

# Assignment 2

Ganesh Bombatkar - CS20BTECH11016

Download all python codes from

<https://github.com/Ganesh-RB/AI1103prob-and-randomvariables/Assignment2/codes>

and latex-tikz codes from

<https://github.com/Ganesh-RB/AI1103prob-and-randomvariables/Assignment2>

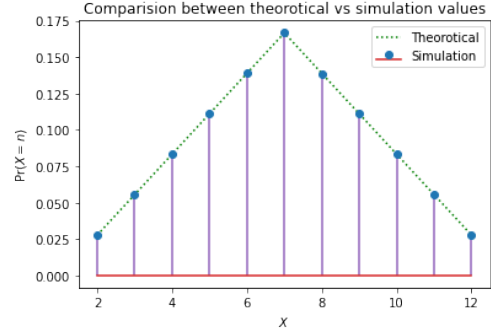


Fig. 0: Probability as a function of n

## 1 PROBLEM

Let a pair of dice be thrown and the random variable  $X$  be the sum of the numbers that appear on the two dice. Find the mean or expectation of  $X$ .

## 2 SOLUTION

Let  $X_1, X_2 \in \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$  be two random variables associated with event.

$X = X_1 + X_2$ , representing sum of outcomes of two dices.

$$\therefore X \in \{2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12\}$$

Now

$$\Pr(X = n) = \Pr(X_1 + X_2 = n) \quad (2.0.1)$$

$$P_X(n) = \begin{cases} 0 & n < 2 \\ \frac{n-1}{36} & 2 \leq n \leq 7 \\ \frac{13-n}{36} & 7 < n \leq 12 \\ 0 & 12 < n \end{cases} \quad (2.0.2)$$

For mean

$$\hat{X} = \sum_{n=2}^{12} n \times \Pr(X = n) \quad (2.0.3)$$

$$= \sum_{n=2}^7 n \times \left( \frac{n-1}{36} \right) + \sum_{n=8}^{12} n \times \left( \frac{13-n}{36} \right) \quad (2.0.4)$$

$$= \left( \frac{(7)(8)(15) - (1)(2)(3)}{36 \times 6} \right) - \left( \frac{(7)(8) - (1)(2)}{36 \times 2} \right) + 13 \times \left( \frac{(12)(13) - (7)(8)}{36 \times 2} \right) - \left( \frac{(12)(13)(25) - (7)(8)(15)}{36 \times 6} \right) \quad (2.0.5)$$

$$= \left( \frac{139}{36} - \frac{27}{36} \right) + \left( \frac{650}{36} - \frac{510}{18} \right) \quad (2.0.6)$$

$$= \frac{112}{36} + \frac{140}{36} = \frac{252}{36} \quad (2.0.7)$$

$$= 7.0 \quad (2.0.8)$$

$\therefore$  expectation value of  $X$  is 7

| n         | 2              | 3              | 4              | 5             | 6              | 7             | 8              | 9             | 10             | 11             | 12             |
|-----------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Pr(X = n) | $\frac{1}{36}$ | $\frac{1}{18}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{9}$ | $\frac{5}{36}$ | $\frac{1}{6}$ | $\frac{5}{36}$ | $\frac{1}{9}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{18}$ | $\frac{1}{36}$ |

TABLE 0: Probability as a function of n