# Machine Learning Workshop

Predicting Housing Prices with Multiple Linear Regression Techniques By: Vibhuti Gandhi and Jason Dang



### **Topics**

- Data Pre-Processing
- Exploratory Data Analysis
- Data Cleaning and Feature Engineering
  - Missing Data
  - Categorical Data & Dummy Variables
  - Dimensionality Reduction
  - Feature Transformation
- Machine Learning
  - Multiple Linear Regression
  - Data Modelling
  - Overfitting & Underfitting
  - Regularization



## Aim of this Workshop

- Introduce you to Multiple Linear Regression
- Build upon the existing statistical and python knowledge that you have
- See how data science workflows occurs
- Less Coding, More discussion on the How, Why and What
- Most importantly, you are encouraged to take these topics, expand upon them and build your own data science project.



#### Data

- Ames Housing dataset compiled by Dean De Cock
- Data contains 79 explanatory variables describing (almost) every aspect of residential homes in Ames, Iowa.

#### **Variables of Interest:**

- Response Variable:
  - SalePrice the property's sale price in dollars
- Explanatory Variables:
  - LotArea Lot size in square feet
  - Foundation Type of foundation



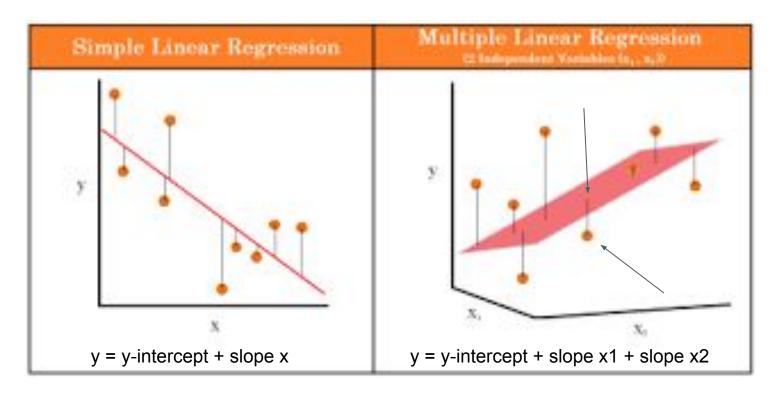
# Analysis

- We have a continuous response variable
- We have one numeric (LotArea) and one categorical (Foundation)
  explanatory variable
- We want to describe the relationship between the response and two explanatory variables simultaneously
- We can use a multiple linear regression model for this purpose!!!



# What is a Multiple Linear Regression

The **multiple linear regression model** is a model for describing the relationship between a dependent variable and two or more independent variables simultaneously





#### Notation

Let  $Y_i$  be the sale price of the ith house Let  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  be the LotArea and Foundation respectively of the ith house

For our categorical predictor (Foundation):

- Need k-1 = 5 indicator variables, one for each of levels 2-6
- Let x\_3i = 1 if the ith house has foundation Brick & Tile
- and  $x_3i = 0$  otherwise



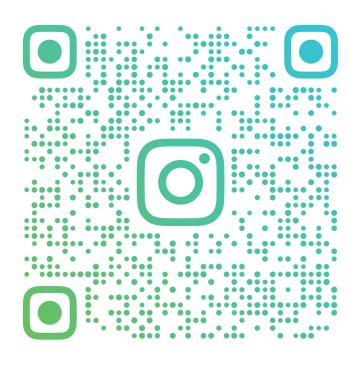
## **Model Specification**

$$Y_i = \beta_0 + \sum_{i=1}^7 \beta_i x_{ji} + \varepsilon_i$$

$$Y_i = \beta_0 + \sum_{i=1}^7 \beta_j x_{ji} + \varepsilon_i$$



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