LINUX DAY-3

DIRECTORIES:

To change directory: cd foldername

To get the present working directory: pwd

To go to root directory: cd (or) cd ~

To go back to previous folder: cd -

To go to one step back folder: cd ../

To go back to 2 steps back: cd ../../

To create a directory inside a directory: mkdir folder1/folder2

To check the list of files & folders in folder1: ll folder1

To create parenting directories: mkdir-p folder1/folder2/folder3/folder4

To create a file inside a folder: touch foldername/filename

COPY COMMAND: cp source destination

command: cp file1 file2

explination: data from file1 copes to file2

If we use this command the data will gets overwrite from file2, To avoid that we can use cat command

cat file1 >> file2 ----> this command will only copies the data, it will not overwrite the data

Copy the file to directory : cp filename directory

MOVE COMMAND: mv source destination

command: mv file1 file2

We will use this command to rename the file as well

Move the file to directory: mv filename directory

To compare multiple files at a time: cmp file1 file2

To get the difference from multiple files: diff file1 file2

ANALYSIS ABOUT THE FILE:

-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 41 Sep 19 15:46 aws

TYPE OF THE FILE:

Regular files : - (hyphen)

Directory files: d

Character files : c

Blocked files: b

PERMISSIONS OF A FILE:

r: read ----> 4

w:write---->2

x: execute ----> 1

hyphen (-): nothing ----> 0

user permissions: rw-: 4+2+0=6

group permissions: r--: 4+0+0=4

others permissions: r--: 4+0+0=4

example:

$$-w-: 0+2+0=2$$

$$rw-: 4 + 2 + 0 = 6$$

ACCESS CONTROL LIST:

Here ACL should be 1 for the file

ACL should be 2 for the folder

OWNERS OF A FILE (root root)

root:user

root : group

NO OF CHARACTERS IN A FILE (41)

FILE CREATION DETAILS:

Sep 19 15:46

FILE NAME: (aws)