

## Practical 6: JavaScript Hands-on (Loops and Conditions)

**Aim:** To demonstrate use of Loops and Conditions in Javascript

**Concepts:**

Concept	Explanation
<b>if Statement</b>	Used to execute a block of code if a condition is true.
<b>else Statement</b>	Executes a block of code if the if condition is false.
<b>else if Statement</b>	Tests multiple conditions. Used when the first if condition fails.
<b>switch Statement</b>	Evaluates an expression and executes code based on different possible values (alternative to multiple if-else statements).
<b>for Loop</b>	Loops through a block of code a set number of times, controlled by initialization, condition, and iteration.
<b>while Loop</b>	Repeats a block of code as long as the condition is true.
<b>do...while Loop</b>	Executes the block of code at least once before checking the condition, then repeats while the condition is true.
<b>for...in Loop</b>	Iterates over the properties of an object or the elements in an array.

**Q1: Write a JavaScript program to get the factorial of a number.**

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
  <head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8" />
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0" />
    <title>Q1</title>
    <script>
      function fact() {
        var fact = 1;
        var n = Number(document.getElementById("num").value);
        for (var i = n; i >= 1; i--) {
          fact = fact * i;
        }
        document.getElementById("ans").innerHTML = fact;
      }
    </script>
  </head>
  <body>
    <p>Enter Num: <input id="num" /></p>
    <button onclick="fact()" style="color: white; background-color: green">
      Get Factorial!
    </button>
    <p>Answer: <span id="ans" /></p>
  </body>
</html>
```

Enter Num:

**Get Factorial!**

Answer: 120

## Q2: Make a functioning calculator using JavaScript and HTML.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
  <head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8" />
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0" />
    <title>Q2</title>
  </head>
  <body>
    <form name="calculator">
      <input type="text" name="ans" value="" />
      <p>
        <button type="button" onClick="document.calculator.ans.value+=7">
          7
        </button>
        <button type="button" onClick="document.calculator.ans.value+=8">
          8
        </button>
        <button type="button" onClick="document.calculator.ans.value+=9">
          9
        </button>
        <button type="button" onclick="document.calculator.ans.value+='*'">
          x
        </button>
      </p>
      <p>
        <button type="button" onClick="document.calculator.ans.value+=4">
          4
        </button>
        <button type="button" onClick="document.calculator.ans.value+=5">
          5
        </button>
        <button type="button" onClick="document.calculator.ans.value+=6">
          6
        </button>
        <button type="button" onClick="document.calculator.ans.value+='-'>
          -
        </button>
      </p>
      <p>
        <button type="button" onClick="document.calculator.ans.value+=1">
          1
        </button>
        <button type="button" onClick="document.calculator.ans.value+=2">
          2
        </button>
        <button type="button" onClick="document.calculator.ans.value+=3">
          3
        </button>
      </p>
    </form>
  </body>
</html>
```

```

        </button>
        <button type="button" onClick="document.calculator.ans.value+='+'>
            +
        </button>
    </p>
    <p>
        <button type="button" onClick="document.calculator.ans.value=''>
            AC
        </button>
        <button type="button" onClick="document.calculator.ans.value+=0">
            0
        </button>
        <button type="button" onClick="document.calculator.ans.value+='.'>
            .
        </button>
        <button
            type="button"
            onClick="document.calculator.ans.value=eval(document.calculator.ans.
value)"
        >
            =
        </button>
    </p>
</form>
</body>
</html>

```

3\*8+6.5\*9

789x

456-

123+

AC0.=

**Q3: Write JavaScript to print numbers from 1-20 but print Zig if the number is divisible by 3, Zag if it is by 5 and ZigZag if divisible by both.**

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
  <head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8" />
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0" />
    <title>Q3</title>
    <script>
      var output = "";
      for (var i = 1; i <= 20; i++) {
        if (i % 3 == 0 && i % 5 == 0) {
          output += "<p>ZigZag";
        } else if (i % 3 == 0) {
          output += "<p>Zig";
        } else if (i % 5 == 0) {
          output += "<p>Zag";
        } else {
          output += i;
        }
        output += "</p>";
      }
      document.write(output);
    </script>
  </head>
  <body></body>
</html>
```

1

2

Zig

4

Zag

Zig

7

8

Zig

Zag

11

Zig

13

14

ZigZag

16

17

Zig

19

Zag

#### Q4: A Cinema charges different ticket prices based on age

- Under 5 --> Free
- 5 - 12 --> 100
- 13 - 59 --> 150
- 60+ --> 80

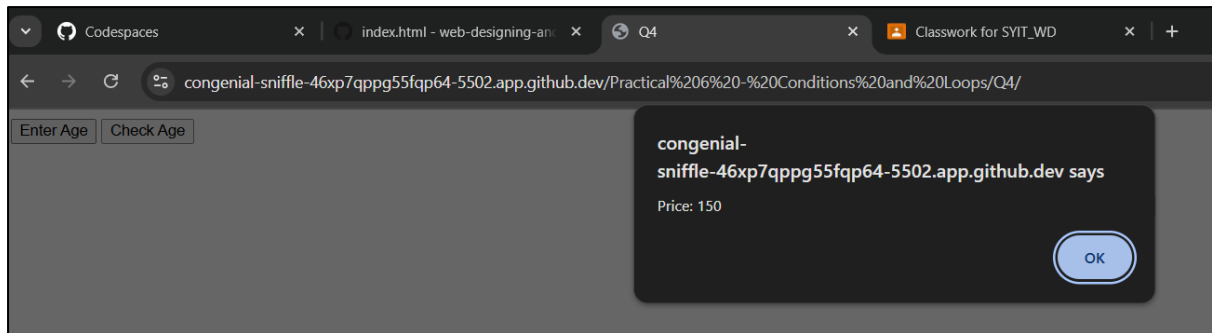
Perform the following using javascript:

1. Ask the user for their age using prompt box
2. Use if, else if, else to determine the ticket price
3. Show the result using the alert box

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
  <head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8" />
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0" />
    <title>Q4</title>
    <script>
      var age, price;
      function getAge() {
        age = Number(window.prompt("What is your Age?"));
      }

      function checkAge() {
        if (age < 5) {
          price = 0;
        } else if (age < 12) {
          price = 100;
        } else if (age < 59) {
          price = 150;
        } else {
          price = 80;
        }

        window.alert("Price: " + price);
      }
    </script>
  </head>
  <body>
    <button onclick="getAge()">Enter Age</button>
    <button onclick="checkAge()">Check Age</button>
  </body>
</html>
```



**Q5: Write a JavaScript program to check if a character is a vowel or not (Use switch case)**

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
  <head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8" />
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0" />
    <title>Q5</title>
    <script>
      function isVowel() {
        var chr = document.getElementById("chr").value;
        var ans = "";
        switch (chr) {
          case "a":
            ans = "Vowel";
            break;
          case "e":
            ans = "Vowel";
            break;
          case "i":
            ans = "Vowel";
            break;
          case "o":
            ans = "Vowel";
            break;
          case "u":
            ans = "Vowel";
            break;
          default:
            ans = "Consonant";
        }
        document.getElementById("ans").innerHTML = ans;
      }
    </script>
  </head>
  <body>
    <p>Enter Character: <input type="text" id="chr" /></p>
    <button type="button" onclick="isVowel()">Check Character</button>
```



```
<p>Answer: <span id="ans"></span></p>
</body>
</html>
```

Enter Character:

Check Character

Answer: Vowel

**Q6: Build a simple password length checker. Perform the following:**

- Ask the user to enter a password
- Use the if statement to check if it contains at least 8 characters
- Display strong password if length matches otherwise weak password

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
  <head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8" />
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0" />
    <title>Q6</title>
    <script>
      function checkStrength() {
        var pass = document.getElementById("pass").value;
        if (pass.length >= 8) {
          document.getElementById("strength").innerHTML = "Strong Password";
        } else {
          document.getElementById("strength").innerHTML = "Weak Password";
        }
      }
    </script>
  </head>
  <body>
    <p>
      Enter Password: <input type="text" id="pass" />
      <span id="strength"></span>
    </p>
```

```
<button type="button" onclick="checkStrength()">Submit</button>
</body>
</html>
```

Enter Password:  Strong Password

**Q7: Write a JavaScript program to demonstrate the for in loop. The Details should be iterate over the following:**

- Name
- Age
- Course
- Year
- City

**And then print the details.**

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
  <head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8" />
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0" />
    <title>Q7</title>
    <script>
      var details = {
        Name: "Ian",
        Age: 19,
        Course: "BScIT",
        Year: "SY",
        City: "Mumbai",
      };
      var output = "";
      var value, key;
      for (key in details) {
        output += key + " : " + details[key] + "<br>";
      }
      document.write(output);
    </script>
  </head>
  <body></body>
</html>
```

Name : Ian  
Age : 19  
Course : BScIT  
Year : SY  
City : Mumbai

**Conclusion:**

In this practical, I worked with various JavaScript conditions and loops, such as if, else, for, and for...in. These concepts helped me understand how to control the flow of a program, make decisions based on conditions, and iterate over data structures like arrays and objects. By applying these techniques, I gained a better understanding of how to build dynamic and interactive web applications.