1

NCERT-discrete: 11.9.3 - 21

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I. QUESTION

Find four numbers forming a geometric progression in which the third term is greater than the first term by 9, and the second term is greater than the 4^{th} by 18.

Solution:

Symbols	Description	Values
r	Common ratio of the GP	-2
x(n)	$(n+1)^{th}$ term of the Sequence	$x(0)r^nu(n)$
<i>x</i> (0)	First term of the GP	3

Table 1: Parameters, Descriptions And Values

Solving for x(0),r:

$$x(0)r^2 - 9 = x(0) (1)$$

$$x(0)r + 18 = x(0)r^{3} (2)$$

Solving (1), (2)

$$x(0) = 3 \tag{3}$$

$$r = -2 \tag{4}$$

Z-Transform for x(n) Using (??):

$$X(z) = \sum_{n = -\infty}^{\infty} (3(-2)^n u(n)) z^{-n}$$
(5)

$$= \frac{z}{2+z}, \quad |z| > |2| \tag{6}$$

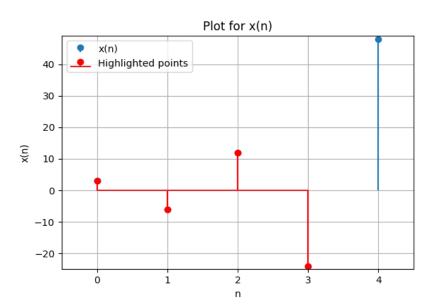


Fig. 0. x(n) vs n