# OVERVIEW

- Problem

- Theoretical

- Methodology

- Implementation

- Conclusion

- Results

# PROBLEM

**Implementation of  
Baseline  
Methodology  
correctly**

## First Problem

Generation of sets of powered nodes from directional dataset

## Second Problem

Correct implementation and future algorithm to reduce execution time and no. of transmitters.

# FORMULATION

Consider a wireless sensor network consisting of  $N$  nodes, each characterized by its location in a 2D space  $(x,y)$  and a communication radius  $R$ . The goal is to determine the optimal placement of transmitters with directional antennas to cover as many nodes as possible while minimizing the number of transmitters needed.

# FORMULATION

Let:

- $N$  be the total number of nodes in the network.
- $i$  be the index representing a specific node.
- $P_i$  be the set of powered nodes when considering the transmitter at node  $i$ .
- $\beta$  be the beam angle of the directional transmitter.
- $d_{ij}$  be the Euclidean distance between nodes  $i$  and  $j$ .
- $\alpha$  be the angle between the line connecting nodes  $i$  and  $j$  and the x-axis.

The objective is to find the placement of transmitters,  $T$ , such that the union of powered nodes across all transmitters is maximized

$$\max \sum_{i=1}^N |P_i|$$

# FORMULATION

Subject to the constraint that a node  $j$  is powered by transmitter  $i$  if it lies within the beam angle and communication radius:

Here,  $\alpha_{ij}$  is the angle between the line connecting nodes  $i$  and  $j$  and the  $x$ -axis, and  $|P_i|$  is the cardinality of the set  $P_i$ .

$$j \in P_i \Leftrightarrow \left( -\frac{\beta}{2} \leq \alpha_{ij} \leq \frac{\beta}{2} \right) \cap (d_{ij} \leq R)$$

## Overview :

The goal is to strategically place transmitters with directional antennas to cover a set of nodes in a 2D space. The problem involves finding the optimal placement of transmitters to maximize the coverage of powered nodes while minimizing the number of transmitters needed.

## Assumptions :

No of nodes , grid size are fixed in dataset. beam angle to be constant .

Transmitter antenna is directional, Node antenna is omnidirectional.

## EXECUTION TIME

Execution time for finding sets for complete dataset.

## NO. OF TRANSMITTERS

Minimum no of transmitters required for covering whole network.



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# METHODOLOGY

Further Research

Optimization

Validation

Visualization

Implementation

Results Analysis

Algorithm Design

Data Preprocessing

Problem definition

Mathematical Formulation

# IMPLEMENTATION

## Reading Dataset

Reading csv file data for node location and radii

## Validation

Verifying results with network of nodes and checking consistency.

## Powered Sets Generation

If node falls within beam angle and radii of nodes capture transmitter, nodes are powered. Rotating transmitter with fixed beam from 0-360.

## Visualization

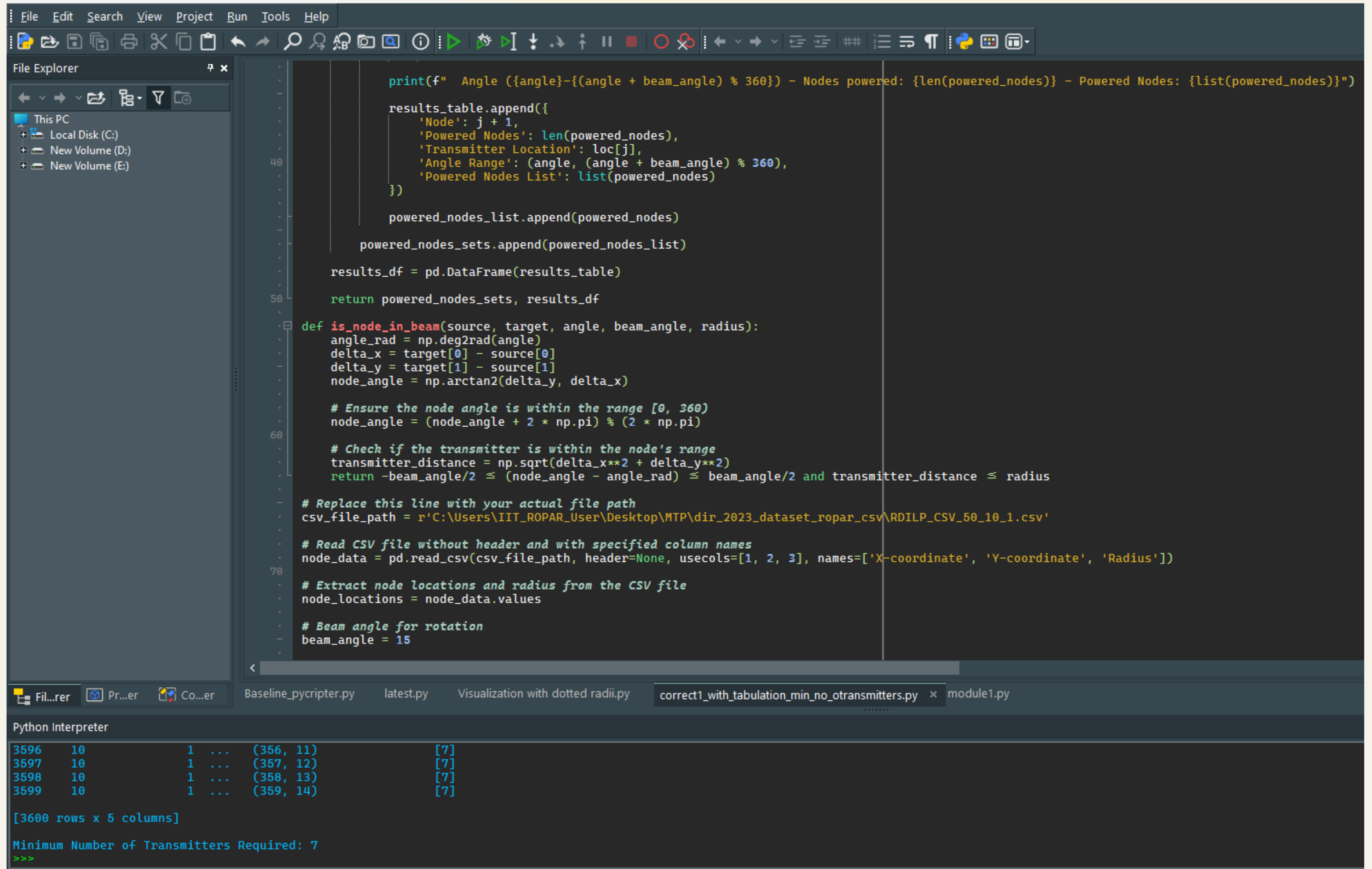
Various plots of node coverage, no of transmitters vs Nodes etc.

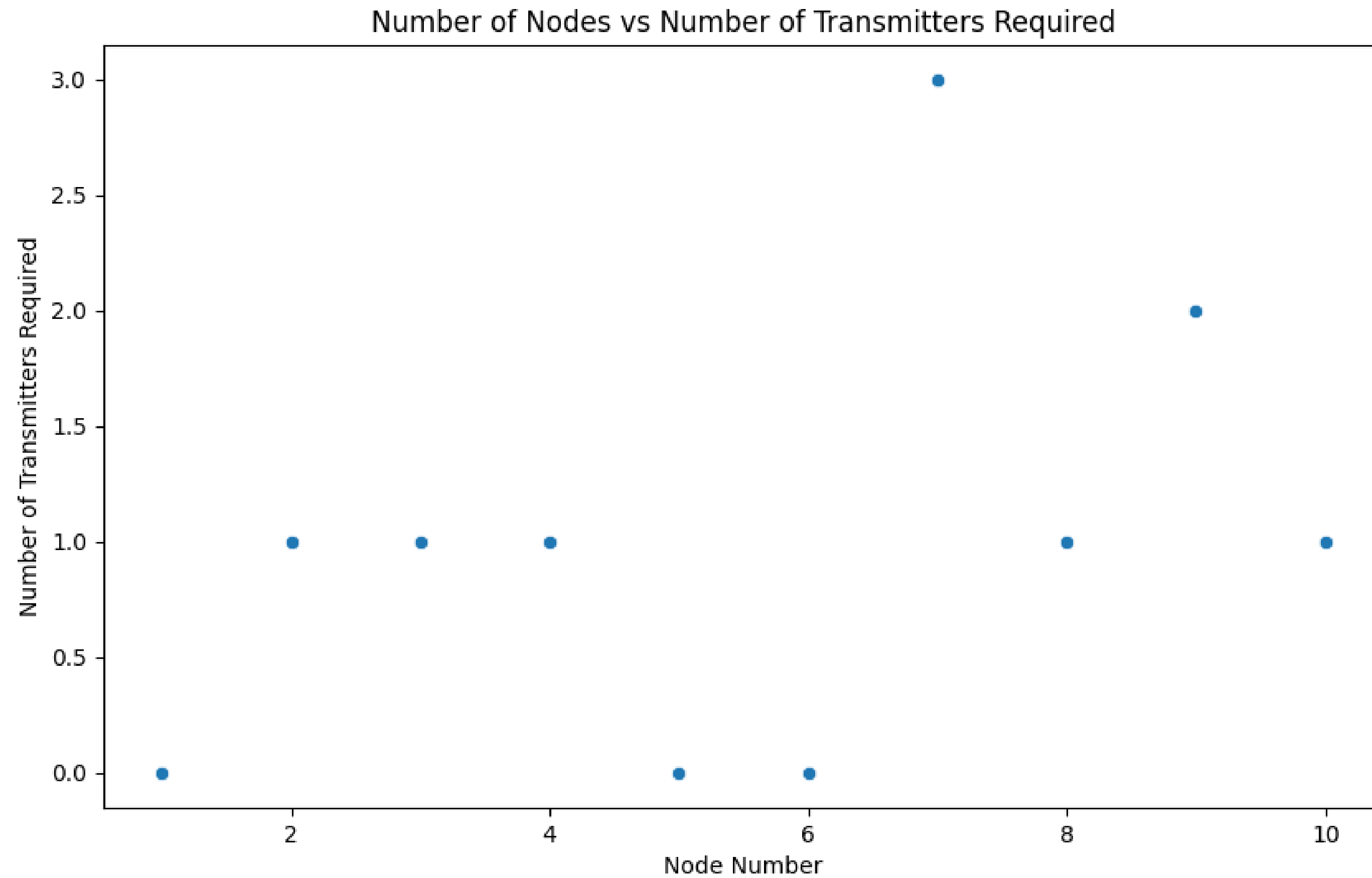
**For 50x10x1.csv**

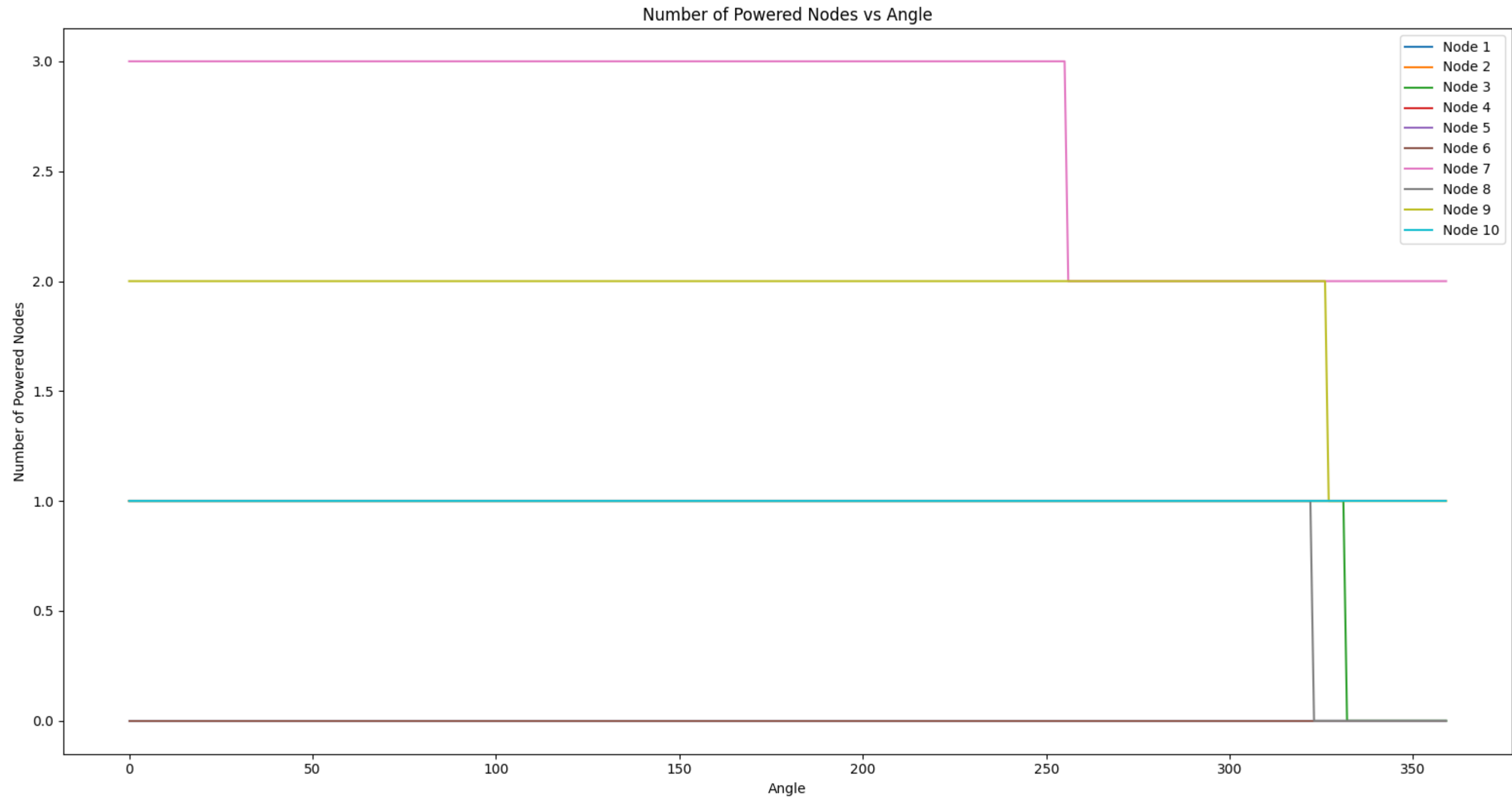
**Nodes - 10**

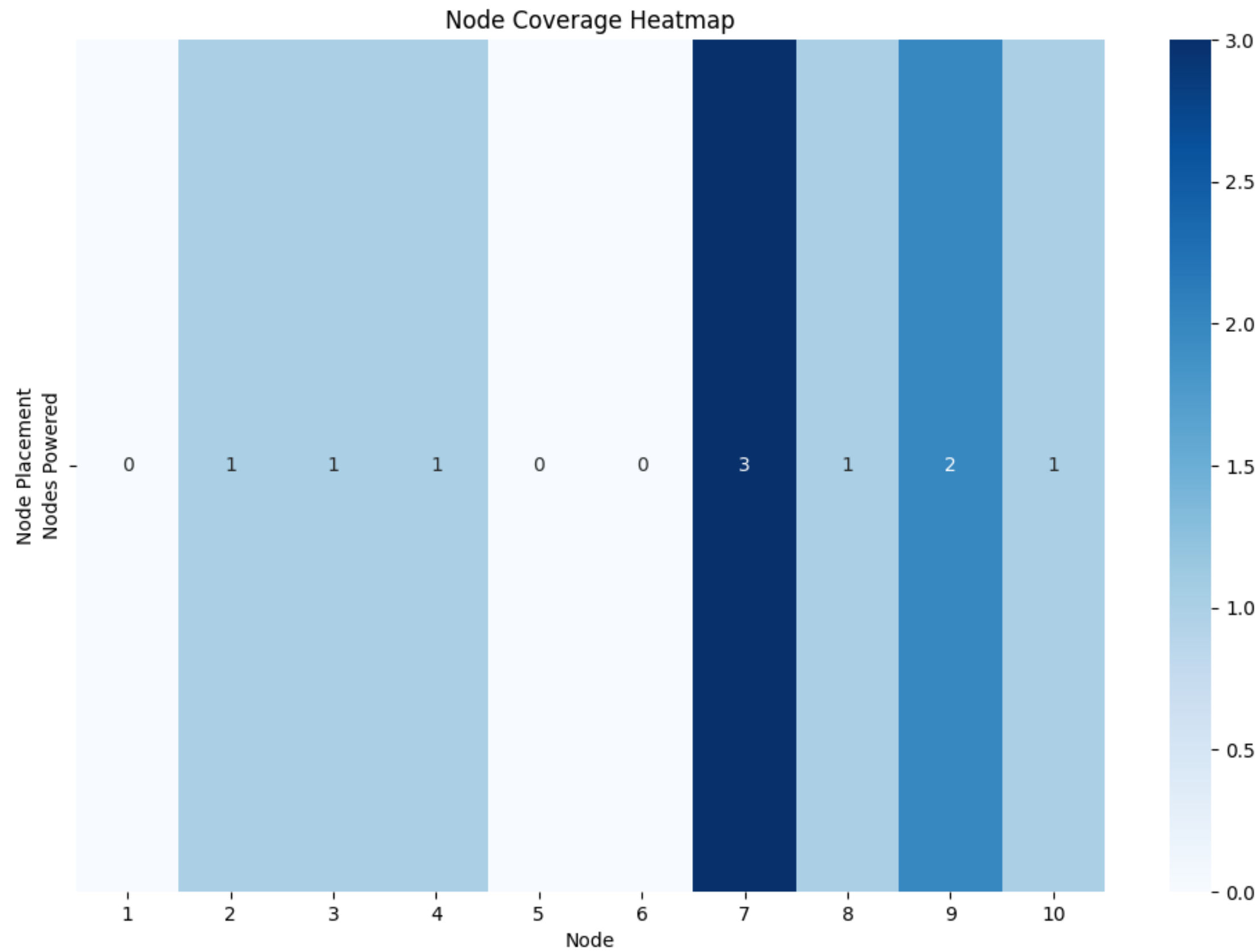
**Grid Size - 50x50**

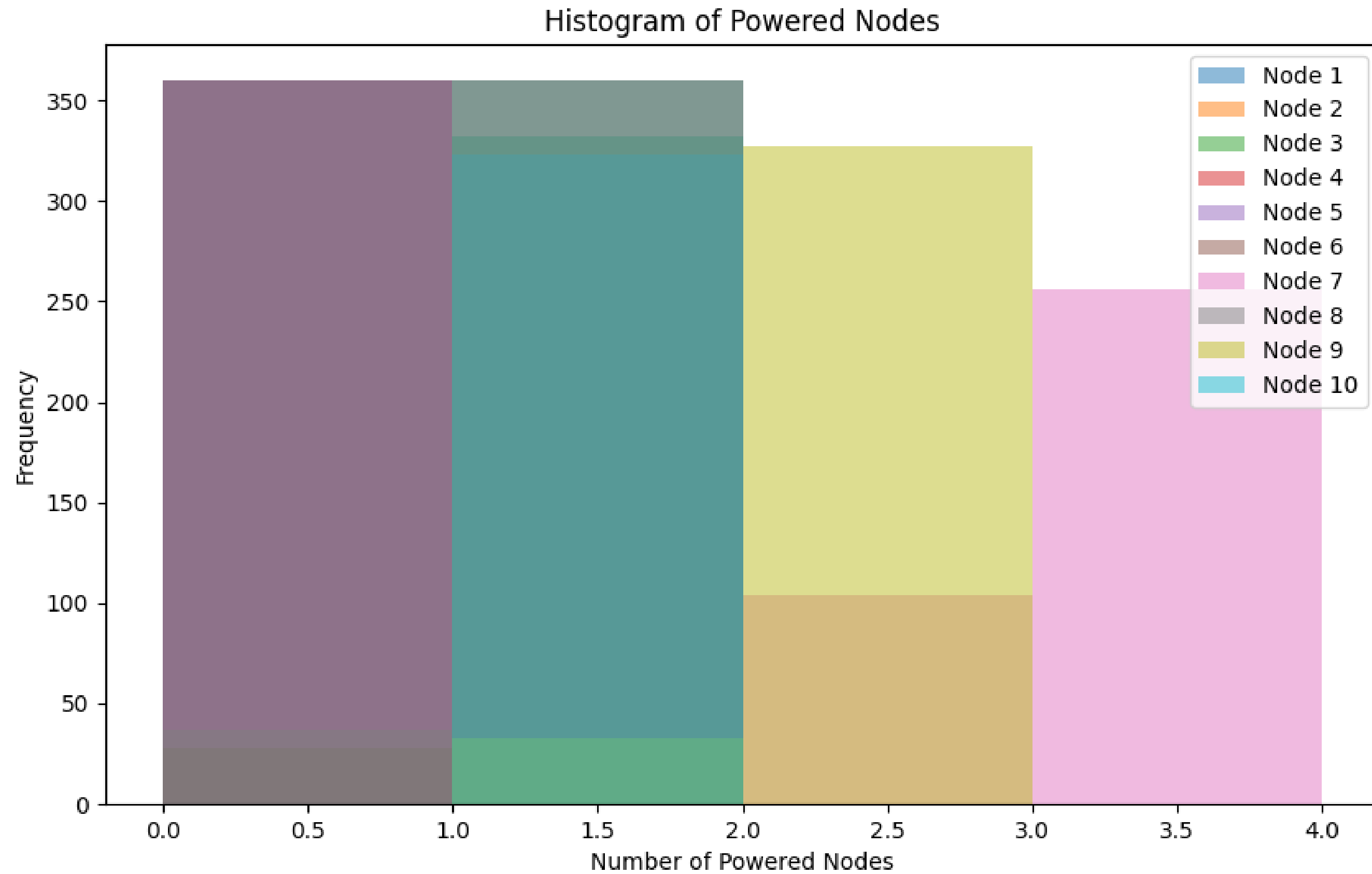
**Uniqueness - 1**



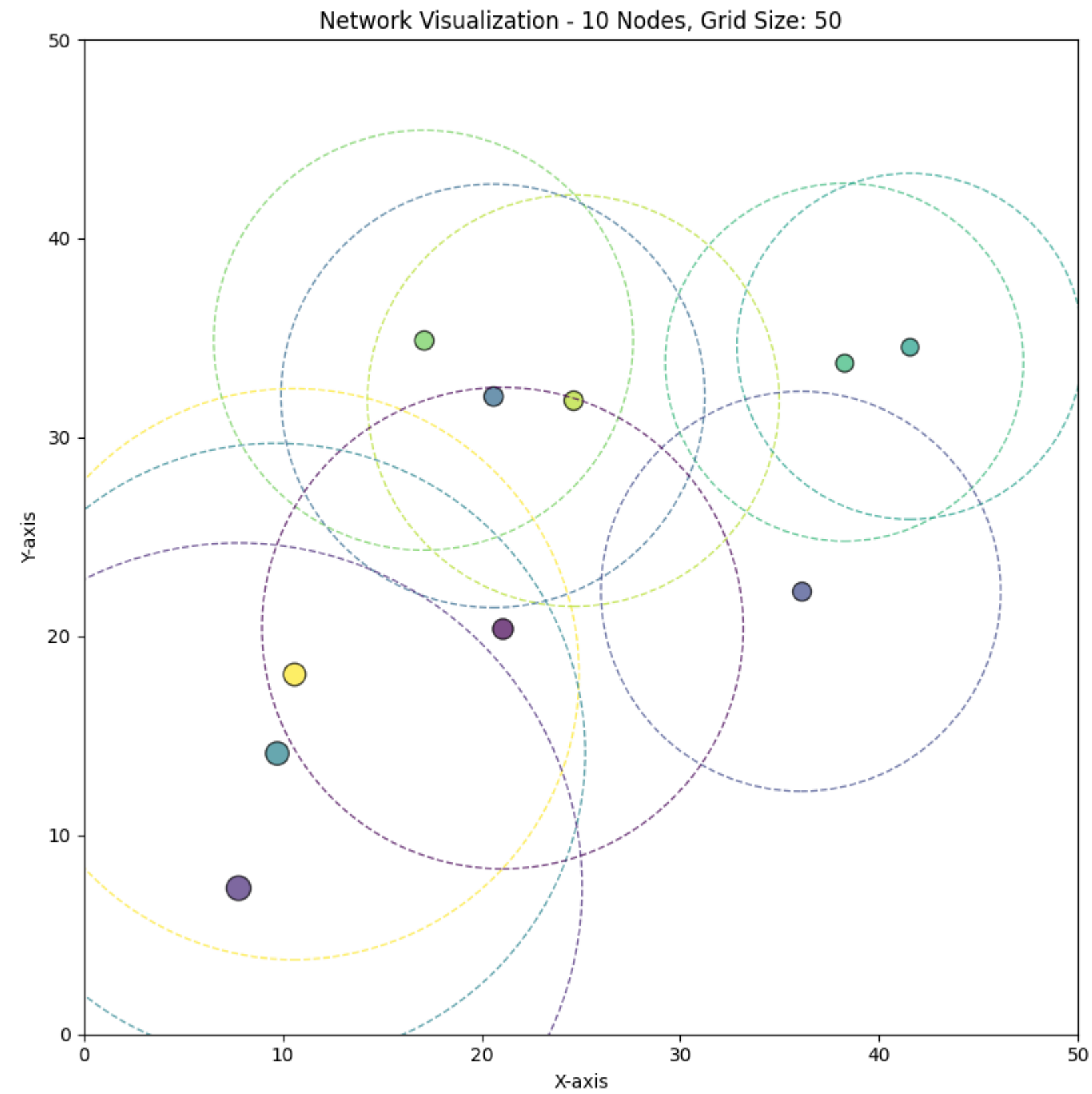


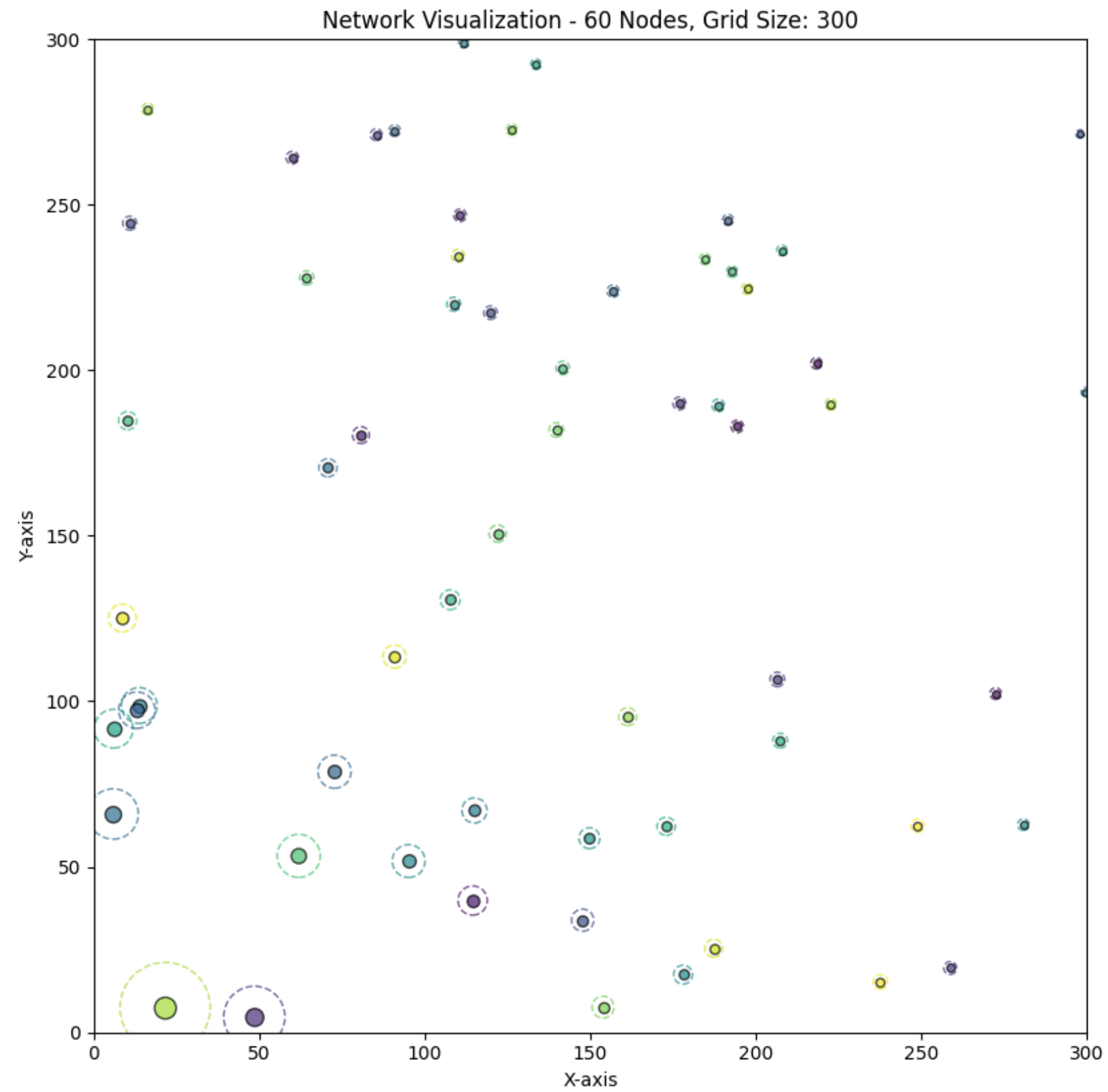


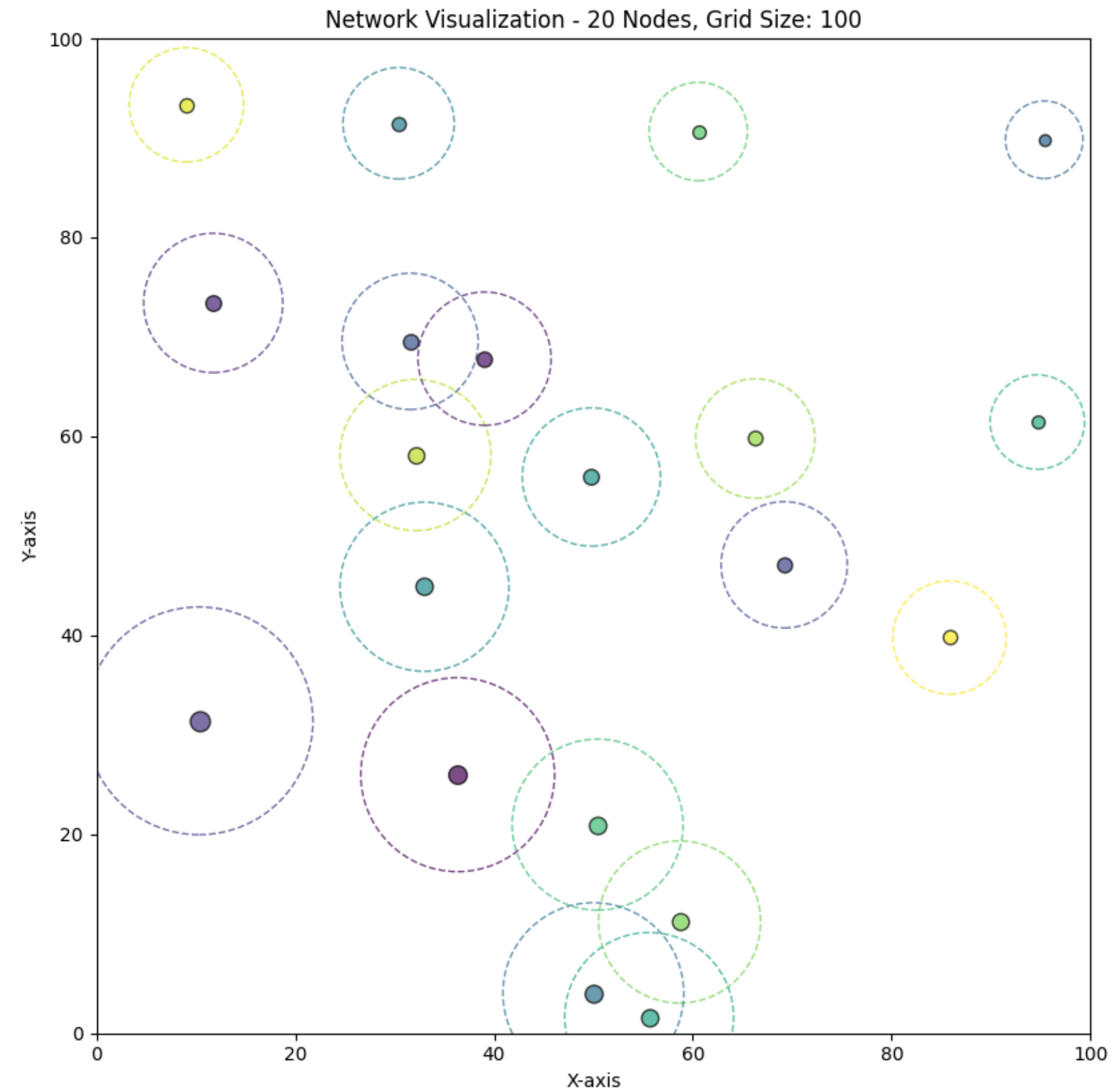












## FUTURE WORKS

- ▶ Create more efficient ways to output results. e.g tabular, output to file.
- ▶ Work on Methodology 2 , currently testing density based placement of transmitter.
- ▶ Run complete dataset together for evaluation and compare results.



# ISSUES FACED

- **Validation**

**Real time validation of results, and visualization.**

- **Evaluation**

**Time and No. of Transmitters evaluation.**



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**THANK YOU**