# **SUMMARY REPORT**

X Education company sells their online courses to industry professionals. They wanted to do the analysis on the past data provided and build a model to identify the potential leads. They wanted to increase their lead conversion target to 80%. Since it is a classification prediction problem, we must build Logistic regression model.

Following steps are performed for EDA and Model build:

#### 1. Data Reading and Understanding:

- Imported the given data in Jupyter notebook.
- Checked first few rows of a dataset.
- Inspected no. of rows and columns present in the dataset and its datatypes.

### 2. Data Cleaning:

- Dropped few columns which are unwanted for our analysis.
- Dropped the columns which are having NULL values around 36% of given data.
- Imputed other columns which are having NULL values with Unknown or 0.
- Deleted duplicate records
- Handled outliers for numerical variables with threshold as 99<sup>th</sup> percentile.

### 3. <u>Data Visualization</u>:

- Data analysis done for categorical variables (binary and multi-level) with respect to target variable (Converted) using count plot and found that some of them were useful, and others weren't.
- Data analysis done for numerical variables with respect to target variable
  (Converted) using box plot and seems like there were some useful information.
- Also checked correlation matrix to check the correlation between numerical variables.

#### 4. Data Preparation for Model Build:

- Based on EDA, dropped one of the categorical variables which has only one outcome and doesn't serve any purpose for further analysis.
- Converted binary categorical variables with outcomes of 'No' and 'Yes' to 0 and 1 which will help for model building.
- Created dummy variables for all multi-level categorical variables and dropped the original ones.

#### 5. Model Building:

- Splitted the dataset into train and test sets with proportion of 70% and 30% respectively.
- Performed MinMaxScaler technique in train set to rescale and bring all the independent variables to same scale.
- Used RFE (Recursive Feature Elimination) initially to select top 15 variables that are useful for model build.
- Performed iterative operations of removing the features one by one until we achieved P-Value < 0.5 and VIF < 5 for all the features.</li>

### 6. Model Evaluation on Train set:

- Performed MinMaxScaler technique in test set to rescale the data.
- Initially took 0.5 as cut-off value for prediction and validated metrics such as accuracy, sensitivity and specificity but found that the cut-off value is not good enough for prediction.
- Later we re-calculated cut-off values for the probabilities range between 0 and 0.9 and found that a cut-off value of 0.35 provides good sensitivity and specificity.
- We predicted train set with this cut-off value and looks good.

### 7. Prediction on Test set:

• After we predicted the test set based on the optimum cut-off value, below are the evaluation results.

Metrics	Train	Test
	Set	Set
Model	79%	77.7%
Accuracy		
Sensitivity	81.25%	82.02%
Specificity	77.64%	74.9%

## 8. Conclusion:

• We can conclude that the final logistic regression model built isn't fit by chance and well generalized for prediction.