

Expansion of liquids

① Apparent expansion : $\gamma_a = \frac{\Delta V}{V_i \Delta t}$, Real expansion $\gamma_R = \frac{V_2' - V_1'}{V_1' \Delta t}$

② Relation b/w γ_a & γ_R γ_g = volume of vessel raised

$$\gamma_R = \gamma_a + \gamma_g \rightarrow \gamma_a = \gamma_R - \gamma_g$$

$\gamma_R > \gamma_g$	$\gamma_R = \gamma_g$	$\gamma_R < \gamma_g$
$\gamma_a = +ve$	$\gamma_a = 0$	$\gamma_a = -ve$

level of liq \uparrow last liq. constant level of liq \downarrow

③ Unoccupied volume of vessel : $V_L \gamma_L = V_g \gamma_g$, $h_L \gamma_L = h_g \gamma_g$

④ height of mercury raise in thermometer at Δt

$$h = \frac{\Delta V}{A_f} = \frac{V[\gamma_R - \gamma_g] \Delta t}{A_i (17.3 \Delta t)}$$

Specific gravity bottle

- ⑤ $w_1 \rightarrow$ weight of empty specific gravity bottle
 $w_2 \rightarrow$ weight of specific gravity bottle with liq at t_1
 $w_3 \rightarrow$ weight of bottle with same liq at t_2

$$\gamma_a = \frac{(w_2 - w_1)}{(w_3 - w_1)(t_2 - t_1)}$$

- ⑥ Correction of barometer reading:

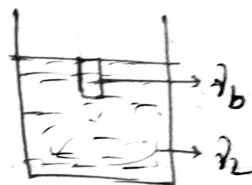
$$H_0 = H_R (1 + (\gamma_{Hg} - \alpha_s) \Delta t)$$

$H_0 =$ Reading at 0°C (true value)

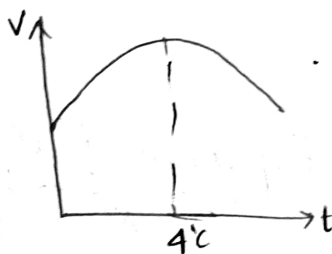
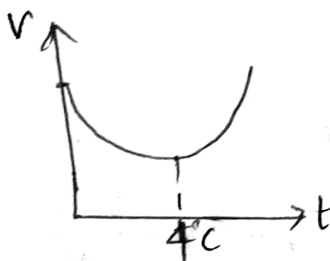
$H_R =$ Reading at $t^\circ\text{C}$

- ⑦ Buoyancy:

$$\frac{b_2}{b_1} = \frac{1 + \gamma_b \Delta t}{1 + \gamma_b \Delta t}$$



- ⑧ Anomalous behaviour of water:



$$\gamma_R = \frac{h_2 - h_1}{h_1 t_2 - h_2 t_1}$$

