practise-python-july

October 9, 2023

```
[3]: print("ganesh")
```

ganesh

```
[2]: #list
     list = [1, "ganesh", 30000,1]
     print(list)
     print(list*3) ## repats list 3 times
     list1=[2,"ok"]
     print(list[1:]) ## slicing
     print(list[:-2]) ## negative slicing
     print(len(list)) ## length of the list (list.length in scala)
     list.append(6)
                     ## add and element at the last (5 :: list in scala)
     print(list)
     list.reverse() ## reverse the list ( list.reverse in scala)
     print(list)
     print(list.count(1)) ## counts the occurrence of element in the list
     list1.extend(list) ## extends the list by attaching other list (concat, ::: ,u
      \hookrightarrow ::: in scala)
     print(list1)
     list.remove("ganesh") ## removes specific element from the list (filter in _____
      ⇔scala)
     print(list)
     list.sort()
                 ## sorts the elemnts (list.sorted in scala)
     print(list)
     list.pop()
                  ## removes the last element
     print(list)
     print(list.index(6))
                             ## gives the index position of specific element (list.
      \rightarrow indexOf(3) in scala)
     list.insert(2, "fury") ## inserts the element at out choice index position
     print(list)
    [1, 'ganesh', 30000, 1]
    [1, 'ganesh', 30000, 1, 1, 'ganesh', 30000, 1, 1, 'ganesh', 30000, 1]
```

```
[1, 'ganesh', 30000, 1]
[1, 'ganesh', 30000, 1, 1, 'ganesh', 30000, 1, 1, 'ganesh', 30000, 1]
['ganesh', 30000, 1]
[1, 'ganesh']
4
[1, 'ganesh', 30000, 1, 6]
```

```
[6, 1, 30000, 'ganesh', 1]
      [2, 'ok', 6, 1, 30000, 'ganesh', 1]
      [6, 1, 30000, 1]
      [1, 1, 6, 30000]
      [1, 1, 6]
      [1, 1, 'fury', 6]
[31]: #remove duplicates from list
       list1=[1, "ganesh", 30000, 2, 1, "ganesh", "josh"]
       print(list1, list1[2])
       set1=set(list1)
       print(set1)
      [1, 'ganesh', 30000, 2, 1, 'ganesh', 'josh'] 30000
      {1, 2, 'ganesh', 30000, 'josh'}
[40]: #duplicates n ung values in a list
       list1=[1, "ganesh", 30000, 2, 1, "ganesh", "josh"]
       print(list1)
       unq=[]
       dup=[]
       for i in list1:
           if i not in unq:
               unq.append(i)
           else :
               dup.append(i)
       print(unq)
       print(dup)
      [1, 'ganesh', 30000, 2, 1, 'ganesh', 'josh']
      [1, 'ganesh', 30000, 2, 'josh']
      [1, 'ganesh']
[105]: #tuple
       tuple1=(1, "ganesh", 3000)
       print(tuple1)
       #tuple1[1]="fury"
       print(tuple1[1:])
       print(len(tuple1))
      (1, 'ganesh', 3000)
      ('ganesh', 3000)
[30]: #dictionary
       dict={"name":"ganesh", "age":23, "ofc":"tcs"}
```

```
print(dict["name"]) ##(map.get("name") in scala)
       dict["id"]=1
       print(dict)
       dict["name"]="fury"
       print(dict)
       print(dict.keys()) ## gets dict keys (map.keys in scala)
       print(dict.values()) ## gets dict values (map.values in scala)
       print(len(dict)) ## gets dict length
       print(dict.items()) ## gets all keys and values of dict
       dict1=dict.copy() ## copies the dictionary to other dictionary
       print(dict1)
       dict.clear() ## cleares the dictionary
       print(dict)
      ganesh
      {'name': 'ganesh', 'age': 23, 'ofc': 'tcs', 'id': 1}
      {'name': 'fury', 'age': 23, 'ofc': 'tcs', 'id': 1}
      dict_keys(['name', 'age', 'ofc', 'id'])
      dict_values(['fury', 23, 'tcs', 1])
      dict_items([('name', 'fury'), ('age', 23), ('ofc', 'tcs'), ('id', 1)])
      {'name': 'fury', 'age': 23, 'ofc': 'tcs', 'id': 1}
      {}
[115]: #string formatting
       str="hello"
       print(str)
       print(str[1:]) ## (str.substring(1,6) in scala)
       print(str + " " + "ganesh")
       str="fury"
       print(str)
       str1="gani"
       print(str1)
       print(str+str1) ## (str1.concat(str2) in scala)
       print(str*2)
       print("i am %s age is %d" %("ganesh",23))
       print(len(str))
      hello
      ello
      hello ganesh
      fury
      gani
      furygani
      furyfury
      i am ganesh age is 23
```

```
[96]: #string palindrome or not
      str="arora"
      print(str)
      print(str[2])
      print(str[::-1])
      \#str[1] = "k" \# string are immutable
      if str==str[::-1]:
          print("palindrome")
      else:
          print("not palindrome")
      ## (or)
      str="ganesh"
      str1=""
      for i in str:
          str1=i+str1 ## str concating
      print(str1)
     arora
     0
     arora
     palindrome
     hsenag
 [3]: #common elements between strings
      str1="ganesh"
      str2="furygani"
      print(str1)
      print(str2)
      s1=set(str1)
      s2=set(str2)
      lst=s1 & s2
      print(lst)
     ganesh
     furygani
     {'n', 'g', 'a'}
 [6]: #common elemnts btw strings
      str1="ganesh"
      str2="furygani"
      print(str1)
      print(str2)
      for i in str1:
          if i in str2:
              print(i)
          else:
```

```
pass
     ganesh
     furygani
     g
     a
[19]: ##Convert list to string
      list=["fury","gani","ok"]
      sep=""
      str=sep.join(list)
      print(str)
     furyganiok
[47]: #string functions
      str=" ganesh-2023-07-24 "
      print(str)
      str1=str.split("-") ## string to array
      print(str1)
      print(list(str)) ## string to list
      str2="-".join(str1) ## array or list to string
      print(str2)
      print(str.endswith("24 "))
      print(str.splitlines())
      print(len(str))
      print(max(str))
      print(str.replace("07", "08"))
      print(str.title())
      print(str.capitalize())
      print(str.strip())
                                ## removes leading and lagging spaces
      print(str.rstrip())
      print(str.find("07"))
                                ## return -1 if not found
      print(str.index("24",1)) ## raises exception if not found
      print(str.center(40,"."))
      print(str.count("2",1,len(str)))
      print(str.upper())
      print(str.isalnum())
      print(str.swapcase())
      print(str + str2)
                             ## concatting two strings
      ganesh-2023-07-24
     [' ', 'g', 'a', 'n', 'e', 's', 'h', '-', '2', '0', '2', '3', '-', '0', '7', '-',
     '2', '4', '']
     ['ganesh', '2023', '07', '24 ']
      ganesh-2023-07-24
```

True

```
[' ganesh-2023-07-24 ']
     19
      ganesh-2023-08-24
      Ganesh-2023-07-24
      ganesh-2023-07-24
     ganesh-2023-07-24
      ganesh-2023-07-24
     16
     ... ganesh-2023-07-24 ...
      GANESH-2023-07-24
     False
      GANESH-2023-07-24
      ganesh-2023-07-24 ganesh-2023-07-24
 [9]: ## regex
      import re
      str1="Fury Gani is a pro player pro and pro"
      pattern="pro"
      print(re.search(pattern , str1)) ## matches anywhere in the string
      print(re.match(pattern , str1)) ## matches only at the start of the string
      print(re.sub(pattern, "noob", str1)) ## replaces all or else we can prive max_
       ⇔valuein last
     <re.Match object; span=(15, 18), match='pro'>
     None
     Fury Gani is a noob player noob and noob
[16]: ## switch/case statement
      x=4
      match x:
          case 1: print("one")
          case 2: print("two")
          case 3: print("three")
          case _: print("invalid")
     invalid
[26]: List=[1,2,3,4,5]
      even_list=[]
      odd_list=[]
      for i in List:
          if i\%2 == 0:
              even_list.append(i)
          else:
```

```
odd_list.append(i)
      print(even_list, odd_list)
      ## or
      for i in List:
          if i\%2 == 0:
              List.remove(i)
          else:
              pass
      print(List)
      ## for comprehension
      List1=[1,2,3,4,5]
      x = [i \text{ for } i \text{ in List1 if } i\%2 == 0] ## similar to yield we will get out as list_
       \rightarrowhere
      print(x)
     [2, 4] [1, 3, 5]
     [1, 3, 5]
     [2, 4]
[33]: ## generators with yield
      def generator(n):
          for i in range(1, n+1):
              yield i
      for num in generator(5): ## finally in place of generator(5) a list with 1 to 5
       ⇒will be placed from yield
          print(num)
     1
     2
     3
     4
     5
[52]: ## fibanocci using generators
      def fib(n):
          a,b=0,1
          while(n>0):
              yield a
              a,b=b,a+b
              n-=1
      for i in fib(10):
          print(i)
```

```
1
     1
     2
     3
     5
     8
     13
     21
     34
[41]: # decorators
      def my_decorator(func):
          def wrapper():
              print("Hello ganesh")
              func()
              print("Ok Bye")
          return wrapper
      @my_decorator
      def say_hello():
          print("how are you")
      say_hello()
     Hello ganesh
     how are you
     Ok Bye
[84]: ## secong larget element in a string
      str1="ganesh"
      k=list(str1) ## string to list
      k.sort()
      print(k[-2])
      TypeError
                                                 Traceback (most recent call last)
      Cell In[84], line 3
             1 ## secong larget element in a string
             2 str1="ganesh"
       ----> 3 k=list(str1) ## string to list
             4 k.sort()
             5 print(k[-2])
      TypeError: 'list' object is not callable
```

[58]: 6

```
[37]: ## Basic operations
      ## even or odd
      Array=[1,2,3,4,5]
      for i in Array:
          if i%2==0: print(f"{i} is even number.")
          else: print(f"{i} is odd number.")
      ## prime or not
      for i in Array:
          def func(i):
              if i<=1:
                  return False
              else:
                  for j in range(2,i-1):
                      if i%j==0:
                          return False
                  return True
          res=func(i)
          print(f"{i} is prime:", res)
      ## perfect number or not
      a=8
      def perfect(n):
          if n<1:
              return False
          else:
              sum=0
              for i in range(1,n):
                  if n\%i==0:
                      sum += i
```

```
if sum==n:
             return True
         else:
             return False
res=perfect(a)
print(f"{a} is perfect:", res)
## factorial
b=6
def fact(m):
    if m<=1:
        return 1
    else:
        return m*fact(m-1)
print(fact(b))
## fibanocci
c=9
def fib(k):
    if k<=1:
        return k
    else:
        return fib(k-1)+fib(k-2)
print(fib(c))
## gcd
d=4
e=8
def gcd(a,b):
    if b==0:
        return a
    else:
        return gcd(b, a%b)
print(gcd(d,e))
1 is odd number.
2 is even number.
3 is odd number.
4 is even number.
5 is odd number.
1 is prime: False
2 is prime: True
3 is prime: True
4 is prime: False
```

5 is prime: True

```
8 is perfect: False
     720
     34
     4
 [2]: with open("file", "r+") as fo:
         data=fo.read(10)
         print(data)
         fo.close()
     with open("file", "w+") as fo1:
         fo1.write("bye bye")
         fo1.close()
     fo2=open("file", "a+")
     fo2.write("bye")
     fo2.close()
      FileNotFoundError
                                              Traceback (most recent call last)
      Cell In[2], line 1
      ----> 1 with open("file", "r+") as fo:
                  data=fo.read(10)
            3
                 print(data)
      File
       --\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python311\site-packages\IPython\core\interactiveshel ..

¬py:284, in _modified_open(file, *args, **kwargs)
          277 if file in {0, 1, 2}:
                 raise ValueError(
          278
          279
                     f"IPython won't let you open fd={file} by default "
                     280
       ⇔doing, "
          281
                     "you can use builtins' open."
          282
      --> 284 return io_open(file, *args, **kwargs)
      FileNotFoundError: [Errno 2] No such file or directory: 'file'
[50]: ##Error handling
     str=input("enter input:")
     print(str)
     a = 10
     b=0
     try:
         a/b
     except ArithmeticError:
         print("arthimetic error")
```

finally:

```
print("Bye Bye")
       ## assertion ( santiy cehck) ( raise if false)
       i=2
       def func(i):
           assert (i>0),"no error"
           return i*2
       func(i)
      enter input:10
      arthimetic error
      Bye Bye
[50]: 4
[61]: ##Basic operations
       from collections import Counter
       str1="silent"
       str2="listen"
       if Counter(str1) == Counter(str2):
           print("anagrams")
       else:
           print("not anagrams")
      anagrams
[107]: ## linkedin Anil varma G Questions
       #1. square of each element in a list
       a=[1,2,6,1,2,4]
       def square(list):
           for j in list:
               yield j*j
       for i in square(a):
           print(i)
       ## (or)
       sqr_list=[]
       for i in a:
           sqr_list.append(i*i)
       print(sqr_list)
       #2. count no of vowels in a string
       str="ganesh"
       count=0
       lst=[]
       for char in str:
           if char in "aeiouAEIOU":
```

```
count+=1
        lst.append(char)
print(count)
print(lst)
print("".join(lst)) ## list to string
#3. count no of words from a given string
str1="ganesh is a good boy"
lst=str1.split()
print(len(lst))
'''str2="ganesh"
print(list(str2))
print(len(list1))'''
#4. count all +ve numbers from the list
list3=[-1, -2, 0, 3, 5]
List4=[]
count=0
for i in list3:
    if i>0:
        count+=1
       List4.append(i)
    else:
        pass
print(List4, count)
#5. create list of all first char from words in a string
str5="ganesh is a good boy"
lst=str5.split()
for i in lst:
    print(i[0])
k=[word[0] for word in str5.split()]
print(k)
#6. removing vowels from string
str8="ganesh"
for i in str8:
    if i in "AEIOUaeiou":
        str8=str8.replace(i, "")
print(str8)
#7. frequency of each word in a string
str9="abcbabsceh"
dct={}
```

```
for i in str9:
    if i in dct:
        dct[i] += 1
    else:
        dct[i]=1
print(dct)
## (or)
for i in str9:
   print(i,str9.count(i))
#8. emoving punctaions from staring
str1="ga@#$nesh"
punc="!@#$%^&*"
str2=""
for i in str1:
    if i not in punc:
        str2=str2+i
print(str2)
```

```
1
4
36
1
4
16
[1, 4, 36, 1, 4, 16]
['a', 'e']
ae
[3, 5] 2
g
i
g
['g', 'i', 'a', 'g', 'b']
gnsh
{'a': 2, 'b': 3, 'c': 2, 's': 1, 'e': 1, 'h': 1}
a 2
b 3
c 2
b 3
a 2
b 3
```

- s 1
- c 2
- e 1

h 1 ganesh